

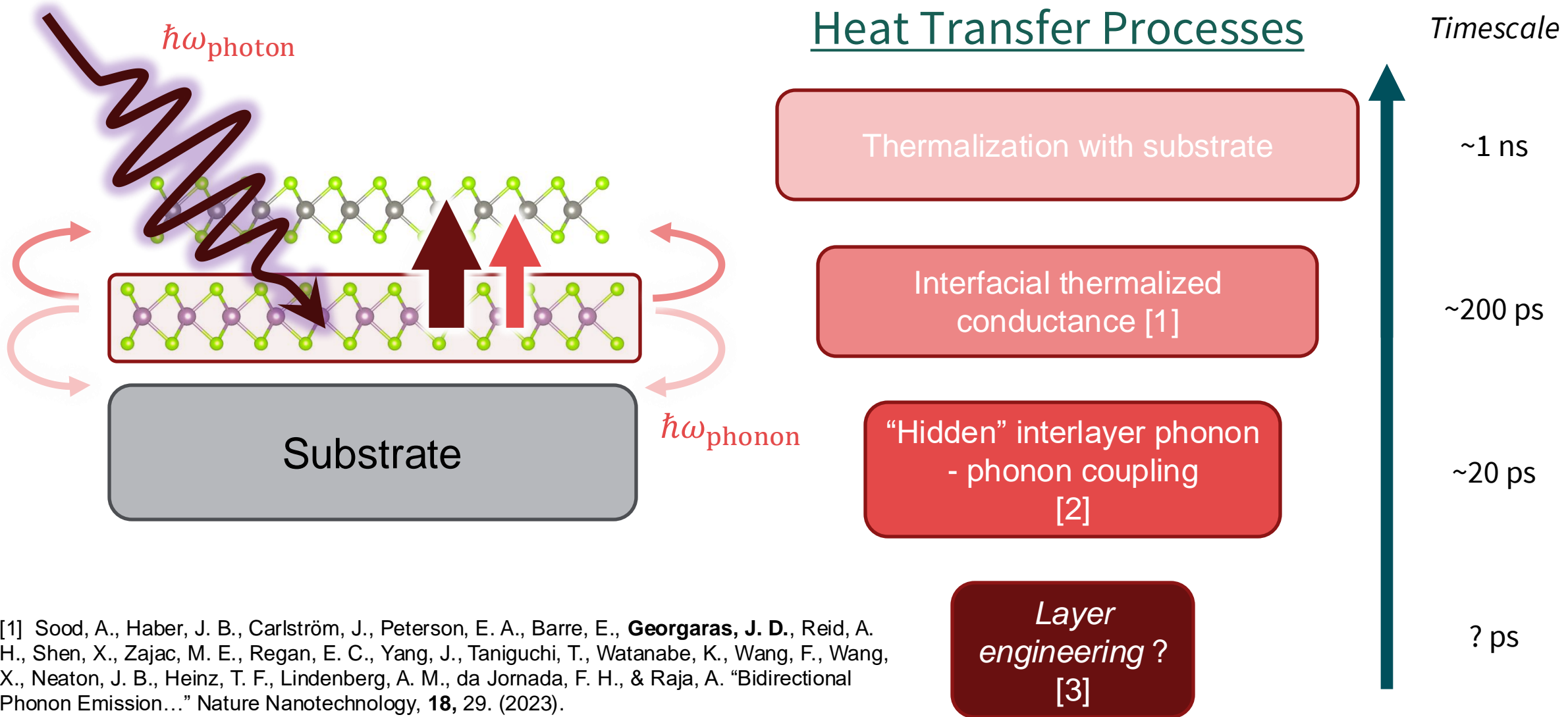
Anharmonic Enhancement of Interfacial Phonon-Phonon Coupling in Twisted TMD Bilayers

JOHNATHAN D. GEORGARAS & FELIPE H. DA JORNADA

Electrons, Phonons, Electron-Phonon Scattering, and Phononics II

Room: 205D 3/4/2024, 3:00 PM – 6:00 PM

Heat Management in Layered Transition Metal Dichalcogenide (TMD) Devices

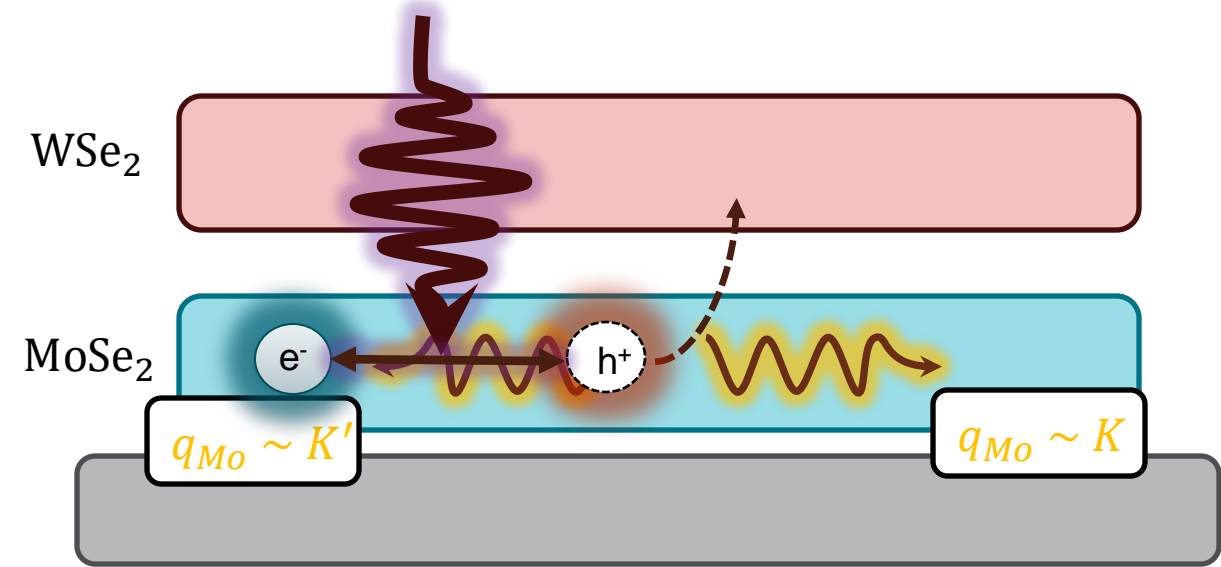
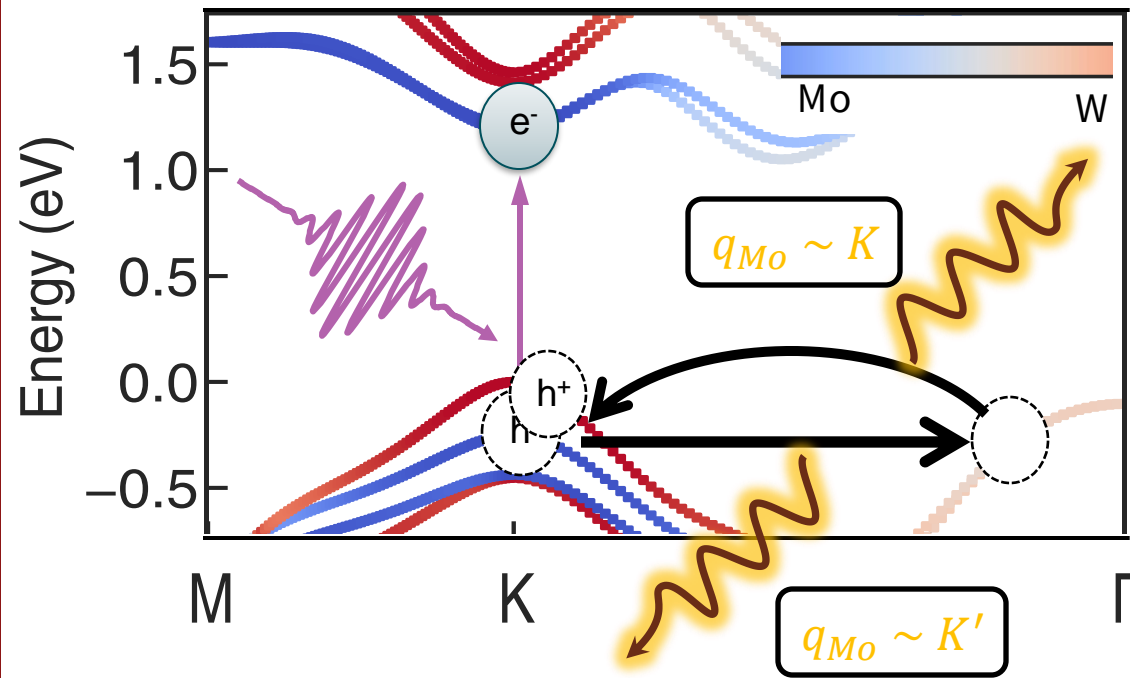


[1] Sood, A., Haber, J. B., Carlström, J., Peterson, E. A., Barre, E., **Georgaras, J. D.**, Reid, A. H., Shen, X., Zajac, M. E., Regan, E. C., Yang, J., Taniguchi, T., Watanabe, K., Wang, F., Wang, X., Neaton, J. B., Heinz, T. F., Lindenberg, A. M., da Jornada, F. H., & Raja, A. "Bidirectional Phonon Emission..." *Nature Nanotechnology*, **18**, 29. (2023).

[2] Johnson, A.*, **Georgaras, J. D.***, Shen, X., Sood, A., Zeng, H., Saunders, P., Kim, H., Yao, H., Heinz, T. F., Lindenberg, A., da Jornada, F. H., Luo, D. and Liu, F. *Science Advances* **10** (2024).

[3] **Georgaras, J. D.** & da Jornada, F. H. In Preparation (2024)

“Hidden” Phonons Highways: Distribution of Remaining Phonons after Quasi-particle Relaxation



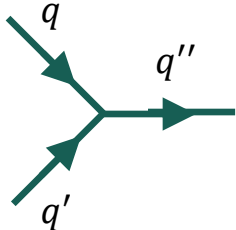
Electron-phonon scattering produces a **non-thermal, highly polarized distribution** of near-K wavevector phonons [1]

“Hidden” Phonons Highways: Phonon-Phonon Interlayer Scattering Lifetimes from Perturbation Theory

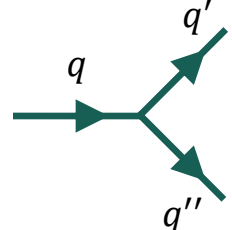
Scattering Rate $\Gamma(\omega)$ from Imaginary Part of Self-Energy

$$\Gamma_q(\omega_q) = \frac{\pi}{2N} \sum_{q', q''} \frac{\hbar |\Phi_3(-q, q', q'')|^2}{8\omega_q \omega_{q'} \omega_{q''}} \Delta(-q + q' + q'')$$

$$\times \left[(n_{q'} + n_{q''} + 1) \delta(\omega_q + \omega_{q'} - \omega_{q''}) - 2(n_{q'} - n_{q''}) \delta(\omega_q - \omega_{q'} - \omega_{q''}) \right]$$



Fusion-like



Fission-like

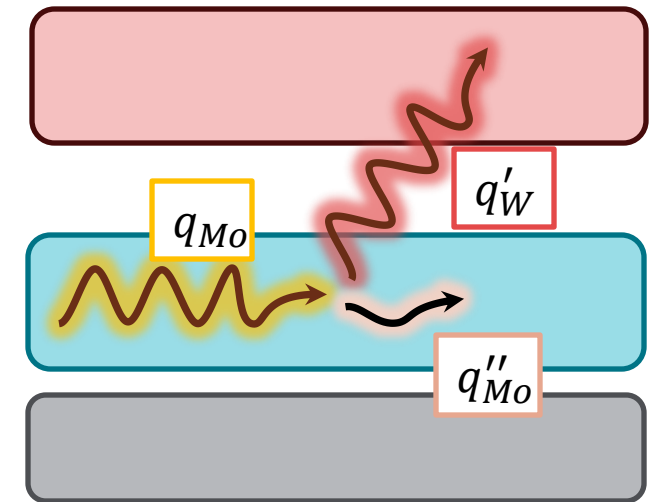
Explicitly calculate *phonon-phonon* scattering matrix elements Φ_3

- Requires 3rd order force constant
- Expensive: $O(N^3)$ calculations, one for each triple atom set

Interlayer scattering: non-trivial to distinguish layer quality of phonon

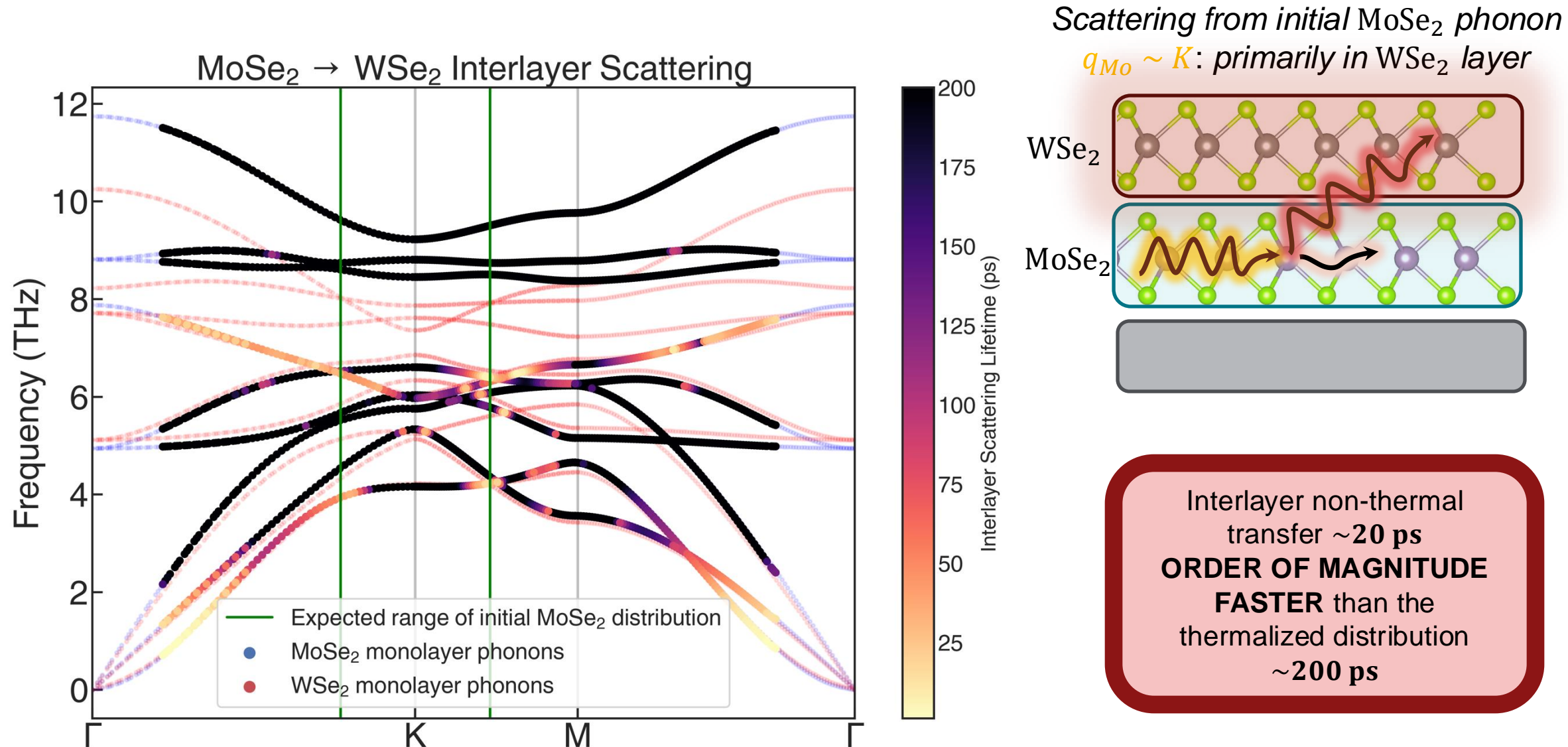
- **Novel approach:** rotate from bilayer basis to monolayer basis $\Phi_3^{\text{BL}} \rightarrow \Phi_3^{\text{ML}}$

Example Scattering Process

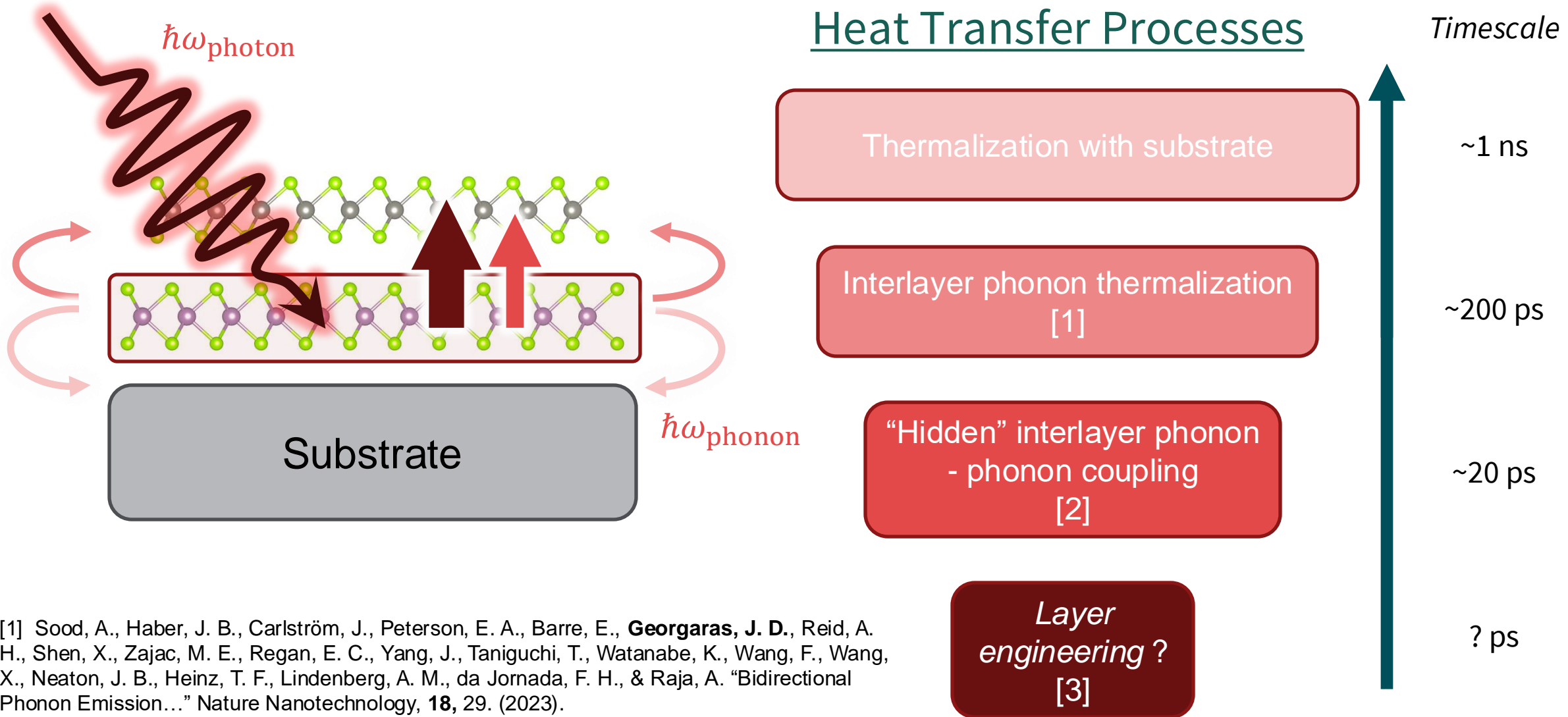


Initial phonon $q_{\text{Mo}} \sim K$
originating in Mo layer
scattering to the W layer

Phonon Interlayer Scattering Lifetimes in TMD Heterostructures



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Layer Selection for Interlayer Phonon – Phonon Coupling

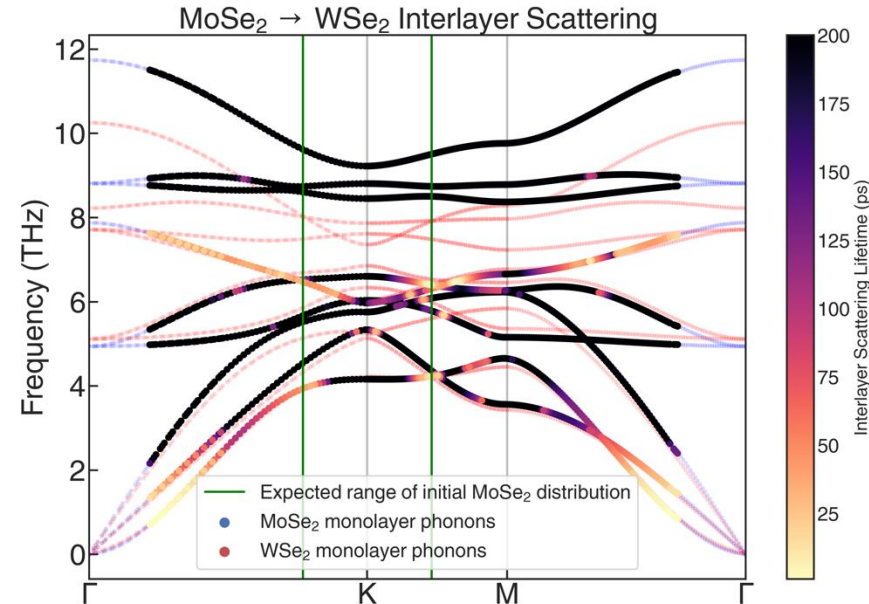
Useful Heuristic:

- For a $K_{Mo} \rightarrow K_W + \Gamma_{Mo}$, interlayer energy transfer is highest near band overlap due to a conservation of **energy** and **momentum**

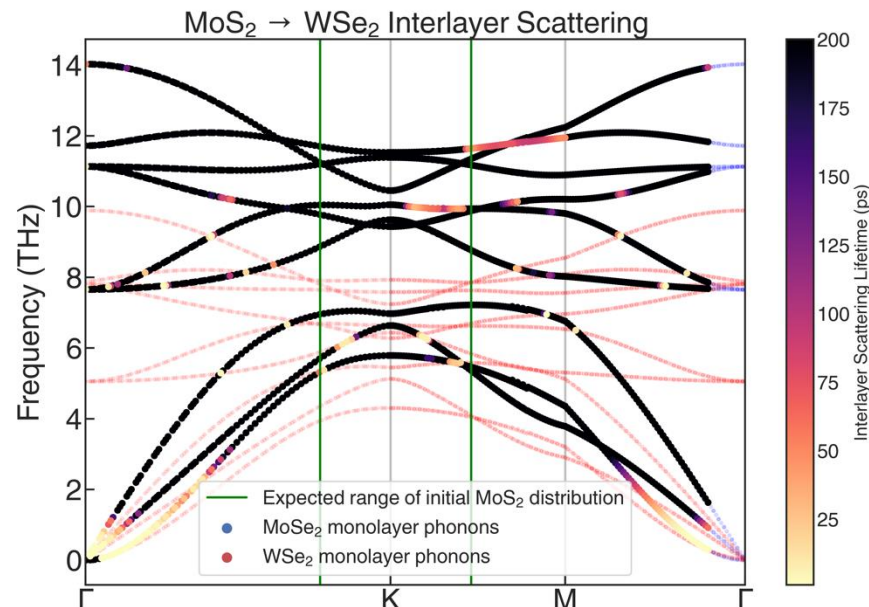
Beyond layer selection:

can we further engineer and dynamically control band overlap to increase interlayer coupling?

Homo-chalcogen

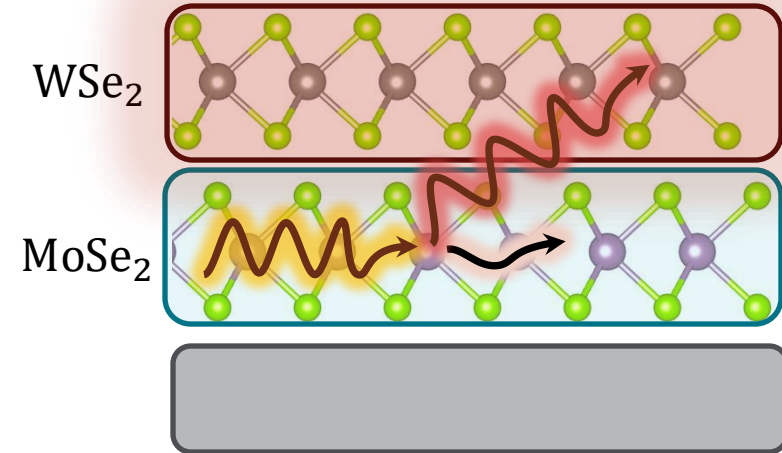


Hetero-chalcogen



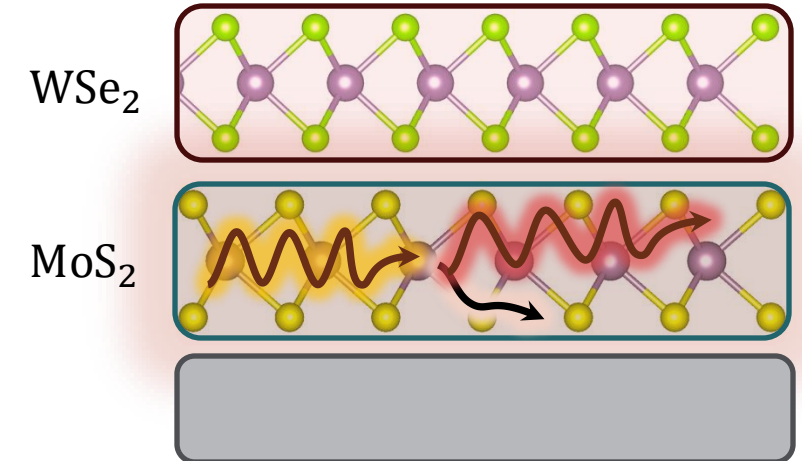
Scattering from initial phonon

$q_{Mo} \sim K$: primarily in WSe₂ layer



Scattering from initial phonon

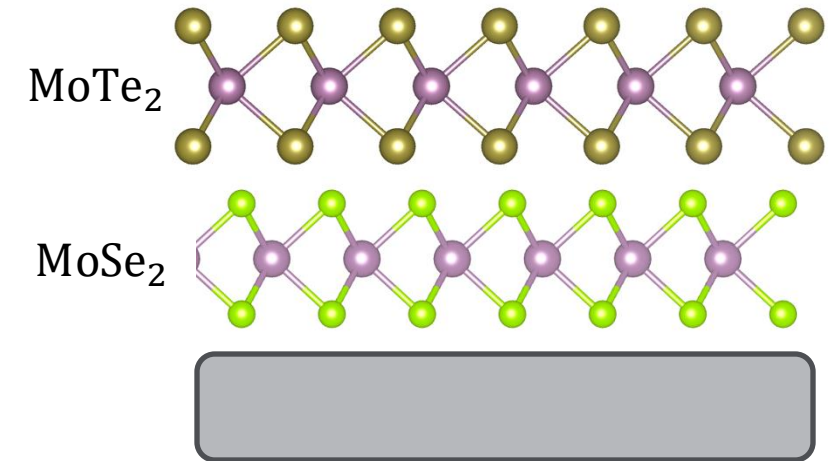
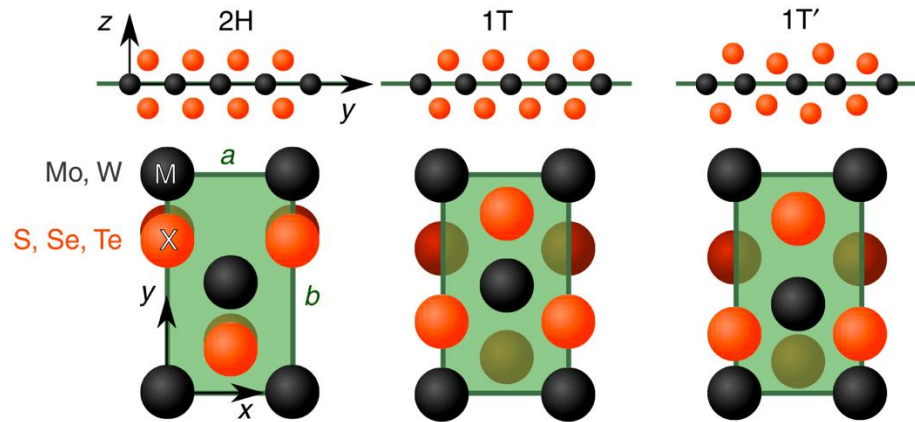
$q_{Mo} \sim K$: primarily in MoSe₂ layer



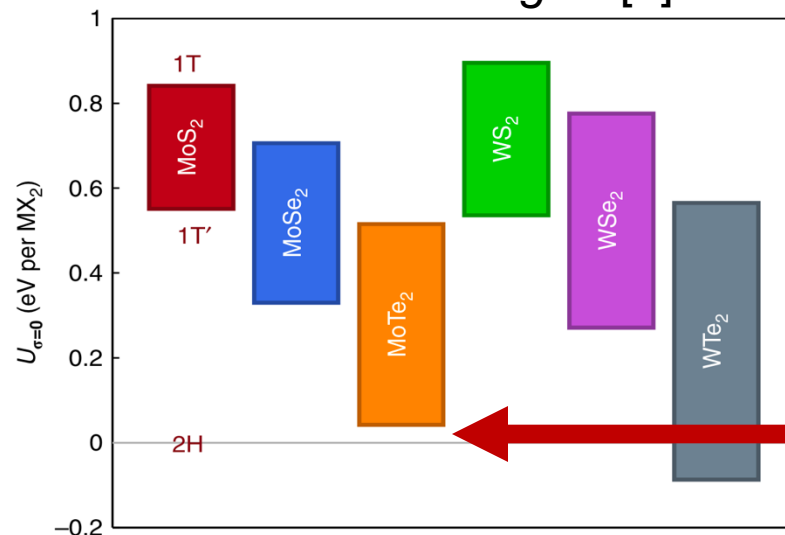
Stanford University

Layer Engineering: Phase Transition in Transition Metal Dichalcogenides

Three metastable phases of TMDs [1]



Relative Energies [1]

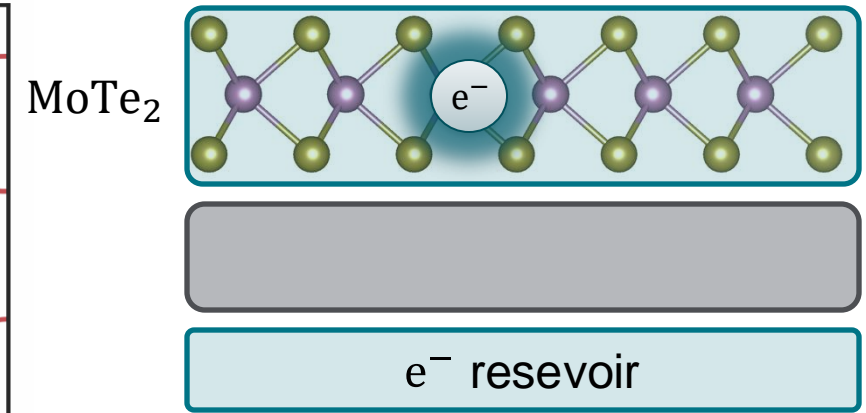
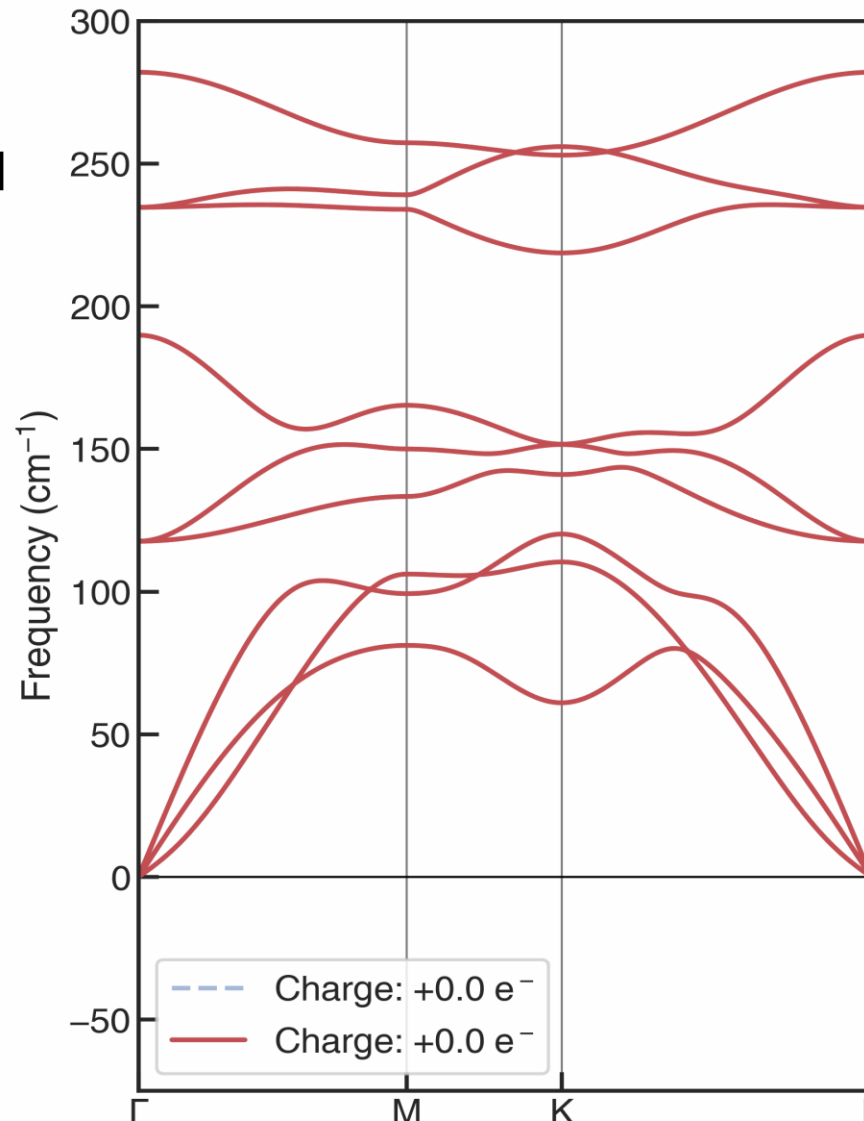


Can we leverage increased anharmonicity from a phase change to **enhance interlayer phonon coupling**?

Layer Engineering: Phase Transition in Monolayer MoTe_2 by Charge Doping

Softening Phonon Modes in Monolayer MoTe_2

- Method to induce $2\text{H} \rightarrow 1\text{T}'$ phase change in MoTe_2 :
 - Electrostatic gating** [1]
 - Ionic liquid gating [2]
 - Photo-induced phase transition [3]
- DFT:** *Ab initio* relaxation and forces for charged monolayer MoTe_2 to determine phonons by *finite displacement method*.



Charge doping allows for dynamic control of phonon band structure and interatomic anharmonicity

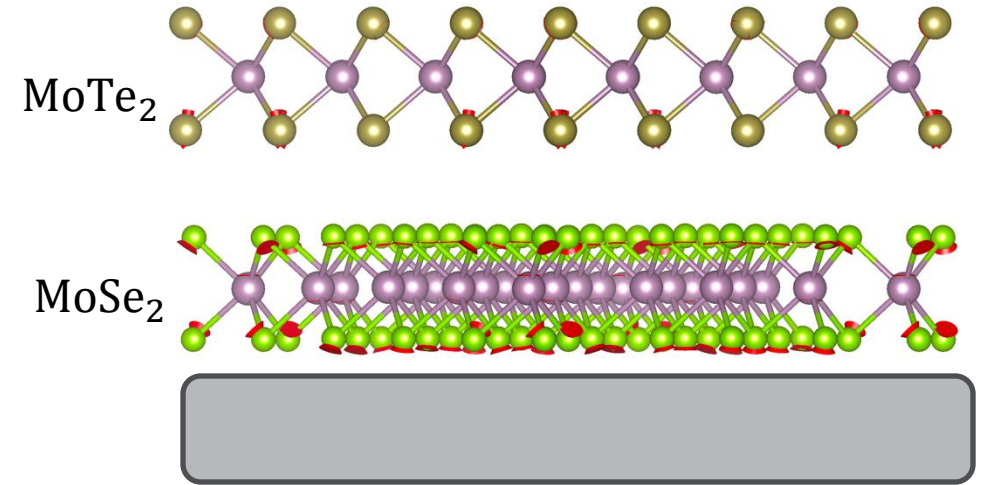
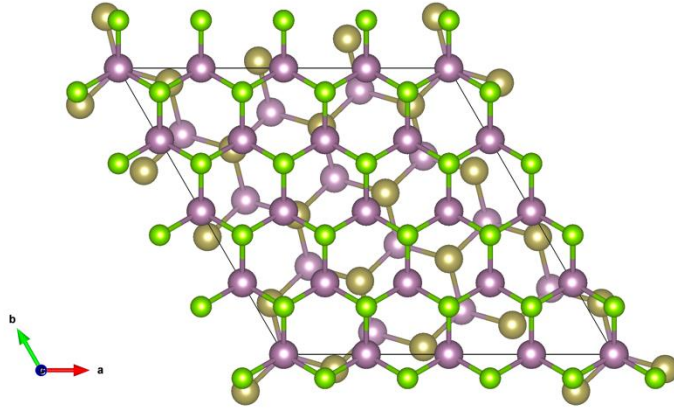
[1] Li, Reed et al, Nature Comm. **7** (2016)

[2] Zakhidov et al, ACS Nano **14** (2020)

[3] Guan et al, PRL **128** (2022)

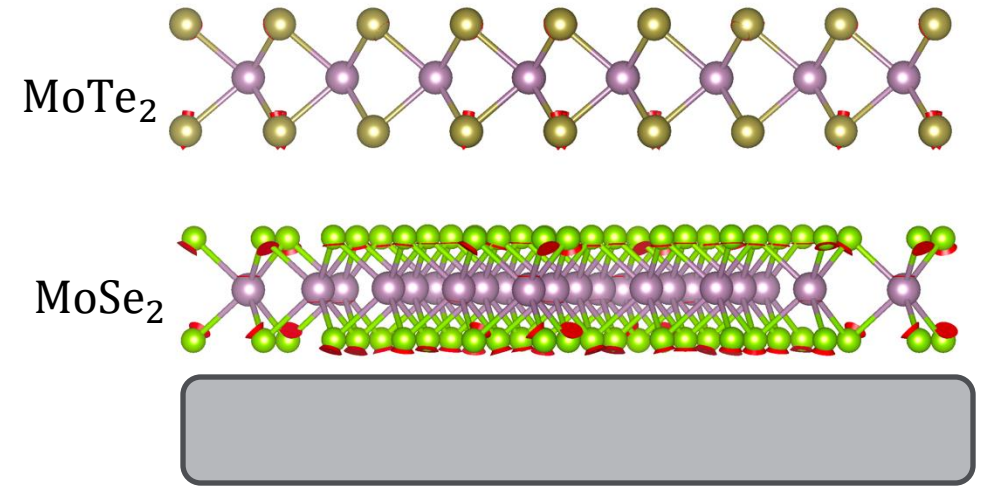
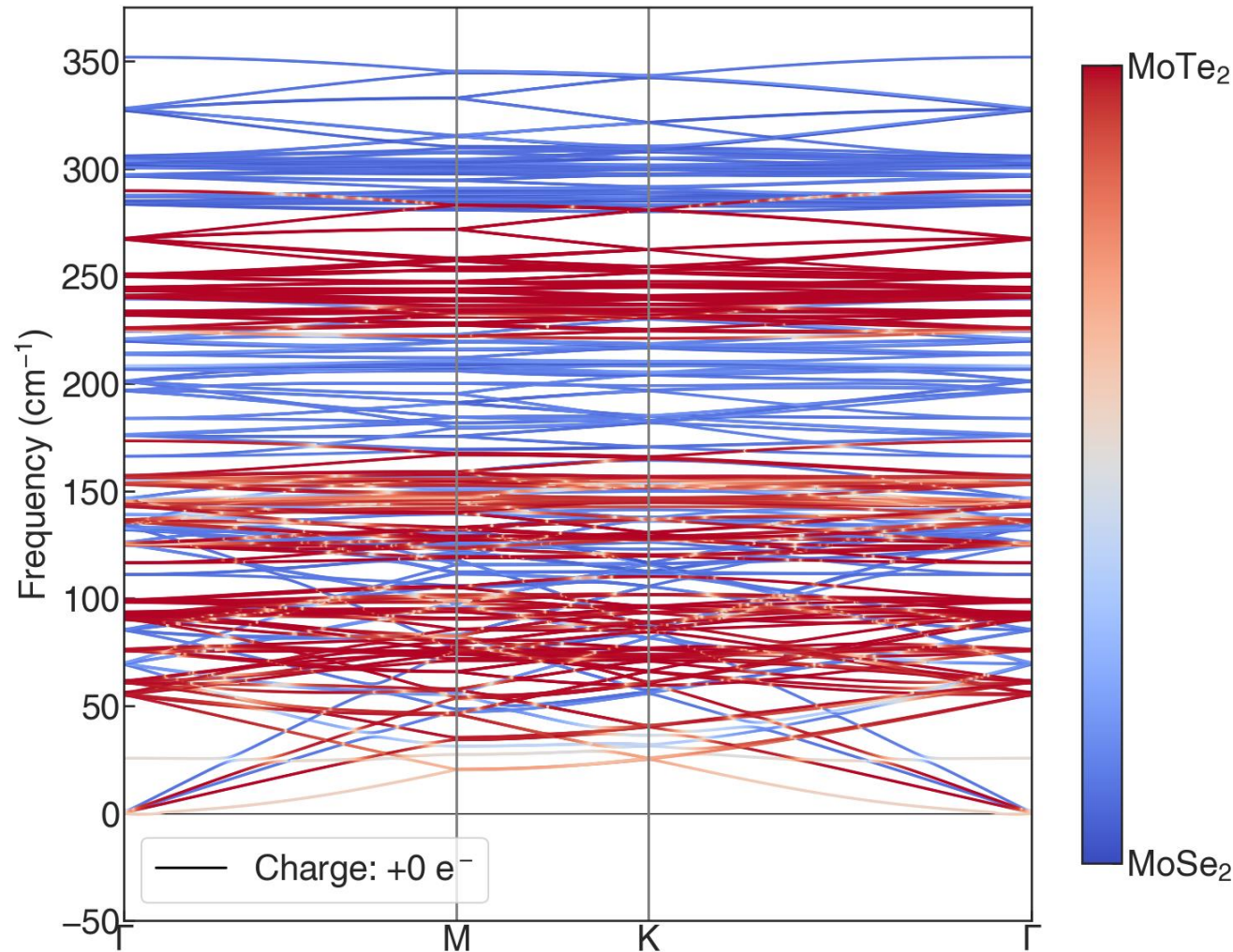
Layer Engineering: Increasing Anharmonicity by Charge Doping in Twisted TMDs

Twisted Bilayer MoTe₂/MoSe₂



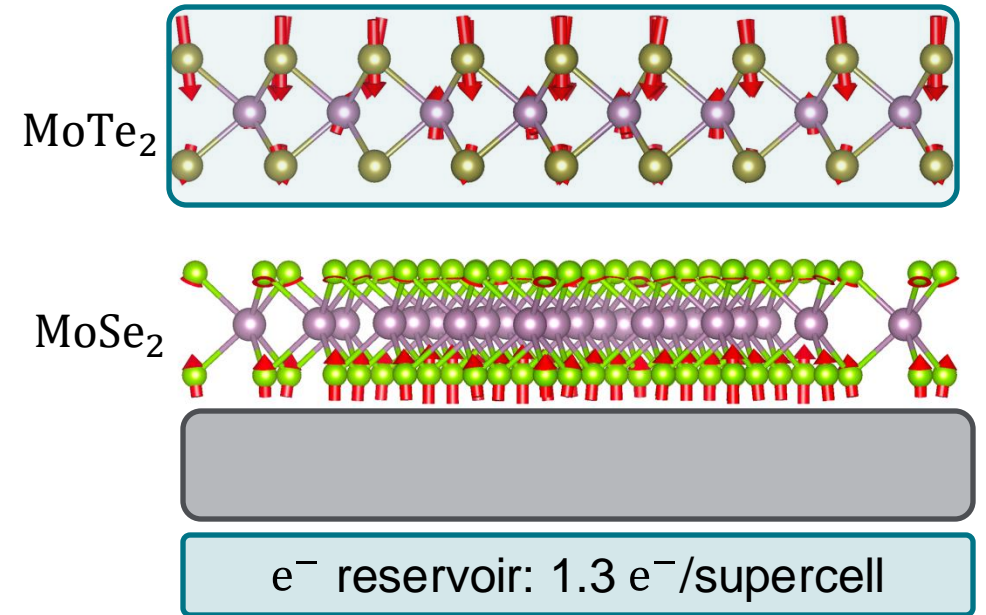
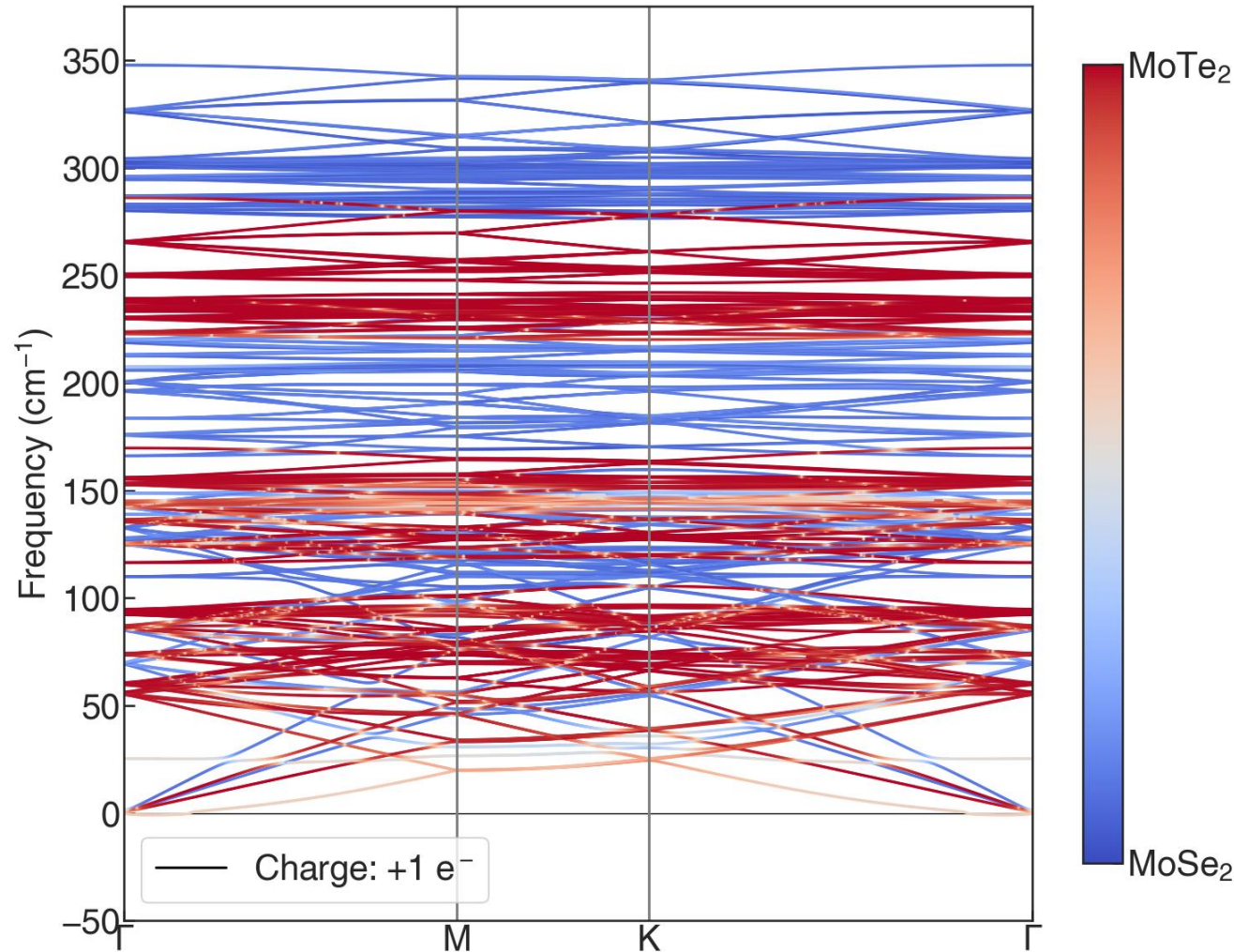
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Softening Phonon Modes in MoTe₂/MoSe₂



Layer Engineering: Increasing Anharmonicity by Charge Doping in Twisted TMDs

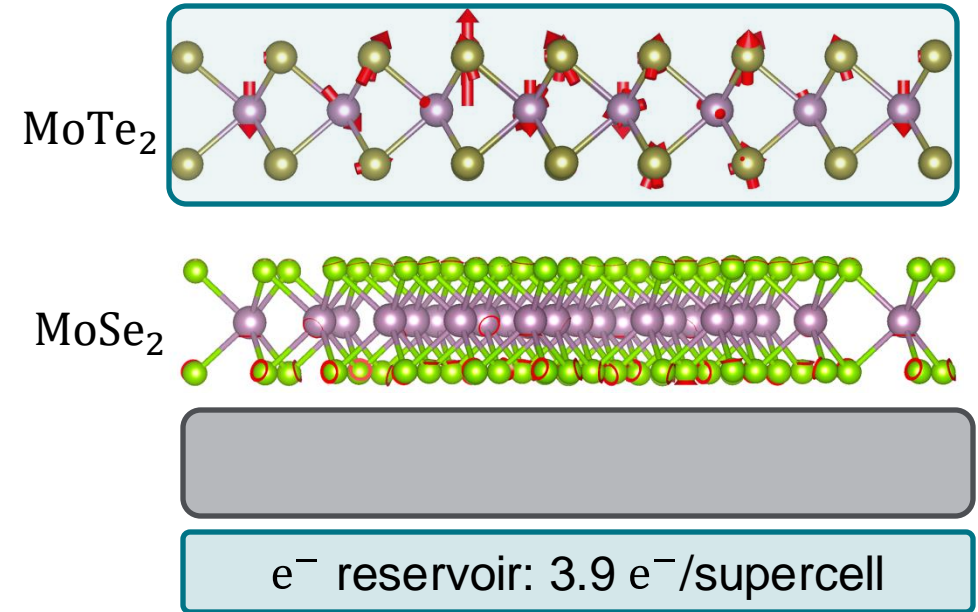
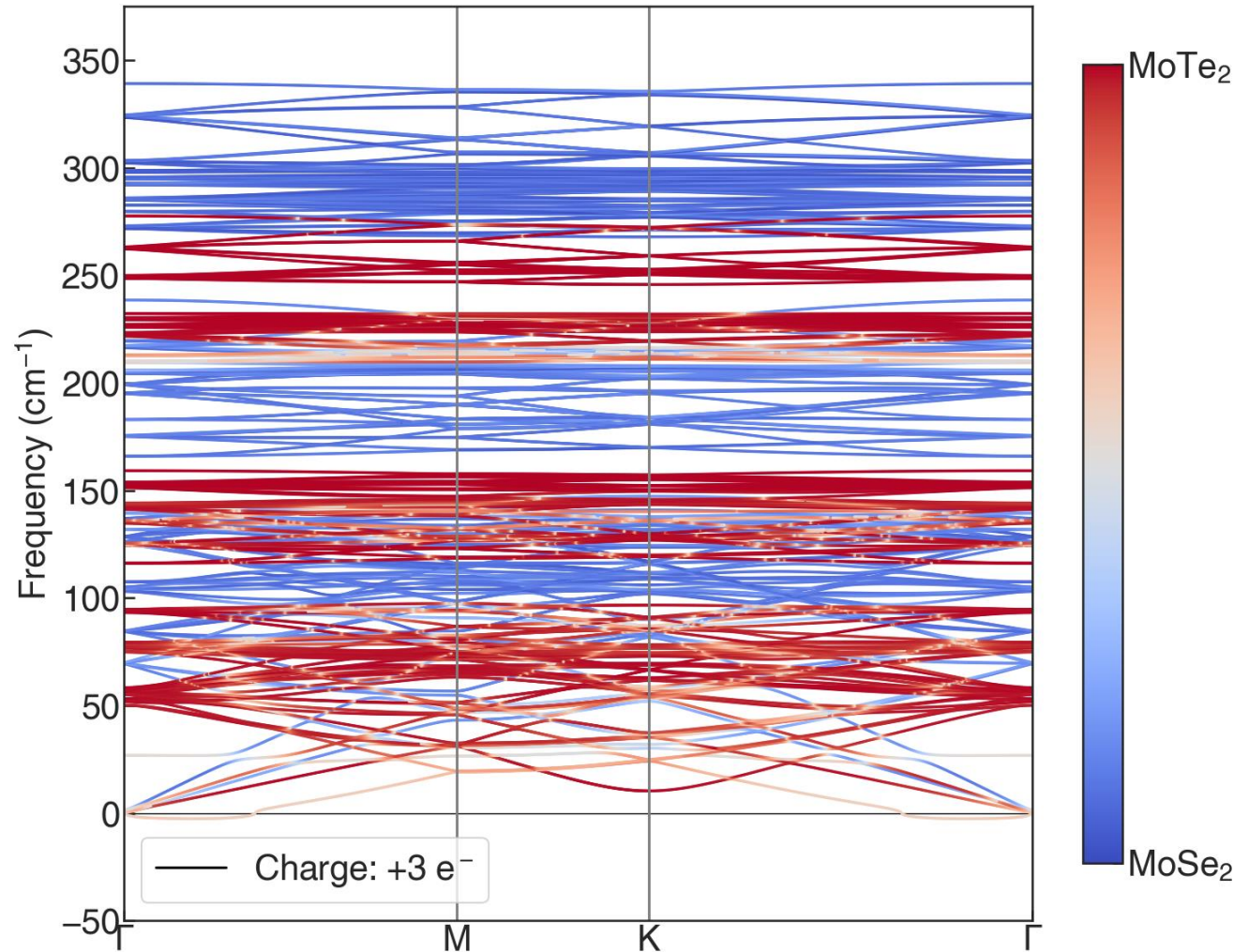
Softening Phonon Modes in MoTe₂/MoSe₂



- Interatomic bonds weaken, increasing bond anharmonicity and allowing more favorable stacking

Layer Engineering: Increasing Anharmonicity by Charge Doping in Twisted TMDs

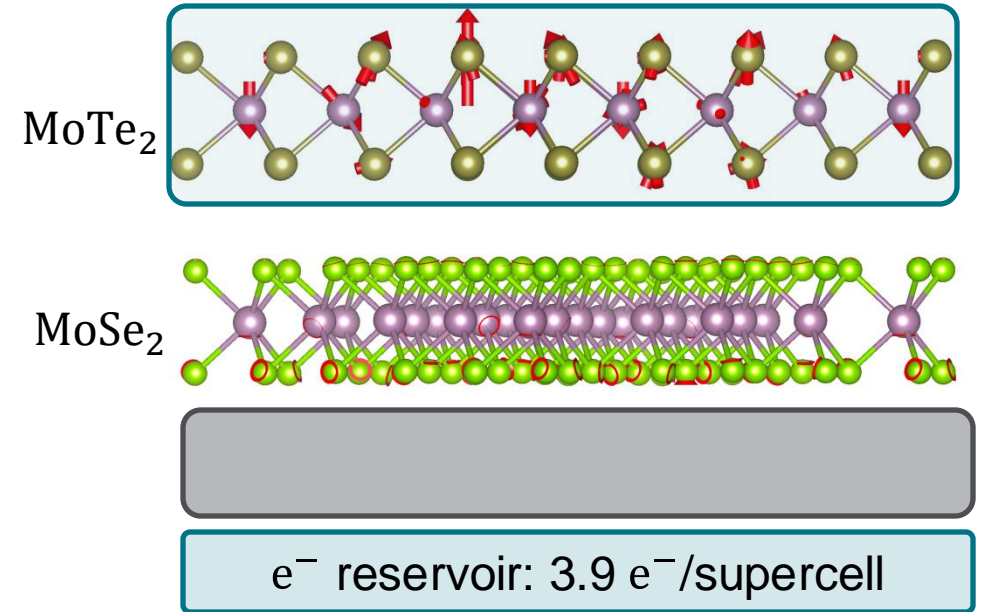
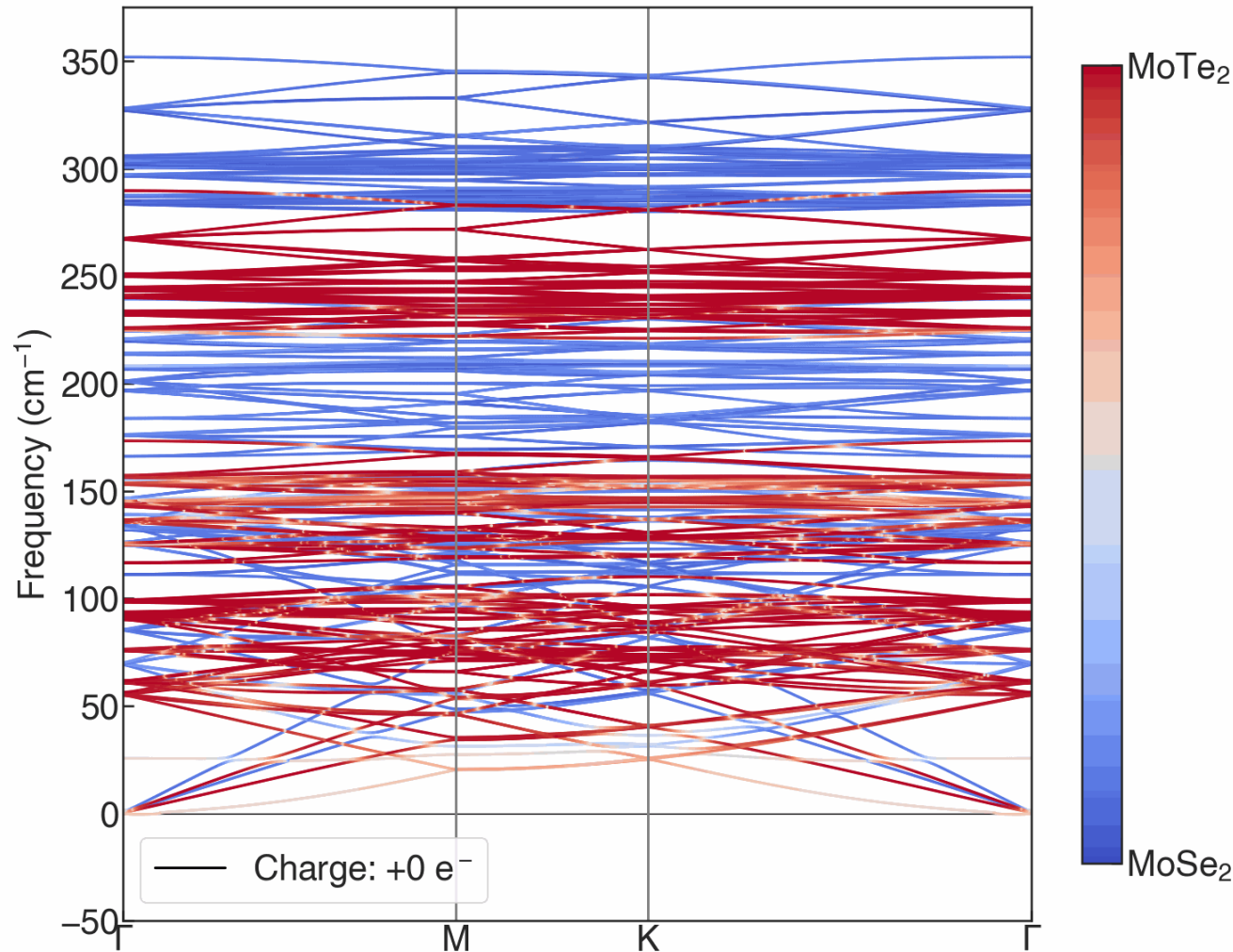
Softening Phonon Modes in MoTe₂/MoSe₂



- Interatomic bonds weaken, increasing bond anharmonicity and allowing more favorable stacking
- Phonons in MoTe₂ layer soften as layer approaches phase transition

Layer Engineering: Increasing Anharmonicity by Charge Doping in Twisted TMDs

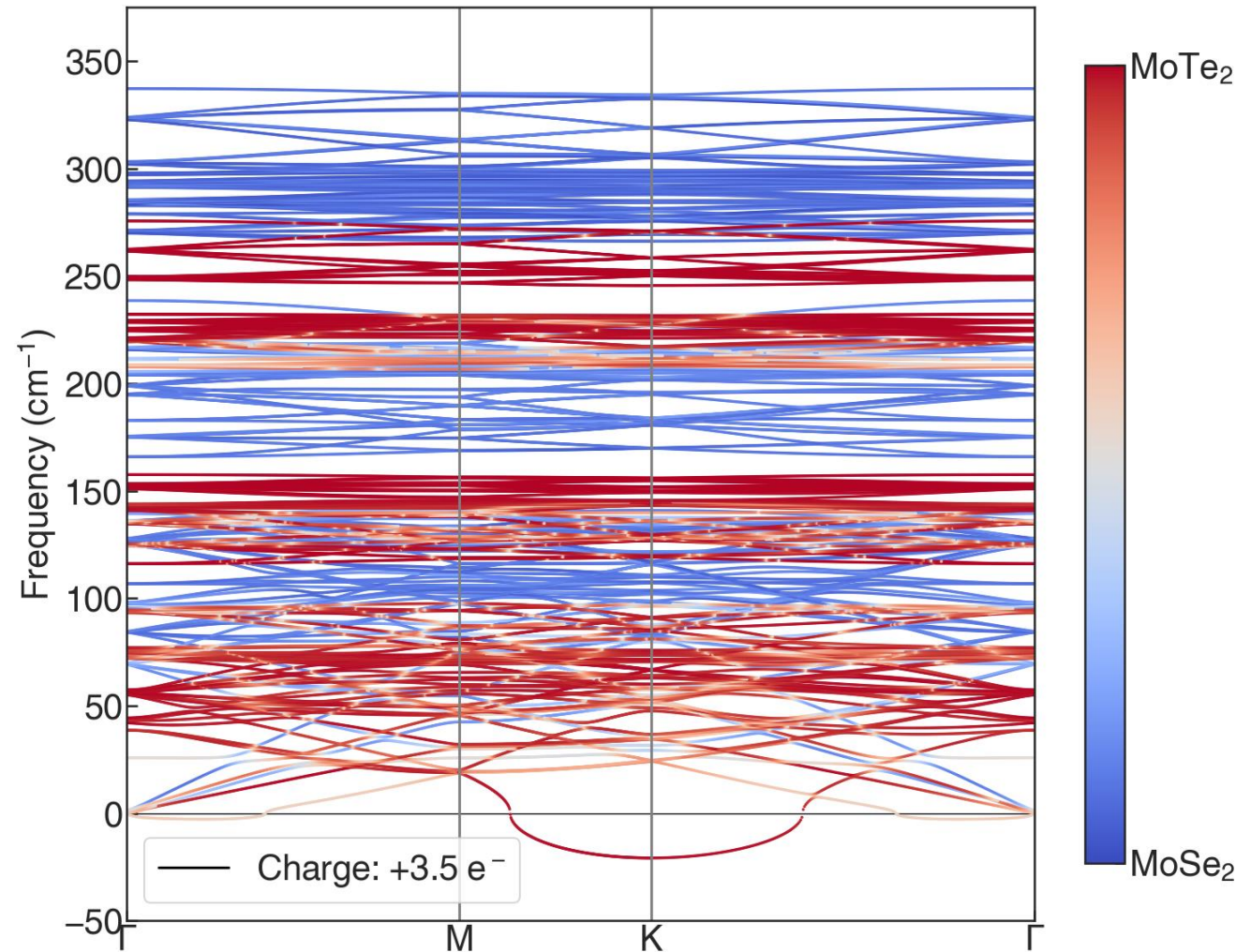
Softening Phonon Modes in MoTe₂/MoSe₂



- A bonds weaken, increasing bond anharmonicity and allowing more favorable stacking
- Phonons in MoTe₂ layer soften as layer approaches phase transition
- **Greater overlap seen in lowest optical and acoustic branches as phonons frequency decreases**

Layer Engineering: Increasing Anharmonicity by Charge Doping in Twisted TMDs

Softening Phonon Modes in MoTe₂/MoSe₂

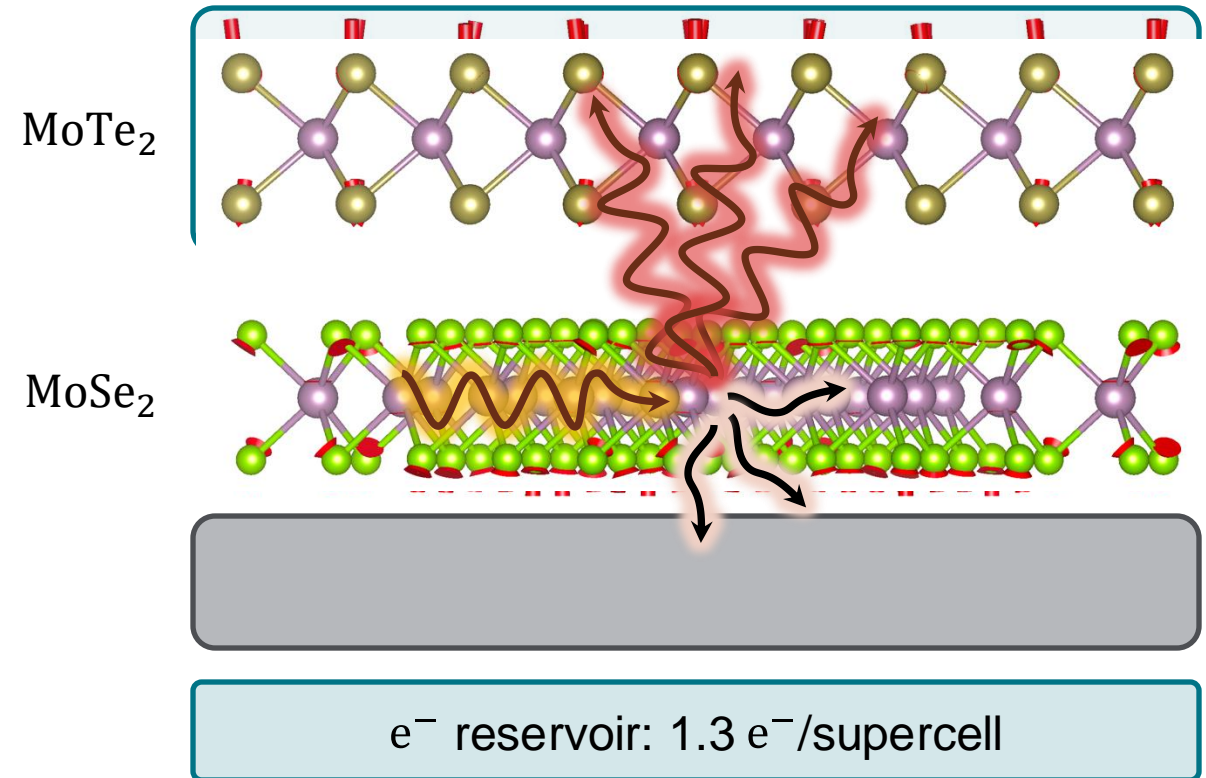


Looking Forward

- Explicit calculation of **interlayer phonon scattering lifetimes** at different charge-doping.
- **Figure-of-merit** for band overlap and “inter-phase anharmonicity”
- Understanding local **moiré reconstruction** upon charge-doping

Summary: Charge-Doping Tuned Interlayer Phonon-Phonon Coupling

1. Non-thermal distributions of phonons scatter heat in TMD heterostructures **an order of magnitude faster** than thermalized conduction [1]
2. Devised method to accurately calculate interlayer phonon-phonon scattering via basis rotation. [1]
3. Band overlap heuristic for enhancing interlayer 3-phonon processes involving layer-hybridized $q \sim \Gamma$ phonons. [2]
4. **Electrostatic charge-doping of MoTe₂** shows dynamic control of resonant overlap to efficiently extract heat from adjacent layer. [2]



[1] Johnson, A.* , Georgaras, J. D.* , Shen, X., Sood, A., Zeng, H., Saunders, P. , Kim, H., Yao, H., Heinz, T. F., Lindenberg, A., da Jornada, F. H., Luo, D. and Liu, F. Science Advances **10** (2024).

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Acknowledgements and Thanks



Natural Sciences and Engineering
Research Council of Canada



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF
ENERGY

Office of
Science



Canada

Fang Liu (Stanford)

Amalya Johnson

Tony Heinz (Stanford)

Felipe Jornada (Stanford)

Aditya Sood (Stanford)

Aaron Lindenberg (Stanford)

Duan Luo (SLAC)

Stanford University