## Brief Article

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## 1 Conductance formulation

$$CR_{i,j-1/2,k} = 1 \times 10^{-9}$$
  $X \le 0$  (1a)

$$CR_{i,j-1/2,k} = \Delta C_i \Delta Z_k \frac{K_{i,j-1/2,k}}{\Delta R_{j-1}} \left[ \frac{0.5AX^2}{\Omega} \right]$$
  $0 < X \le \Omega$  (1b)

$$CR_{i,j-1/2,k} = \Delta C_i \Delta Z_k \frac{K_{i,j-1/2,k}}{\Delta R_{j-1}} [AX + 0.5 (1 - A)]$$
  $\Omega < X \le (1 - \Omega)$  (1c)

$$CR_{i,j-1/2,k} = \Delta C_i \Delta Z_k \frac{K_{i,j-1/2,k}}{\Delta R_{j-1}} \left[ \frac{0.5A (1-X)^2}{\Omega} \right]$$
 (1-\O) < X \le 1 (1d)

$$CR_{i,j-1/2,k} = \Delta C_i \Delta Z_k \frac{K_{i,j-1/2,k}}{\Delta R_{i-1}}$$
 1 \le X (1e)

## 2 Calculate the derivatives

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial X_{i,j,k}} 1 \times 10^{-9} = 0 \tag{2}$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial X_{i,j,k}} \left[ \frac{0.5AX^2}{\Omega} \right] = \frac{AX}{\Omega} \tag{3}$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial X_{i,j,k}} \left[ AX + 0.5 \left( 1 - A \right) \right] = A \tag{4}$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial X_{i,j,k}} \left[ \frac{0.5A (1-X)^2}{\Omega} \right] = \frac{0.5A}{\Omega} \frac{\partial}{\partial X_{i,j,k}} (1-X)^2 = \frac{0.5A}{\Omega} 2X = \frac{A (1-X)}{\Omega}$$
 (5)

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial X_{i,j,k}} 1 = 0 \tag{6}$$

## Conductance derivative

$$\frac{\partial CR_{i,j-1/2,k}}{\partial h_{i,j,k}} = 1 \times 10^{-9}$$
  $X \le 0$  (7a)

$$\frac{\partial CR_{i,j-1/2,k}}{\partial h_{i,j,k}} = \Delta C_i \Delta Z_k \frac{K_{i,j-1/2,k}}{\Delta R_{j-1}} \left[ \frac{AX}{\Omega} \right] \qquad 0 < X \le \Omega \qquad (7b)$$

$$\frac{\partial CR_{i,j-1/2,k}}{\partial h_{i,j,k}} = \Delta C_i \Delta Z_k \frac{K_{i,j-1/2,k}}{\Delta R_{j-1}} \left[ A \right] \qquad \Omega < X \le (1-\Omega) \qquad (7c)$$

$$\frac{\partial CR_{i,j-1/2,k}}{\partial h_{i,j,k}} = \Delta C_i \Delta Z_k \frac{K_{i,j-1/2,k}}{\Delta R_{j-1}} \left[ \frac{A(1-X)}{\Omega} \right] \qquad (1-\Omega) < X \le 1 \qquad (7d)$$

$$\frac{\partial CR_{i,j-1/2,k}}{\partial h_{i,j,k}} = \Delta C_i \Delta Z_k \frac{K_{i,j-1/2,k}}{\Delta R_{j-1}} [A] \qquad \qquad \Omega < X \le (1 - \Omega)$$
 (7c)

$$\frac{\partial CR_{i,j-1/2,k}}{\partial h_{i,j,k}} = \Delta C_i \Delta Z_k \frac{K_{i,j-1/2,k}}{\Delta R_{i-1}} \left[ \frac{A(1-X)}{\Omega} \right]$$
 (7d)

$$\frac{\partial CR_{i,j-1/2,k}}{\partial h_{i,j,k}} = 0 1 \le X (7e)$$