## JUAN DÍAZ-COLUNGA

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### research statement

It has become increasingly clear that many complex behaviors of biological systems emerge from the interactions of their individual components and the states that result from their assembly into connected networks. This realization, together with the development of high throughput technologies, has forced a paradigm shift in biological research: today, biology is more quantitative and integrative than ever, which has generated a need for tools from physics, mathematics, and computer science.

I became interested in systems biology early in my undergraduate years. As a physicist with a passion for mathematical modeling, computer simulation and data analysis, I went on to pursue a master's degree in biomedical engineering followed by a PhD in computational biology. During that time, my research focused on the origins of cell-to-cell phenotypic differences and how they induce variable apoptotic responses. I used tools such as kinetic modeling and stochastic simulation, sequencing data processing and image analysis. Later, I moved to the field of ecology and evolution for a 6-month stay at the Gore lab at MIT. There I gained valuable wet lab experience while studying the emergence of inducibility in *E. coli* promoters. I moved on to a position at Universidad Autónoma, in Madrid, as a postdoctoral researcher, to keep working on evolution in the context of cancer. I am currently a postdoctoral associate at Yale University, where I ultimately aim to understand and act on how complex microbial communities assemble and evolve to perform specific functions relevant for human health, industrial processes, or the environment.

To me, academia provides a rich and diverse environment full of challenges that require perseverance and creative problem solving. I also particularly enjoy teaching and mentoring, as well as scientific communication in all its forms. This has helped me become a versatile researcher with broad interests and skills.

### education

PhD in Biophysics
Universidad Autónoma de Madrid, 2015-19

MSc in Biomedical Engineering
Universidad Politécnica de Madrid, 2013-14

BSc in Physics Universidad Autónoma de Madrid, 2009-13

### academic awards

PhD cum laude 2019

'Severo Ochoa' Excellence PhD Fellowship 2015-2019

Comunidad de Madrid Award for Excellent Undergraduate Students 2009-13

### research experience

### Post-doctoral Associate

Yale University
Department of Ecology & Evolutionary Biology
New Haven, USA (2020-present)

### Post-doctoral Researcher

Universidad Autónoma de Madrid (UAM) School of Medicine – department of Biochemistry Madrid, Spain (2019-2020)

### Visiting Researcher

Massachusetts Institute of Technology (MIT) Gore Lab for Ecological Systems Biology Boston, USA (2018)

### Pre-doctoral Researcher

Spanish National Center for Biotechnology (CNB) Biological Noise lab Madrid, Spain (2015-19)

### publications

- Diaz-Colunga J\*, Lu N\*, Sanchez-Gorostiaga A\*, Chang CY, Cai HS, Goldford JE, Tikhonov M, Sanchez A (2022). Top-down and bottom-up cohesiveness in microbial community coalescence. *PNAS* **119(6)**:e2111261119 (\*equal contribution)
- **Diaz-Colunga J** & Diaz-Uriarte R (2021). Conditional prediction of consecutive tumor evolution using cancer progression models: What genotype comes next? *PLOS Computational Biology* **17**(12): e1009055
- Sanchez A, Vila JCC, Chang CY, **Diaz-Colunga J**, Estrela S & Rebolleda-Gomez M (2021). Directed Evolution of Microbial Communities. *Annual Review of Biophysics* **50**:323-341
- Chang CY, Vila JCC, Bender M, Li R, Mankowski MC, Bassette M, Borden J, Golfier S, Sanchez PGL, Waymack R, Zhu X, **Diaz-Colunga J**, Estrela S, Rebolleda-Gomez M & Sanchez A (2021). Engineering complex communities by directed evolution. *Nature Ecology & Evolution* **5**:1011-1023
- Márquez-Jurado S\*, **Díaz-Colunga J**\*, das Neves RP, Martínez-Lorente A, Almazán F, Guantes R & Iborra FJ (2018). Mitochondrial levels determine variability in cell death by modulating apoptotic gene expression. *Nature Communications* **9**:389 (\*equal contribution)
- Lima AF, May G, **Díaz-Colunga J**, Pedreiro S, Paiva A, Ferreira L, Enver T, Iborra FJ & das Neves RP (2018). Osmotic modulation of chromatin impacts on efficiency and kinetics of cell fate modulation. *Scientific Reports* **8**:7210
- Marcos-Villar L, Díaz-Colunga J, Sandoval J, Zamarreño N, Landeras-Bueno S, Esteller M, Falcón A & Nieto A (2018). Epigenetic control of influenza virus: role of H3K79 methylation in interferon-induced antiviral response. *Scientific Reports* 8:1230
- Guantes R, **Díaz-Colunga J** & Iborra FJ (2016). Mitochondria and the non-genetic origins of cell-to-cell variability: More is different. *BioEssays* **38**:64-76

### talks & seminars

# XXIX Workshop: Advances in Molecular Biology by Young Researchers Abroad

Spanish National Center for Biotechnology (CNB)

Madrid, Spain – virtual seminar (2021)

Talk: Engineering microbial communities with global epistasis

### **Evolutionary & Ecological Systems Biology Talks**

MIT - Physics of Living Systems

Boston, USA – virtual seminar (2021)

Talk: Top-down and bottom-up co-selection in microbial community coalescence

### Microbial Ecology & Evolution (MEEvirtual) Virtual seminar (2020)

Heterogeneity and Evolution in Cancer Spanish National Cancer Research Center (CNIO) Madrid, Spain (2019)

### Physics of Living Systems Seminar Series

MIT - Physics of Living Systems

Boston, USA (2018)

Talk: The energy cost of living and dying

#### MIT Biophysics Retreat

MIT – Physics of Living Systems Cape Cod, USA (2018)

### Quantitative Principles in Biology

European Molecular Biology Laboratory (EMBL)

Heidelberg, Germany (2017)

Talk: Mitochondrial regulation of extrinsic apoptosis
Poster presentation: Mitochondrial levels determine variability in cell death by modulating apoptotic gene expression

### Canceromatics III – Tumor Heterogeneity

Spanish National Cancer Research Center (CNIO)

Madrid, Spain (2016)

Poster presentation: Mitochondrial levels determine variability in apoptosis through global modulation of gene expression

# The Physics of Living Systems: from Biomolecular Nanomachines to Tissues and Organisms

'Nicolás Cabrera' Institute

Madrid, Spain (2016)

Poster presentation: Mitochondria and the non-genetic origins of cell-to-cell variability

### XIX Young Researchers Meeting

'Nicolás Cabrera' Institute

Madrid, Spain (2016)

Poster presentation: Cell-to-cell differences in mitochondrial content induce phenotypic variability

### **CNB Seminar Series**

Spanish National Center for Biotechnology (CNB)

Madrid, Spain (2016)

Talk: Can we predict apoptosis?