

Final Project Report

CPIT 470

Ву

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Phase 1

Task 1: IP addressing

The subnetwork addresses for each student is based on her own KAU ID. Here is an example to generate your network address based on your KAU ID.

• KU ID: 1743998

• Reverse ID: 8993471

• Add number 2 in front of the reversed ID: 28993471

Now, split this number into an IP address with every two digits forming a part: 28.99.34.71

• Consider the network address as: 28.99.34.71/22

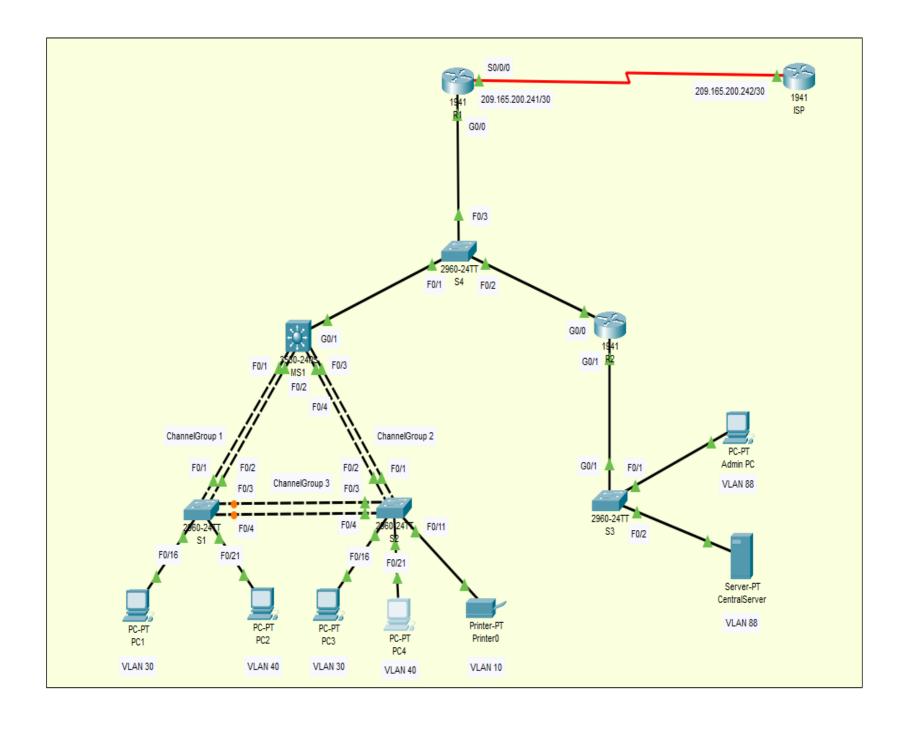
• The following table illustrates the needed host for each subnet associated with a different example of IP addresses.

VLSM Table

Subnet Name	Needed Size	Allocated Size	Address	Mask	Dec Mask	Assignable Range	Broadcast Address
VLAN 30	500	510	28.99.34.0	/23	255.255.254.0	28.99.34.1 - 28.99.35.254	28.99.35.255
VLAN 40	60	62	28.99.36.0	/26	255.255.255.192	28.99.36.1 - 28.99.36.62	28.99.36.63
VLAN 10	30	30	28.99.36.64	/27	255.255.255.224	28.99.36.65 - 28.99.36.94	28.99.36.95
Multiaccess	4	6	28.99.36.96	/29	255.255.255.248	28.99.36.97 - 28.99.36.102	28.99.36.103
VLAN 88	4	6	28.99.36.104	/29	255.255.255.248	28.99.36.105 - 28.99.36.110	28.99.36.111
VLAN 99	4	6	28.99.36.112	/29	255.255.255.248	28.99.36.113 - 28.99.36.118	28.99.36.119

Device	Device Interface		Subnet Mask	Default Gateway
S1	VLAN 99	28.99.36.114	255.255.255.248	28.99.36.113
S2	VLAN 99	28.99.36.115	255.255.255.248	28.99.36.113
S3	VLAN 88	28.99.36.106	255.255.255.248	28.99.36.105
S4	Multiaccess	28.99.36.98	255.255.255.248	28.99.36.97
	G0/1	28.99.36.97	255.255.255.248	N/A
	VLAN 10	28.99.36.65	255.255.255.224	N/A
MS1	VLAN 30	28.99.34.1	255.255.254.0	N/A
	VLAN 40	28.99.36.1	255.255.255.192	N/A
	VLAN 99	28.99.36.113	255.255.255.248	N/A
R1	S0/0/0	209.165.200.241	255.255.255.252	N/A
A.	G0/0	28.99.36.99	255.255.255.248	N/A
R2	G0/0	28.99.36.100	255.255.255.248	N/A
N2	G0/1	28.99.36.105	255.255.255.248	N/A
Admin PC	NIC	28.99.36.107	255.255.255.248	28.99.36.105
CentralServer	NIC	28.99.36.108	255.255.255.248	28.99.36.105
PC1	NIC	28.99.34.2	255.255.254.0	28.99.34.1
PC2	NIC	28.99.36.2	255.255.255.192	28.99.36.1
PC3	NIC	28.99.34.3	255.255.254.0	28.99.34.1
PC4	NIC	28.99.36.3	255.255.255.192	28.99.36.1
Printer	NIC	28.99.36.66	255.255.255.224	28.99.36.65

Task 2: Cable the network as shown in the topology



Task 3: Configure host PCs

Configure all PCs with IP addresses and default gateways according to your addressing table.

Device Name: PC1 Device Model: PC-PT

 Port
 Link
 IP Address
 IPv6 Address
 MAC Address

 FastEthernet0
 Up
 28.99.34.2/23
 <not set>
 0003.E468.7604

 Bluetooth
 Down
 <not set>
 <not set>
 000A.41D7.E595

Gateway: 28.99.34.1 DNS Server: <not set> Line Number: <not set>

Physical Location: Intercity > Home City > Corporate Office > PC1

Device Name: PC4
Device Model: PC-PT

 Port
 Link
 IP Address
 IPv6 Address
 MAC Address

 FastEthernet0
 Up
 28.99.36.3/26
 <not set>
 0040.0BCE.85CB

 Bluetooth
 Down
 <not set>
 0090.2BE0.E4E0

Gateway: 28.99.36.1 DNS Server: <not set> Line Number: <not set>

Physical Location: Intercity > Home City > Corporate Office > PC4

Device Name: CentralServer Device Model: Server-PT

 Port
 Link
 IP Address
 IPv6 Address
 MAC Address

 FastEthernet0
 Up
 28.99.36.108/29
 <not set>
 0060.7087.C812

Gateway: 28.99.36.105 DNS Server: <not set> Line Number: <not set>

Physical Location: Intercity > Home City > Corporate Office > Main Wiring Closet > Rack > CentralServer

Device Name: PC2 Device Model: PC-PT

 Port
 Link
 IP Address
 IPv6 Address
 MAC Address

 FastEthernet0
 Up
 28.99.36.2/26
 <not set>
 00D0.BC6D.83CC

 Bluetooth
 Down
 <not set>
 <not set>
 0002.4AEC.D09D

Gateway: 28.99.36.1
DNS Server: <not set>
Line Number: <not set>

Physical Location: Intercity > Home City > Corporate Office > PC2

Device Name: Printer0 Device Model: Printer-PT

 Port
 Link
 IP Address
 IPv6 Address
 MAC Address

 FastEthernet0
 Up
 28.99.36.66/27
 <not set>
 0060.2F10.0148

Gateway: 28.99.36.65 DNS Server: <not set> Line Number: <not set>

Physical Location: Intercity > Home City > Corporate Office > PrinterO

Device Name: Admin PC Device Model: PC-PT

 Port
 Link
 IP Address
 IPv6 Address
 MAC Address

 FastEthernet0
 Up
 28.99.36.107/29
 <not set>
 0030.F29E.1656

 Bluetooth
 Down
 <not set>
 <not set>
 00D0.FF6C.3D75

Gateway: 28.99.36.105 DNS Server: <not set> Line Number: <not set>

Physical Location: Intercity > Home City > Corporate Office > Admin PC

Device Name: PC3 Device Model: PC-PT

Port Link IP Address IPv6 Address FastEthernet0 Up 28.99.34.3/23 <not set> Sluetooth Down <not set> <not set>

MAC Address 0030.A391.68AD 0001.9639.AA09

Gateway: 28.99.34.1 DNS Server: <not set> Line Number: <not set>

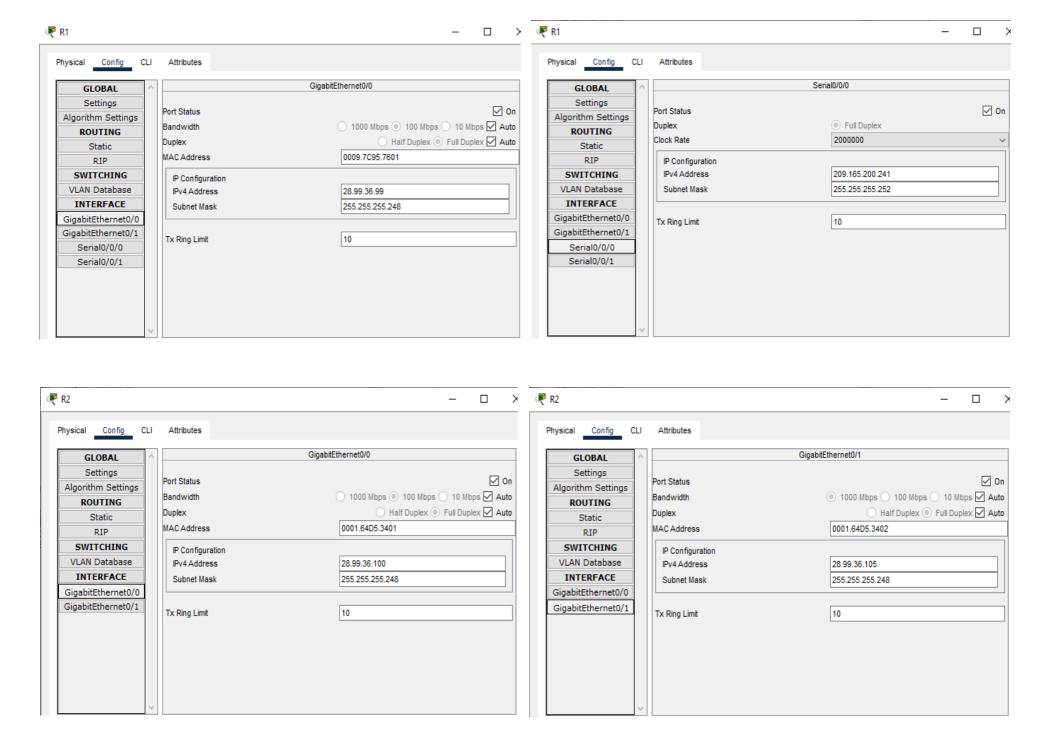
Physical Location: Intercity > Home City > Corporate Office > PC3

Task 4: Configure device basic settings (Switches, Routers)

a. Configure device names as shown in the topology.

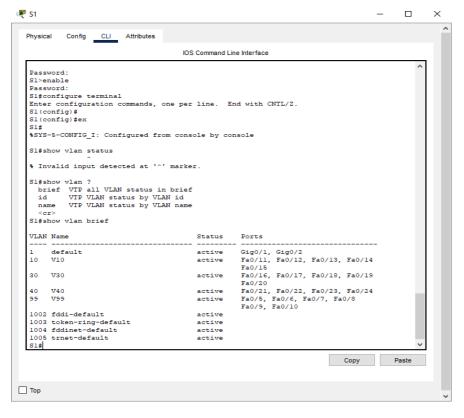
Commands: enable; configure terminal; hostname S1, S2, S3, S4, R1, R2, MS1;

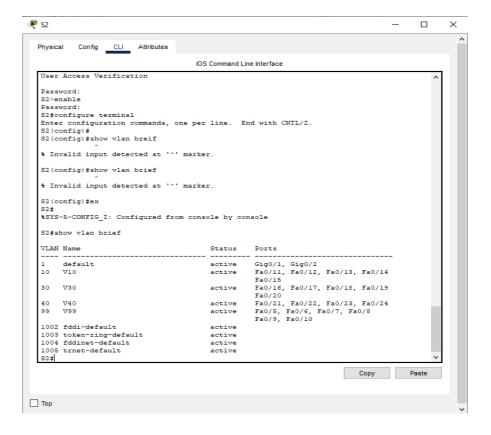
- b. Configure the IP address and default gateway listed in your addressing table for SVIs on switches.
- c. Configure routers' interfaces.

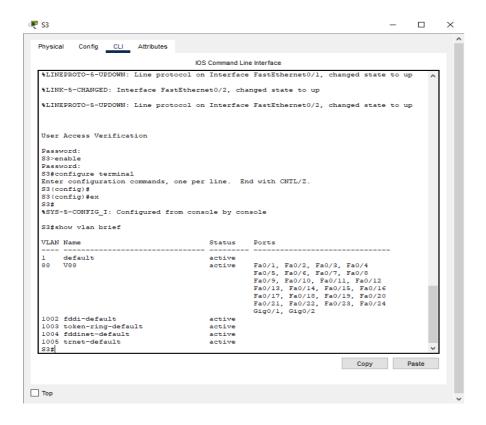


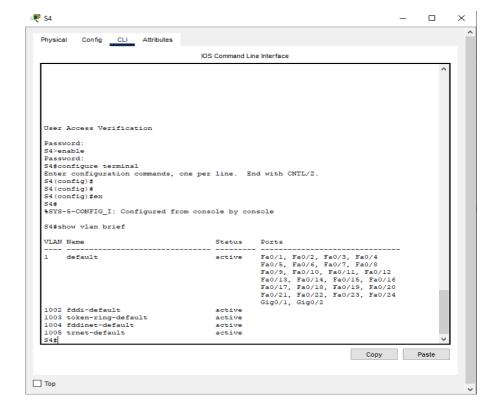
Task 5: Configure VLANs on Switches

a. Create the VLANs on switches.











Task 6: Configure VLAN ports and trunk ports on the switches

- a. Configure the access ports on switches.
- b. Configure the trunk ports on switches.
- c. Shut down all interfaces that will not be used.

Phase 2

Task 7: Configure Inter-VLAN Routing on MS1

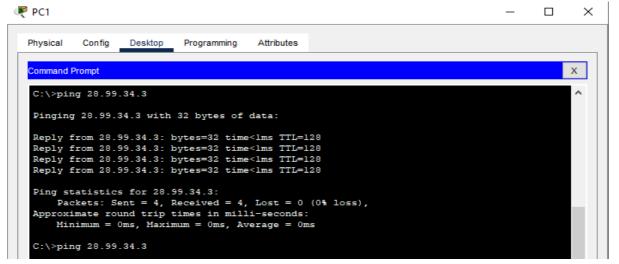
a. Configure the sub-interfaces IP addresses listed in your addressing table.

MS1#	show vlan brief						
VLAN	Name	Status	Ports				
1	default	active	Fa0/5, Fa0/6, Fa0/7, Fa0/8 Fa0/9, Fa0/10, Gig0/2				
10	V10	active	Fa0/11, Fa0/12, Fa0/13, Fa0/14 Fa0/15				
30	V30	active	Fa0/16, Fa0/17, Fa0/18, Fa0/19 Fa0/20				
40	V40	active	Fa0/21, Fa0/22, Fa0/23, Fa0/24				
99	V99	active					
1002	fddi-default	active					
1003	token-ring-default	active					
1004	fddinet-default	active					
1005	trnet-default	active					
MS1#: Code:	MS1#show ip route						
D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2 E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2, E - EGP i - IS-IS, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2, ia - IS-IS inter area * - candidate default, U - per-user static route, o - ODR P - periodic downloaded static route							
Gateway of last resort is not set							
28.0.0.0/8 is variably subnetted, 6 subnets, 4 masks							
C	28.99.34.0/23 is directly connected, Vlan30						
C	28.99.36.0/26 is directly connected, Vlan40						
C	,,,,,,						
С							
0	28.99.36.104/29 [110/2] via 28.99.36.100, 02:11:49, GigabitEthernet0/1						
С	28.99.36.112/29 is directly c	onnected,	Vlan99				
MS1#MS1#							

Task 8: Verify connectivity (screenshots)

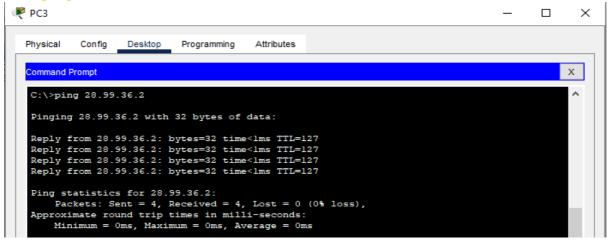
a. Verify connectivity between the same VLANs.

PC1 pings PC3

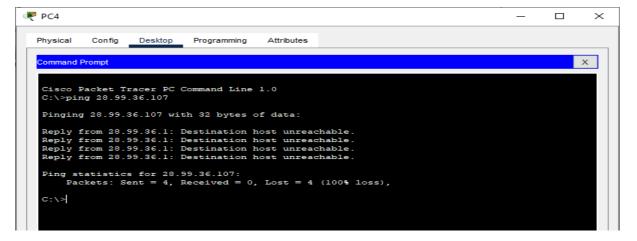


b. Verify connectivity between different VLANs.

PC3 pings PC2



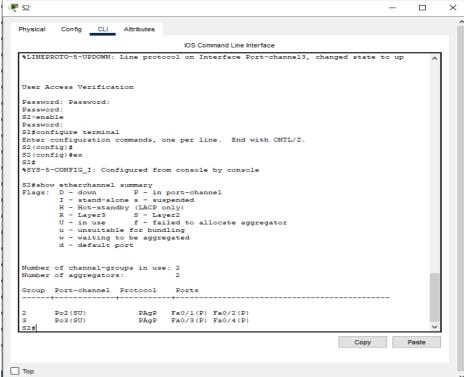
- c. Can PC4 ping AdminPC? Why?
 - No, it cannot ping because MS1 does not have route for VLAN 88 that is why we have received message as "destination host unreachable".



Task 9: Configure EtherChannel

a. Configure the link aggregation with Etherchannel between switches with Cisco PAgP. Port Channel 1,2, and 3.

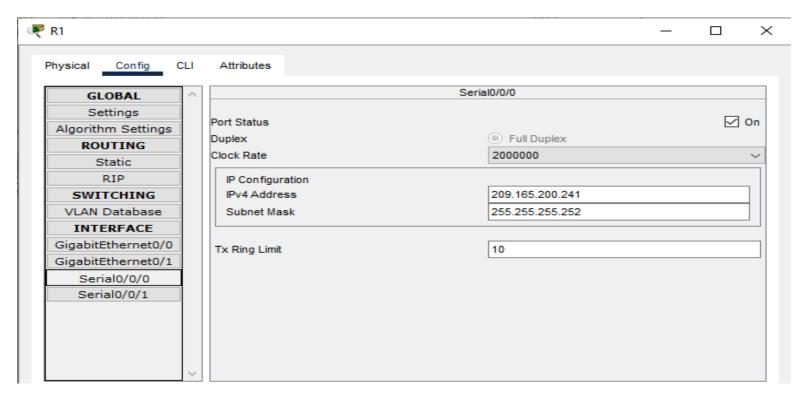


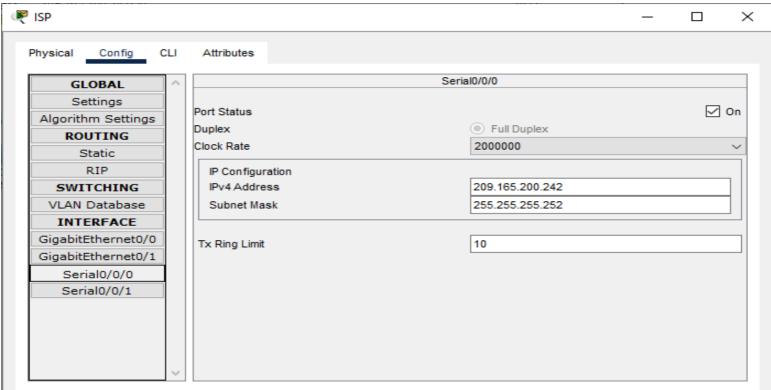




Task 10: Configure default static route between R1 and ISP

- b. Change IP address for interface s0/0/0 on R1 to 209.165.200.241/30 and 209.165.200.242/30 for interface s0/0/0 on ISP
- c. Configure default static route in R1



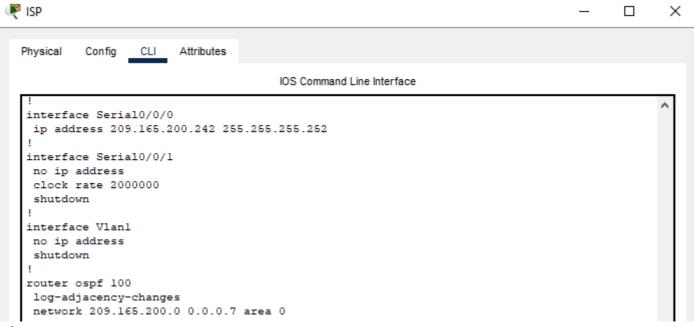


Task 11: Configure Single-Area OSPFv2

a. Configure OSPFv2 for the networks directly connected.

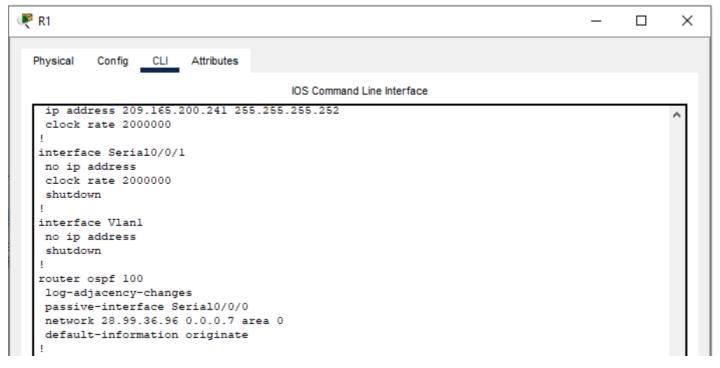
ISP:

router ospf 100 network 209.165.200.0 0.0.0.7 area 0

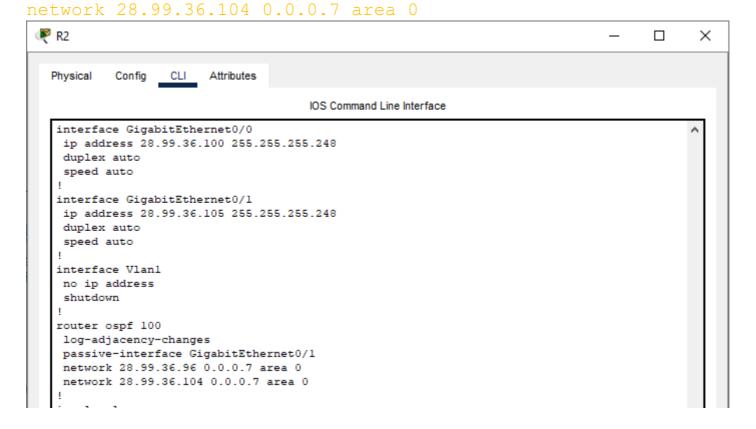


R1:

router ospf 100 network 28.99.36.96 0.0.0.7 area 0



R2: router ospf 100 network 28.99.36.96 0.0.0.7 area 0



- b. Configure the passive interface.
 - R1:

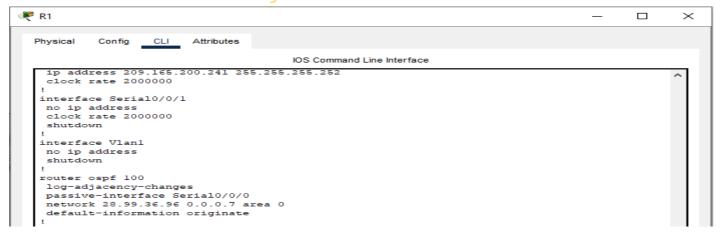
passive-interface Serial0/0/0

R2:

passive-interface GigabitEthernet0/1

c. On R1, automatically distribute the default route to all routers in the network.

default-information originate



Task 12: Verify connectivity

a. Can PC4 ping AdminPC? Why?

Yes, ping is successful because MS1 knows the route for VLAN 88 and R2 have path for MS1 VLANs.

