```
Jerry Olds
1001533643
CSE-4380-001
3/2/2020
                                         Pre-Lab 2
   1) b
   2) b
   3) d
   4) a
   5) a
   6) d
   7) d
   8) c
   9) a
   10) c
   11) c
   12) b
   13)b
   14) d
   15) a
   16) useradd alice
   17) id alice
   18) su alice1
   19) whoami
   20) mkdir prelab2
   21) pwd
   22) touch testfile
   23) chown user2 testfile
   24) chmod 764 testfile
   25) rm testfile rmdir prelab2
   26) unmask 022
   27) umask 077
   28) getuid() and geteuid() do not accept any parameters
   29) We use setreuid if _POSIX_SAVED_IDS is not defined
```

void

{ int
status;
#ifdef

do setuid (void)

- 32) a
- 33) d
- 34)Yes, he could crack the password within 24 hours. Anything 6 characters or less can be cracked within 24 days with a Radeon 6970 processor
- 35)Because MyMav uses a salt, it would take a very long time to try each hashed password with each salt. If Mallory only wanted a few targeted passwords, he would be able to get them in a more reasonable amount of time.

36)

- a. 9#\*d(38j
- b. @Thisisapassword5
- c. @Thisisapassword5, Thisisapassword5
- d. candlebottleremotecupglassespicture
- e. \_Passwordpassword1
- f. JerryDuaneOldsTheThird, if someone was targeting me and knew my name, my name as a password would not take centuries to crack

37)

a.

password: password

entropy: 0

crack time: instant

password: password151564

entropy: 15.688 crack time: 2.64s

password: thisisapassword57

entropy: 21.595 crack time: 158.4s

b.

i. it took 33 seconds to crack the three passwords using Jack the Ripper

ii. 33 seconds to crack all three passwords for Jack the Ripper, 161.08 seconds to crack all three passwords for zxcvbn

iii. john --wordlist=password.lst --rules password.txt

iv. Using a wordlist and a salt will increase the time of cracking a password, but using only a salt in default mode will usually decrease the time it takes to crack passwords

```
38)b
39)d
40) ./snort -dev -l ./log -h 156.118.76.54/23
41)!
42) -O
43)b
44) Network-based, Wireless, Network behavior, Host-based
45)d
46)b
47)e
48)
a. ps -elf|grep root
b. kill -9 1234
c. ss -lntu
d. find / - perm + 2000
e. inetconv
f. xinetconv
49) ~/, $PATH=/usr/bin:/usr/sbin:/usr/local/bin
50)c
51)b
52)c
53)d
54)
a. in the hosts.deny file enter the line sshd,vsftpd: ALL and ALL: ALL
b. in the hosts.allow file enter the line in.telnetd: 192.168.10.0/24
c. in the hosts allow file enter the line sshd: 192.168.12.1 192.168.10.0/24
55)a
56)
Rule: block in log
Objective: Use a "default deny" filter ruleset
```

Rule: pass in on egress inet proto tcp from any to (egress) \
port \$tcp\_services

pass in inet proto icmp all icmp-type \$icmp\_types

Objective: Allow the following incoming traffic to the firewall from the Internet:

- SSH (TCP port 22)
- Auth/Ident (TCP port 113)
- ICMP Echo Requests

Rule: in on egress inet proto tcp to (egress) port 80 rdr-to \$comp3

Objective: Redirect TCP port 80 connection attempts (which are attempts to access a web

server) to computer COMP3

Rule: set loginterface egresss

Objective: Log filter statistics on the external interface

Rule: set block-policy return

Objective: By default, reply with a TCP RST or ICMP Unreachable for blocked packets.

Rule: Macros

Objective: Make the ruleset as simple and easy to maintain as possible.

57) I have no clue how to do this