

The minimax algorithm

/ Find the child state with the lowest utility value */*

function MINIMIZE(state)

returns **TUPLE** of $\langle \mathbf{STATE}, \mathbf{UTILITY} \rangle$:

if TERMINAL-TEST(state):

return $\langle \mathbf{NULL}, \mathbf{EVAL}(\text{state}) \rangle$

$\langle \text{minChild}, \text{minUtility} \rangle = \langle \mathbf{NULL}, \infty \rangle$

for child **in** state.children():

$\langle _, \text{utility} \rangle = \mathbf{MAXIMIZE}(\text{child})$

if utility < minUtility:

$\langle \text{minChild}, \text{minUtility} \rangle = \langle \text{child}, \text{utility} \rangle$

return $\langle \text{minChild}, \text{minUtility} \rangle$

/ Find the child state with the highest utility value */*

function MAXIMIZE(state)

returns **TUPLE** of $\langle \mathbf{STATE}, \mathbf{UTILITY} \rangle$:

if TERMINAL-TEST(state):

return $\langle \mathbf{NULL}, \mathbf{EVAL}(\text{state}) \rangle$

$\langle \text{maxChild}, \text{maxUtility} \rangle = \langle \mathbf{NULL}, -\infty \rangle$

for child **in** state.children():

$\langle _, \text{utility} \rangle = \mathbf{MINIMIZE}(\text{child})$

if utility > maxUtility:

$\langle \text{maxChild}, \text{maxUtility} \rangle = \langle \text{child}, \text{utility} \rangle$

return $\langle \text{maxChild}, \text{maxUtility} \rangle$

/ Find the child state with the highest utility value */*

function DECISION(state)

returns **STATE** :

$\langle \text{child}, _ \rangle = \mathbf{MAXIMIZE}(\text{state})$

return child