Data Science: Capstone HarvardX - PH125.9x - CYOP - Credit risk profile predictor

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Introduction

As part of the Professional Data Science Certification Program by HarvardX, students are required to complete one last course: Data Science: Capstone HarvardX - PH125.9x which is, in reality, a capstone project designed for students to be able to put in practice all the skills learned during the 8 previous courses which comprise the Program.

The capstone is divided in two projects:

The first project consists in the design, build, training and evaluation of a Machine Learning model able to make movie recommendations to users based in existing historical data of movies' ratings by users.

The second project is a Choose-Your-Own-Project where students can decide which kind of challenge they want to deal with and which methods and algorithms they're going to use to solve the problem.

In the case of this report, the CYO project consists in training an optimal algorithm which is able to assign a credit risk profile to bank customers given certain features such as the amount and duration of the credit or the education level of the client.

This document is structured as follows:

- Introduction
- Overview
- Data Ingestion
- Data pre-processing
- Dataset exploratory analysis
- Model build, training, testing and evaluation.
- Conclusion

Overview

As explained above, the target of this project is to build an algorithm able to assign a credit risk profile "good" or "bad" to clients of a bank based on both personal and financial attributes.

For this purpose a dataset composed of 1000 observations will be used to train, test and validate the algorithm.

The original dataset used in this project has been downloaded from

• Statlog (German Credit Data) Data Set https://archive.ics.uci.edu/ml/machine-learning-databases/statlog/german/

The algorithm will be developed taking into account the different variables and using different approaches to determine which one provides the best performance. The resulting model should be able to predict a credit risk profile ("good" or "bad") for any new bank customer.

Accuracy will be used as the metric to evaluate algorithms' estimations although F1-scores will also be calculated for all models.

In this project 5 models will be trained and tested, resulting in an Accuracy value which will provide an idea of how good the algorithm is at estimating credit risk profiles.

The models which will be tested are:

- Logistic regresion
- Decision tree
- Random forest
- SVM
- kNN

The model with the best Accuracy will be chosen as the optimal model for this project.

Methods and analysis

Data Ingestion

This is the code which takes care of data ingestion:

```
### Data ingestion ###
if(!require(tidyverse)) install.packages("tidyverse", repos = "http://cran.us.r-project.org")
if(!require(caret)) install.packages("caret", repos = "http://cran.us.r-project.org")
if(!require(data.table)) install.packages("data.table", repos = "http://cran.us.r-project.org")
if(!require(lubridate)) install.packages("lubridate")
if(!require(randomForest)) install.packages("randomForest")
library(tidyverse)
library(caret)
library(data.table)
library(lubridate)
library(randomForest)
dl <- tempfile()</pre>
download.file("https://github.com/jdominguez-github/Capstone_CYOP_German_Credit_Risk/raw/master/german.
credit <- fread(text = gsub(" ", ",", readLines(dl)),</pre>
                 col.names = c("Checking_acc_status", "Duration", "Credit_history", "Purpose", "Credit_amou.
                                "Current_empl_dur", "Installment_rate", "Personal_status_Sex", "Other_debto
                                "Residence_since", "Property", "Age", "Other_installment_plans", "Housing", "
                                "Job", "N_dependant_people", "Telephone", "Foreign", "Risk"))
# Split credit data set into training set (80%) and test set (20%)
set.seed(1, sample.kind="Rounding")
test_index <- createDataPartition(credit$Risk,1,0.2,list=FALSE)</pre>
credit_test <- credit[test_index, ]</pre>
credit_train <- credit[-test_index, ]</pre>
```

By executing this code chunk we'll end up with a full data set calle "credit" which is split into a training data set called "credit_train" and a test data set called "credit_test".

Data pre-processing

The original data set (credit) uses a codification for its variable values which makes its interpretation very hard. For this reason, a process of translation will be applied so as to create an alternative data set ("credit trans") with more descriptive column values which will be used for exploratory analysis.

This is the original codified data description as provided in the UCI site:

Original dataset codification

• Attribute 1: (qualitative) - Status of existing checking account

```
- A11 : ... < 0 DM

- A12 : 0 \le ... < 200 DM
```

- A13:... >= 200 DM / salary assignments for at least 1 year
- A14: no checking account
- Attribute 2: (numerical) Duration in month
- Attribute 3: (qualitative) Credit history
 - A30: no credits taken/all credits paid back duly
 - A31: all credits at this bank paid back duly
 - A32: existing credits paid back duly till now
 - A33: delay in paying off in the past
 - A34 : critical account/other credits existing (not at this bank)
- Attribute 4: (qualitative) Purpose
 - A40 : car (new)
 - A41 : car (used)
 - A42 : furniture/equipment
 - A43 : radio/television
 - A44 : domestic appliances
 - A45 : repairs
 - A46: education
 - A47: (vacation does not exist?)
 - A48: retraining
 - A49: business
 - -A410: others
- Attribute 5: (numerical) Credit amount
- Attibute 6: (qualitative) Savings account/bonds
 - $A61 : \dots < 100 DM$
 - $A62 : 100 \le ... \le 500 DM$
 - $A63: 500 \le ... < 1000 DM$
 - A64 : ... >= 1000 DM
 - A65: unknown/ no savings account
- Attribute 7: (qualitative) Present employment since
 - A71: unemployed
 - A72 : ... < 1 year
 - $A73 : 1 \le ... \le 4$ years
 - $A74 : 4 \le \ldots \le 7 \text{ years}$
 - A75 : ... >= 7 years
- Attribute 8: (numerical) Installment rate in percentage of disposable income
- Attribute 9: (qualitative) Personal status and sex
 - A91: male: divorced/separated
 - A92 : female : divorced/separated/married
 - -A93: male: single
 - A94: male: married/widowed
 - A95 : female : single
- Attribute 10: (qualitative) Other debtors / guarantors

```
- A101 : none
```

- A102 : co-applicant
- A103 : guarantor
- Attribute 11: (numerical) Present residence since
- Attribute 12: (qualitative) Property
 - A121 : real estate
 - A122: if not A121: building society savings agreement/life insurance
 - A123: if not A121/A122: car or other, not in attribute 6
 - A124: unknown / no property
- Attribute 13: (numerical) Age in years
- Attribute 14: (qualitative) Other installment plans
 - A141 : bank
 - A142 : stores
 - -A143: none
- Attribute 15: (qualitative) Housing
 - A151 : rent
 - A152 : own
 - A153 : for free
- Attribute 16: (numerical) Number of existing credits at this bank
- Attribute 17: (qualitative) Job
 - A171: unemployed/unskilled non-resident
 - A172 : unskilled resident
 - A173 : skilled employee / official
 - A174: management/self-employed/highly qualified employee/officer
- Attribute 18: (numerical) Number of people being liable to provide maintenance for
- Attribute 19: (qualitative) Telephone
 - A191: none
 - A192: yes, registered under the customers name
- Attribute 20: (qualitative) foreign worker
 - A201 : yes
 - A202 : no

Feature translation process

This is the code that carries out column codes translation:

```
### Data pre-processing
# Translate original data set codes into something more descriptive for exploratory analysis
credit_trans <- credit</pre>
# Checking_acc_status
credit_trans[credit$Checking_acc_status == "A11"]$Checking_acc_status <- "0"</pre>
credit_trans[credit$Checking_acc_status == "A12"]$Checking_acc_status <- "0-200"</pre>
credit_trans[credit$Checking_acc_status == "A13"]$Checking_acc_status <- ">200"
credit_trans[credit$Checking_acc_status == "A14"]$Checking_acc_status <- "No account"</pre>
# Credit_history
credit_trans[credit_history == "A30"]$Credit_history <- "No credit/Duly paid at other banks"</pre>
credit_trans[credit_history == "A31"]$Credit_history <- "Duly paid at this bank"</pre>
credit_trans[credit$Credit_history == "A32"]$Credit_history <- "Existing credit duly paid at this bank"</pre>
credit_trans[credit_history == "A33"]$Credit_history <- "Payment delay in the past"</pre>
credit_trans[credit_history == "A34"]$Credit_history <- "Critical account/Credit at other banks"</pre>
# Purpose
credit_trans[credit$Purpose == "A40"]$Purpose <- "car (new)"</pre>
credit_trans[credit$Purpose == "A41"]$Purpose <- "car (used)"</pre>
credit_trans[credit$Purpose == "A42"]$Purpose <- "furniture/equipment"</pre>
credit_trans[credit$Purpose == "A43"]$Purpose <- "radio/television"</pre>
credit_trans[credit$Purpose == "A44"]$Purpose <- "domestic appliances"</pre>
credit_trans[credit$Purpose == "A45"]$Purpose <- "repairs"</pre>
credit_trans[credit$Purpose == "A46"]$Purpose <- "education"</pre>
credit_trans[credit$Purpose == "A47"]$Purpose <- "vacation"</pre>
credit_trans[credit$Purpose == "A48"]$Purpose <- "retraining"</pre>
credit_trans[credit$Purpose == "A49"]$Purpose <- "business"</pre>
credit_trans[credit$Purpose == "A410"]$Purpose <- "others"</pre>
# Savings_account
credit_trans[credit$Savings_account == "A61"]$Savings_account <- "<100"</pre>
credit_trans[credit$Savings_account == "A62"]$Savings_account <- "100-500"</pre>
credit_trans[credit$Savings_account == "A63"]$Savings_account <- "501-1000"</pre>
credit_trans[credit$Savings_account == "A64"]$Savings_account <- ">1000"
credit_trans[credit$Savings_account == "A65"]$Savings_account <- "Unknown/No account"</pre>
# Current empl dur
credit_trans[credit$Current_empl_dur == "A71"]$Current_empl_dur <- "Unemployed"</pre>
credit_trans[credit$Current_empl_dur == "A72"]$Current_empl_dur <- "<1y"</pre>
credit_trans[credit$Current_empl_dur == "A73"]$Current_empl_dur <- "1y-4y"</pre>
credit_trans[credit$Current_empl_dur == "A74"]$Current_empl_dur <- "4y-7y"</pre>
credit_trans[credit$Current_empl_dur == "A75"]$Current_empl_dur <- ">7y"
# Personal_status_Sex
# New Personal_status feature
credit_trans <- credit_trans %>% mutate(Personal_status="")
credit_trans <- credit_trans %>% mutate(Sex="")
credit_trans[credit$Personal_status_Sex == "A91"]$Personal_status <- "divorced/separated"</pre>
credit_trans[credit$Personal_status_Sex == "A92"]$Personal_status <- "divorced/separated/married"</pre>
```

```
credit_trans[credit$Personal_status_Sex == "A93"]$Personal_status <- "single"</pre>
credit_trans[credit$Personal_status_Sex == "A94"]$Personal_status <- "married/widowed"</pre>
credit_trans[credit$Personal_status_Sex == "A95"]$Personal_status <- "single"</pre>
# New Sex feature
credit_trans[credit$Personal_status_Sex == "A91"]$Sex <- "male"</pre>
credit_trans[credit$Personal_status_Sex == "A92"]$Sex <- "female"</pre>
credit_trans[credit$Personal_status_Sex == "A93"]$Sex <- "male"</pre>
credit trans[credit$Personal status Sex == "A94"]$Sex <- "male"</pre>
credit_trans[credit$Personal_status_Sex == "A95"]$Sex <- "female"</pre>
credit_trans <- credit_trans %>% select(-Personal_status_Sex)
# Other_debtors_guarantors
credit_trans[credit$0ther_debtors_guarantors == "A101"]$0ther_debtors_guarantors <- "none"</pre>
credit_trans[credit$0ther_debtors_guarantors == "A102"]$0ther_debtors_guarantors <- "co-applicant"</pre>
credit_trans[credit$0ther_debtors_guarantors == "A103"]$0ther_debtors_guarantors <- "guarantor"</pre>
# Property
credit_trans[credit$Property == "A121"]$Property <- "real estate"</pre>
credit_trans[credit$Property == "A122"]$Property <- "building society savings agreement/life insurance"</pre>
credit_trans[credit$Property == "A123"]$Property <- "car or other"</pre>
credit_trans[credit$Property == "A124"]$Property <- "unknown / no property"</pre>
# Other_installment_plans
credit_trans[credit$0ther_installment_plans == "A141"]$0ther_installment_plans <- "bank"</pre>
credit_trans[credit$0ther_installment_plans == "A142"]$0ther_installment_plans <- "stores"</pre>
credit_trans[credit$0ther_installment_plans == "A143"]$0ther_installment_plans <- "none"</pre>
# Housing
credit_trans[credit$Housing == "A151"]$Housing <- "rent"</pre>
credit_trans[credit$Housing == "A152"]$Housing <- "own"</pre>
credit_trans[credit$Housing == "A153"]$Housing <- "for free"</pre>
# Job
credit_trans[credit$Job == "A171"]$Job <- "unemployed/unskilled - NR"</pre>
credit_trans[credit$Job == "A172"]$Job <- "unemployed/unskilled - R"</pre>
credit_trans[credit$Job == "A173"]$Job <- "skilled/official"</pre>
credit_trans[credit$Job == "A174"]$Job <- "management/self-employed/highly qualified/officer"</pre>
# Telephone
credit_trans[credit$Telephone == "A191"]$Telephone <- "no"</pre>
credit_trans[credit$Telephone == "A192"]$Telephone <- "yes"</pre>
# Foreign
credit_trans[credit$Foreign == "A201"]$Foreign <- "yes"</pre>
credit_trans[credit$Foreign == "A202"]$Foreign <- "no"</pre>
# Risk_profile
credit_trans <- credit_trans %>% mutate(Risk_profile="")
credit_trans[credit$Risk == "1"]$Risk_profile <- "good"</pre>
credit_trans[credit$Risk == "2"]$Risk_profile <- "bad"</pre>
```

```
# Convert categorical features into factor
credit_trans$Checking_acc_status <- factor(credit_trans$Checking_acc_status)</pre>
credit trans$Credit history <- factor(credit trans$Credit history)</pre>
credit_trans$Purpose <- factor(credit_trans$Purpose)</pre>
credit_trans$Savings_account <- factor(credit_trans$Savings_account )</pre>
credit_trans$Current_empl_dur <- factor(credit_trans$Current_empl_dur)</pre>
credit_trans$0ther_debtors_guarantors <- factor(credit_trans$0ther_debtors_guarantors)</pre>
credit_trans$Property <- factor(credit_trans$Property)</pre>
credit trans $0ther installment plans <- factor(credit trans $0ther installment plans)
credit_trans$Housing <- factor(credit_trans$Housing)</pre>
credit_trans$Job <- factor(credit_trans$Job)</pre>
credit_trans$Telephone <- factor(credit_trans$Telephone)</pre>
credit_trans$Foreign <- factor(credit_trans$Foreign)</pre>
credit_trans$Personal_status <- factor(credit_trans$Personal_status)</pre>
credit_trans$Sex <- factor(credit_trans$Sex)</pre>
# Convert outcome features into factor
credit_trans$Risk_profile = factor(credit_trans$Risk_profile)
credit$Risk = factor(credit$Risk)
credit_test$Risk = factor(credit_test$Risk)
credit_train$Risk = factor(credit_train$Risk)
```

The original codified data set "credit" will be used for model implementation and the translated data set "credit_trans" will be used for exploratory analysis.

Data summary

With the initial loading and pre-processing of data complete, we can now take a look at the basic structure and stats of the data.

When looking at the general structure of the original data set we can see it consists of 1,000 observations and 21 variables of which, "Risk", is the outcome and the rest are features which can be used as potential predictors.

Risk is a factor variable with 2 levels: "good" and "bad" representing the two possible credit risk profiles that can be assigned to a client and that will be predicted by the algorithm.

We can see the summary statistics as well as a sample displaying the first 10 rows of both the original credit data set and the translated "credit_trans" data set which has the same amount of rows as it's only a translated version of the original one.

Data overview: Original "credit" data set

```
# Overview of original credit dataset
# Total number of rows
c("Number of users" = nrow(credit))

## Number of users
## 1000
```

General structure str(credit)

```
## Classes 'data.table' and 'data.frame':
                                          1000 obs. of 21 variables:
                                    "A11" "A12" "A14" "A11" ...
## $ Checking_acc_status
                            : chr
## $ Duration
                             : int
                                   6 48 12 42 24 36 24 36 12 30 ...
## $ Credit_history
                             : chr
                                    "A34" "A32" "A34" "A32" ...
## $ Purpose
                             : chr
                                    "A43" "A43" "A46" "A42" ...
                             : int 1169 5951 2096 7882 4870 9055 2835 6948 3059 5234 ...
## $ Credit amount
                                   "A65" "A61" "A61" "A61" ...
   $ Savings account
                             : chr
## $ Current_empl_dur
                             : chr "A75" "A73" "A74" "A74" ...
## $ Installment_rate
                             : int 4 2 2 2 3 2 3 2 2 4 ...
## $ Personal_status_Sex
                             : chr
                                   "A93" "A92" "A93" "A93" ...
## $ Other_debtors_guarantors: chr "A101" "A101" "A101" "A103" ...
## $ Residence_since
                             : int 4234444242 ...
                             : chr "A121" "A121" "A121" "A122" ...
## $ Property
                             : int 67 22 49 45 53 35 53 35 61 28 ...
## $ Age
## $ Other_installment_plans : chr "A143" "A143" "A143" "A143" ...
## $ Housing
                             : chr "A152" "A152" "A152" "A153" ...
## $ N_credits
                             : int 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 2 ...
## $ Job
                             : chr "A173" "A173" "A172" "A173" ...
## $ N_dependant_people
                             : int 1 1 2 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ Telephone
                             : chr
                                   "A192" "A191" "A191" "A191" ...
                                   "A201" "A201" "A201" "A201" ...
## $ Foreign
                             : chr
   $ Risk
                             : Factor w/ 2 levels "1", "2": 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 ...
  - attr(*, ".internal.selfref")=<externalptr>
```

Summary stats summary(credit)

```
## Checking_acc_status
                         Duration
                                     Credit_history
                                                         Purpose
                      Min. : 4.0
## Length:1000
                                     Length: 1000
                                                       Length: 1000
## Class :character
                      1st Qu.:12.0
                                     Class : character
                                                       Class : character
## Mode :character
                      Median: 18.0 Mode: character
                                                       Mode :character
##
                      Mean :20.9
##
                       3rd Qu.:24.0
##
                      Max. :72.0
## Credit_amount
                   Savings_account
                                     Current_empl_dur
                                                       Installment rate
## Min. : 250
                                     Length: 1000
                 Length: 1000
                                                       Min.
                                                              :1.000
## 1st Qu.: 1366
                                     Class :character
                   Class : character
                                                       1st Qu.:2.000
## Median : 2320
                 Mode :character
                                     Mode :character
                                                       Median :3.000
## Mean : 3271
                                                       Mean
                                                              :2.973
## 3rd Qu.: 3972
                                                       3rd Qu.:4.000
## Max.
         :18424
                                                              :4.000
## Personal_status_Sex Other_debtors_guarantors Residence_since
## Length:1000
                      Length: 1000
                                              Min.
                                                     :1.000
## Class :character
                      Class : character
                                               1st Qu.:2.000
## Mode :character
                      Mode :character
                                              Median :3.000
##
                                              Mean
                                                    :2.845
##
                                               3rd Qu.:4.000
##
                                              Max. :4.000
##
                                     Other_installment_plans
     Property
                                                              Housing
                          Age
  Length: 1000
                     Min. :19.00
                                     Length: 1000
                                                            Length: 1000
```

```
## Class :character
                     1st Qu.:27.00
                                    Class :character
                                                           Class : character
  Mode :character Median :33.00
                                    Mode : character
                                                           Mode :character
##
                     Mean :35.55
##
                     3rd Qu.:42.00
                     Max. :75.00
##
##
     N_credits
                      Job
                                    N_dependant_people Telephone
                 Length: 1000
                                    Min. :1.000
                                                      Length: 1000
##
  Min. :1.000
  1st Qu.:1.000
                  Class :character
                                    1st Qu.:1.000
                                                      Class :character
##
## Median :1.000 Mode :character
                                    Median :1.000
                                                      Mode :character
## Mean :1.407
                                    Mean :1.155
## 3rd Qu.:2.000
                                    3rd Qu.:1.000
## Max. :4.000
                                    Max. :2.000
##
     Foreign
                     Risk
## Length:1000
                     1:700
## Class :character
                     2:300
## Mode :character
##
##
##
```

Sample of first few rows head(credit)

2:

A201

2

##		Checking_acc_stat	us Duration	Credit 1	history	Purpose	Credit amount	
##	1:	•	11 6	010410_	A34	A43	_	
##			12 48		A32	A43		
##			14 12		A34	A46		
##			11 42		A32	A42		
##			11 24		A33	A40		
##	6:		14 36		A32	A46		
##		Savings_account C	urrent empl	dur Inst		rate P	ersonal status	Sex
##	1:	A65		- A75		4		- A93
##		A61		A73		2		A92
##	3:	A61		A74		2		A93
##	4:	A61		A74		2		A93
##	5:	A61		A73		3		A93
##	6:	A65		A73		2		A93
##		Other_debtors_gua	rantors Resi	idence_s:	ince Pro	perty A	ge	
##	1:		A101		4	A121	67	
##	2:		A101		2	A121	22	
##	3:		A101		3	A121	49	
##	4:		A103		4	A122	45	
##	5:		A101		4		53	
##	6:		A101		4		35	
##		Other_installment		• –		_	pendant_people	-
##				152	2 A1		1	A192
##				152	1 A1		1	A191
##				152	1 A1		2	A191
##				153	1 A1		2	A191
##				L53	2 A1		2	A191
##	6:		A143 A1	153	1 A1	172	2	A192
##		Foreign Risk						
##	1:	A201 1						

```
## 3: A201 1
## 4: A201 1
## 5: A201 2
## 6: A201 1

Data overview: Train
```

Data overview: Translated "credit_trans" data set

```
# Overview of the dataset with translated variables
# General structure
str(credit_trans)
## Classes 'data.table' and 'data.frame':
                                           1000 obs. of 23 variables:
## $ Checking_acc_status
                             : Factor w/ 4 levels ">200", "0", "0-200", ...: 2 3 4 2 2 4 4 3 4 3 ...
## $ Duration
                             : int 6 48 12 42 24 36 24 36 12 30 ...
## $ Credit_history
                             : Factor w/ 5 levels "Critical account/Credit at other banks",..: 1 3 1 3
                             : Factor w/ 10 levels "business", "car (new)",...: 8 8 5 6 2 5 6 3 8 2 ...
## $ Purpose
## $ Credit_amount
                             : int 1169 5951 2096 7882 4870 9055 2835 6948 3059 5234 ...
                             : Factor w/ 5 levels "<100",">1000",...: 5 1 1 1 1 5 4 1 2 1 ...
## $ Savings_account
## $ Current_empl_dur
                             : Factor w/ 5 levels "<1y",">7y","1y-4y",...: 2 3 4 4 3 3 2 3 4 5 ...
## $ Installment_rate
                             : int 4 2 2 2 3 2 3 2 2 4 ...
\#\# $ Other_debtors_guarantors: Factor \#\# 3 levels "co-applicant",...: 3 3 3 2 3 3 3 3 3 ...
## $ Residence_since
                             : int 4234444242 ...
## $ Property
                             : Factor w/ 4 levels "building society savings agreement/life insurance",
## $ Age
                             : int 67 22 49 45 53 35 53 35 61 28 ...
## $ Other_installment_plans : Factor w/ 3 levels "bank", "none",..: 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 ...
## $ Housing
                             : Factor w/ 3 levels "for free", "own",...: 2 2 2 1 1 1 2 3 2 2 ...
## $ N_credits
                             : int 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 2 ...
## $ Job
                             : Factor w/ 4 levels "management/self-employed/highly qualified/officer",
## $ N_dependant_people
                             : int 1 1 2 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 ...
                             : Factor w/ 2 levels "no", "yes": 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 2 1 1 \ldots
## $ Telephone
                             : Factor w/ 2 levels "no", "yes": 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 ...
## $ Foreign
## $ Risk
                             : int 121121112...
                             : Factor w/ 4 levels "divorced/separated",..: 4 2 4 4 4 4 4 1 3 ...
## $ Personal_status
## $ Sex
                             : Factor w/ 2 levels "female", "male": 2 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 ...
## $ Risk_profile
                             : Factor w/ 2 levels "bad", "good": 2 1 2 2 1 2 2 2 1 ...
  - attr(*, ".internal.selfref")=<externalptr>
# Summary stats
summary(credit_trans)
  Checking_acc_status
                          Duration
##
   >200
             : 63
                       Min. : 4.0
## 0
             :274
                       1st Qu.:12.0
## 0-200
             :269
                       Median:18.0
##
  No account:394
                              :20.9
                       Mean
                       3rd Qu.:24.0
##
##
                              :72.0
                       Max.
##
##
                                  Credit_history
                                                                Purpose
## Critical account/Credit at other banks:293
                                                 radio/television
                                                                   :280
## Duly paid at this bank
                                                                    :234
                                         : 49
                                                 car (new)
```

```
Existing credit duly paid at this bank:530
                                                    furniture/equipment:181
    No credit/Duly paid at other banks
                                            : 40
##
                                                    car (used)
                                                                        :103
    Payment delay in the past
                                                    business
                                                                        : 97
##
                                            : 88
##
                                                    education
                                                                        : 50
##
                                                    (Other)
                                                                        : 55
##
   Credit amount
                               Savings account
                                                  Current_empl_dur Installment_rate
    Min.
          : 250
                    <100
                                       :603
                                                          :172
                                                                   Min.
                                                                           :1.000
                                                <1y
    1st Qu.: 1366
                                                >7y
                    >1000
                                       : 48
                                                          :253
                                                                   1st Qu.:2.000
##
##
    Median: 2320
                    100-500
                                       :103
                                                1y-4y
                                                          :339
                                                                   Median :3.000
##
    Mean
          : 3271
                    501-1000
                                       : 63
                                                          :174
                                                                   Mean
                                                                         :2.973
                                                4y-7y
    3rd Qu.: 3972
                    Unknown/No account:183
                                                Unemployed: 62
                                                                   3rd Qu.:4.000
    Max.
          :18424
                                                                   Max.
##
                                                                           :4.000
##
##
   Other_debtors_guarantors Residence_since
##
    co-applicant: 41
                              Min.
                                     :1.000
##
    guarantor
                : 52
                              1st Qu.:2.000
##
    none
                :907
                              Median :3.000
                                    :2.845
##
                              Mean
##
                              3rd Qu.:4.000
                                     :4.000
##
                              Max.
##
##
                                                   Property
                                                                   Age
    building society savings agreement/life insurance:232
##
                                                                     :19.00
                                                              Min.
    car or other
                                                              1st Qu.:27.00
##
                                                       :332
    real estate
##
                                                       :282
                                                              Median :33.00
##
    unknown / no property
                                                       :154
                                                              Mean
                                                                     :35.55
##
                                                              3rd Qu.:42.00
##
                                                              Max.
                                                                     :75.00
##
##
    Other_installment_plans
                                 Housing
                                              N_credits
##
    bank :139
                             for free:108
                                            Min.
                                                   :1.000
##
    none :814
                             own
                                     :713
                                             1st Qu.:1.000
##
    stores: 47
                                            Median :1.000
                             rent
                                     :179
##
                                            Mean
                                                   :1.407
                                            3rd Qu.:2.000
##
##
                                            Max.
                                                    :4.000
##
##
                                                     Job
                                                              N_dependant_people
    management/self-employed/highly qualified/officer:148
##
                                                              Min.
                                                                     :1.000
    skilled/official
                                                              1st Qu.:1.000
##
                                                       :630
    unemployed/unskilled - NR
                                                       : 22
                                                              Median :1.000
##
    unemployed/unskilled - R
                                                       :200
                                                              Mean
                                                                     :1.155
##
                                                              3rd Qu.:1.000
##
                                                              Max.
                                                                      :2.000
##
                              Risk
                                                          Personal_status
##
    Telephone Foreign
    no:596
                                       divorced/separated
##
              no: 37
                         Min.
                                :1.0
                                                                  : 50
##
    ves:404
              yes:963
                         1st Qu.:1.0
                                       divorced/separated/married:310
##
                         Median:1.0
                                       married/widowed
                                                                   : 92
##
                         Mean
                               :1.3
                                       single
                                                                   :548
                         3rd Qu.:2.0
##
                               :2.0
##
                         Max.
##
##
        Sex
                 Risk profile
```

```
## female:310 bad :300
## male :690 good:700
##
##
##
##
##
##
```

Sample of first few rows head(credit_trans)

```
##
      Checking_acc_status Duration
                                                               Credit_history
## 1:
                                   6 Critical account/Credit at other banks
## 2:
                     0-200
                                  48 Existing credit duly paid at this bank
## 3:
               No account
                                  12 Critical account/Credit at other banks
## 4:
                                  42 Existing credit duly paid at this bank
                         0
## 5:
                         0
                                                   Payment delay in the past
## 6:
                                  36 Existing credit duly paid at this bank
               No account
##
                   Purpose Credit amount
                                             Savings account Current empl dur
## 1:
         radio/television
                                     1169 Unknown/No account
## 2:
         radio/television
                                     5951
                                                          <100
                                                                          1y-4y
## 3:
                 education
                                     2096
                                                         <100
                                                                           4y-7y
                                     7882
                                                         <100
                                                                           4y-7y
## 4: furniture/equipment
## 5:
                                     4870
                                                          <100
                 car (new)
                                                                           1y-4y
## 6:
                                     9055 Unknown/No account
                 education
                                                                           1y-4y
##
      Installment_rate Other_debtors_guarantors Residence_since
## 1:
                      4
                                             none
## 2:
                      2
                                                                  2
                                              none
## 3:
                      2
                                                                  3
                                             none
                      2
## 4:
                                        guarantor
                                                                  4
## 5:
                      3
                                                                  4
                                             none
## 6:
                      2
                                              none
##
                                                  Property Age
## 1:
                                               real estate
## 2:
                                               real estate
                                                            22
                                               real estate
## 4: building society savings agreement/life insurance
## 5:
                                    unknown / no property
## 6:
                                    unknown / no property
##
      Other_installment_plans
                                Housing N_credits
                                                                           Job
## 1:
                          none
                                     own
                                                            skilled/official
## 2:
                          none
                                     own
                                                  1
                                                            skilled/official
## 3:
                                                  1 unemployed/unskilled - R
                          none
                                     own
## 4:
                          none for free
                                                  1
                                                            skilled/official
## 5:
                          none for free
                                                            skilled/official
## 6:
                          none for free
                                                  1 unemployed/unskilled - R
##
      N_dependant_people
                          Telephone Foreign Risk
                                                               Personal_status
                                                                                   Sex
## 1:
                                                                                  male
                                                                        single
                        1
                                 yes
                                         yes
                                                 1
## 2:
                        1
                                                 2 divorced/separated/married female
                                  no
                                         yes
## 3:
                        2
                                  nο
                                         yes
                                                 1
                                                                        single
                                                                                  male
## 4:
                        2
                                                 1
                                                                        single
                                                                                  male
                                  no
                                         yes
## 5:
                        2
                                                 2
                                                                        single
                                                                                  male
                                  no
                                         yes
## 6:
                        2
                                                                                  male
                                 yes
                                         yes
                                                                        single
##
      Risk_profile
```

##	1:	good
##	2:	bad
##	3:	good
##	4:	good
##	5:	bad
##	6:	good

Data exploratory analysis

General information

Number of credit risk profiles categorized as "good" / "bad"

```
## bad good
## 300 700
```

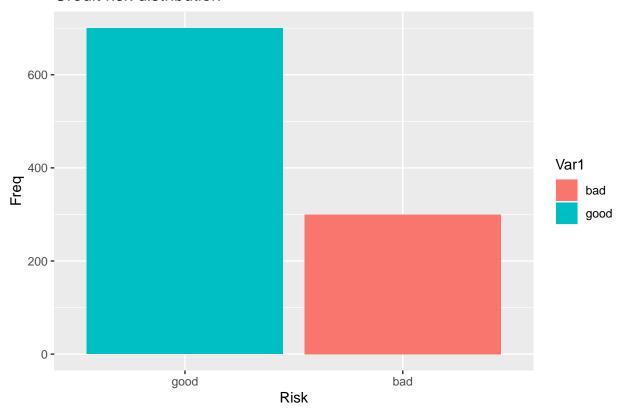
Proportion of credit risk profiles categorized as "good"

```
## Proportion of "good" credit risk profiles
## 0.7
```

70% of the profiles have been categorized as "good" and 30% have been categorized as "bad". To visualize this, here's a plot of the proportion of good vs bad profiles

```
# Credit risk distribution
cont_succ <- table(credit_trans$Risk_profile)
data.frame(cont_succ) %>%
    ggplot(aes(x= reorder(Var1,-Freq),Freq,fill=Var1)) +
    geom_bar(stat ="identity") +
    xlab("Risk") +
    ggtitle("Credit risk distribution")
```

Credit risk distribution

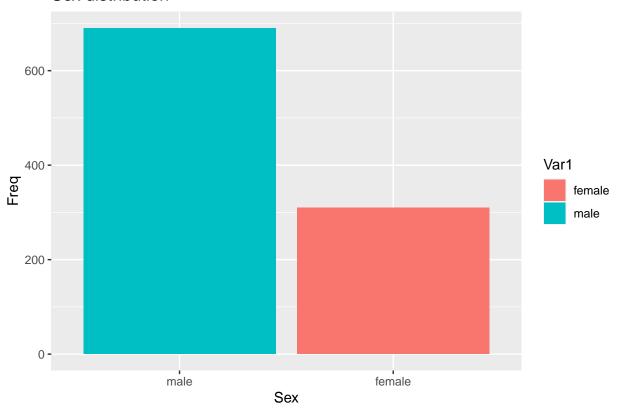


Number of male/female customers

```
##
## female male
## 310 690

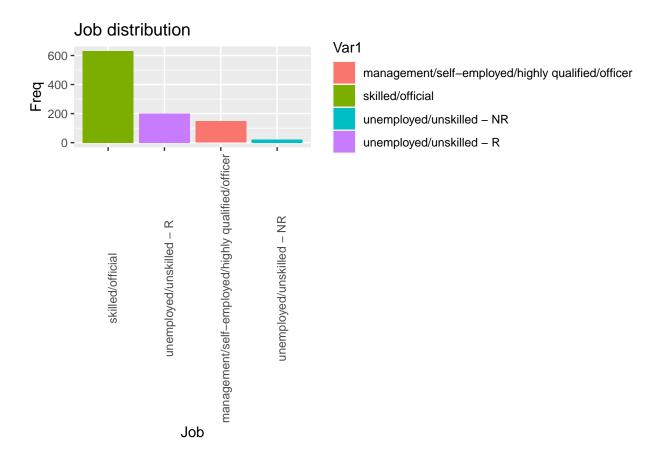
# Sex distribution
cont_succ <- table(credit_trans$Sex)
data.frame(cont_succ) %>%
    ggplot(aes(x= reorder(Var1,-Freq),Freq,fill=Var1)) +
    geom_bar(stat ="identity") +
    xlab("Sex") +
    ggtitle("Sex distribution")
```

Sex distribution



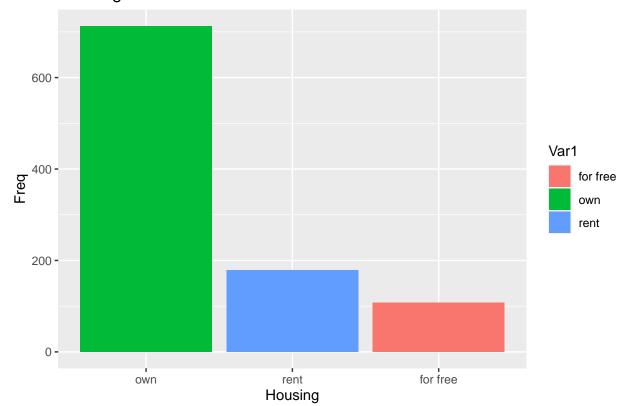
The number of male credit clients is approximately double than the number of female credit clients.

```
# Job distribution
cont_succ <- table(credit_trans$Job)
data.frame(cont_succ) %>%
    ggplot(aes(x= reorder(Var1,-Freq),Freq,fill=Var1)) +
    geom_bar(stat ="identity") +
    xlab("Job") +
    ggtitle("Job distribution") +
    theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 90))
```



```
# Housing distribution
cont_succ <- table(credit_trans$Housing)
data.frame(cont_succ) %>%
    ggplot(aes(x= reorder(Var1,-Freq),Freq,fill=Var1)) +
    geom_bar(stat ="identity") +
    xlab("Housing") +
    ggtitle("Housing distribution")
```

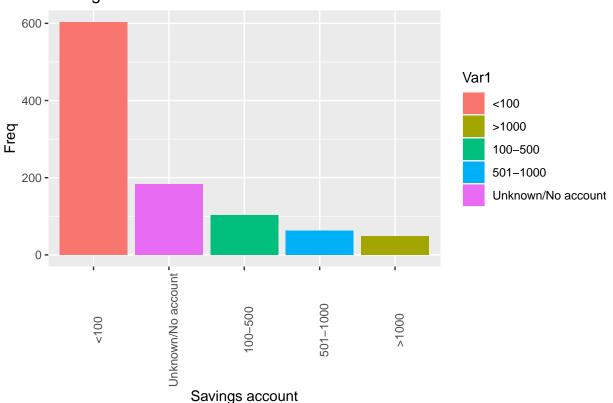
Housing distribution



Most credit clients are skilled workers.

```
# Savings account distribution
cont_succ <- table(credit_trans$Savings_account)
data.frame(cont_succ) %>%
    ggplot(aes(x= reorder(Var1,-Freq),Freq,fill=Var1)) +
    geom_bar(stat ="identity") +
    xlab("Savings account") +
    ggtitle("Savings account distribution") +
    theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 90))
```

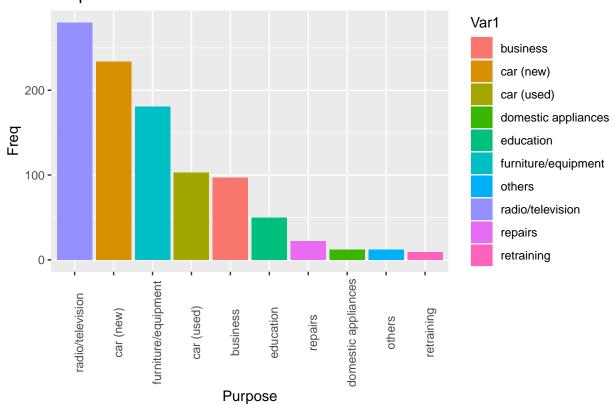
Savings account distribution



A majority of credit clients are owners of their house

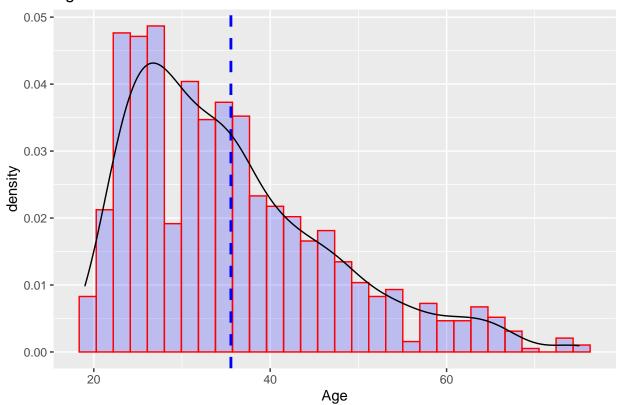
```
# Purpose distribution
cont_succ <- table(credit_trans$Purpose)
data.frame(cont_succ) %>%
    ggplot(aes(x= reorder(Var1,-Freq),Freq,fill=Var1)) +
    geom_bar(stat ="identity") +
    xlab("Purpose") +
    theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 90)) +
    ggtitle("Purpose distribution")
```

Purpose distribution



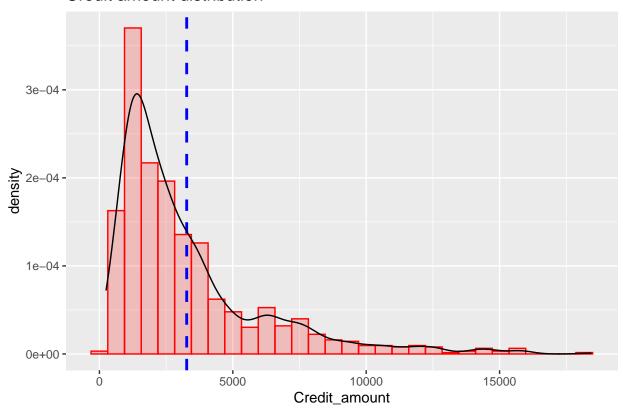
```
# Age distribution
credit_trans %>% ggplot(aes(Age)) +
  geom_histogram(aes(y=..density..),col="red",fill="blue",alpha=.2) +
  ggtitle("Age distribution") +
  geom_vline(aes(xintercept=mean(Age)),color="blue", linetype="dashed", size=1)+
  geom_density(alpha=.2)
```

Age distribution



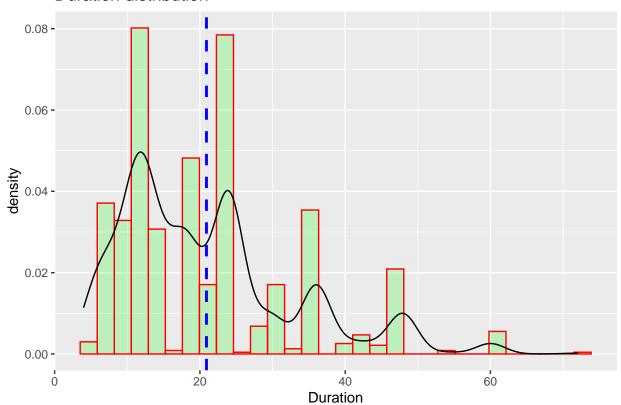
```
# Credit amount distribution
credit_trans %>% ggplot(aes(Credit_amount)) +
   geom_histogram(aes(y=..density..),col="red",fill="red",alpha=.2) +
   ggtitle("Credit amount distribution") +
   geom_vline(aes(xintercept=mean(Credit_amount)),color="blue", linetype="dashed", size=1)+
   geom_density(alpha=.2)
```

Credit amount distribution



```
# Duration distribution
credit_trans %>% ggplot(aes(Duration)) +
  geom_histogram(aes(y=..density..),col="red",fill="green",alpha=.2) +
  ggtitle("Duration distribution") +
  geom_vline(aes(xintercept=mean(Duration)),color="blue", linetype="dashed", size=1)+
  geom_density(alpha=.2)
```

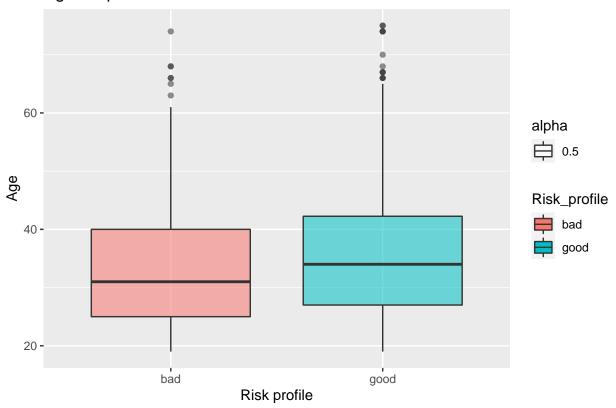
Duration distribution



Features correlation check

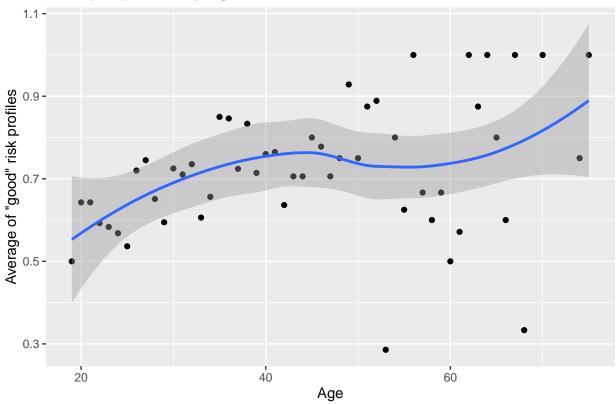
```
# Age boxplot
credit_trans %>% ggplot(aes(Risk_profile,Age,fill=Risk_profile,alpha=.5)) +
  geom_boxplot() +
  ggtitle("Age boxplot") +
  xlab("Risk profile")
```

Age boxplot



```
# Quality of profiles by Age
credit_trans %>%
  group_by(Age) %>%
  summarize(avg = mean(Risk_profile=="good")) %>%
  ggplot(aes(Age,avg)) +
  geom_point() +
  geom_smooth() +
  ggtitle("Quality of profiles by Age") +
  ylab("Average of \"good\" risk profiles")
```

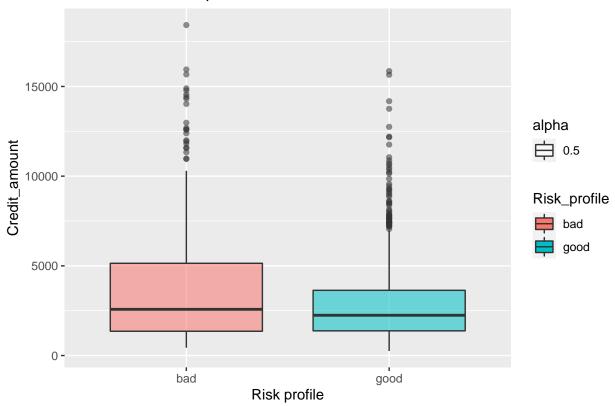
Quality of profiles by Age



The two plots above show there's a correlation between age and risk profile quality. The older the client the higher the chance for them to have a good risk profile. One could expect this as we can make the assumption that older clients will have a more stable economic situation than younger ones.

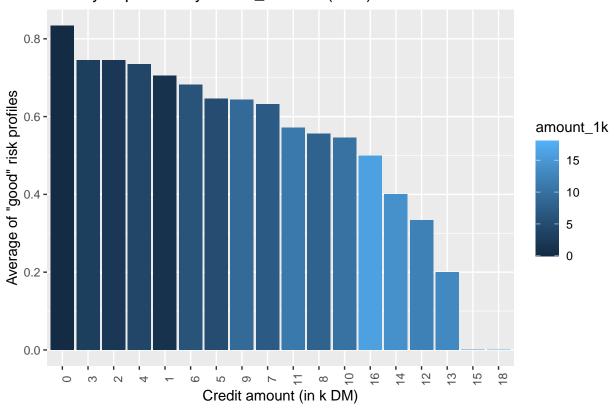
```
# Credit amount boxplot
credit_trans %>% ggplot(aes(Risk_profile,Credit_amount,fill=Risk_profile,alpha=.5)) +
   geom_boxplot() +
   ggtitle("Credit amount boxplot") +
   xlab("Risk profile")
```

Credit amount boxplot



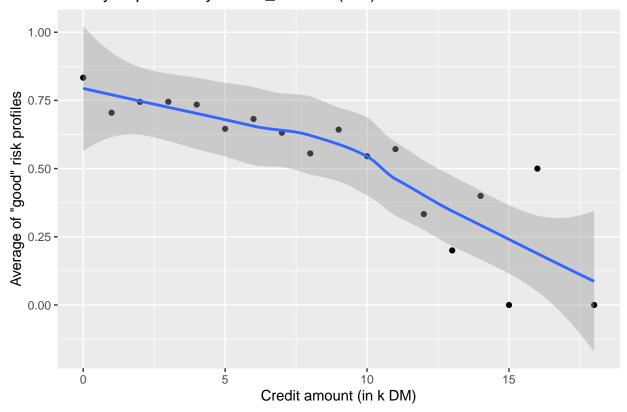
```
# Quality of profiles by Credit_amount (bars)
credit_trans %>%
  mutate(amount_1k = round(Credit_amount/1000)) %>%
  group_by(amount_1k) %>%
  summarize(avg_good = mean(Risk_profile=="good")) %>%
  ggplot(aes(reorder(amount_1k,-avg_good),avg_good,fill=amount_1k)) +
  geom_col() +
  theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 90)) +
  xlab("Credit amount (in k DM)") +
  ggtitle("Quality of profiles by Credit_amount (bars)") +
  ylab("Average of \"good\" risk profiles")
```

Quality of profiles by Credit_amount (bars)



```
# Quality of profiles by Credit_amount (line)
credit_trans %>%
  mutate(amount_1k = round(Credit_amount/1000)) %>%
  group_by(amount_1k) %>%
  summarize(avg = mean(Risk_profile=="good")) %>%
  ggplot(aes(amount_1k,avg)) +
  geom_point() +
  geom_smooth() +
  xlab("Credit amount (in k DM)") +
  ggtitle("Quality of profiles by Credit_amount (line)") +
  ylab("Average of \"good\" risk profiles")
```

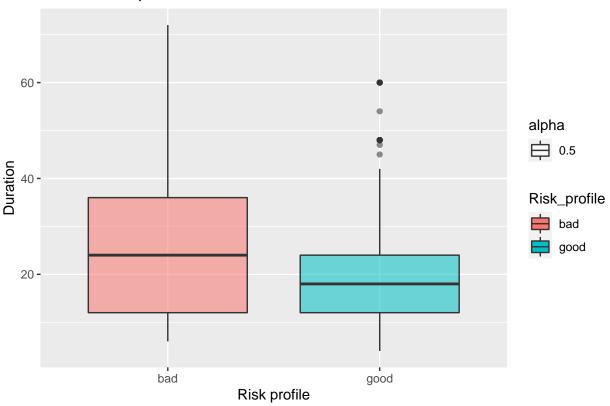
Quality of profiles by Credit_amount (line)



As shown in the three previous plots, there seems to be a trend by which holders of higher amount credits have a worse risk profile than lower ones. This makes sense as high amount credits are riskier than lower amount ones.

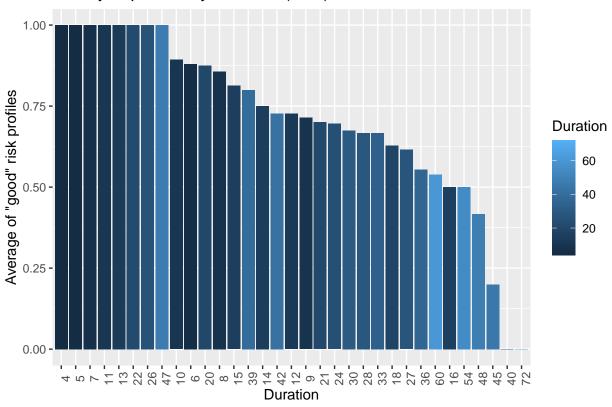
```
# Duration boxplot
credit_trans %>% ggplot(aes(Risk_profile,Duration,fill=Risk_profile,alpha=.5)) +
  geom_boxplot() +
  ggtitle("Duration boxplot") +
  xlab("Risk profile")
```

Duration boxplot



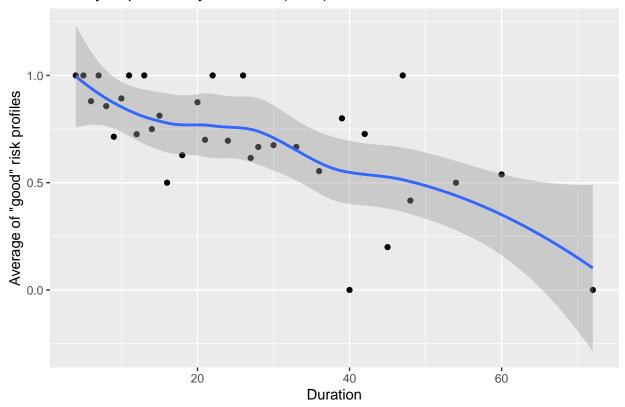
```
# Quality of profiles by Duration (bars)
credit_trans %>%
  group_by(Duration) %>%
  summarize(avg_good = mean(Risk_profile=="good")) %>%
  ggplot(aes(reorder(Duration, -avg_good), avg_good, fill=Duration)) +
  geom_col() +
  theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 90)) +
  xlab("Duration") +
  ggtitle("Quality of profiles by Duration (bars)") +
  ylab("Average of \"good\" risk profiles")
```

Quality of profiles by Duration (bars)



```
# Quality of profiles by Duration (lines)
credit_trans %>%
  group_by(Duration) %>%
  summarize(avg = mean(Risk_profile=="good")) %>%
  ggplot(aes(Duration,avg)) +
  geom_point() +
  geom_smooth() +
  ggtitle("Quality of profiles by Duration (lines)") +
  ylab("Average of \"good\" risk profiles")
```

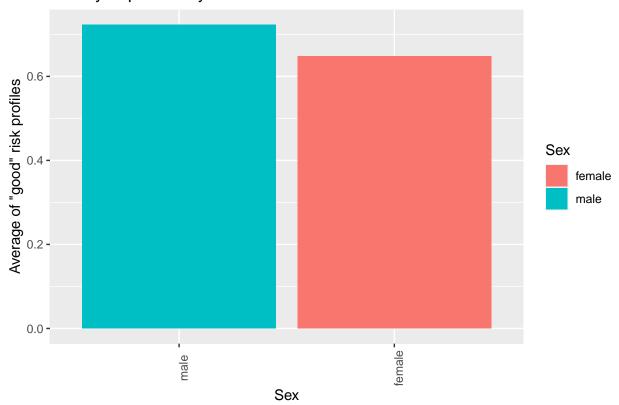
Quality of profiles by Duration (lines)



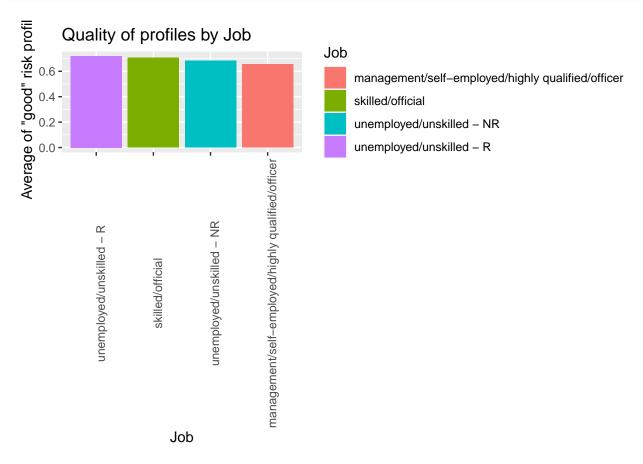
The three plots above show that clients with longer duration credits have a worse risk profile than shorter ones. This makes sense as the risk is higher when the bank has to face the possibility of default for a longer time.

```
# Quality of profiles by Sex
credit_trans %>%
  group_by(Sex) %>%
  summarize(avg_good = mean(Risk_profile=="good")) %>%
  ggplot(aes(reorder(Sex,-avg_good),avg_good,fill=Sex)) +
  geom_col() +
  theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 90)) +
  xlab("Sex") +
  ggtitle("Quality of profiles by Sex") +
  ylab("Average of \"good\" risk profiles")
```

Quality of profiles by Sex

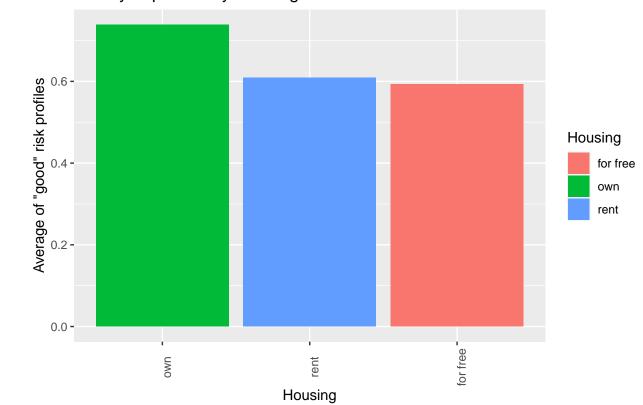


```
# Quality of profiles by Job
credit_trans %>%
  group_by(Job) %>%
  summarize(avg_good = mean(Risk_profile=="good")) %>%
  ggplot(aes(reorder(Job,-avg_good),avg_good,fill=Job)) +
  geom_col() +
  theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 90)) +
  xlab("Job") +
  ggtitle("Quality of profiles by Job") +
  ylab("Average of \"good\" risk profiles")
```



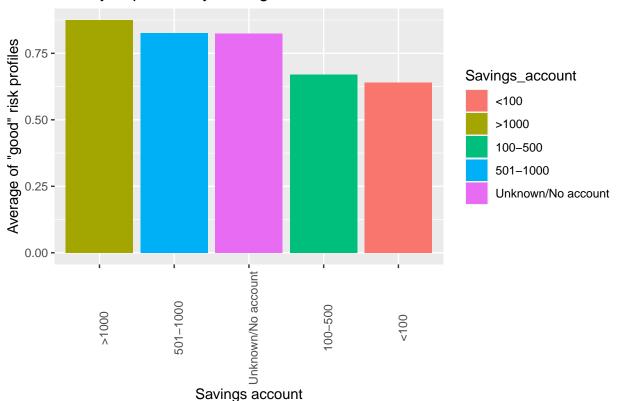
```
# Quality of profiles by Housing
credit_trans %>%
  group_by(Housing) %>%
  summarize(avg_good = mean(Risk_profile=="good")) %>%
  ggplot(aes(reorder(Housing,-avg_good),avg_good,fill=Housing)) +
  geom_col() +
  theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 90)) +
  xlab("Housing") +
  ggtitle("Quality of profiles by Housing") +
  ylab("Average of \"good\" risk profiles")
```

Quality of profiles by Housing



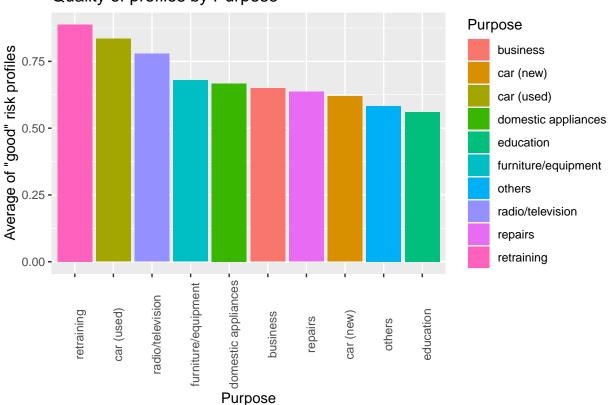
```
# Quality of profiles by Savings_account
credit_trans %>%
  group_by(Savings_account) %>%
  summarize(avg_good = mean(Risk_profile=="good")) %>%
  ggplot(aes(reorder(Savings_account, -avg_good), avg_good, fill=Savings_account)) +
  geom_col() +
  theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 90)) +
  xlab("Savings account") +
  ggtitle("Quality of profiles by Savings_account") +
  ylab("Average of \"good\" risk profiles")
```

Quality of profiles by Savings_account



```
# Quality of profiles by Purpose
credit_trans %>%
  group_by(Purpose) %>%
  summarize(avg_good = mean(Risk_profile=="good")) %>%
  ggplot(aes(reorder(Purpose, -avg_good), avg_good, fill=Purpose)) +
  geom_col() +
  theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 90)) +
  xlab("Purpose") +
  ggtitle("Quality of profiles by Purpose") +
  ylab("Average of \"good\" risk profiles")
```

Quality of profiles by Purpose



Sex, Job, Housing, Savings account and Purpose seem to have a less significant correlation with the risk profile.

Modeling approach

The data frame perf_results is created to keep track of the different models performance so as they can be easily compared.

```
perf_results <- data_frame()</pre>
```

Also, a function for F1-scores calculation is created as it will be applied to all models:

```
# F1-score calculation
f1 <- function(y_hat,y){
  precision <- posPredValue(y_hat, y, positive="1")
  recall <- sensitivity(y_hat, y, positive="1")
  F1 <- (2 * precision * recall) / (precision + recall)
  F1
}</pre>
```

Model 1: Logistic regresion

Logistic regression is a very common algorithm used for binary classification problems although it can be applied in many other cases.

In this case, considering the apparent high correlation between some predictors and the outcome, the first approach will be to apply a logistic regression model to the data.

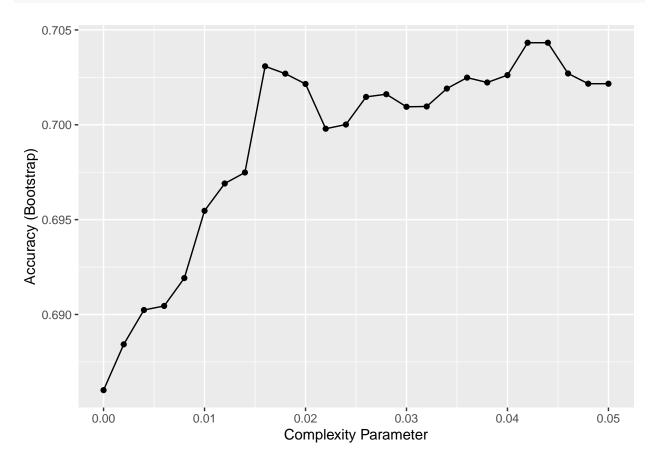
All variables will be considered as predictors for the model fitting process.

method	Accuracy	F1_score
Logistic regresion	0.775	0.8432056

Model 2: Decision tree

Optimal cp parameter for Decision tree

```
# Optimal cp parameter
ggplot(fit_dt)
```

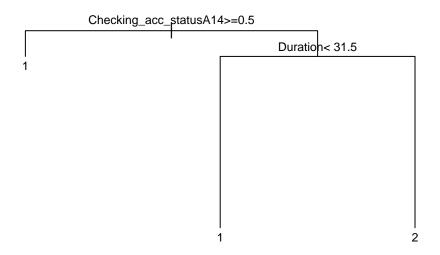


```
fit_dt$bestTune
```

```
## cp
## 23 0.044
```

Final model for decision tree

```
# Tree visualization
plot(fit_dt$finalModel, margin = 0.1)
text(fit_dt$finalModel, cex = 0.75)
```



Decision tree results

```
# Save metric in perf_results
perf_results <- bind_rows(perf_results, data_frame(method="Decision tree", Accuracy = Acc_dt, F1_score = perf_results %>% knitr::kable()
```

method	Accuracy	F1_score
Logistic regresion Decision tree	$0.775 \\ 0.730$	0.8432056 0.8291139

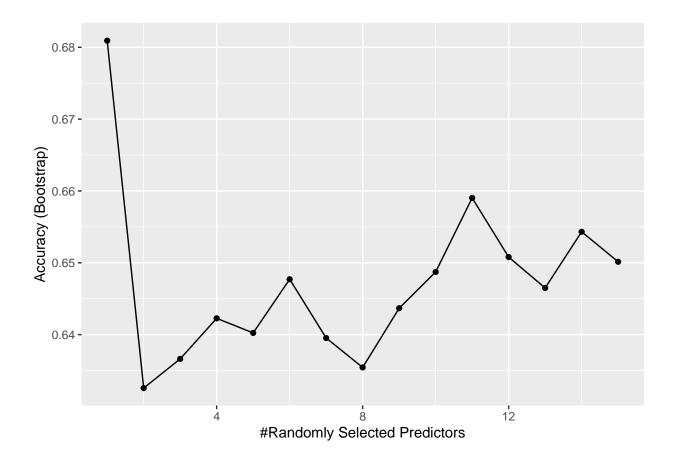
Model 3: Random forest

ggplot(fit_rf)

Let's see if bagging multiple decision trees by using Random forest can improve the previous result.

Optimal mtry parameter for Random forest

```
# Optimal mtry parameter
print(fit_rf)
## Random Forest
##
## 800 samples
## 20 predictor
##
   2 classes: '1', '2'
##
## No pre-processing
## Resampling: Bootstrapped (25 reps)
## Summary of sample sizes: 800, 800, 800, 800, 800, 800, ...
## Resampling results across tuning parameters:
##
##
     mtry Accuracy
                      Kappa
           0.6809214 0.09225653
##
     1
##
      2
           0.6325571 0.09559563
##
      3
          0.6366205 0.12474530
##
      4
           0.6422679 0.14249158
##
      5
           0.6402360 0.14999125
          0.6477073 0.16560247
##
      6
##
     7
          0.6395290 0.14924792
##
     8
          0.6354314 0.13503379
     9
           0.6436733 0.17121499
##
##
     10
           0.6487276 0.17080474
##
     11
          0.6590295 0.19073213
##
    12
           0.6507987 0.17633102
     13
           0.6464917 0.17154348
##
##
     14
           0.6543186 0.17863353
##
     15
           0.6501415 0.18017703
##
## Accuracy was used to select the optimal model using the largest value.
## The final value used for the model was mtry = 1.
```



fit_rf\$bestTune

```
## mtry
## 1 1
```

Feature importance analysis

```
# Feature importance analysis
imp <- varImp(fit_rf)
imp</pre>
```

```
## rf variable importance
##
##
     only 20 most important variables shown (out of 48)
##
##
                                Overall
## Credit_historyA31
                                100.000
## Other_debtors_guarantorsA102 68.917
                                 64.895
## Other_installment_plansA142
                                 49.793
## Savings_accountA65
                                 34.418
## Credit_historyA32
                                 26.916
## Credit_historyA34
                                 23.121
## Savings_accountA62
                                 13.100
```

```
## Credit_historyA33
                             11.920
                                 9.107
## PropertyA123
## Duration
                                 8.967
## JobA174
                                 8.241
## Checking_acc_statusA14
                                 6.767
## Personal_status_SexA93
                                 6.744
## HousingA152
                                 5.859
## Personal_status_SexA92
                                 5.498
## PurposeA48
                                 5.292
## Credit_amount
                                4.448
## JobA172
                                 3.882
## PurposeA44
                                 3.837
```

Random forest results

```
# Calculate predictions using fitted model and check results
y_hat_rf <- predict(fit_rf, credit_test, type = "raw")
cm_rf <- confusionMatrix(y_hat_rf,credit_test$Risk)
Acc_rf <- cm_rf$overall[["Accuracy"]]
F1_rf <- f1(y_hat_rf,credit_test$Risk)

# Save metric in perf_results
perf_results <- bind_rows(perf_results, data_frame(method="Random forest", Accuracy = Acc_rf, F1_score = perf_results %>% knitr::kable()
```

method	Accuracy	F1_score
Logistic regresion	0.775	0.8432056
Decision tree	0.730	0.8291139
Random forest	0.700	0.8113208

Model 4: SVM

Save metric in perf_results

perf_results %>% knitr::kable()

```
#-----
### SVM with Linear Kernel
# Set up Repeated k-fold Cross Validation
train_control <- trainControl(method="repeatedcv", number=25, repeats=3)</pre>
# Fit the model
svm <- train(Risk ~ ., data = credit_train,</pre>
             method = "svmLinear", trControl = train_control)
View of the SVM model
#View the model
## Support Vector Machines with Linear Kernel
##
## 800 samples
## 20 predictor
   2 classes: '1', '2'
##
## No pre-processing
## Resampling: Cross-Validated (25 fold, repeated 3 times)
## Summary of sample sizes: 768, 769, 768, 768, 769, 767, ...
## Resampling results:
##
##
     Accuracy
                Kappa
    0.7542807 0.3771057
##
##
## Tuning parameter 'C' was held constant at a value of 1
SVM results
# Calculate predictions using fitted model and check results
y_hat_svm <- predict(svm, credit_test, type = "raw")</pre>
cm_svm <- confusionMatrix(y_hat_svm, credit_test$Risk)</pre>
Acc_svm <- cm_svm$overall[["Accuracy"]]</pre>
F1_svm <- f1(y_hat_svm,credit_test$Risk)
```

method	Accuracy	F1_score
Logistic regresion	0.775	0.8432056
Decision tree	0.730	0.8291139
Random forest	0.700	0.8113208
SVM with Linear Kernel	0.770	0.8413793

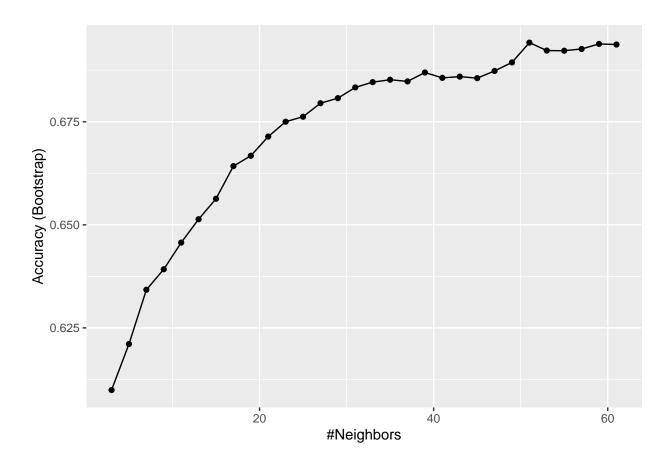
perf_results <- bind_rows(perf_results, data_frame(method="SVM with Linear Kernel", Accuracy = Acc_svm,

Model 5: kNN

Considering the relatively high number of variables, kNN is not expected to outperform the other methods.

Optimal K parameter

```
# Optimal K parameter
ggplot(fit_knn)
```



fit_knn\$bestTune

k ## 25 51

kNN results

```
# Calculate predictions using fitted model and check results
y_hat_knn <- predict(fit_knn, credit_test, type = "raw")
cm_knn <- confusionMatrix(y_hat_knn, credit_test$Risk)
Acc_knn <- cm_knn$overall[["Accuracy"]]
F1_knn <- f1(y_hat_knn,credit_test$Risk)

# Save metric in perf_results
perf_results <- bind_rows(perf_results, data_frame(method="kNN", Accuracy = Acc_knn, F1_score = F1_knn
perf_results %>% knitr::kable()
```

method	Accuracy	F1_score
Logistic regresion	0.775	0.8432056
Decision tree	0.730	0.8291139
Random forest	0.700	0.8113208
SVM with Linear Kernel	0.770	0.8413793
kNN	0.710	0.8263473

Results

This is the final result

perf_results %>% knitr::kable()

method	Accuracy	F1_score
Logistic regresion	0.775	0.8432056
Decision tree	0.730	0.8291139
Random forest	0.700	0.8113208
SVM with Linear Kernel	0.770	0.8413793
kNN	0.710	0.8263473

The highest value for Accuracy is

[1] 0.775

provided by the logistic regression model.

Conclusion

A model to predict credit risk profile qualities has been built by testing different approaches and choosing the one with best results.

The optimal model accounts for the variability due to the different features available in the dataset.

The final accuracy obtained with the optimal model, which turned out to be logistic regression, is

[1] 0.775