

CS311 Homework 1

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Question 2 Revision Control Systems

Revision control systems are a way to manage and store past version of files. They are useful because you can store previous version of a file and restore your current version if you were to mess something up. It also allows others to work on a small portion of a large project and then merge their changes into the larger project.

Git (Specifically commands for the GitHub version)

- git push - update the remote repository
- git fetch - download changes from remote repository
- git clone - make a copy of a repository
- git checkout - start work on a specific branch

RCS

- mkdir RCS - initialize an RCS directory
- rcsdiff - show what has changed in the file
- co - checkout a file to work on
- rcs -l - lock a file so no one else can check it out

SVN

- create - create a new repository
- checkout - start working on a local branch
- list - show the current repositories in a list
- status - show what files have changed

Mercurial (hg)

- hg clone - make a local copy of a repository
- hg diff - show changes in files
- hg pull - update the local files
- hg update - update the repository with changed files

Question 3 Piping vs. Redirection

Redirection is a way to read from and write to files. For example, you can redirect the output from *ls* to some file using *>*.

Piping is a way to send data from one process to another. Instead of saving data to a file you can send it to another program. An example that I always find helpful is piping the results from *ps* to *grep*: *ps -A | grep firefox* will give you the process id of firefox.

Question 4 Find Command

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find . -type f -exec file '{}' \;
```

Question 5 Make

Running make will start the GNU make program. Make is most useful for finding which file in a large project needs to be recompiled. Large projects can take a very long time to compile so only recompiling the updated files saves a lot of time.