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CSCE 221 Problem Set 11

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I.

Set class is a list of unique values, an AVL tree will be used to store the data.

Algorithm 1 Void Add: X

```
Require: AVL Tree Data Member

temp = Contains X

if temp then

if temp is greater than X then

Assign X to temp right child

end if

if temp is less than X then

Assign X to temp left child

end if

end if

Increment size

Rebalance tree
```

Algorithm 2 Void Clear

```
Require: AVL Tree Data Member
for iterator = 0 to Size do
    Delete Root Node of AVL tree
    Rebalance tree
end for
set size to zero
```

II.

A map binds a value set to a key set. A single set using the AVL ADT can do both jobs by holding the information in both in a single node. Done this way, the map can just be an extension of the set class to include multiple data storage inside nodes.

Algorithm 3 Node pointer Contains: X Require: AVL Tree Data Member Increment size Pointer C to root while not null do if X is greater than current node then if right child of C is the null pointer then return C Break while loop end if assign C to point to its right child end if if X is less than current node then if left child of C is the null pointer then return CBreak while loop end if assign C to point to its left child end if if X = dereferenced C then return nullptrend if end while return C

Algorithm 4 Node pointer Find: X

```
Require: AV L Tree Data Member
  Increment size
  Pointer C to root
  while not null do
    if X is greater than current node then
      if right child of C is the null pointer then
        return nullprt
        Break while loop
      end if
      assign C to point to its right child
    end if
    if X is less than current node then
      if left child of C is the null pointer then
        return nullptr
        Break while loop
      end if
      assign C to point to its left child
    end if
    if X = dereferenced C then
      return C
    end if
  end while
  return C
```

Algorithm 5 Void Delete: X

Require: AVL Tree Data Member

Pointer C = Find X

if both of C children are nullptr then

DeleteC

end if

Pointer B = C left child

while B right child is not nullptr do

Assign B to be its right child

end while

set value at C to be B

C takes over right subtree of B if needed

delete B

Algorithm 6 boolean IsEmpty

 $Rebalance\ tree$

Require: size data member return size

Algorithm 7 unsigned number Size

Require: size data member return size

Algorithm 8 Void Add: key, value

Require: AVL tree Set Add(key, value) to set

Algorithm 9 Void Remove: key

Require: $AVL \ tree \ Set$ $Delete(key) \ from \ set$

Algorithm 10 Node Object Find: key

Require: AVL tree Set return Find(key) in set