# Proper/Non-intrinsic Besag model for spatial effects (variant 2)

### Parametrization

The (2nd) proper version of the Besag model for random vector  $\mathbf{x} = (x_1, \dots, x_n)$  is defined with precision matrix<sup>1</sup>

$$\tau((1-\lambda)I + \lambda R) \tag{1}$$

where R is the (unit precision) precision matrix for the Besag model,  $\tau$  is a precision parameter and  $0 < \lambda < 1$ .

### Hyperparameters

The precision parameter  $\tau$  is represented as

$$\theta_1 = \log \tau$$

and the prior is defined on  $\theta_1$ . The  $\lambda$  parameter is represented as

$$\theta_2 = \log \left( \lambda / (1 - \lambda) \right)$$

and the prior is defined on  $\theta_2$ .

## Specification

The model is specified inside the f() function as

```
f(<whatever>, model="besagproper2", graph=<graph>,
   hyper=<hyper>)
```

The neighbourhood structure of x is passed to the program through the graph argument. The structure of this file is described below.

## Hyperparameter spesification and default values

doc An alternative proper version of the Besag model

# hyper

#### theta1

hyperid 13001
name log precision
short.name prec
prior loggamma
param 1 5e-04
initial 2
fixed FALSE
to.theta function(x) log(x)
from.theta function(x) exp(x)

#### theta2

**hyperid** 13002

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Brian G Leroux, Xingye Lei, and Norman Breslow. Estimation of disease rates in small areas: A new mixed model for spatial dependence. In Statistical Models in Epidemiology, the Environment, and Clinical Trials, pages 179191. Springer, 2000

```
name logit lambda
         short.name lambda
         prior gaussian
         param 0 0.45
         initial 3
         fixed FALSE
         to.theta function(x) log(x / (1 - x))
         from.theta function(x) exp(x) / (1 + exp(x))
constr FALSE
nrow.ncol FALSE
augmented FALSE
aug.factor 1
aug.constr
n.div.by
n.required TRUE
set.default.values TRUE
status experimental
pdf besagproper2
Example
graph.file = system.file("demodata/germany.graph", package="INLA")
g = inla.read.graph(graph.file)
## we will use replicated samples in our testing
nrep = 5
tau = 10.0
lambda = 0.3
R = -inla.graph2matrix(g)
diag(R) = g$nnbs
n = g$n
Q = tau * ((1-lambda) * diag(n) + lambda * R)
y = c(inla.qsample(nrep, Q))
i = rep(1:g$n, nrep)
replicate = rep(1:nrep, each = g$n)
formula = y ~ f(i, model="besagproper2",
                                          graph = g,
        replicate=replicate) - 1
r = inla(formula,
        data = data.frame(y, i, replicate),
        family = "gaussian",
        control.family = list(
```

```
hyper = list(
    prec = list(
        initial = 10,
        fixed=TRUE))))
```

Notes

None