

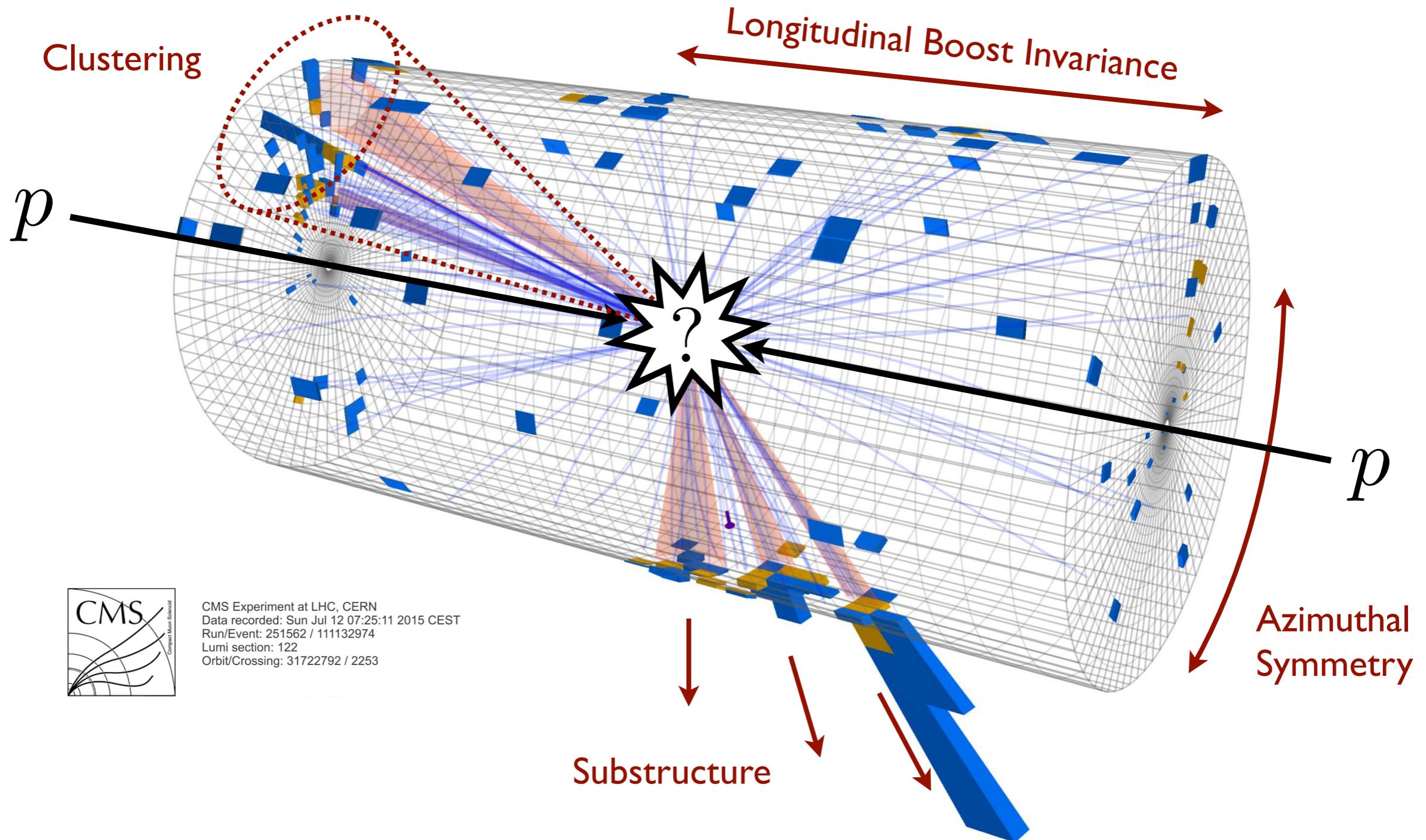
# The Hidden Geometry of Particle Collisions

Jesse Thaler

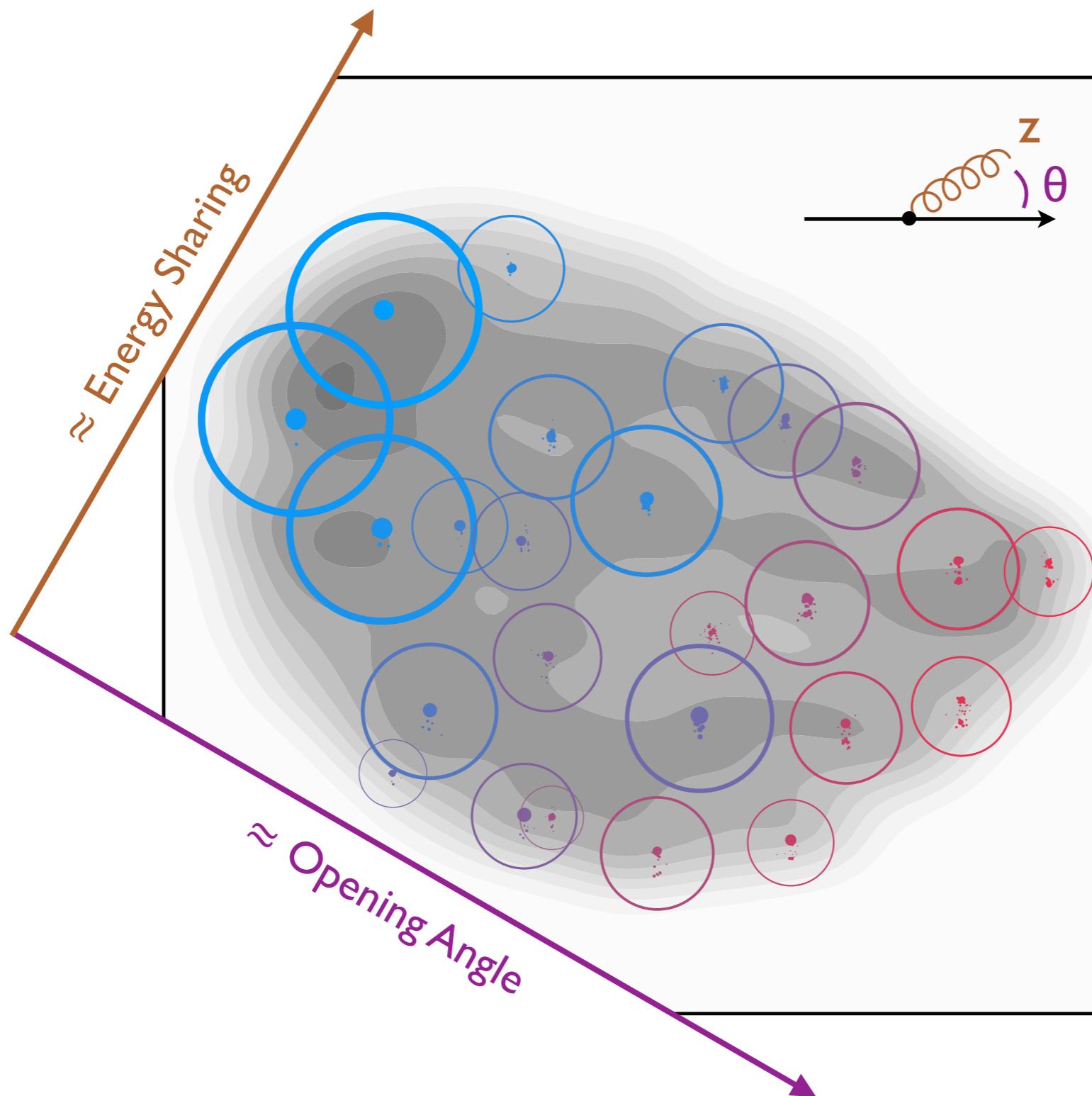


CERN Theory Colloquium — May 20, 2020

# The Manifest Geometry of One Collision



# The Emergent Geometry of Many Collisions

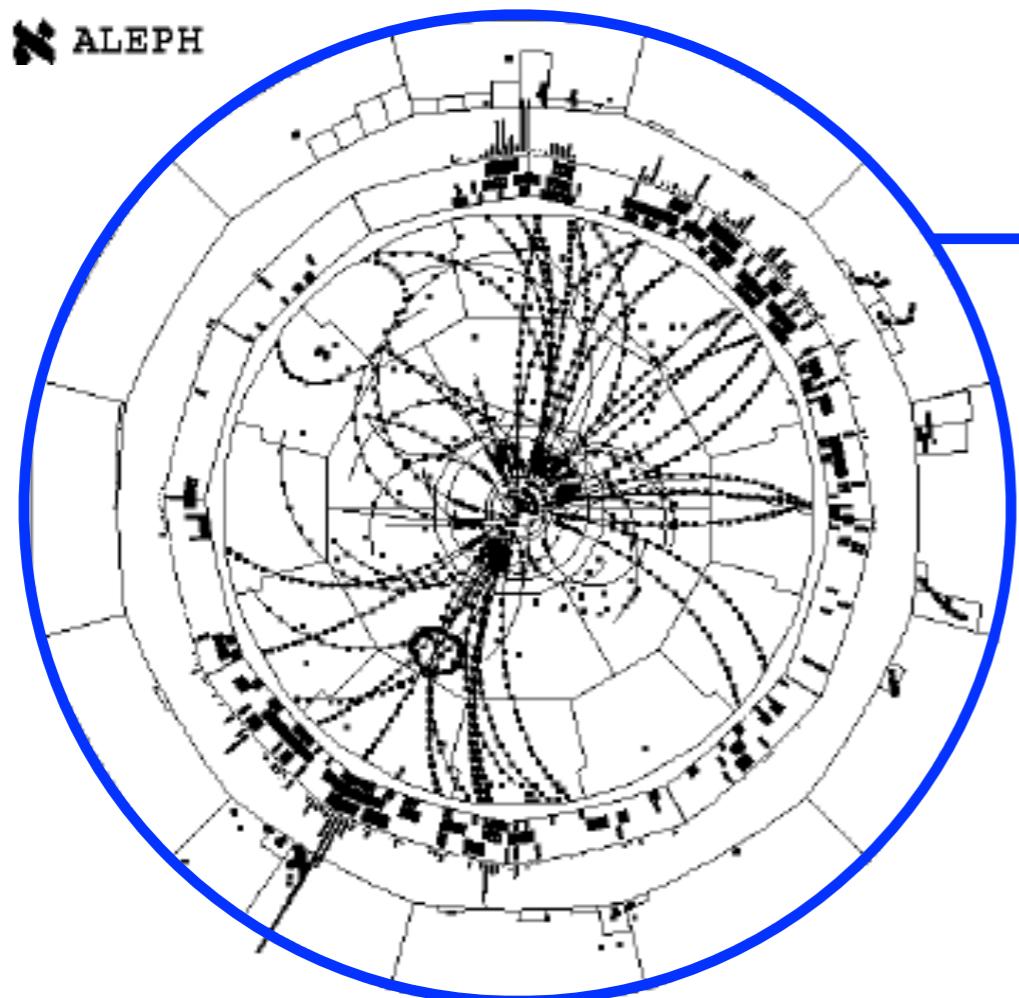


[Komiske, Mastandrea, Metodiev, Naik, JDT, [PRD 2020](#);  
based on Komiske, Metodiev, JDT, [PRL 2019](#); using [EnergyFlow](#) and [CMS Open Data](#)]

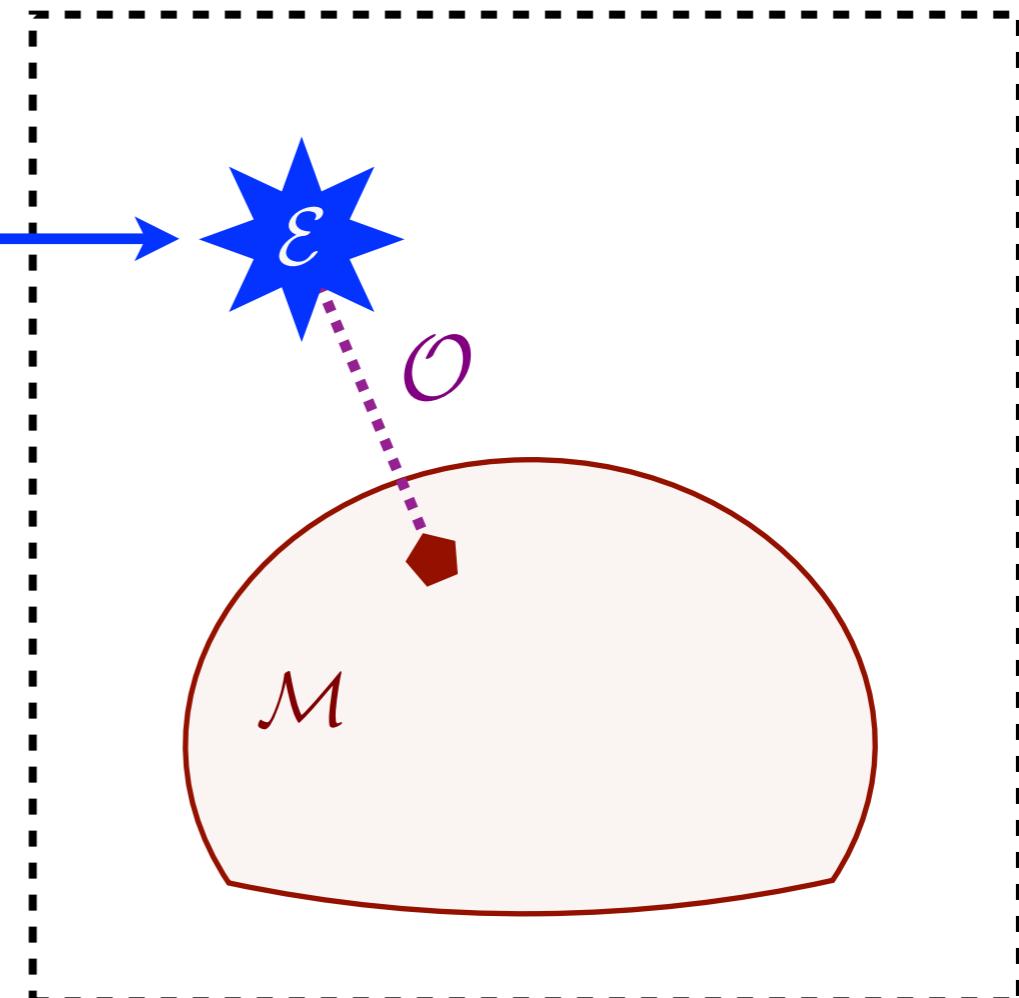


# The Hidden Geometry of Particle Collisions

E.g. Classic QCD Event Shapes



One Electron-Positron Event

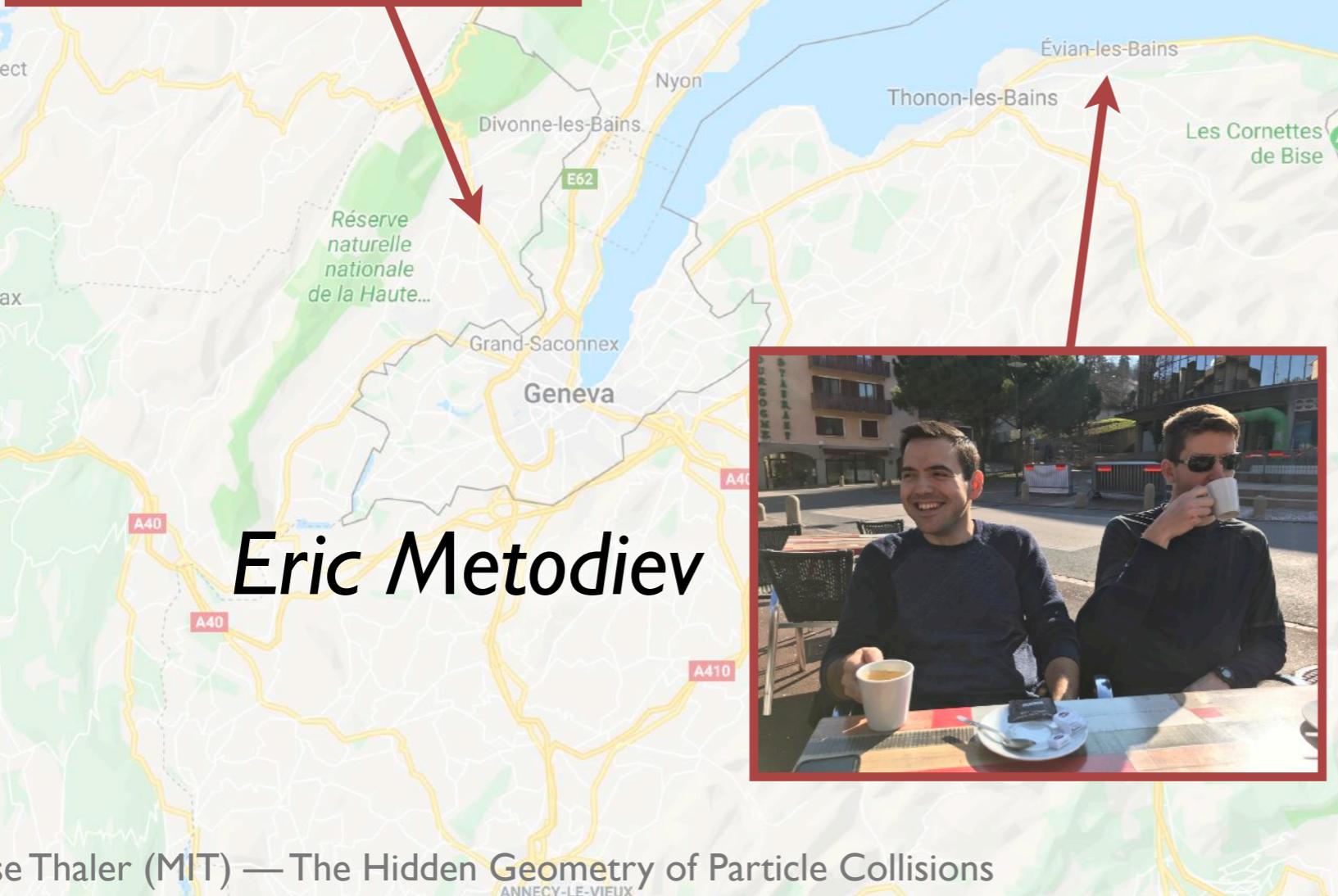
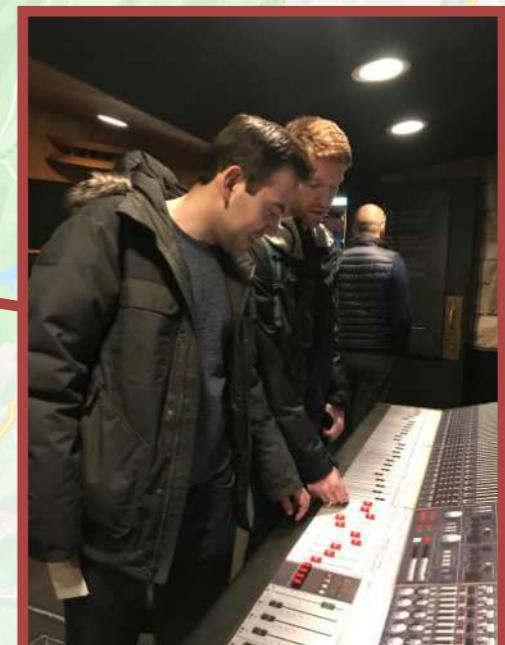


Distance to a Manifold in Event Space

[Komiske, Metodiev, JDT, [arXiv 2020](#)]

[Brandt, Peyrou, Sosnowski, Wroblewski, [PL 1964](#); Farhi, [PRL 1977](#)]

# An Idea Born at CERN



**Eric Metodiev**

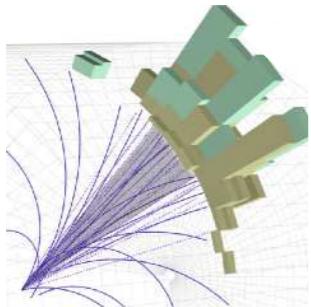


**Patrick Komiske**

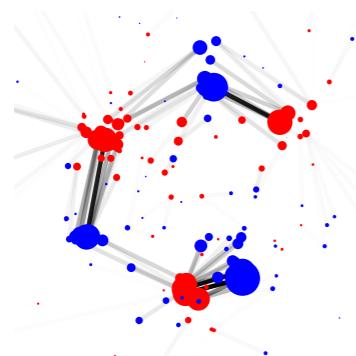
[February 2019;  
Simons Sabbatical Fellowship]

SF

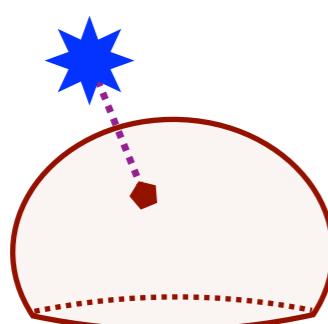
# Outline



What is a Collider Event?



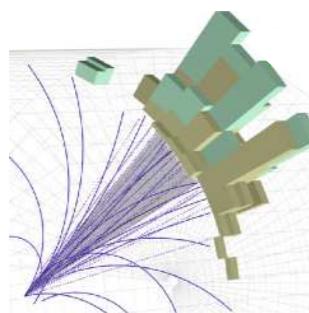
When are Events Similar?



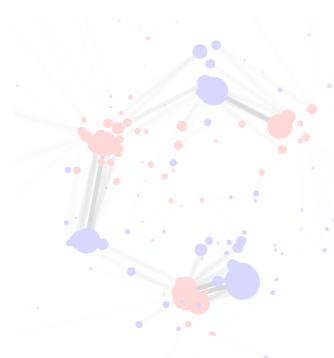
What can be Geometrized?

# Pause

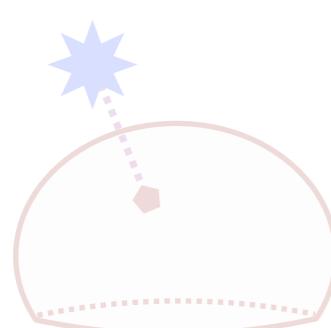
*Drop questions in the chat, and I'll try to answer them as I go*



## What is a Collider Event?



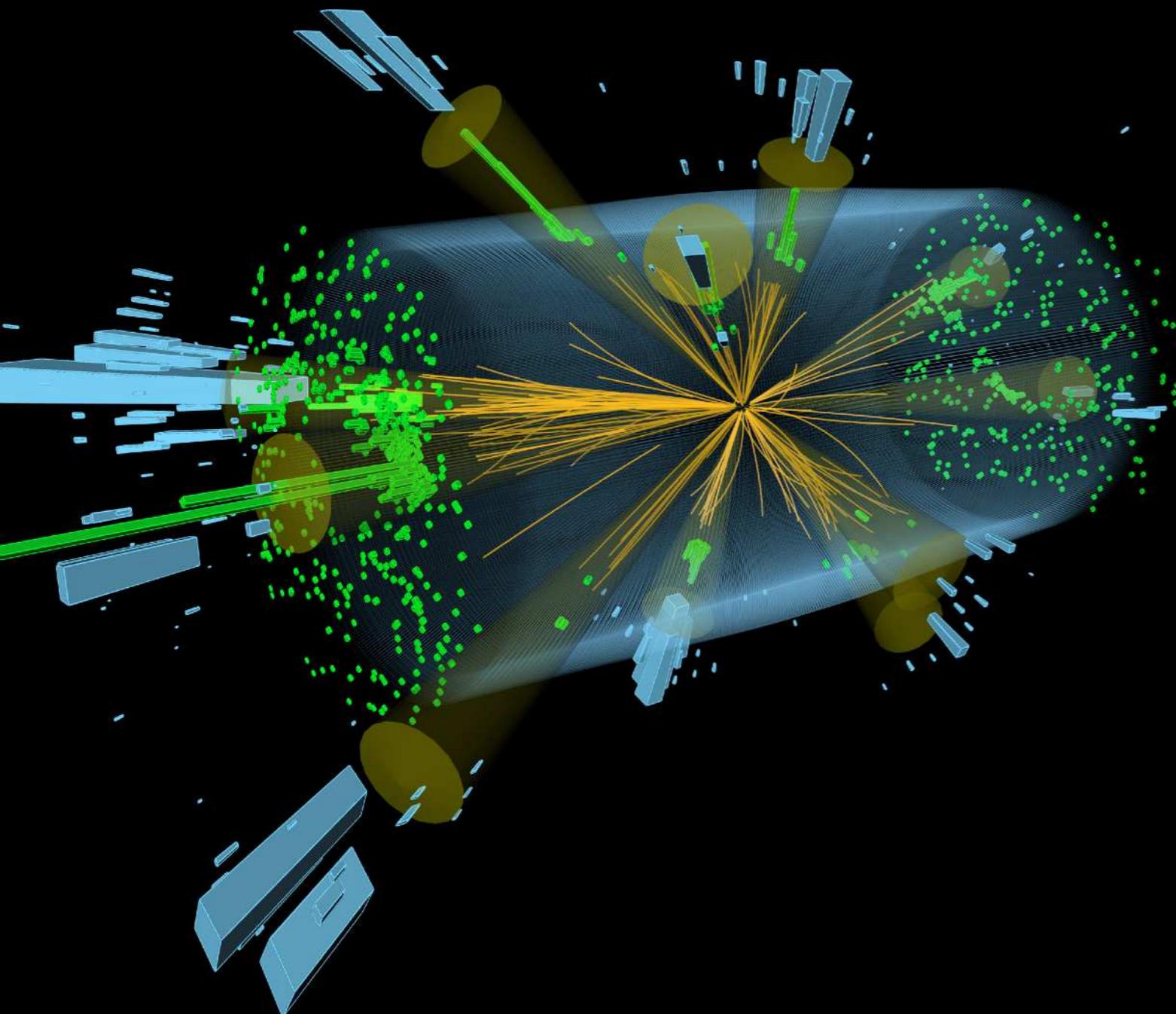
## When are Events Similar?



## What can be Geometrized?

# Collider Event

Collection of points in (momentum) space



T E H M

 $\gamma$ 

photon

 $e^+$ 

electron

 $\mu^+$ 

muon

 $\pi^+$ 

pion

 $K^+$ 

kaon

 $K_L^0$ 

K-long

 $p/\bar{p}$ 

proton

 $n/\bar{n}$ 

neutron

elementary

composite

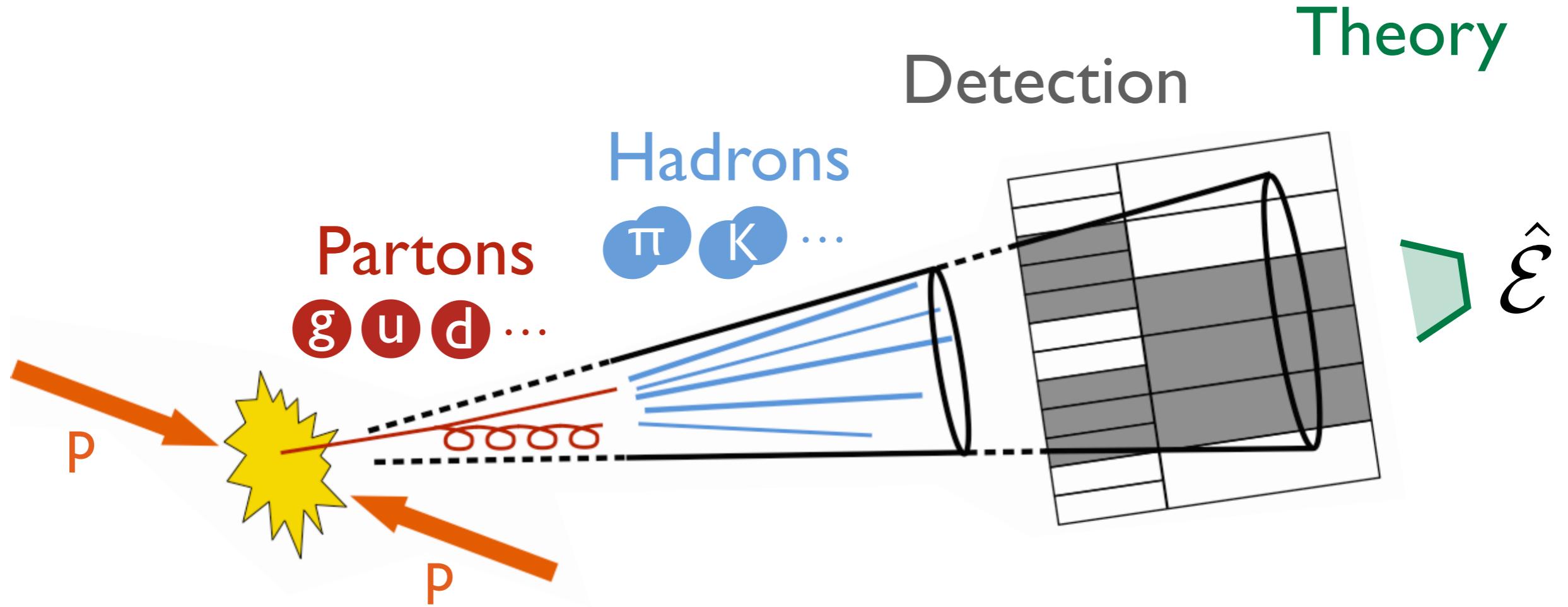
# Point Cloud

Collection of points in (position) space



[Popular Science, 2013]

# Jet Formation Process



**Stress-energy flow:**

Robust to non-perturbative and detector effects  
Well-defined for massless gauge theories

$$\hat{\mathcal{E}} \simeq \lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} \hat{n}_i T^{0i}(t, vt\hat{n})$$

[see e.g. Sveshnikov, Tkachov, [PLB 1996](#); Hofman, Maldacena, [JHEP 2008](#); Mateu, Stewart, [JDT, PRD 2013](#); Belitsky, Hohenegger, Korchemsky, Sokatchev, Zhiboedov, [PRL 2014](#); Chen, Moult, Zhang, Zhu, [arXiv 2020](#)]

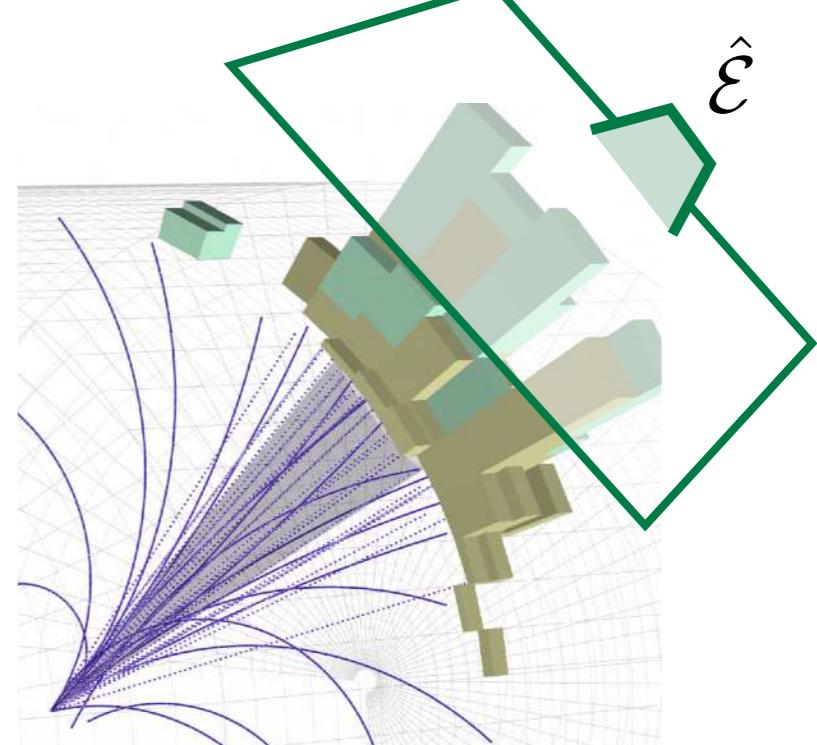
# Jets as Weighted Point Clouds

- Energy-Weighted Directions

$$\vec{p} = \{E, \hat{n}_x, \hat{n}_y, \hat{n}_z\}$$

↑      |  
Energy      Direction

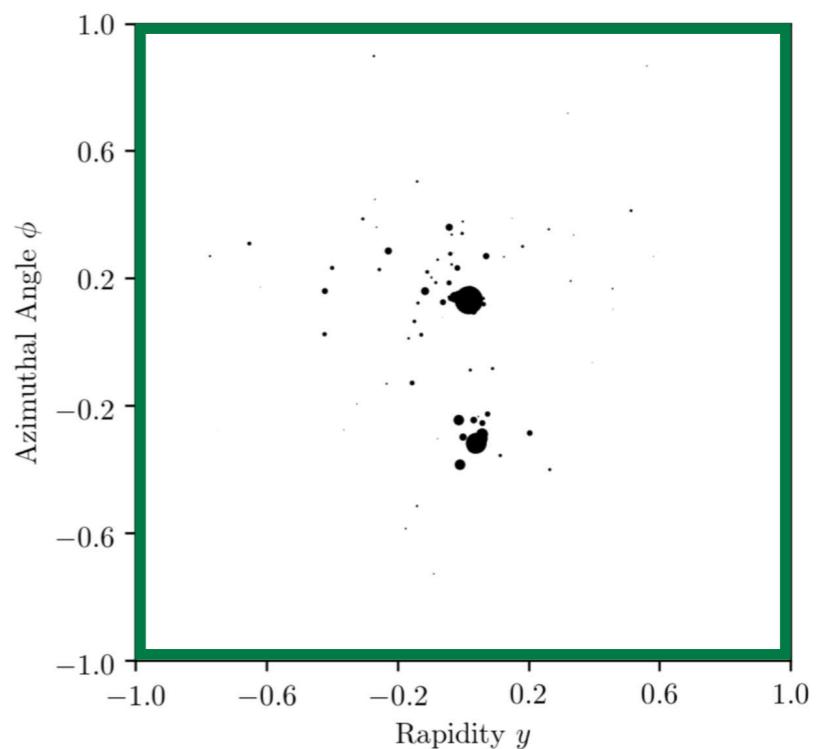
(suppressing “unsafe” charge/flavor information)



- Equivalently: Energy Density

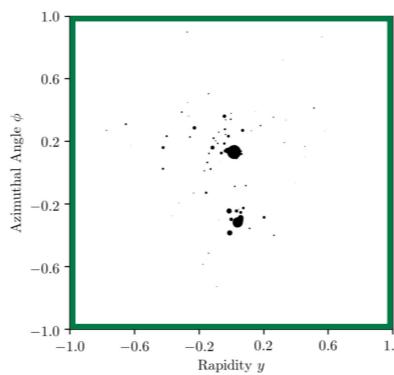
$$\rho(\hat{n}) = \sum_{i \in \mathcal{J}} E_i \delta^{(2)}(\hat{n} - \hat{n}_i)$$

↑      ↑  
Energy      Direction



# Pause

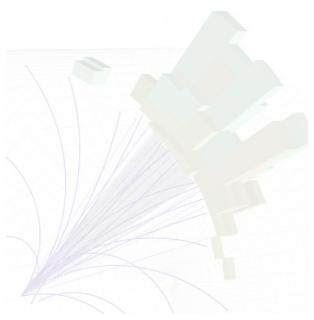
*What is a Collider Event?*



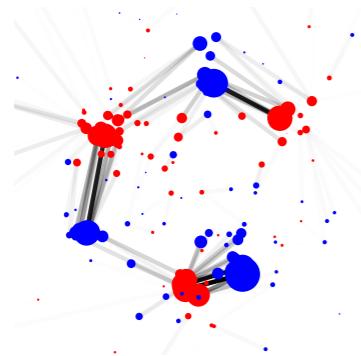
“Calo” Energy Density

$$\mathcal{E}(\hat{n}) = \sum_i E_i \delta(\hat{n} - \hat{n}_i)$$

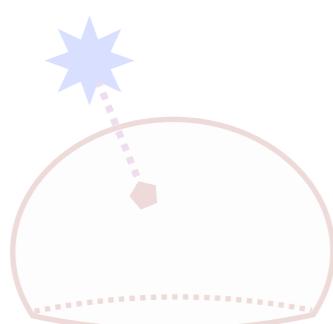
(see backup for relevance to ML)



## What is a Collider Event?



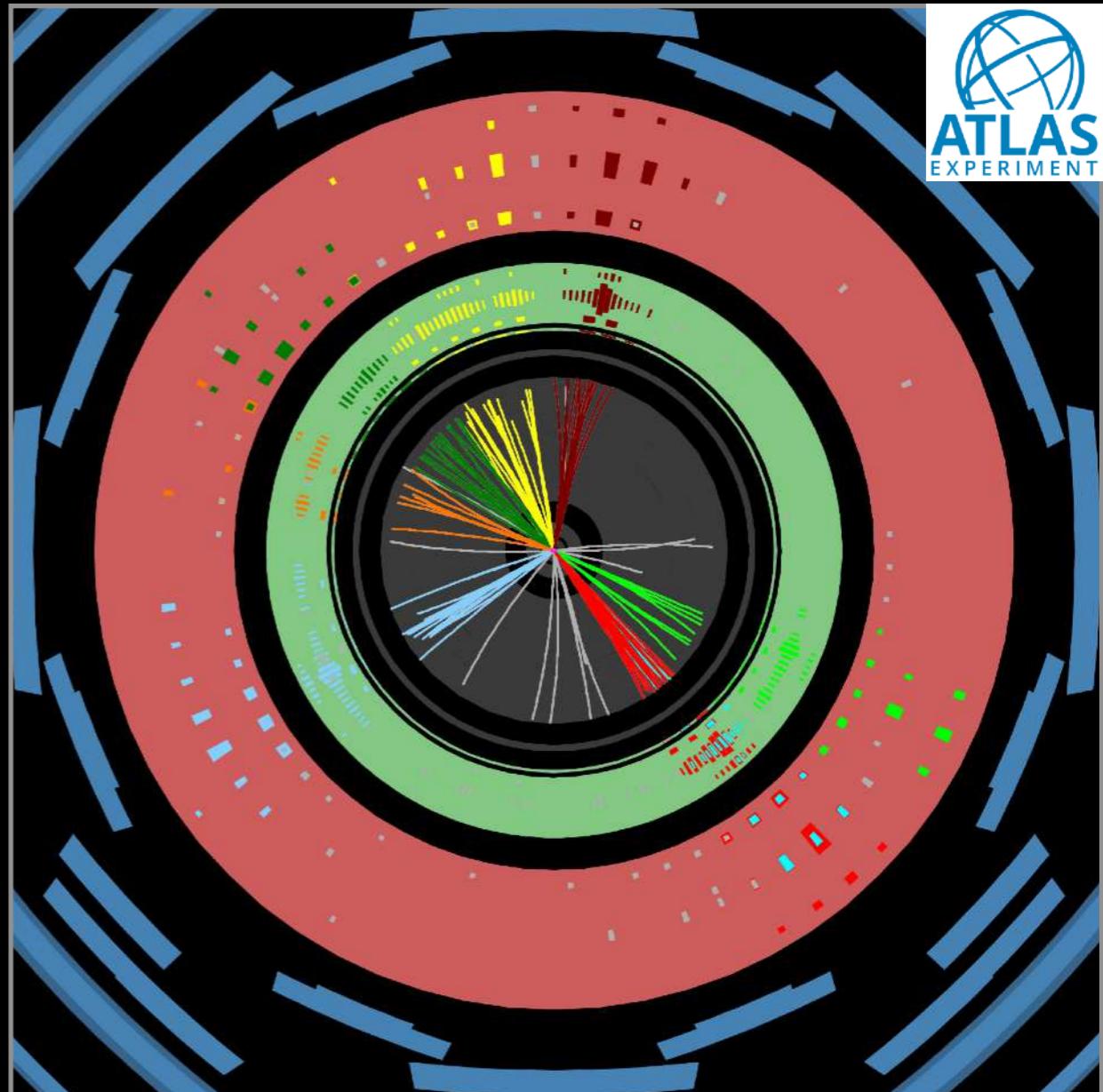
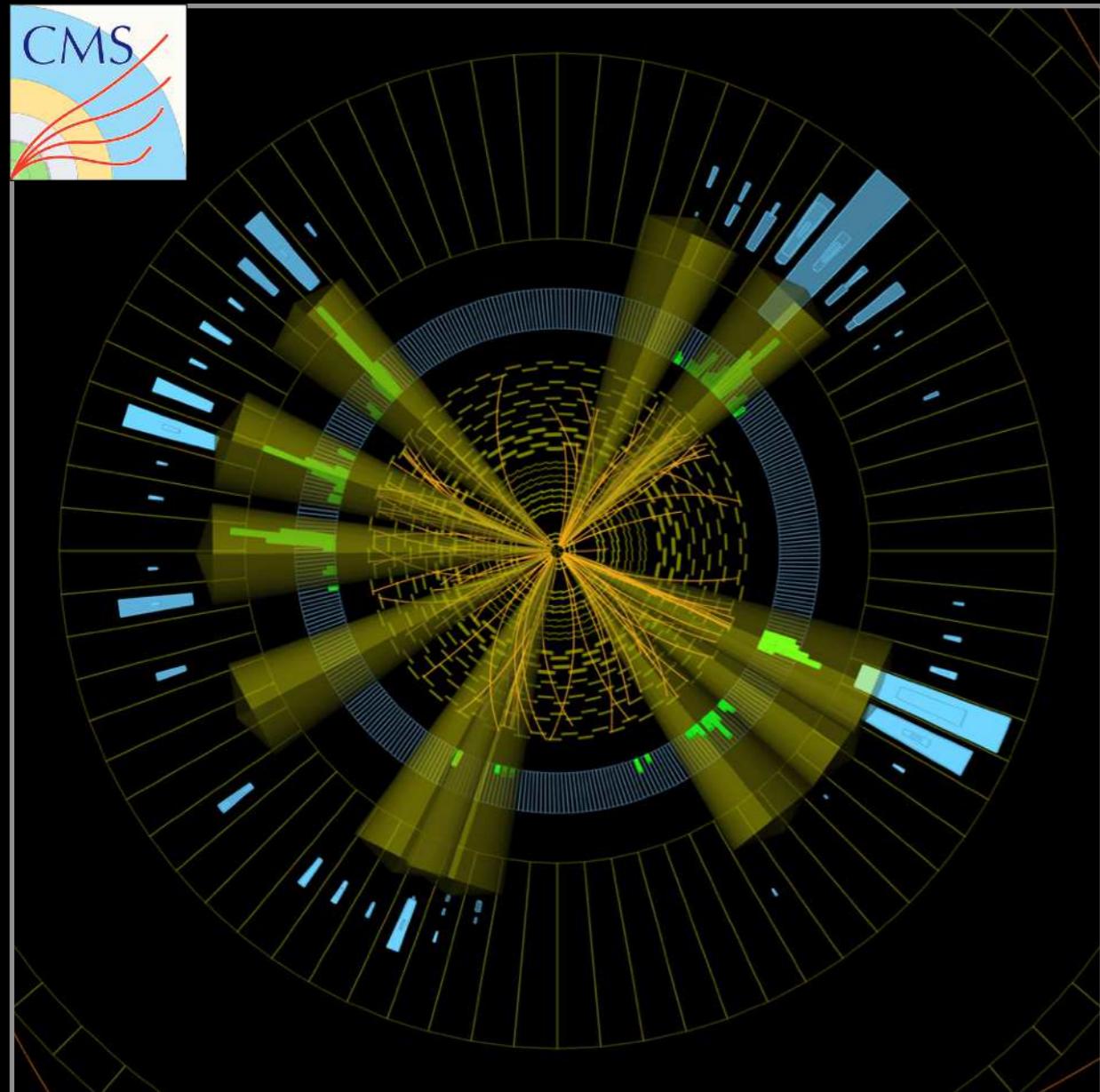
## When are Events Similar?



## What can be Geometrized?

# Two Collider Events

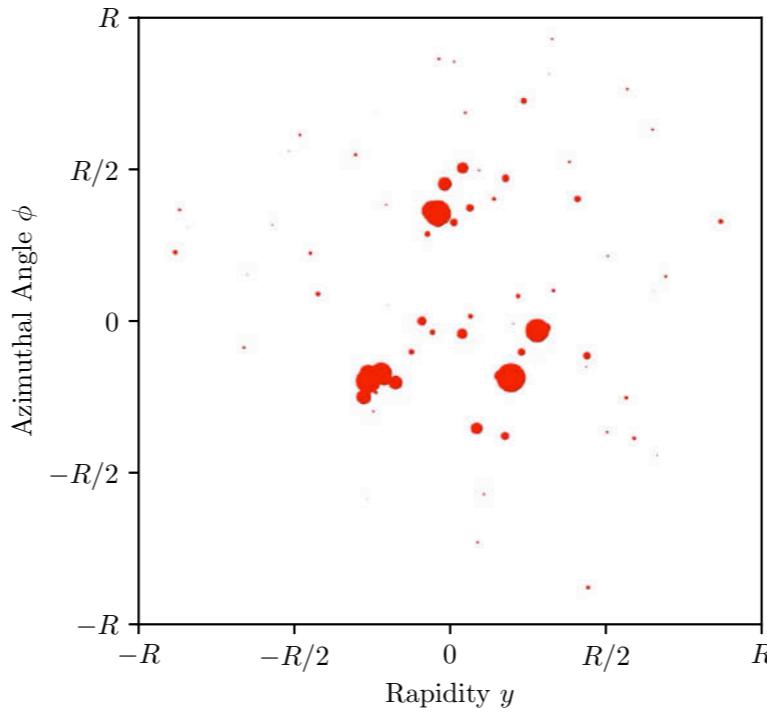
Two collections of points in (momentum) space



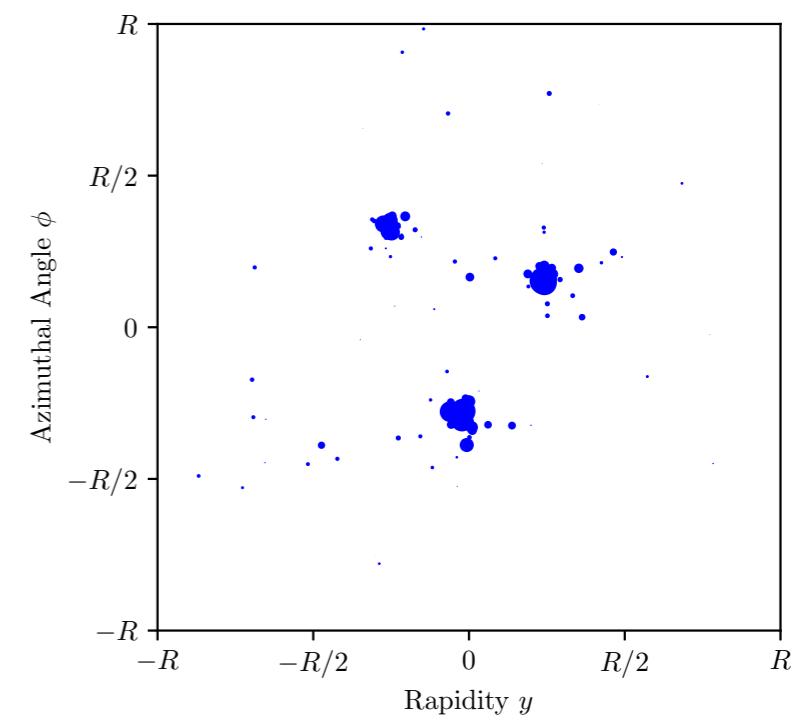
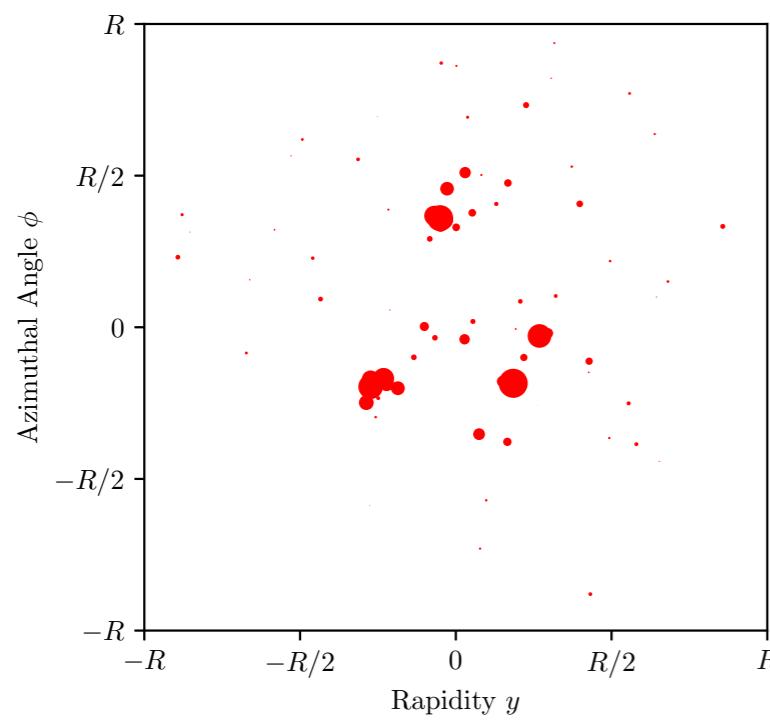
How “close” are these? (8.5 km?)

# Similarity of Two Energy Flows?

$$\mathcal{E}(\hat{n}) = \sum_i E_i \delta(\hat{n} - \hat{n}_i)$$



Optimal Transport:  
*Earth Mover's Distance*  
a.k.a.  $l$ -Wasserstein metric



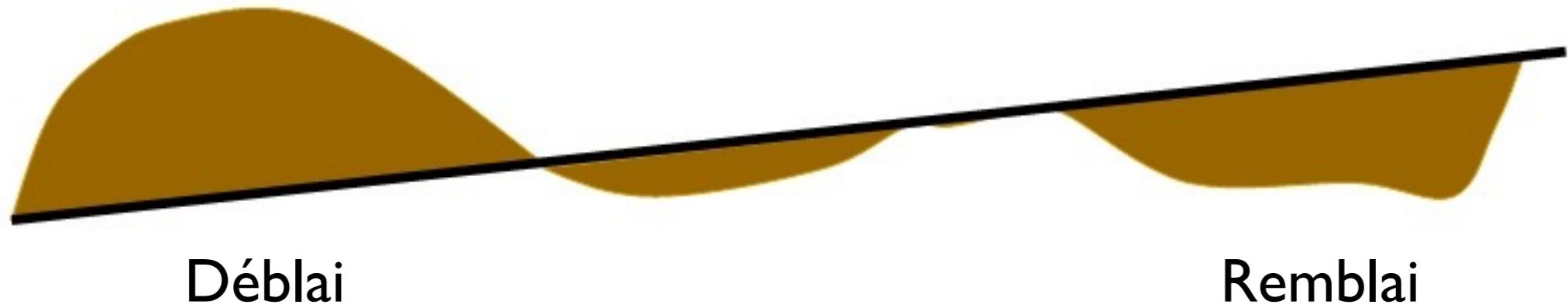
[Komiske, Metodiev, JDT, PRL 2019; code at Komiske, Metodiev, JDT, [energyflow.network](#)]

# The Earth Mover's Distance

## Optimal Transport:

[Peleg, Werman, Rom, [IEEE 1989](#);  
Rubner, Tomasi, Guibas, [ICCV 1998](#), [ICCV 2000](#);  
Pele, Werman, [ECCV 2008](#); Pele Taskar, [GSI 2013](#)]

Minimum “work” (stuff  $\times$  distance) to make one distribution look like another distribution



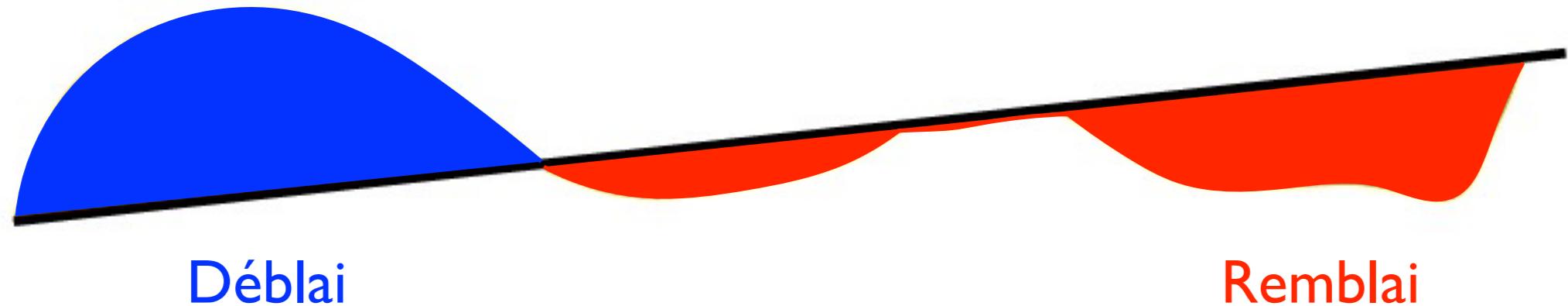
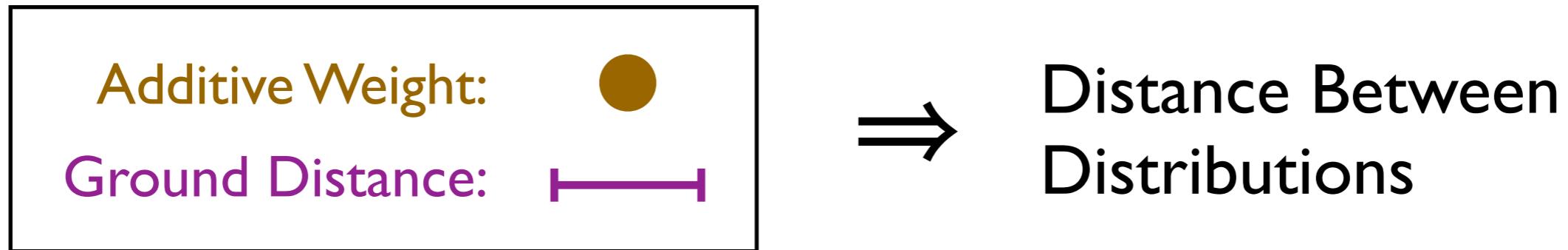
[h/t Niles-Weed, [ML4Jets 2020](#); Monge, 1781; Vaserštejn, 1969; [Wikipedia](#)]

# The Earth Mover's Distance

Optimal Transport:

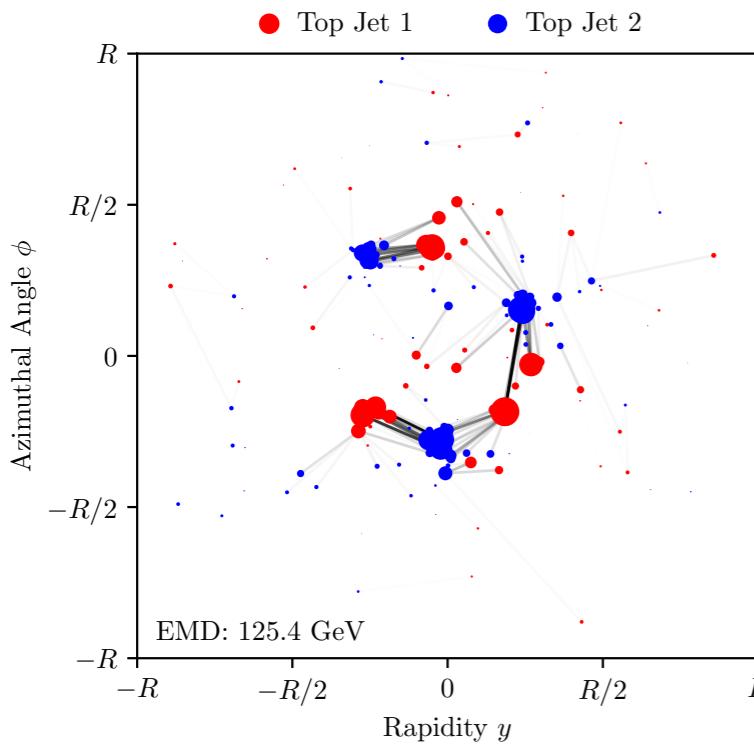
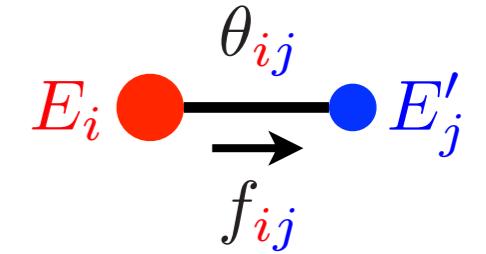
[Peleg, Werman, Rom, [IEEE 1989](#);  
Rubner, Tomasi, Guibas, [ICCV 1998](#), [ICCV 2000](#);  
Pele, Werman, [ECCV 2008](#); Pele Taskar, [GSI 2013](#)]

Minimum “work” (**stuff** × **distance**) to make  
**one distribution** look like **another distribution**



[h/t Niles-Weed, [ML4Jets 2020](#); Monge, 1781; Vaserštejn, 1969; [Wikipedia](#)]

# The Energy Mover's Distance

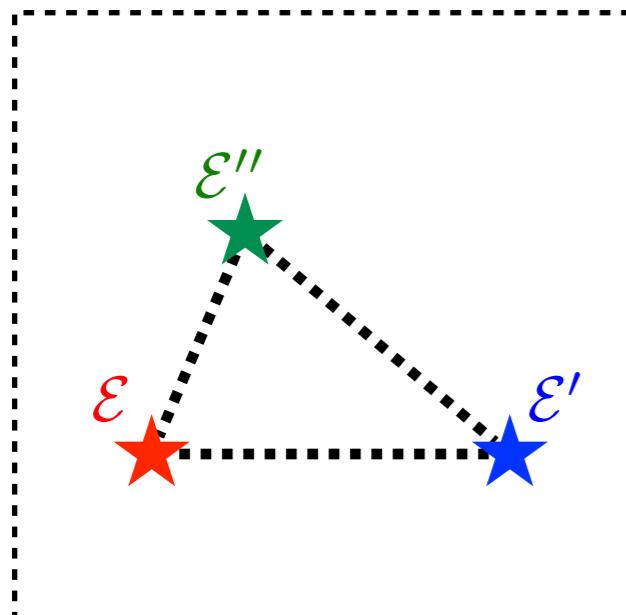


Optimal transport between energy flows...

$$\text{EMD}(\mathcal{E}, \mathcal{E}') = \min_{\{f\}} \sum_i \sum_j f_{ij} \frac{\theta_{ij}}{R} + \left| \sum_i E_i - \sum_j E'_j \right|$$

↑  
in GeV

**Cost to move energy**      **Cost to create energy**



...defines a metric on the space of events

$$0 \leq \text{EMD}(\mathcal{E}, \mathcal{E}') \leq \text{EMD}(\mathcal{E}, \mathcal{E}'') + \text{EMD}(\mathcal{E}', \mathcal{E}'')$$

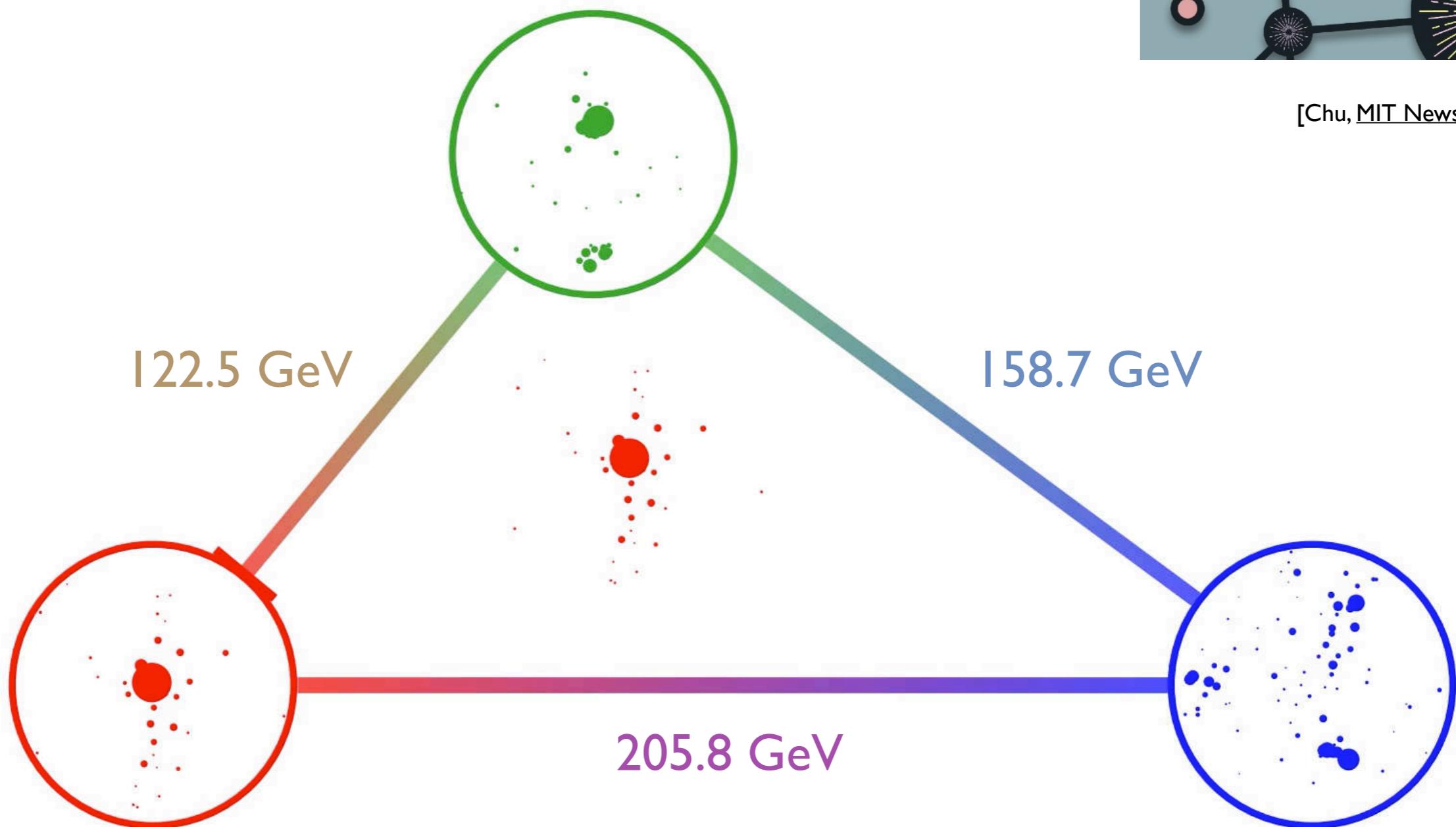
(assuming  $R \geq \theta_{\max}/2$ , i.e.  $R \geq$  jet radius for conical jets)

[Komiske, Metodiev, JDT, [PRL 2019](#);  
see also Pele, Werman, [ECCV 2008](#); Pele, Taskar, [GSI 2013](#);  
see flavored variant in Crispim Romão, Castro, Milhano, Pedro, Vale, [arXiv 2020](#)]

# Similarity of Three Energy Flows?



[Chu, MIT News July 2019]



[Komiske, Metodiev, JDT, PRL 2019; code at Komiske, Metodiev, JDT, [energyflow.network](#)]

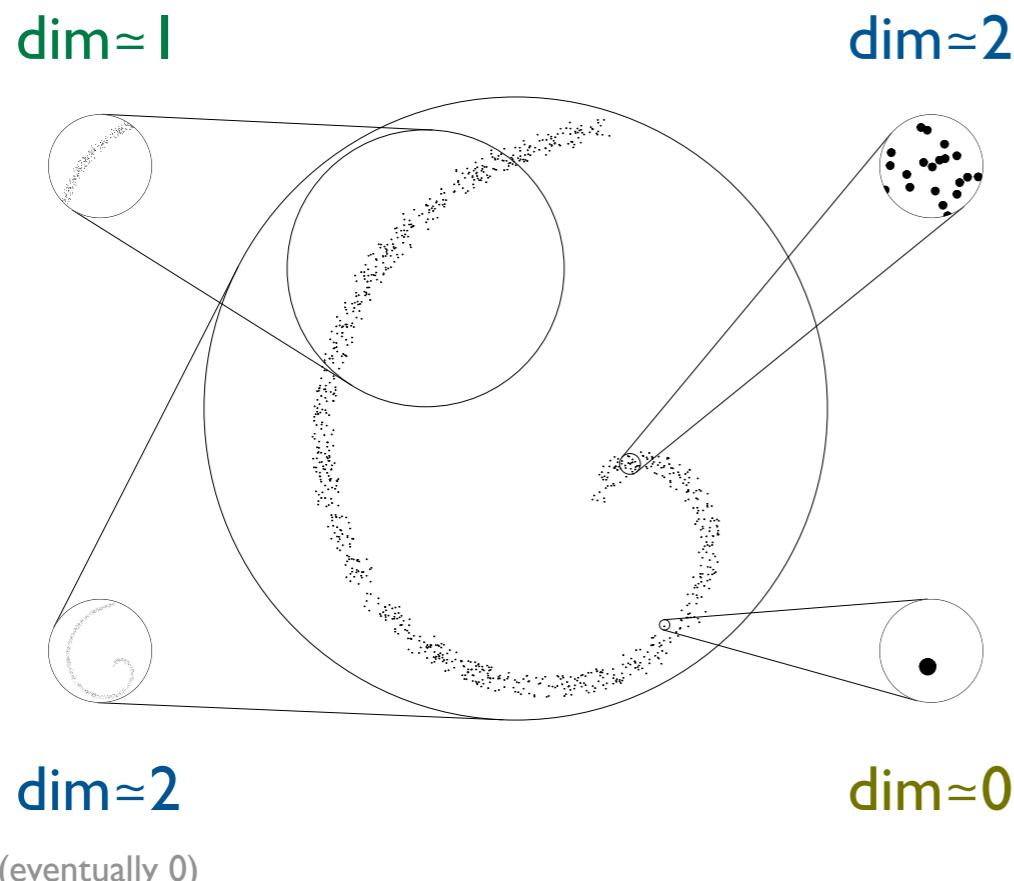
*What can you do with a metric?*

# Dimensionality of Space of Jets

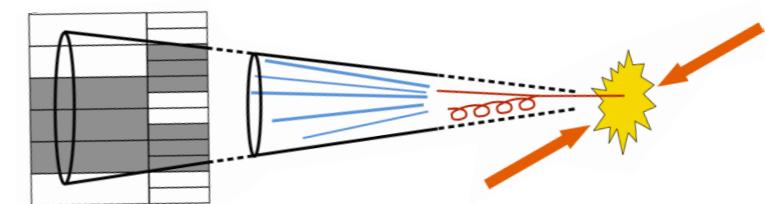
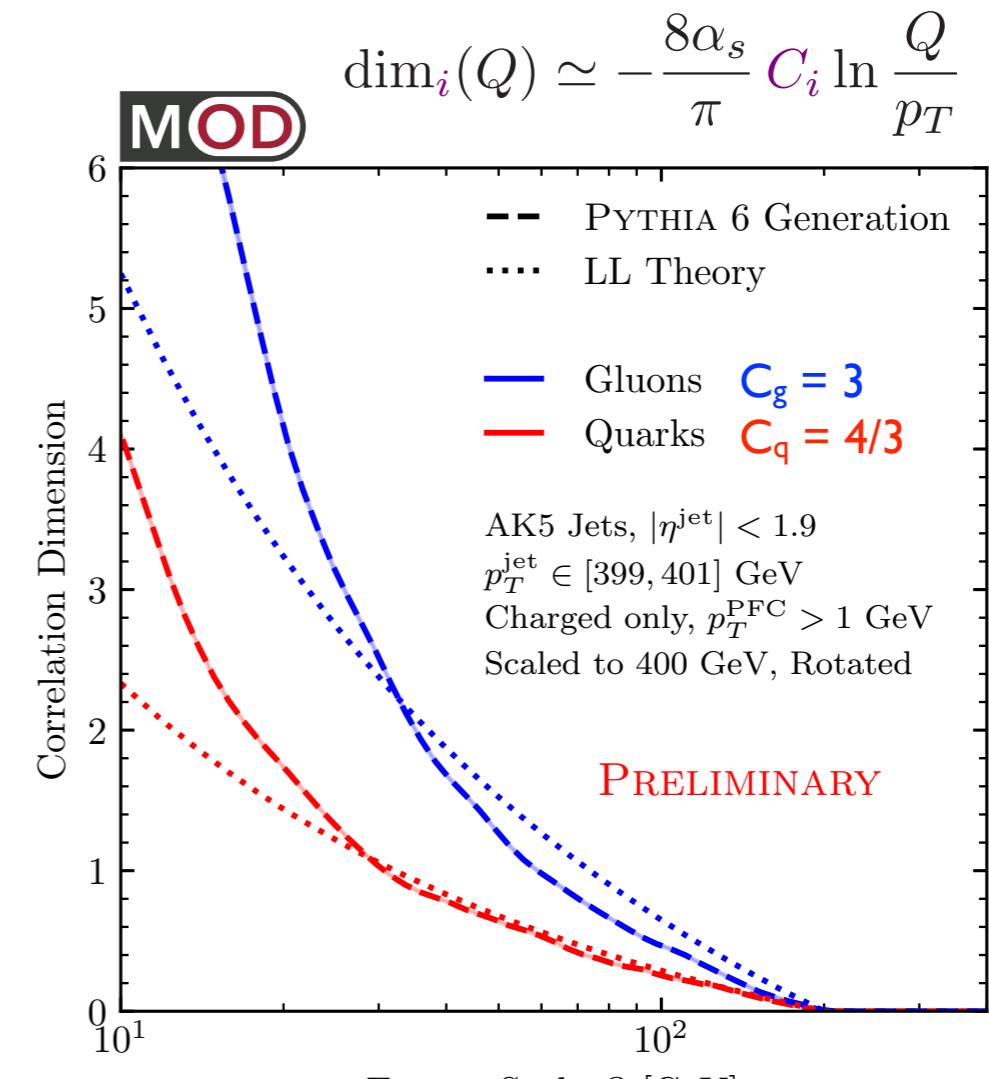
$$N_{\text{neighbors}}(r) \sim r^{\dim}$$

$$\Rightarrow \dim(r) \sim r \frac{\partial}{\partial r} \ln N_{\text{neighbors}}(r)$$

[Grassberger, Procaccia, [PRL 1983](#); Kégl, [NIPS 2002](#)]



## QCD Calculation



# Dimensionality of Space of Jets

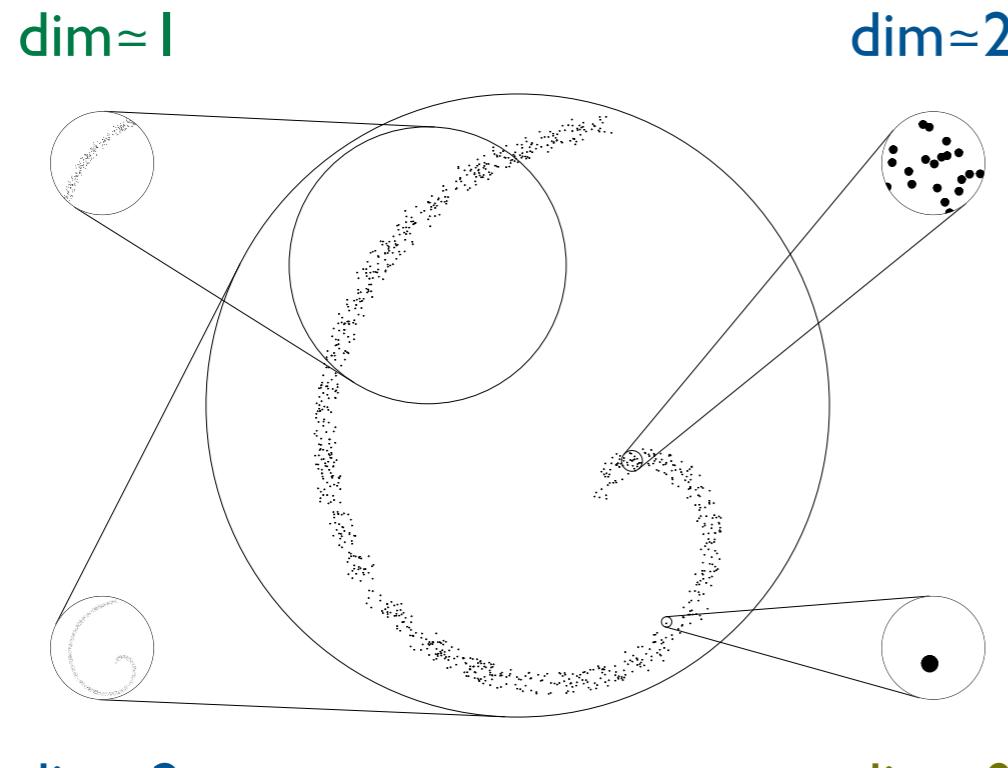


[<http://opendata.cern.ch/>]

$$N_{\text{neighbors}}(r) \sim r^{\dim}$$

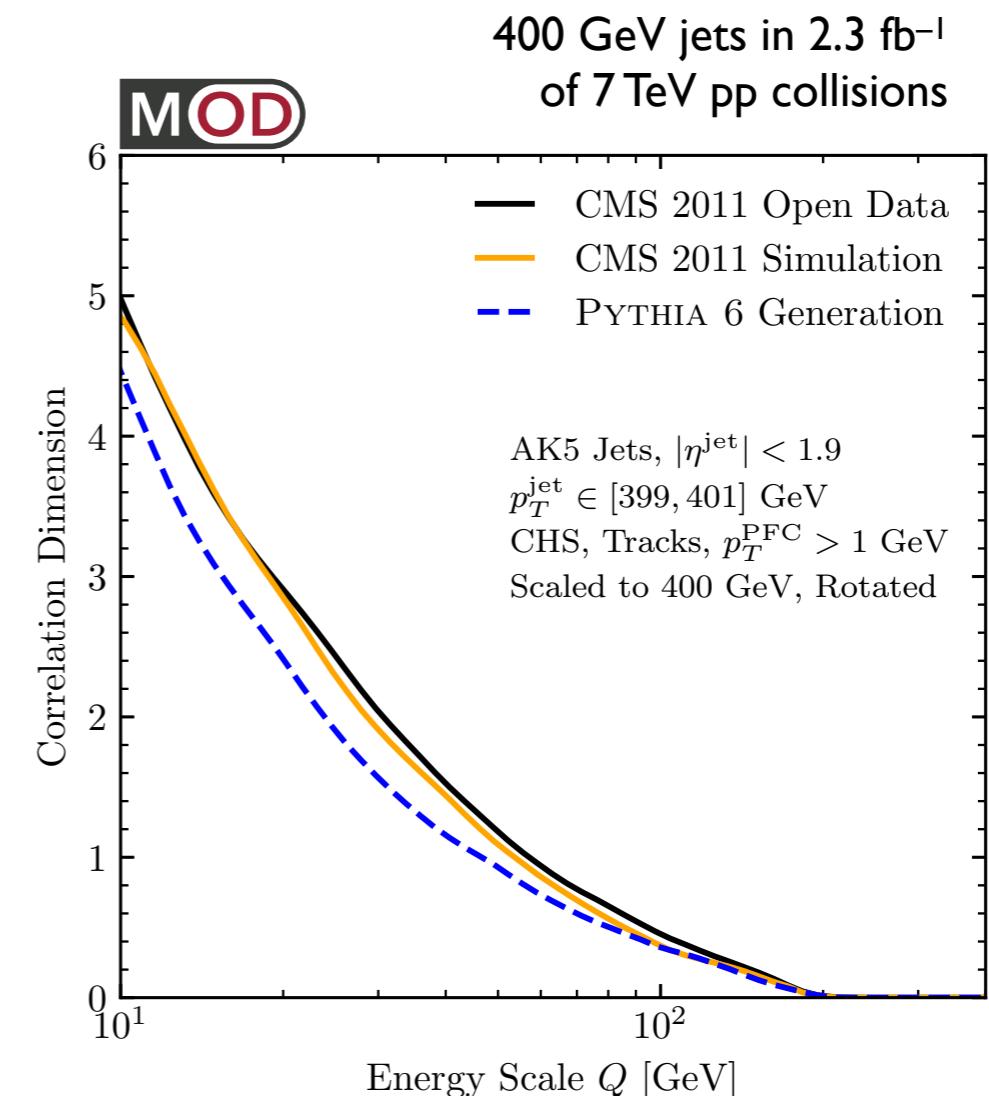
$$\Rightarrow \dim(r) \sim r \frac{\partial}{\partial r} \ln N_{\text{neighbors}}(r)$$

[Grassberger, Procaccia, [PRL 1983](#); Kégl, [NIPS 2002](#)]

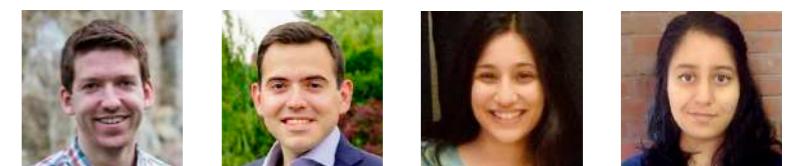


(eventually 0)

## CMS Open Data



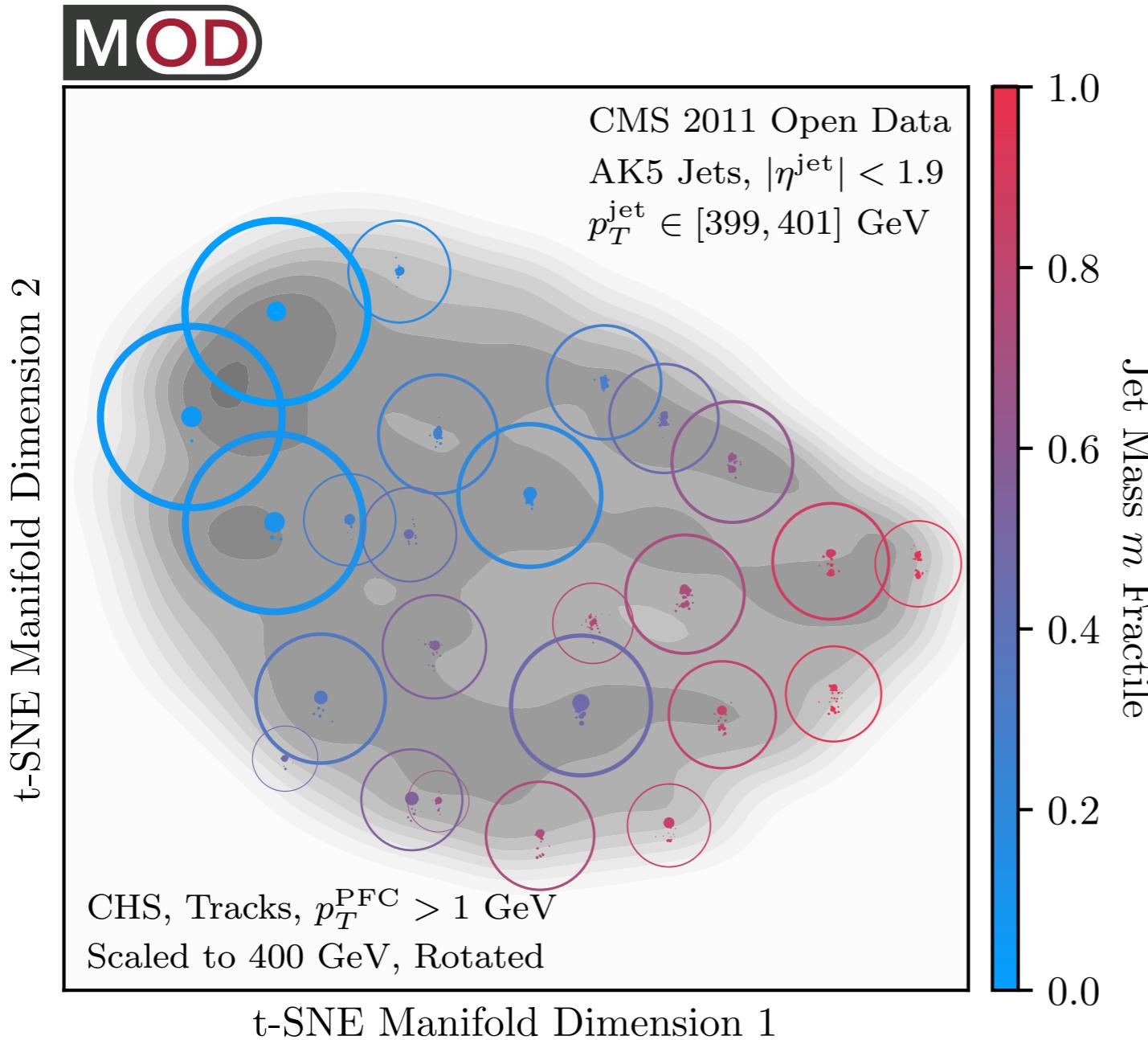
[Komiske, Mastandrea, Metodiev, Naik, [JDT, PRD 2020](#)]



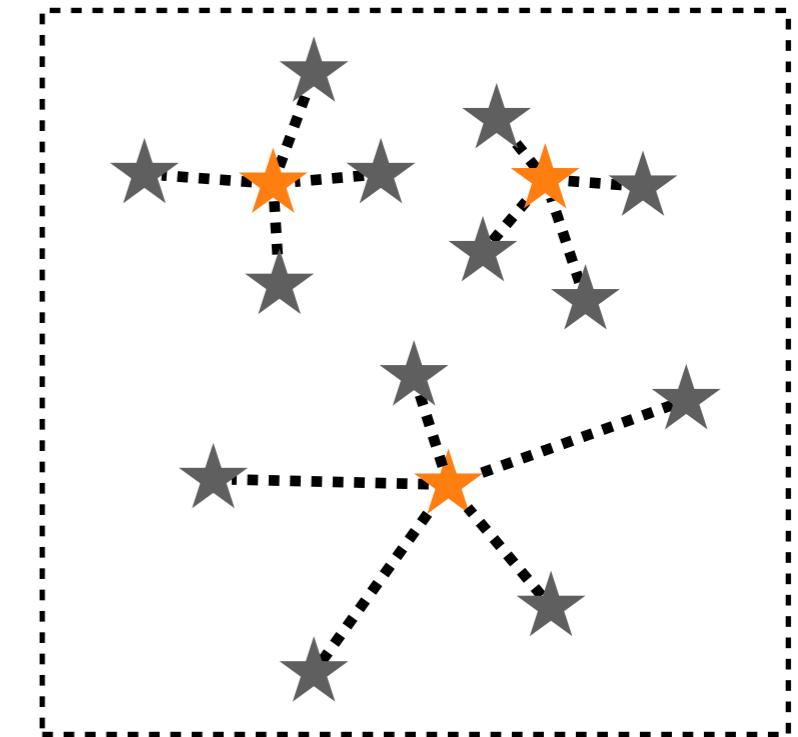
# Most Representative Jets



[<http://opendata.cern.ch/>]

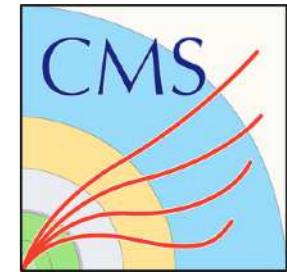


**k-medoids**  
Arranged via  $t\text{-SNE}$

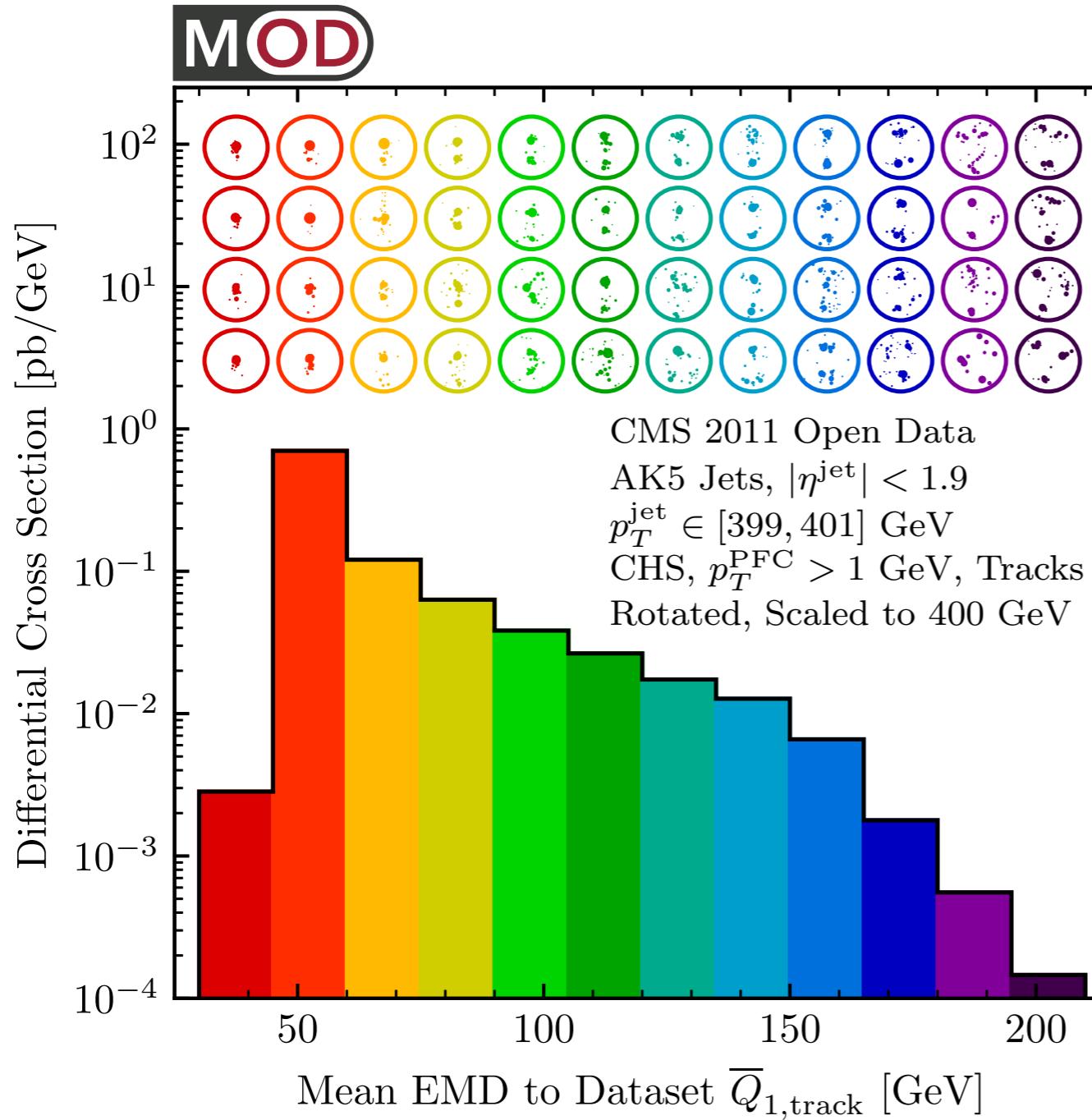


[Komiske, Mastandrea, Metodiev, Naik, JDT, [PRD 2020](#); using van der Maaten, Hinton, [JMLR 2008](#)]

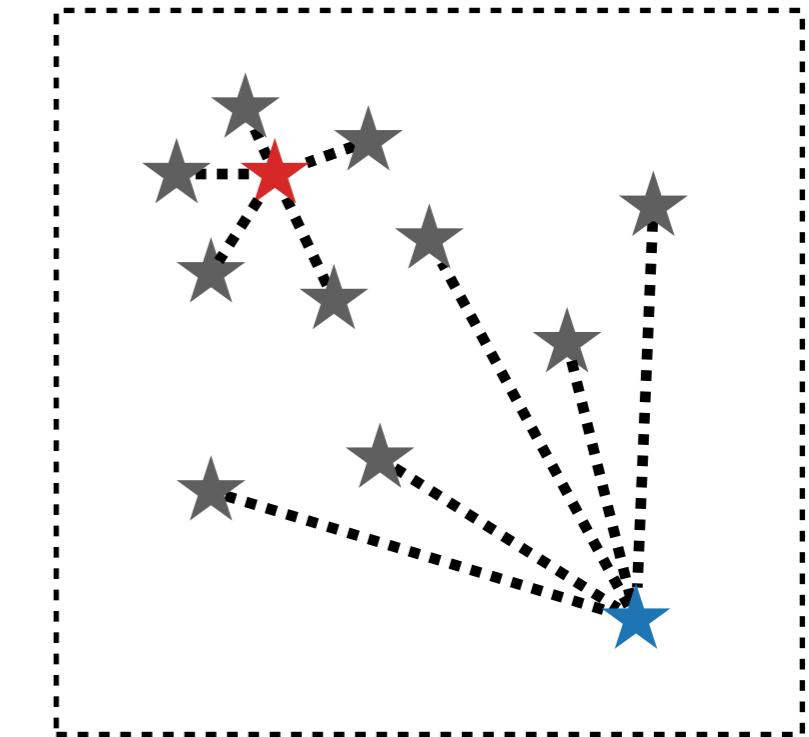
# Least Representative Jets



[<http://opendata.cern.ch/>]



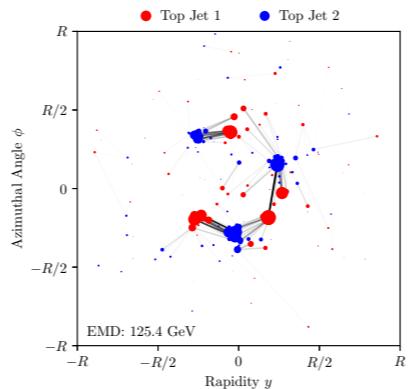
New Physics?  
Or tails of QCD?



[Komiske, Mastandrea, Metodiev, Naik, JDT, [PRD 2020](#)]

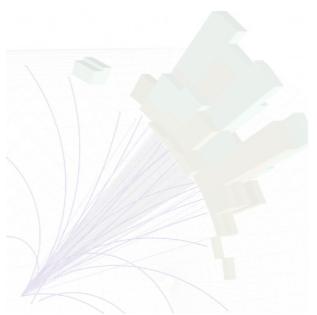
# Pause

*When are Events Similar?*

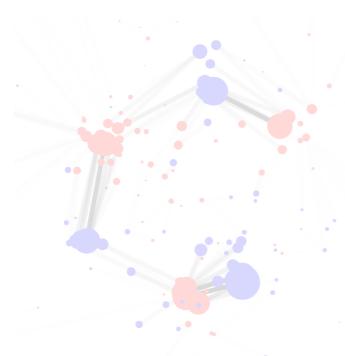


**Small Energy Mover's Distance**

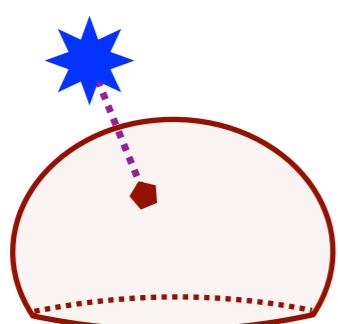
$$\text{EMD}(\mathcal{E}, \mathcal{E}') = \min_{\{f\}} \sum_i \sum_j f_{ij} \frac{\theta_{ij}}{R} + \left| \sum_i E_i - \sum_j E'_j \right|$$



## What is a Collider Event?



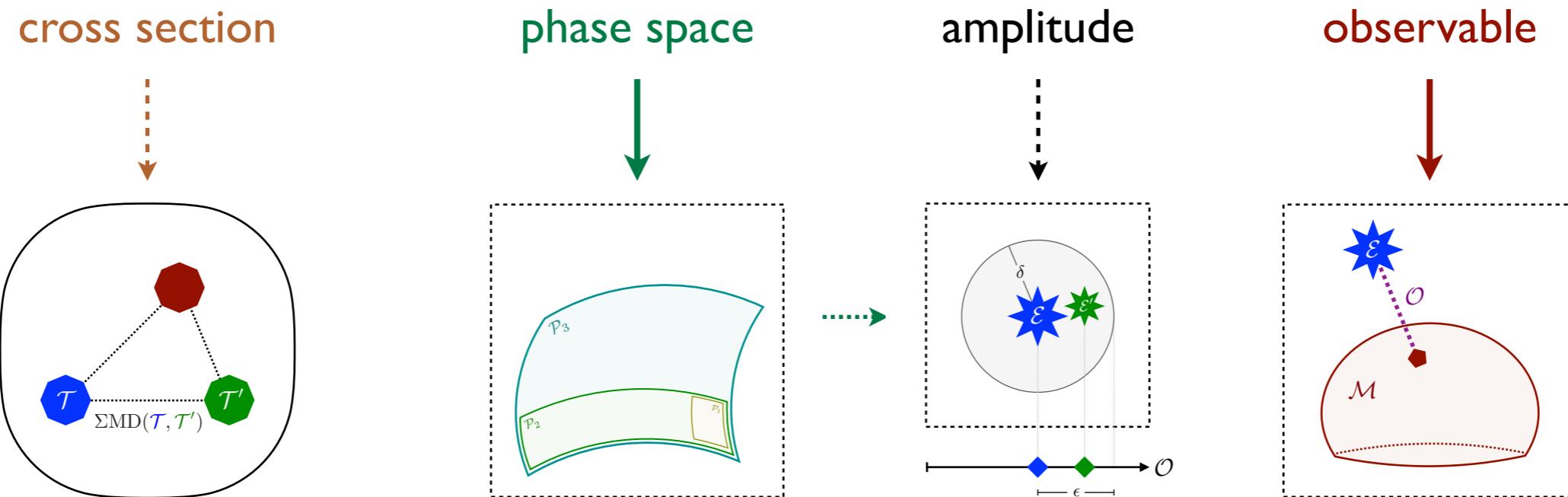
## When are Events Similar?



## What can be Geometrized?

# Master Formula for Collider Physics

$$\sigma_{\text{obs}} \simeq \frac{1}{2E_{\text{CM}}^2} \sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \int d\Phi_n |\mathcal{M}_{AB \rightarrow 12\dots n}|^2 f_{\text{obs}}(\Phi_n)$$

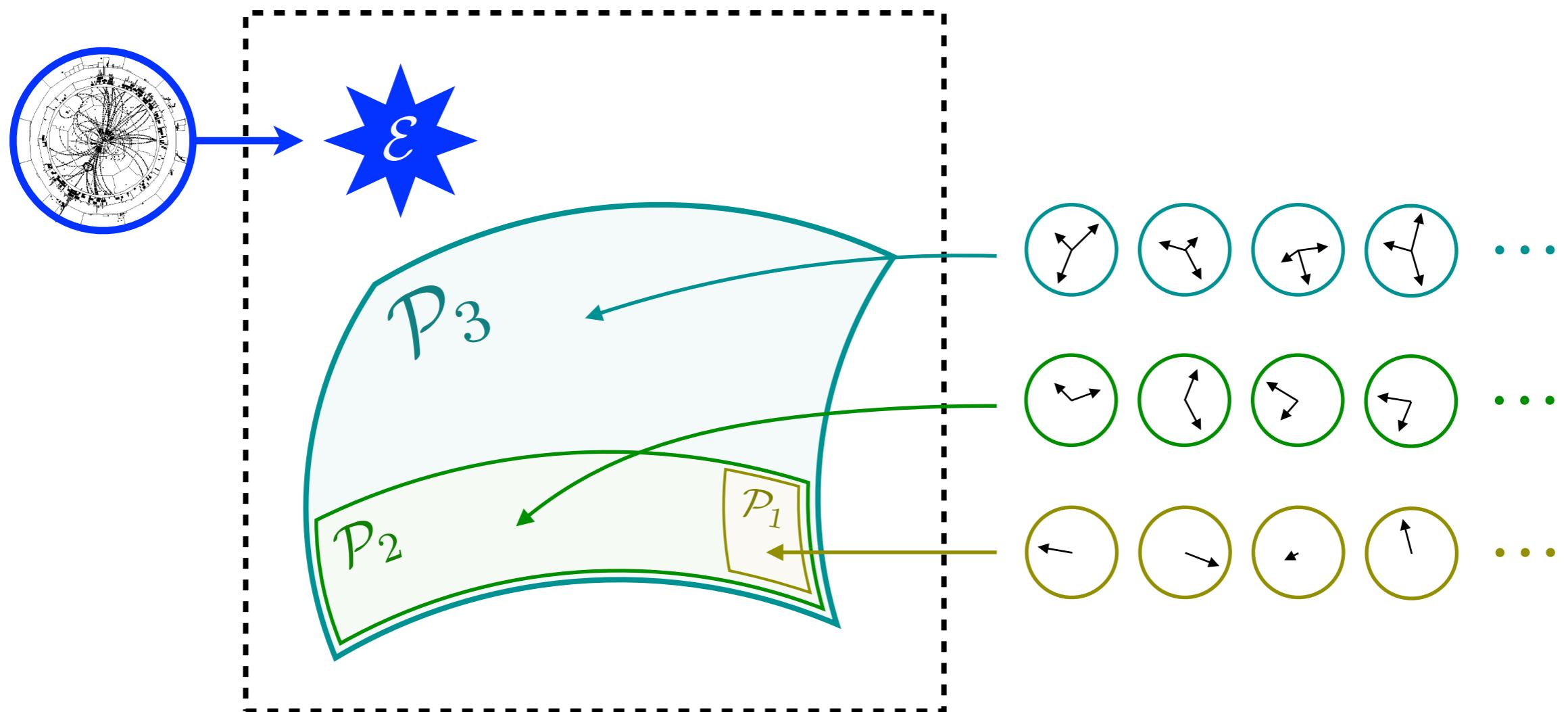


[Komiske, Metodiev, JDT, arXiv 2020]

# Introducing N-particle Manifolds

$$\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \int d\Phi_n$$

$\mathcal{P}_N$  = set of all N-particle configurations

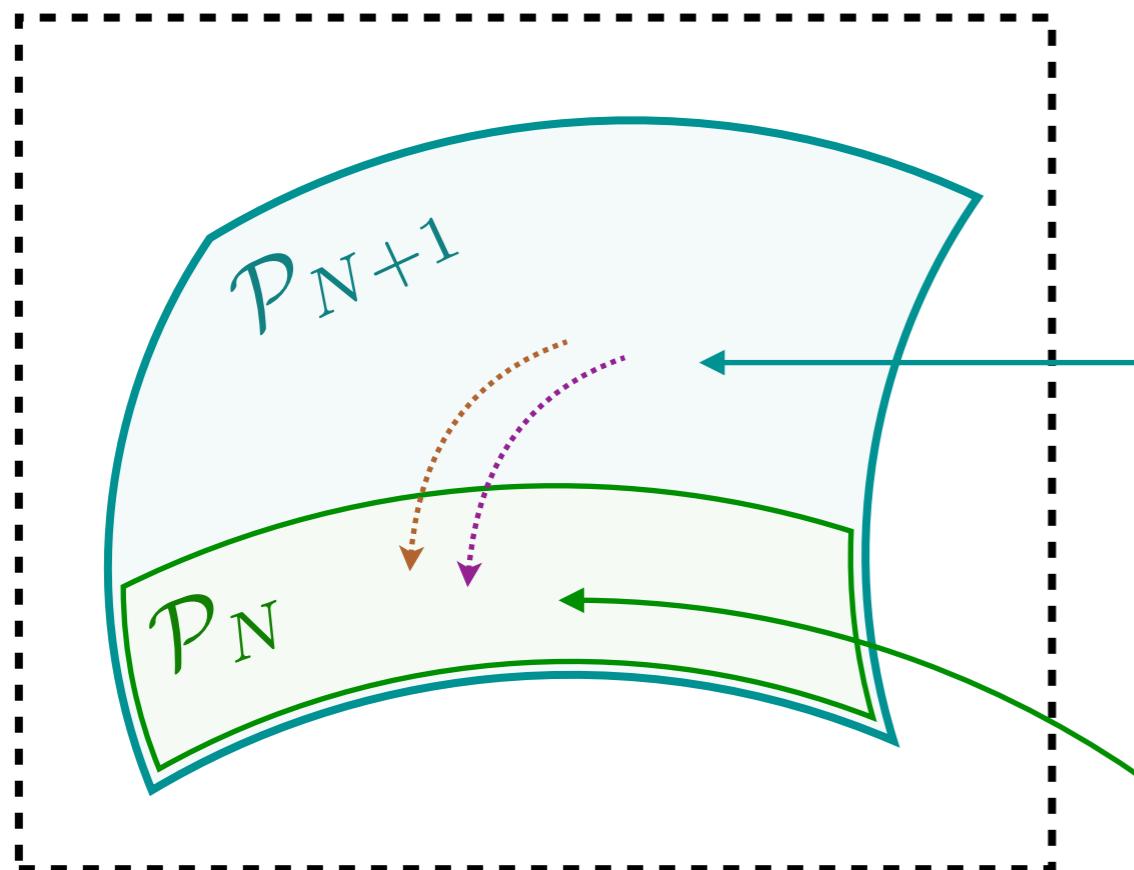
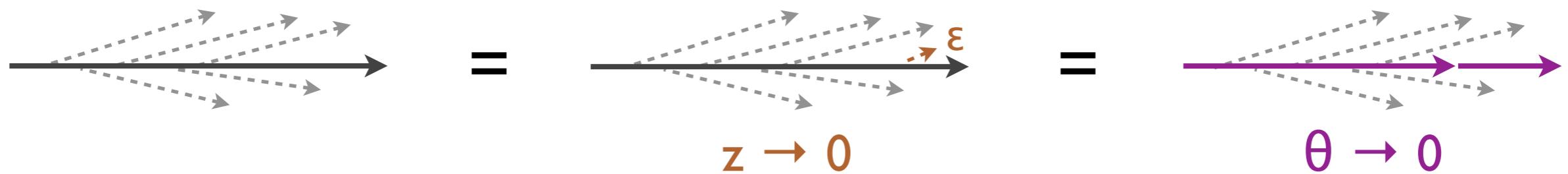


$\mathcal{P}_N \supset \mathcal{P}_{N-1} \supset \dots \supset \mathcal{P}_2 \supset \mathcal{P}_1$  by **soft/collinear limits**

# When are Two Events the Same?

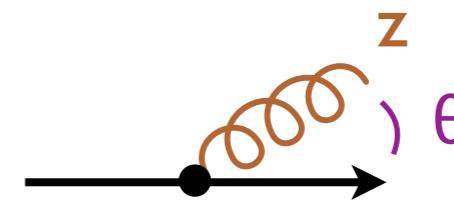
$$\mathcal{E}(\hat{n}) = \sum_i E_i \delta(\hat{n} - \hat{n}_i)$$

*Energy Flow unchanged by infinitesimal soft/collinear emissions*



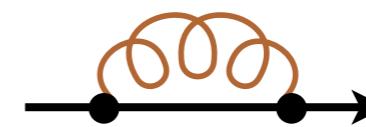
Infrared divergences “live” together!

Real:



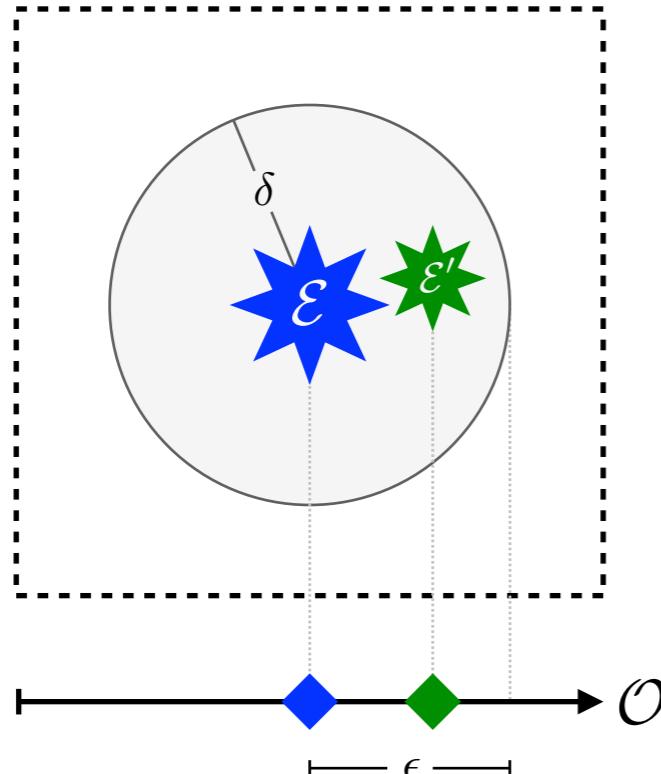
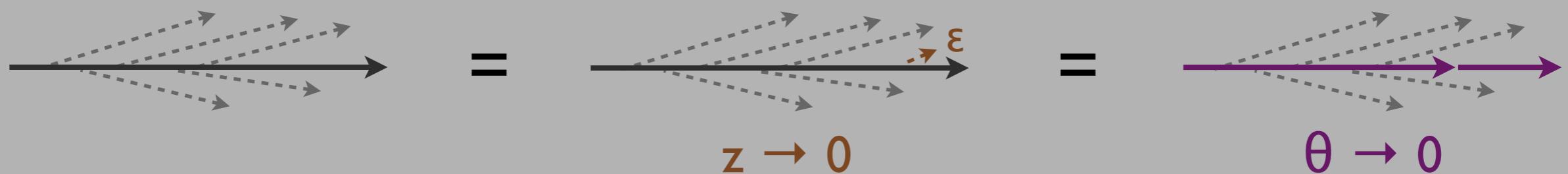
$$dP_{i \rightarrow ig} \simeq \frac{2\alpha_s}{\pi} C_i \frac{dz}{z} \frac{d\theta}{\theta}$$

Virtual:



# When are Two Events the Same?

*Energy Flow unchanged by infinitesimal soft/collinear emissions*



## Infrared & Collinear Safety

≈ calculable in perturbative quantum field theory

*is\**

## Continuity in EMD Space

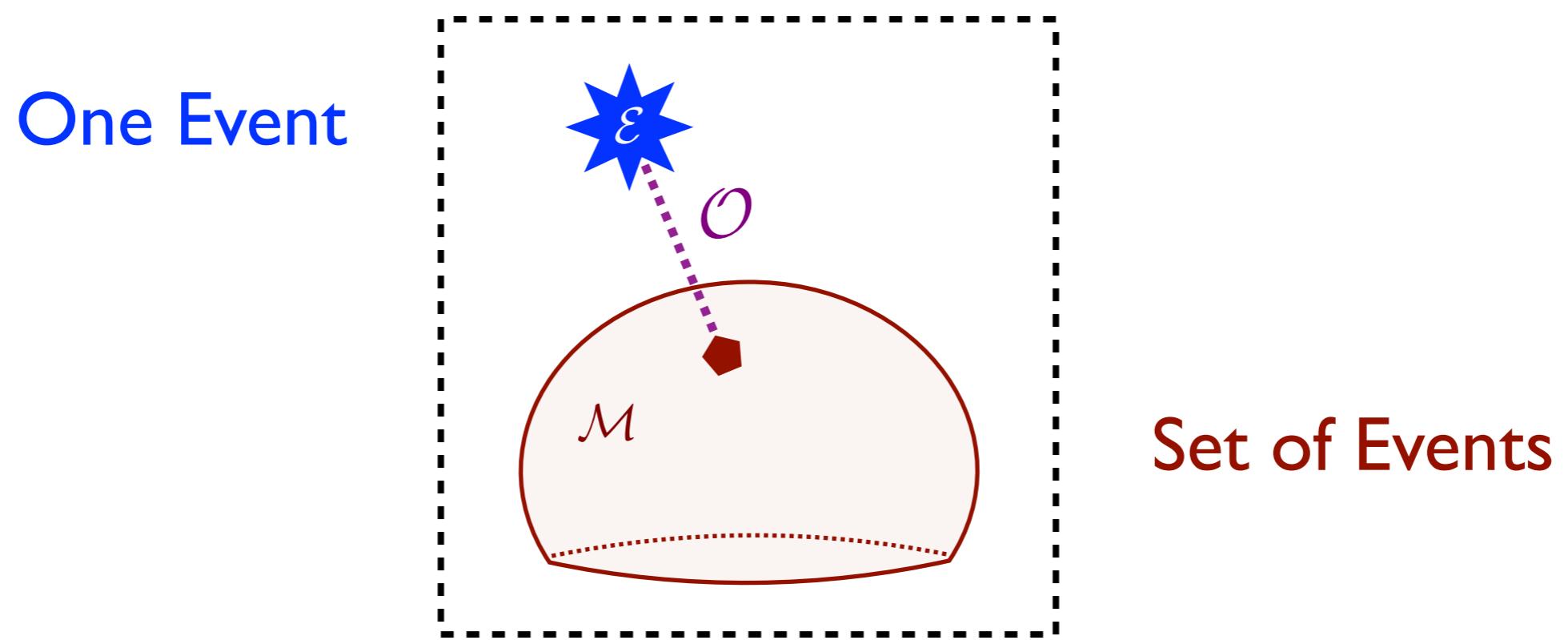
[Komiske, Metodiev, JDT, arXiv 2020]  
[Sterman, Weinberg, PRL 1977; Sterman, PRD 1979]  
[see also Banfi, Salam, Zanderighi, JHEP 2005]

*EMD seems to define the “natural”  
geometry for massless gauge theories*

Open question: Can you define  $|\mathcal{M}_{AB \rightarrow 12\dots n}|^2$  directly in this space?

# Manifolds for Observables

$$f_{\text{obs}}(\Phi_n)$$



Distance of Closest Approach  $\Rightarrow$  Observable

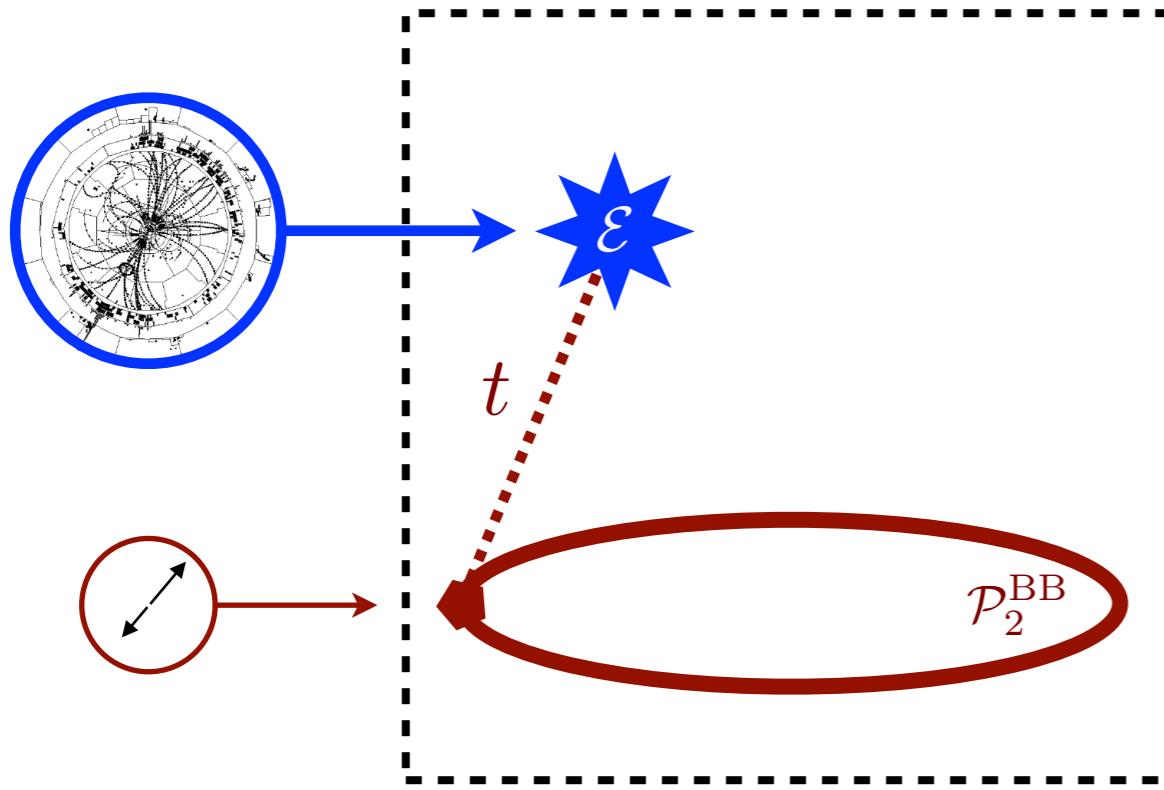
$$O(\mathcal{E}) = \min_{\mathcal{E}' \in \mathcal{M}} \text{EMD}(\mathcal{E}, \mathcal{E}')$$

[Komiske, Metodiev, JDT, arXiv 2020]

# E.g. Thrust

How dijet-like is an event?

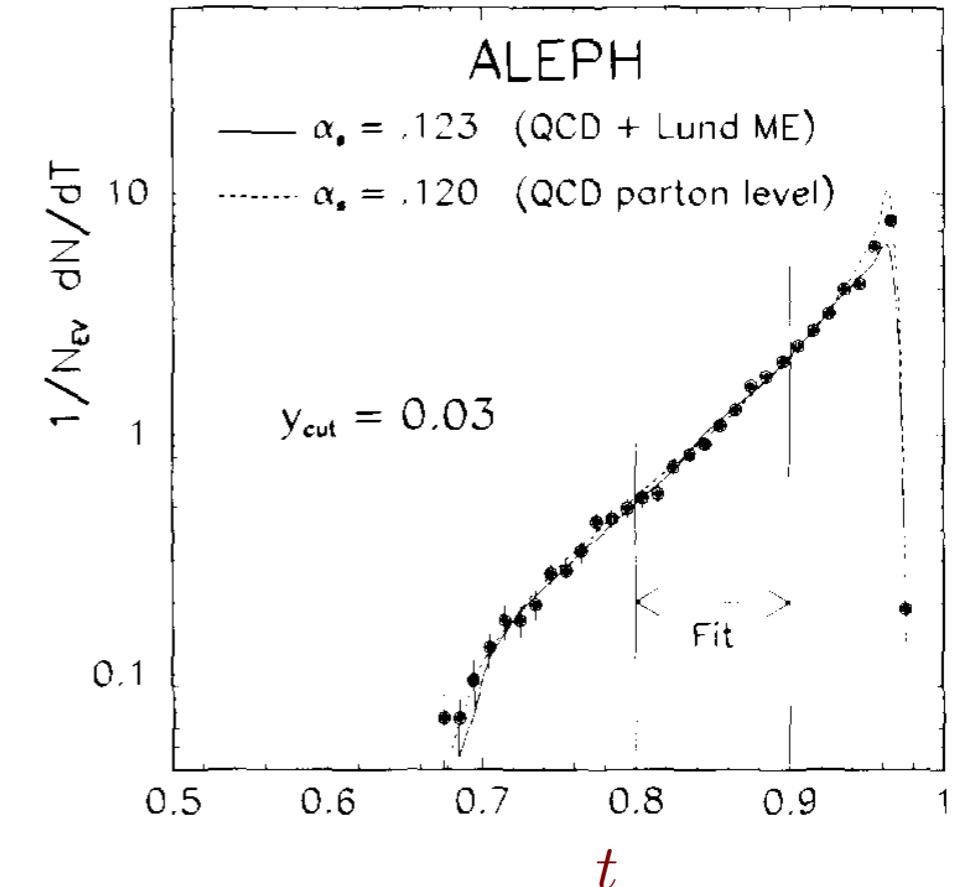
$$t(\mathcal{E}) = \min_{\mathcal{E}' \in \mathcal{P}_2^{\text{BB}}} \text{EMD}_2(\mathcal{E}, \mathcal{E}')$$



All Back-to-Back Two Particle Configurations

$$\mathcal{P}_2^{\text{BB}} = \left\{ \begin{array}{c} \text{circle with arrows} \\ \text{circle with arrows} \\ \text{circle with arrows} \\ \text{circle with arrows} \\ \dots \end{array} \right\}$$

(using  $\beta=2$  EMD variant)



$$1 - \frac{t}{2E_{\text{CM}}}$$

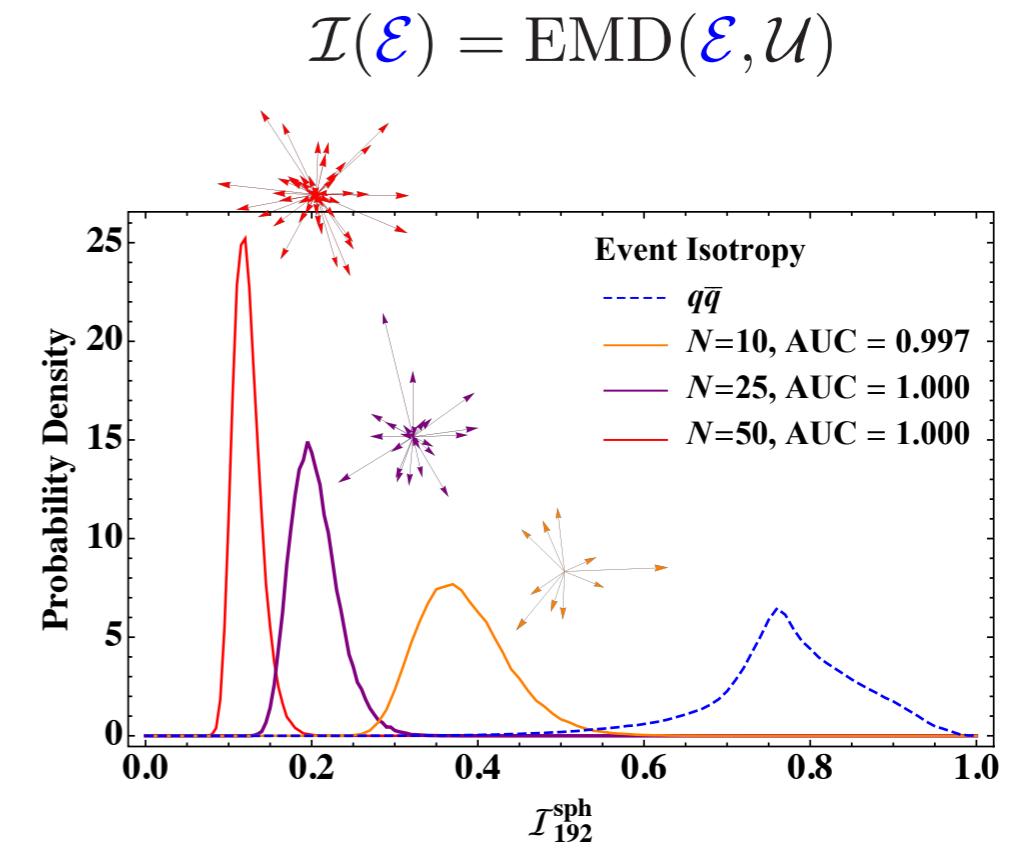
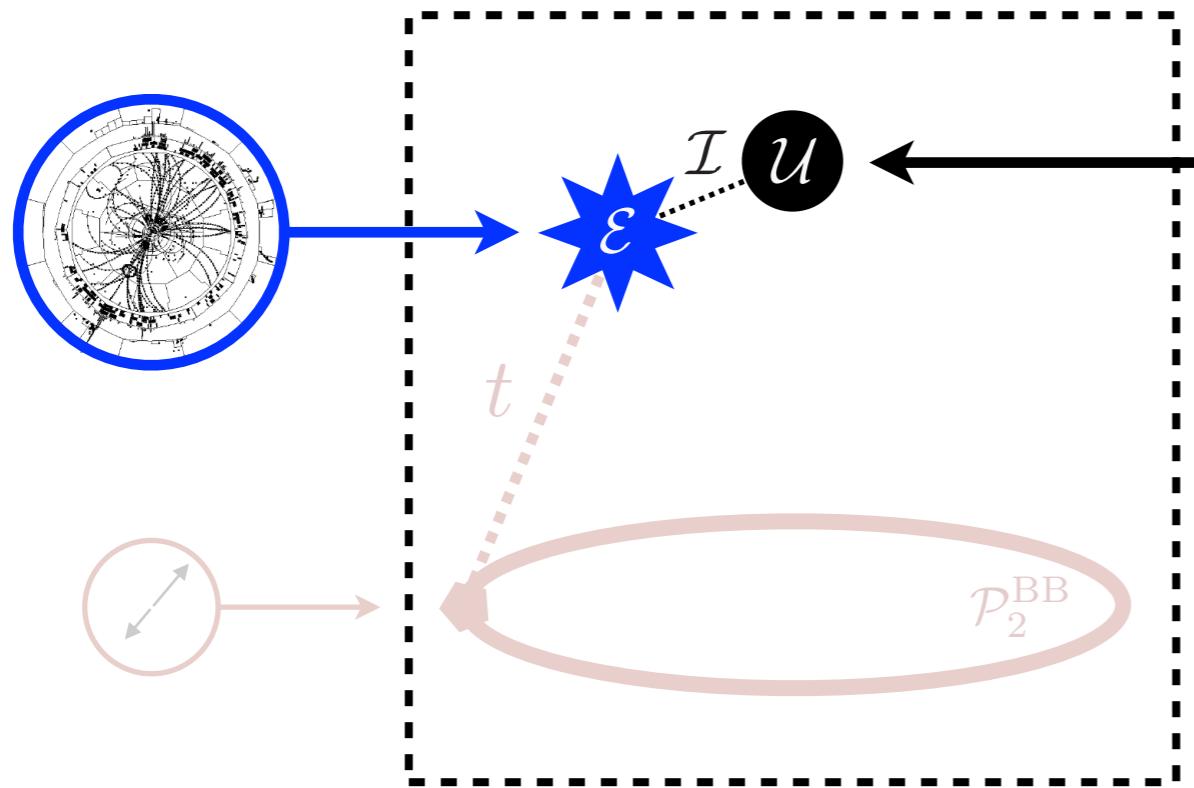
$$\text{cf. } T(\mathcal{E}) = \max_{\hat{n}} \frac{\sum_i |\vec{p}_i \cdot \hat{n}|}{\sum_j |\vec{p}_j|}$$

[Komiske, Metodiev, JDT, arXiv 2020]

[Brandt, Peyrou, Sosnowski, Wroblewski, PL 1964; Farhi, PRL 1977; ALEPH, PLB 1991]

# New! Event Isotropy

How isotropic is an event?

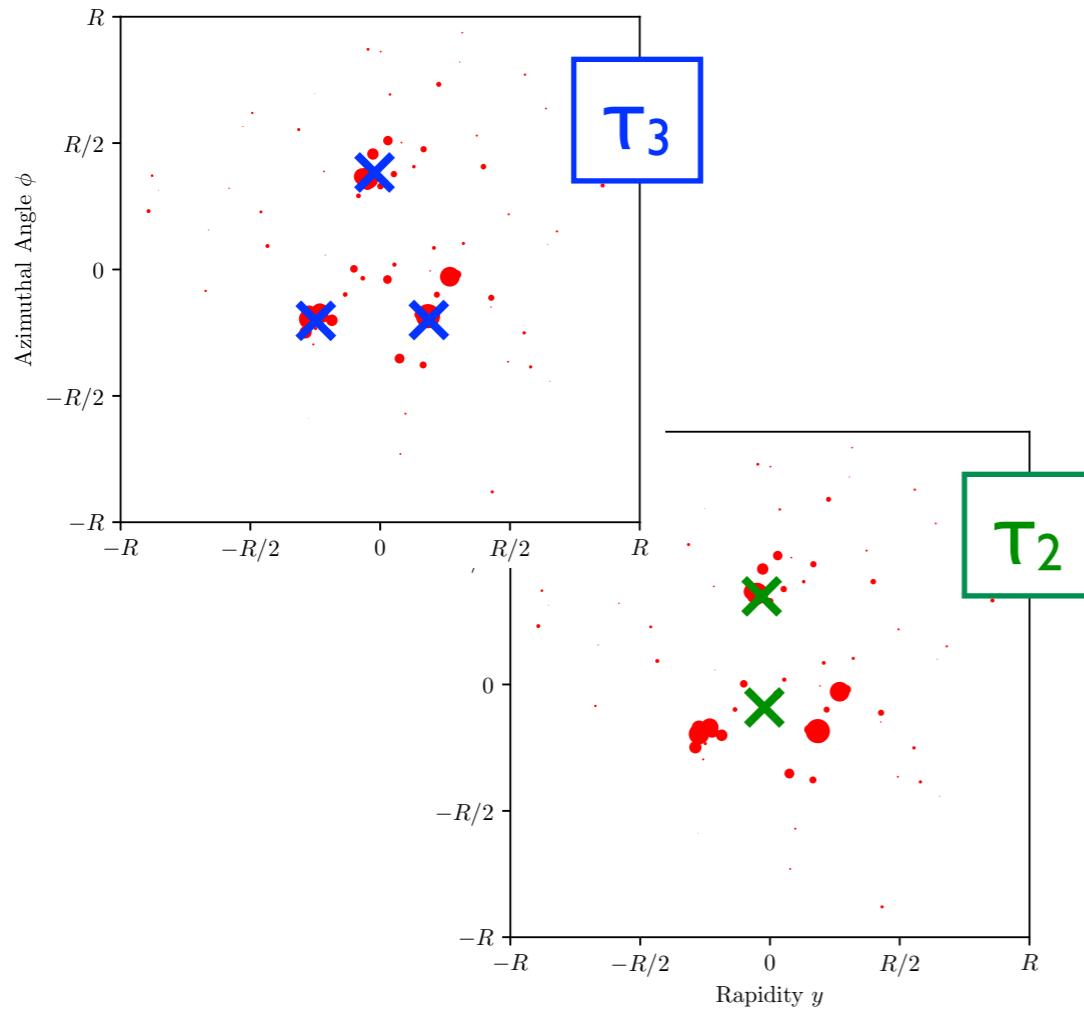


[Cesarotti, JDT, arXiv 2020]

# N-subjettiness

*Ubiquitous jet substructure observable used for almost a decade...*

$$\tau_N(\mathcal{J}) = \min_{N \text{ axes}} \sum_i E_i \min \{\theta_{1,i}, \theta_{2,i}, \dots, \theta_{N,i}\}$$

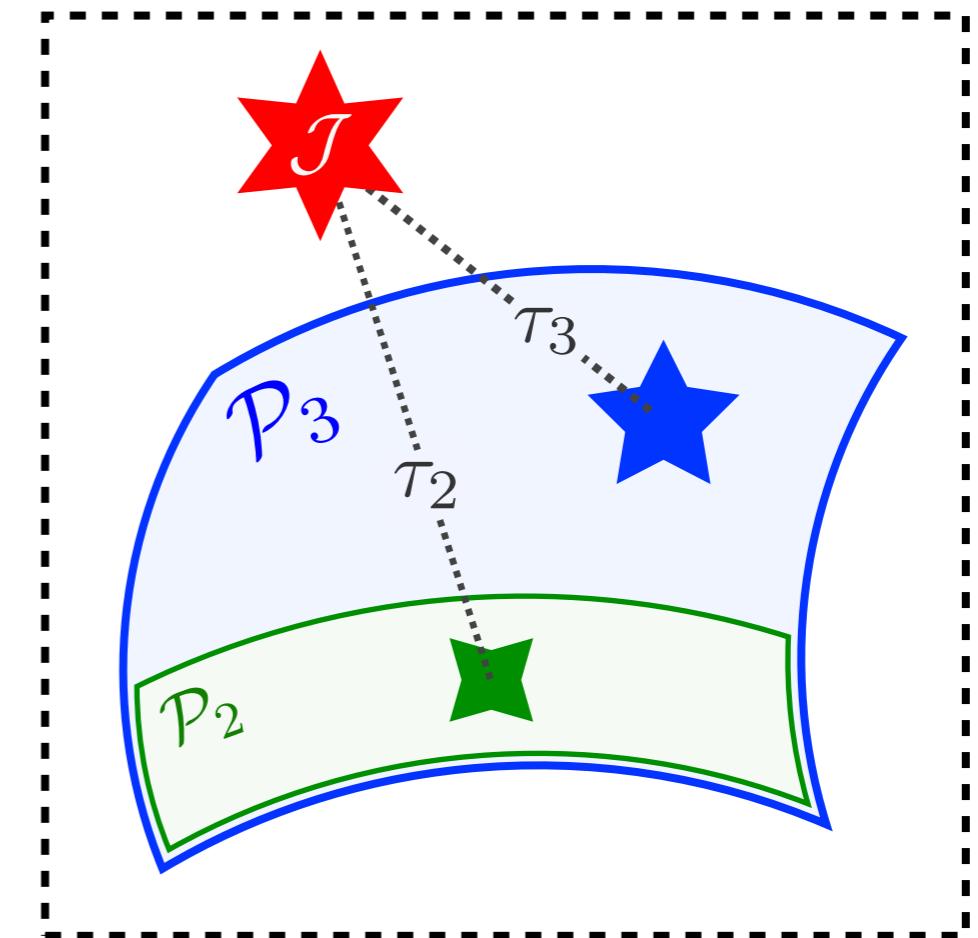
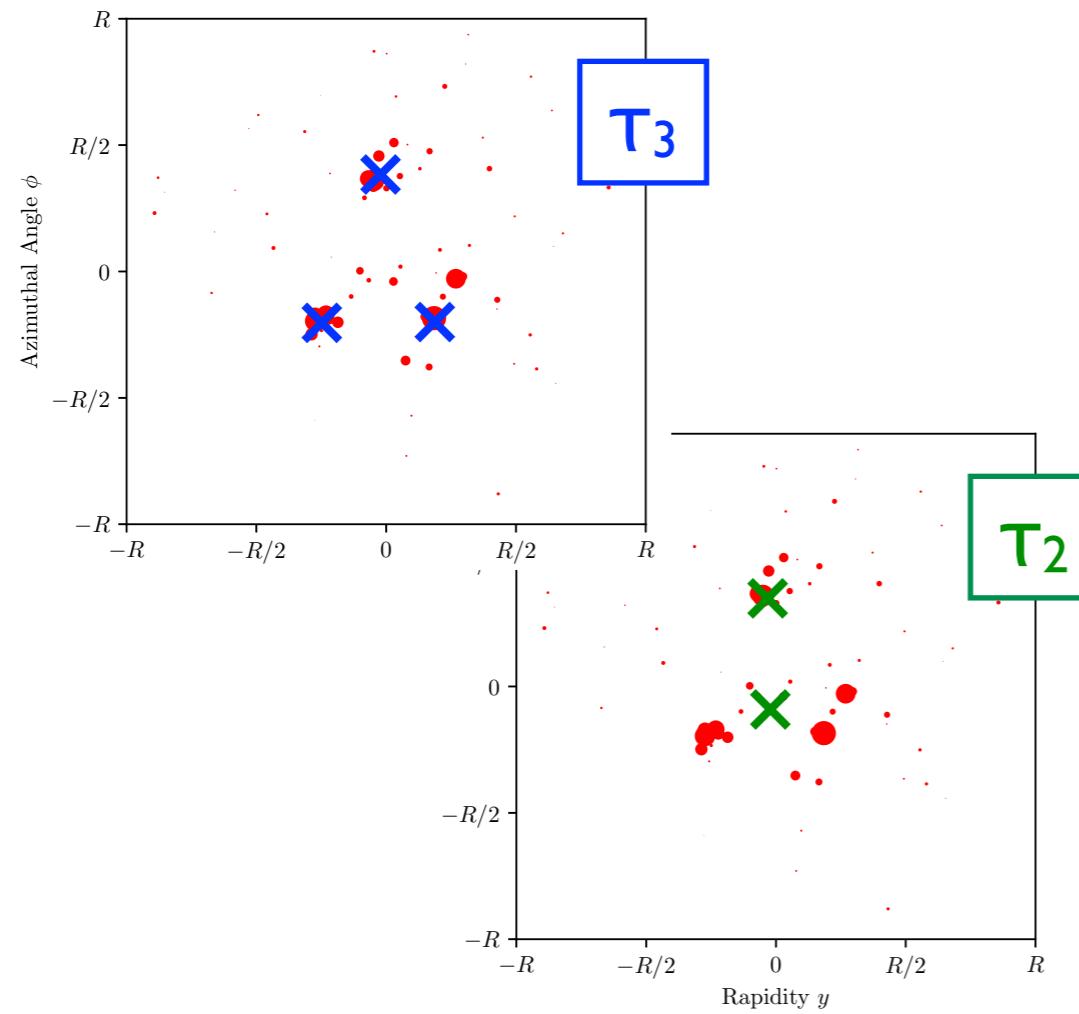


[JDT, Van Tilburg, [JHEP 2011](#), [JHEP 2012](#);  
based on Brandt, Dahmen, [ZPC 1979](#); Stewart, Tackmann, Waalewijn, [PRL 2010](#)]

# N-subjettiness = Point to Manifold EMD

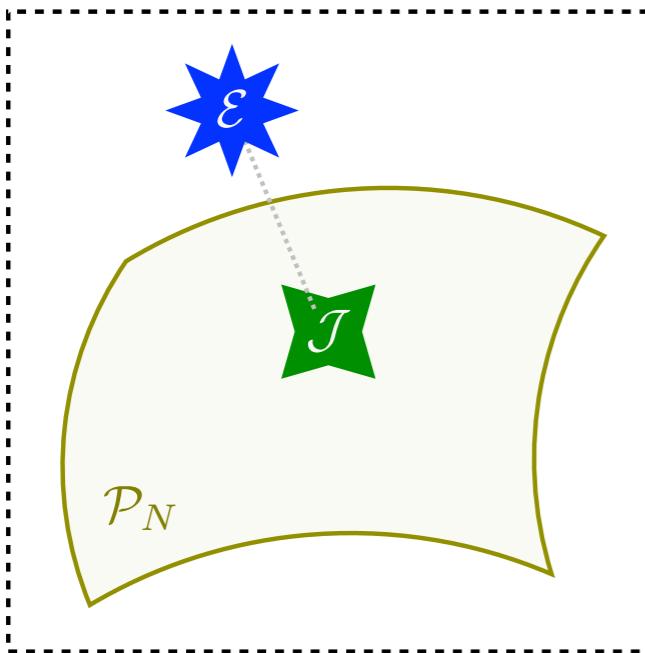
*...is secretly an optimal transport problem*

$$\tau_N(\mathcal{J}) = \min_{\mathcal{J}' \in \mathcal{P}_N} \text{EMD}(\mathcal{J}, \mathcal{J}')$$



[JDT, Van Tilburg, [JHEP 2011](#), [JHEP 2012](#);  
rephrased in the language of Komiske, Metodiev, JDT, [PRL 2019](#)]

# More Fun with N-particle Manifolds



## N-jettiness

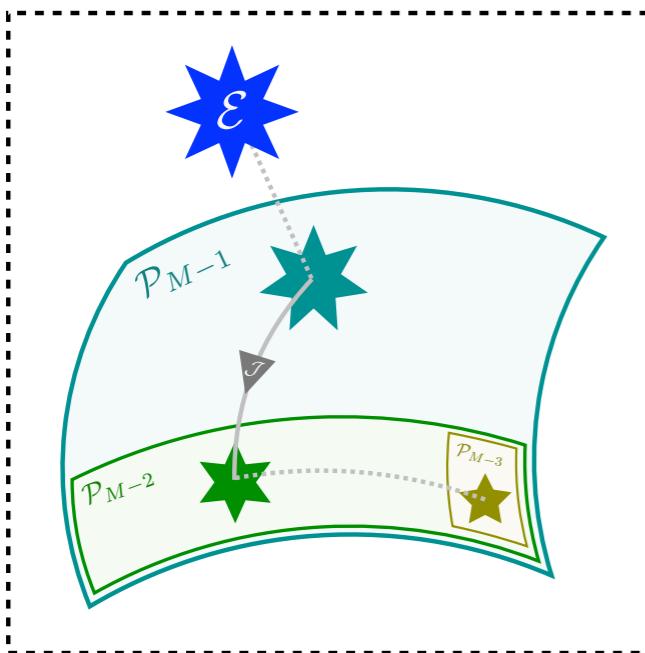
*Distance of closest approach to N-particle manifold*

[Brandt, Dahmen, [ZPC 1979](#); Stewart, Tackmann, Waalewijn, [PRL 2010](#)]

## Exclusive Cone Jet Finding

*Point of closest approach on N-particle manifold*

[Stewart, Tackmann, JDT, Vermilion, Wilkason, [JHEP 2015](#)]



## Sequential Jet Recombination

*Iteratively stepping between various N-particle manifolds*

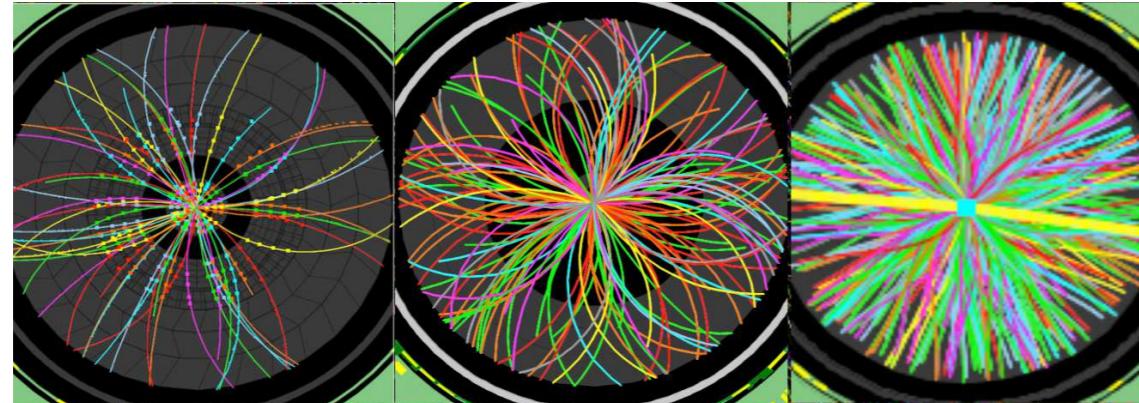
[Catani, Dokshitzer, Seymour, Webber, [NPB 1993](#); Ellis, Soper, [PRD 1993](#)]

[Dokshitzer, Leder, Moretti, Webber, [JHEP 1997](#); Wobisch, Wengler, [arXiv 1999](#)]

[Butterworth, Couchman, Cox, Waugh, [CPC 2003](#); Larkoski, Neill, JDT, [JHEP 2014](#)]

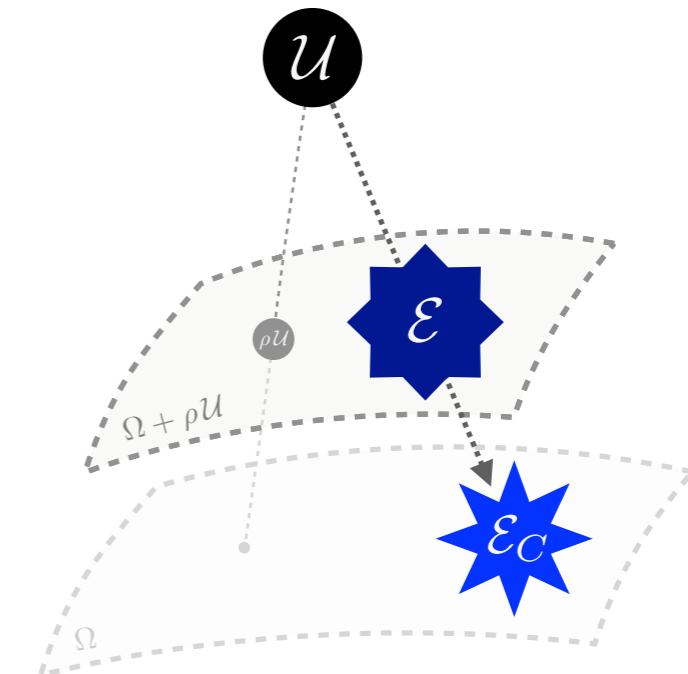
[Komiske, Metodiev, JDT, [arXiv 2020](#)]

# Pileup Mitigation



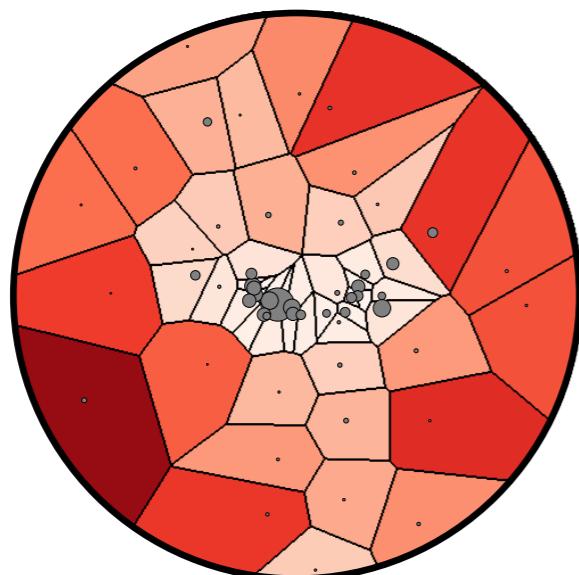
[see review in Soyez, PR 2019]

Uniform event contamination from overlapping proton-proton collisions



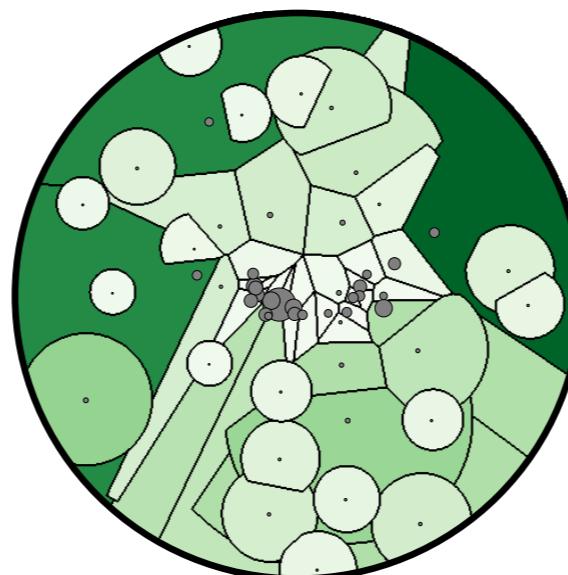
Pileup Mitigation:  
“Move away” from uniform event

Voronoi



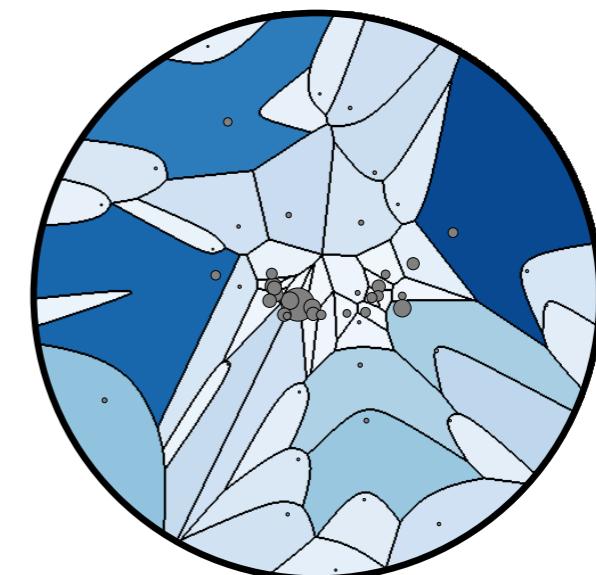
[Cacciari, Salam, Soyez, JHEP 2008]

Constituent Subtraction



[Berta, Spousta, Miller, Leitner, JHEP 2014]

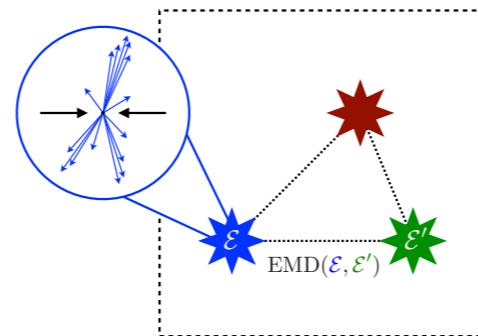
Apollonius



[Komiske, Metodiev, JDT, arXiv 2020]

# Pause

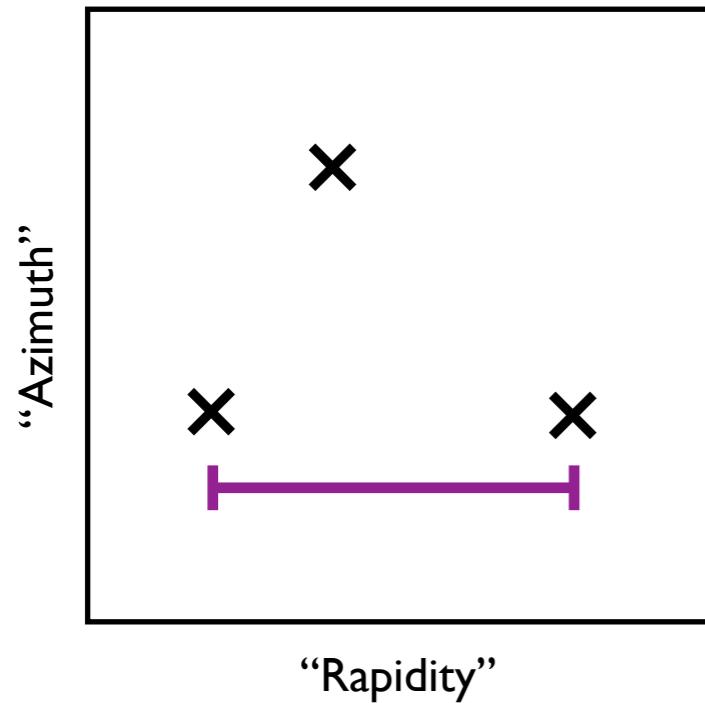
*What can be Geometrized?*



**IRC Safety, Observables,  
Jet Algorithms, Pileup Mitigation**

*How far down does this rabbit hole go?*

# Direction Space



**x** = Direction

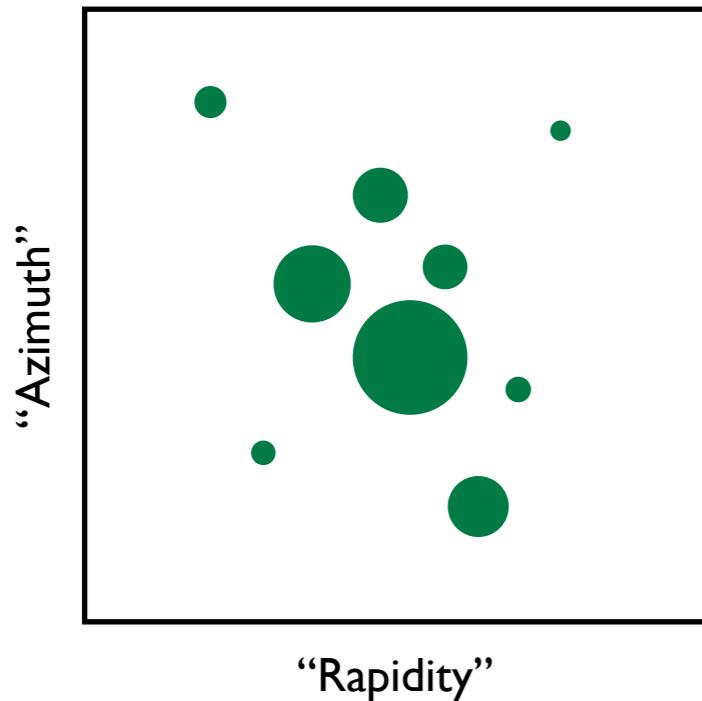
= Angular Distance

$$n_i^\mu = \frac{p_i^\mu}{E_i} = (1, \hat{n})^\mu$$

$$\theta_{ij} = \sqrt{2n_i^\mu n_{j\mu}}$$

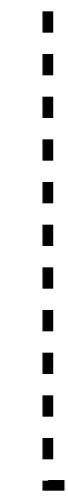
(for massless particles)

# Direction Space Distribution



● = Weighted Direction

— = Angular Distance



★ = Event

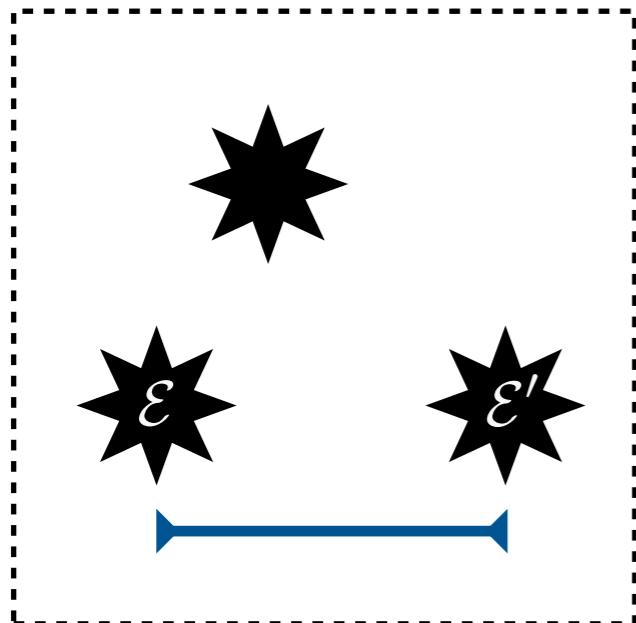
$$n_i^\mu = \frac{p_i^\mu}{E_i} = (1, \hat{n})^\mu$$

$$w_i = E_i$$

$$\theta_{ij} = \sqrt{2n_i^\mu n_{j\mu}}$$

(for massless particles)

# Event Space



★ = Event  
↔ = EMD  
Energy Mover's Distance

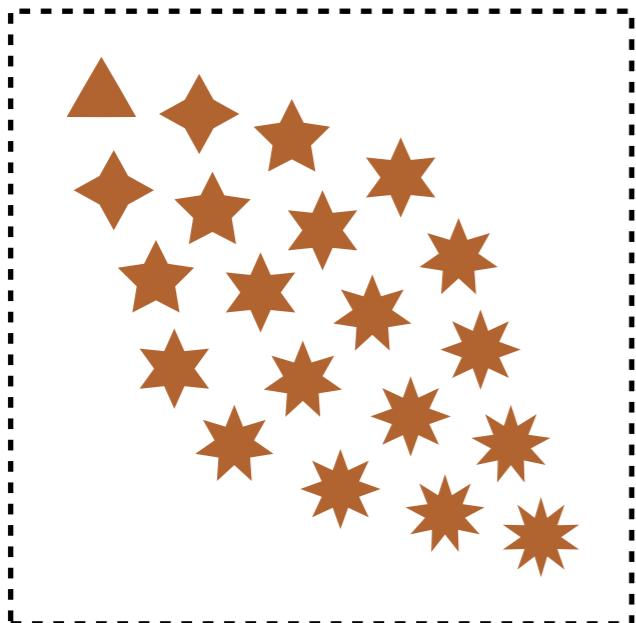
$$\mathcal{E}(\hat{n}) = \sum_i E_i \delta(\hat{n} - \hat{n}_i)$$

$$\text{EMD}(\mathcal{E}, \mathcal{E}') = \min_{\{f\}} \sum_i \sum_j f_{ij} \theta_{ij}$$

(for equal total energy)

[Komiske, Metodiev, JDT, PRL 2019]

# Event Space Distribution



= Weighted Event

$$\mathcal{E}(\hat{n}) = \sum_i E_i \delta(\hat{n} - \hat{n}_i)$$

$$w_a = \sigma_a$$

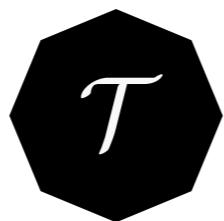
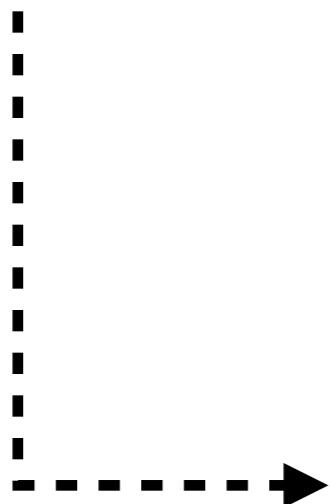


= EMD

Energy  
Mover's Distance

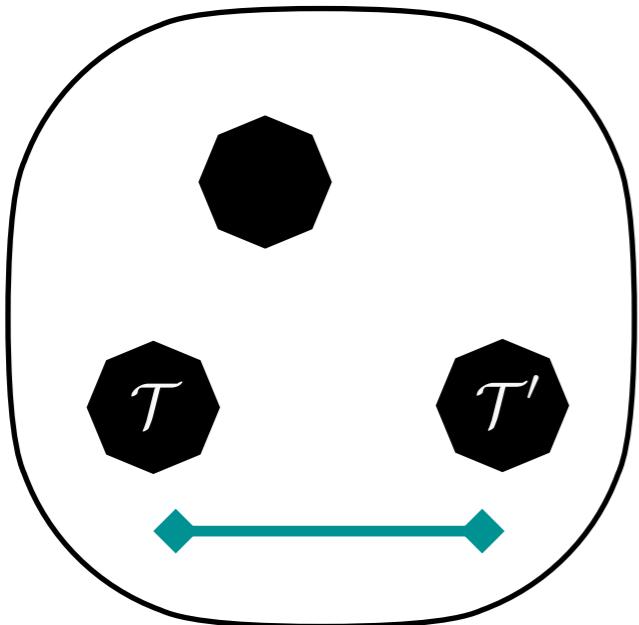
$$\text{EMD}(\mathcal{E}, \mathcal{E}') = \min_{\{f\}} \sum_i \sum_j f_{ij} \theta_{ij}$$

(for equal total energy)



= Theory

# Theory Space



● = Theory

↔ =  $\Sigma\text{MD}$   
Cross-Section  
Mover's Distance

$$\mathcal{T}(\mathcal{E}) = \sum_a \sigma_a \delta(\mathcal{E} - \mathcal{E}_a)$$

$$\Sigma\text{MD}(\mathcal{T}, \mathcal{T}') = \min_{\{\mathcal{F}\}} \sum_a \sum_b \mathcal{F}_{ab} \text{EMD}(\mathcal{E}_a, \mathcal{E}'_b)$$

(for equal total xsec)

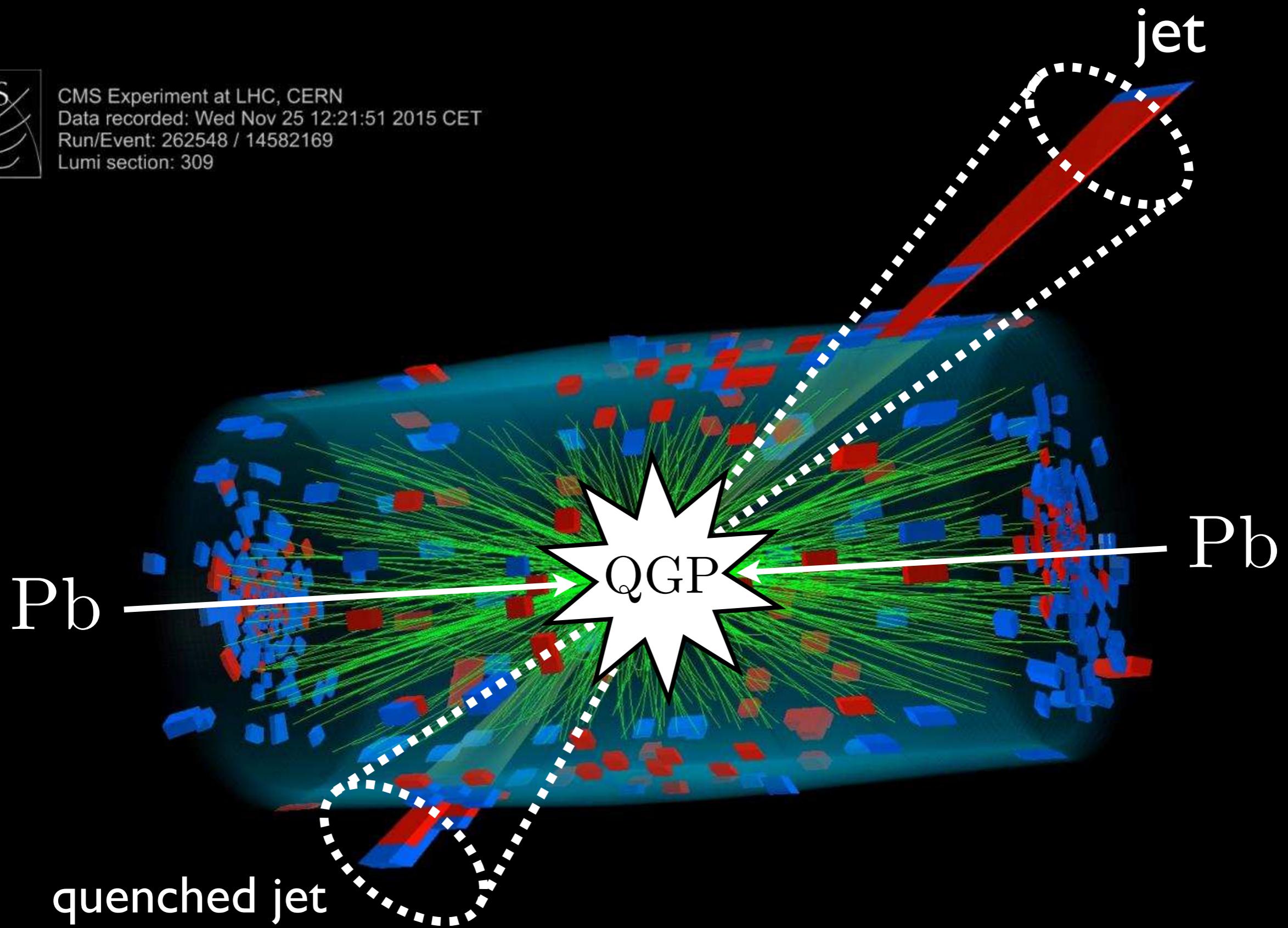
*A distance between theories!*

(e.g. EMD : N-jettiness ::  $\Sigma\text{MD}$  : k-eventiness)

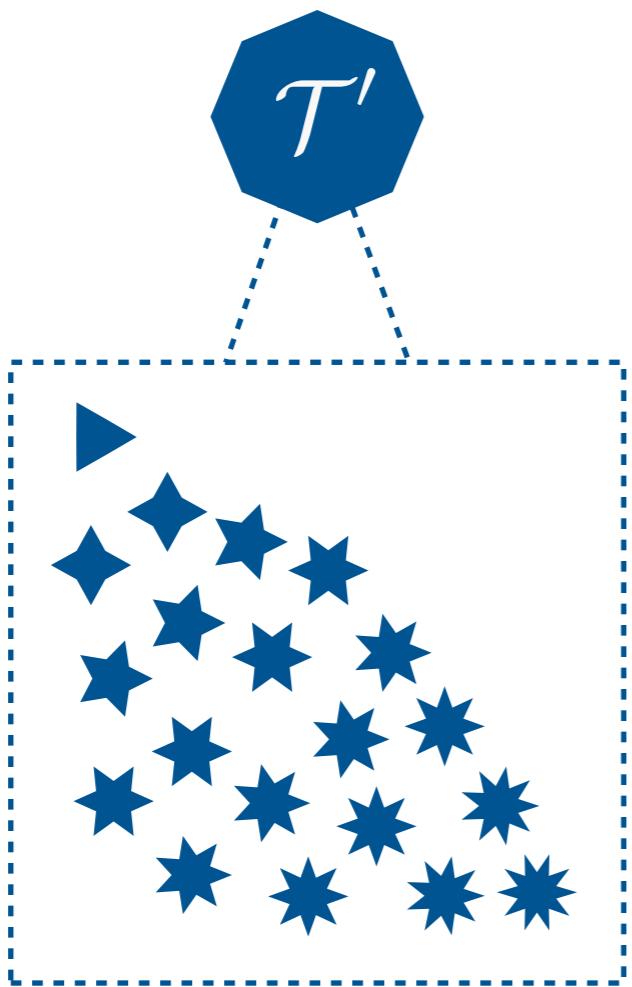
[Komiske, Metodiev, JDT, arXiv 2020]



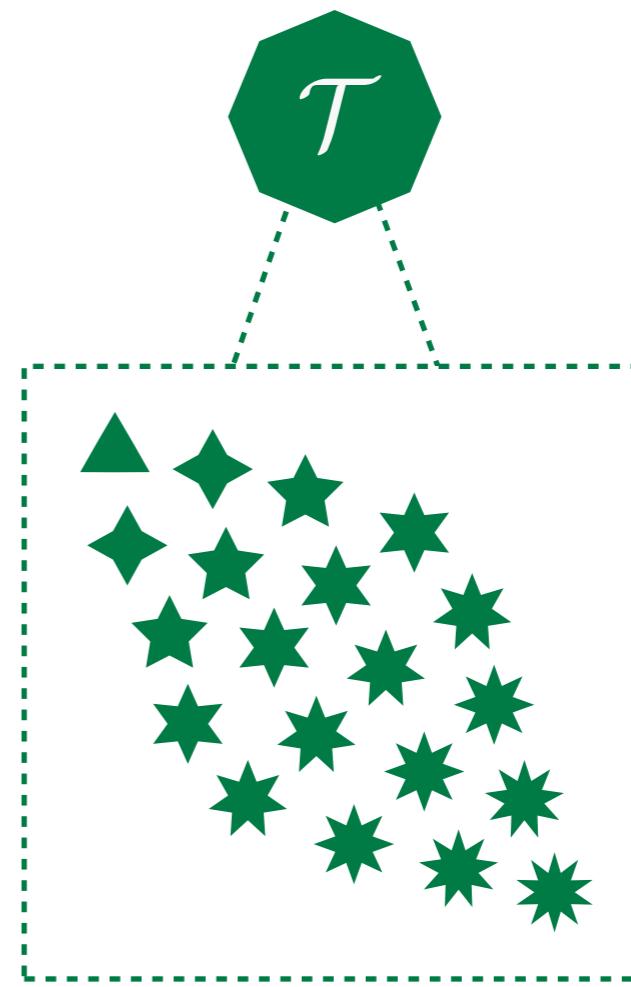
CMS Experiment at LHC, CERN  
Data recorded: Wed Nov 25 12:21:51 2015 CET  
Run/Event: 262548 / 14582169  
Lumi section: 309



## Theory Prime: In-Medium QCD



## Theory: Vacuum QCD

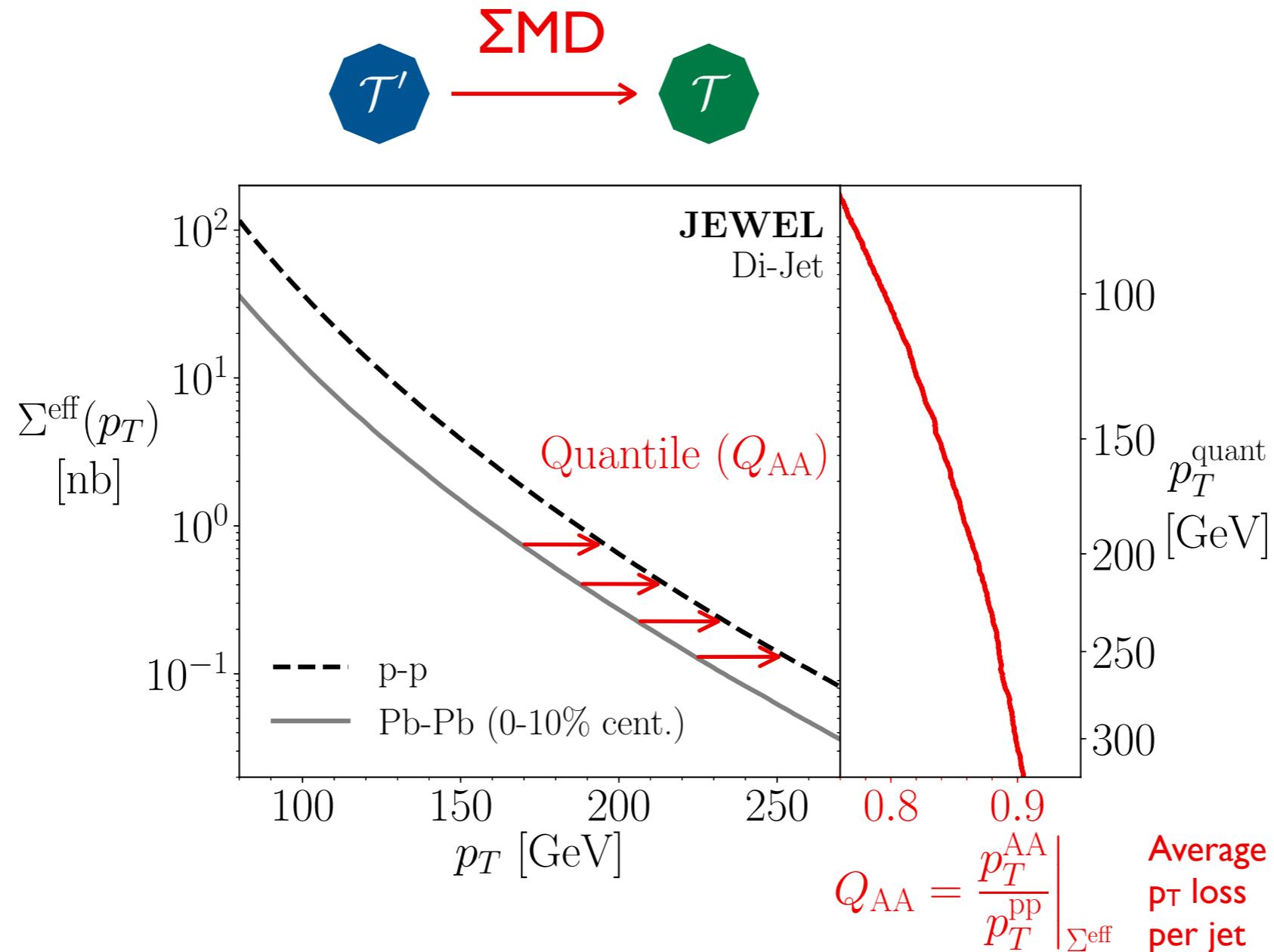


$\Sigma\text{MD}$   
 $\iff$

*Optimal transportation plan defines mapping  
between in-medium jets and vacuum jets!*

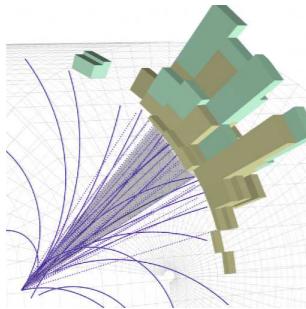
# Jet Quenching via Quantile Matching

Equivalent to following a geodesic in theory space (!)



[Brewer, Milhano, JDT, PRL 2019]

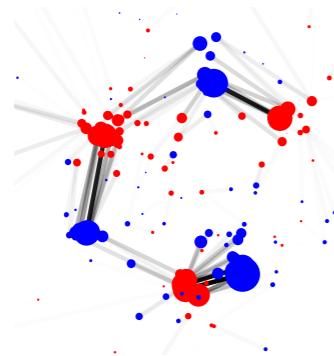
# Summary



## What is a Collider Event?

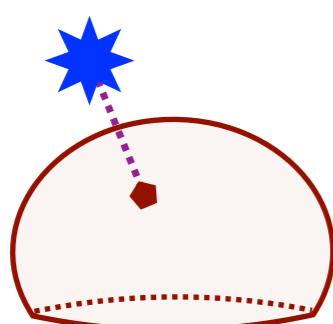
*An unordered set of particles that describes the energy flow away from the collision point*

(ask me about ML!)



## When are Events Similar?

*When they are close in the geometric space triangulated by the energy mover's distance*



## What can be Geometrized?

*Many concepts/techniques in quantum field theory and collider physics from the last half century*

Fin

# *Backup Slides*

# Aside: Machine Learning for Jets

“ML4Jets”  
NYU, January 2020

Symmetry:

$$\mathcal{J} = \{ \vec{p}_1, \vec{p}_2, \vec{p}_3, \dots, \vec{p}_N \}$$

Unordered, Variable Length Set (QM!)

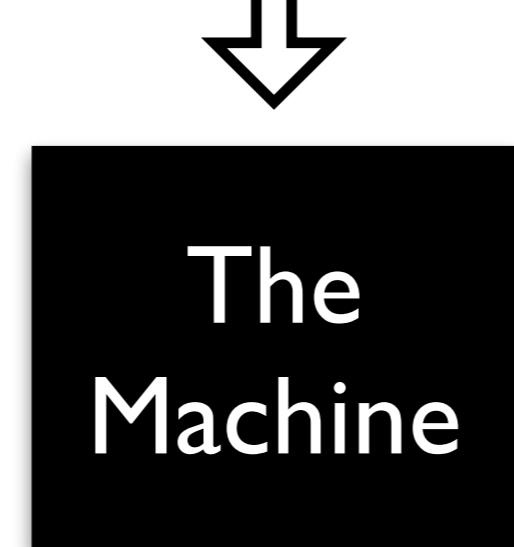
Safety:

$$\vec{p} = \{ E, \hat{n}_x, \hat{n}_y, \hat{n}_z \}$$

Energy weighting (QFT!)

Properly specified problem

Many (labeled) examples  $\{ \mathcal{J} \}$

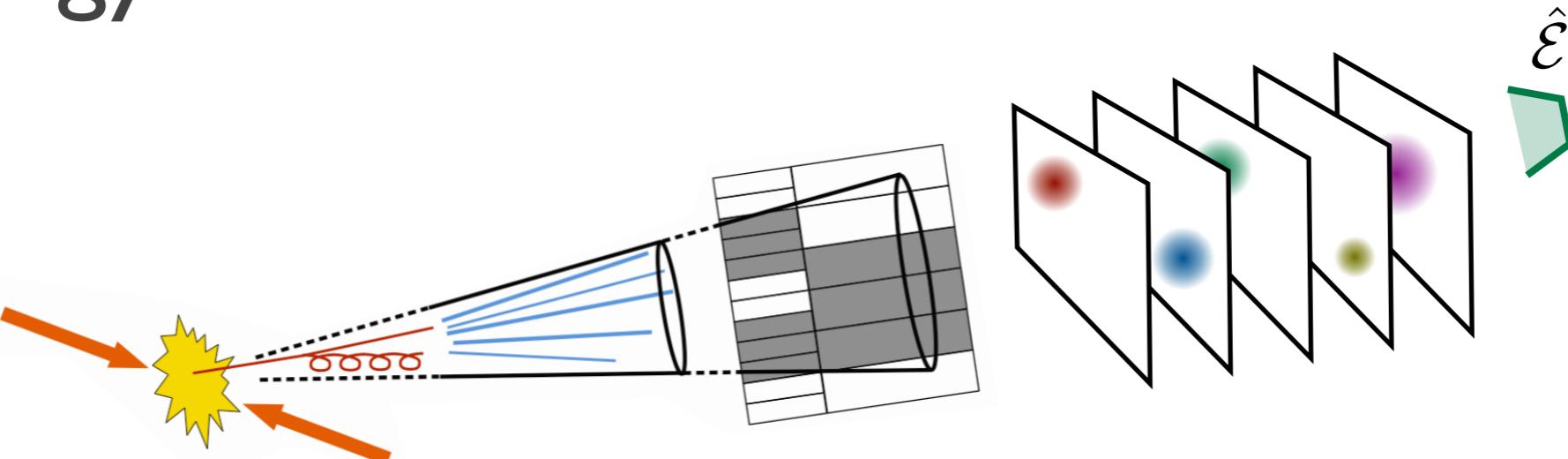


$\Rightarrow$  Solution  $S(\mathcal{J})$

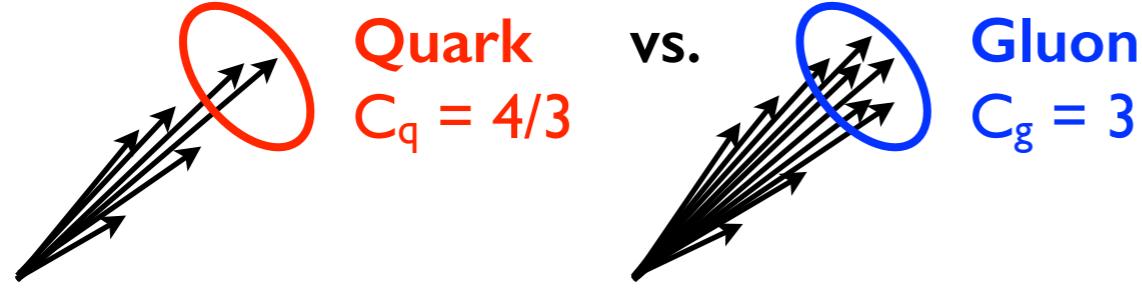
$\Rightarrow$  Verification  $V(\mathcal{J})$

*Check that answer  
is physically sensible*

# E.g. Energy Flow Networks

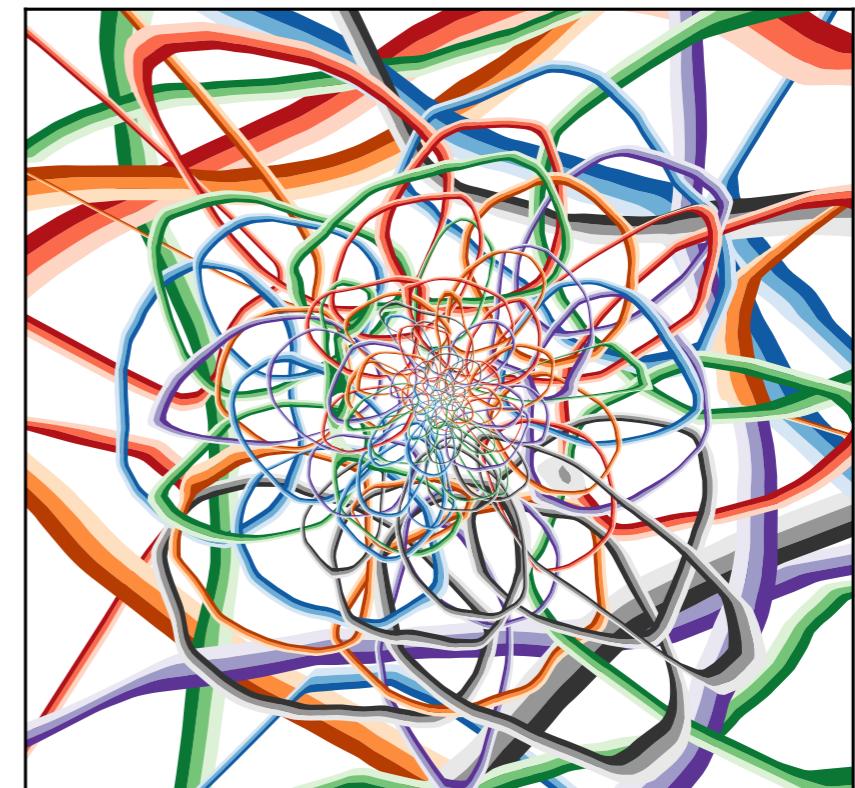
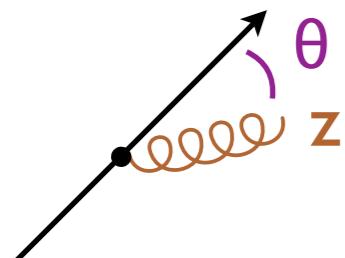


*Learning QCD singularities!*



AP splitting probability:

$$dP_{i \rightarrow ig} \simeq \frac{2\alpha_s}{\pi} C_i \frac{d\theta}{\theta} \frac{dz}{z}$$



[Komiske, Metodiev, JDT, [JHEP 2019](#); see also Komiske, Metodiev, JDT, [JHEP 2018](#), [PRD 2020](#); special case of Zaheer, Kottur, Ravanbakhsh, Poczos, Salakhutdinov, Smola, [NIPS 2017](#)]

# Additional Travel Documentation

