

Collision Course

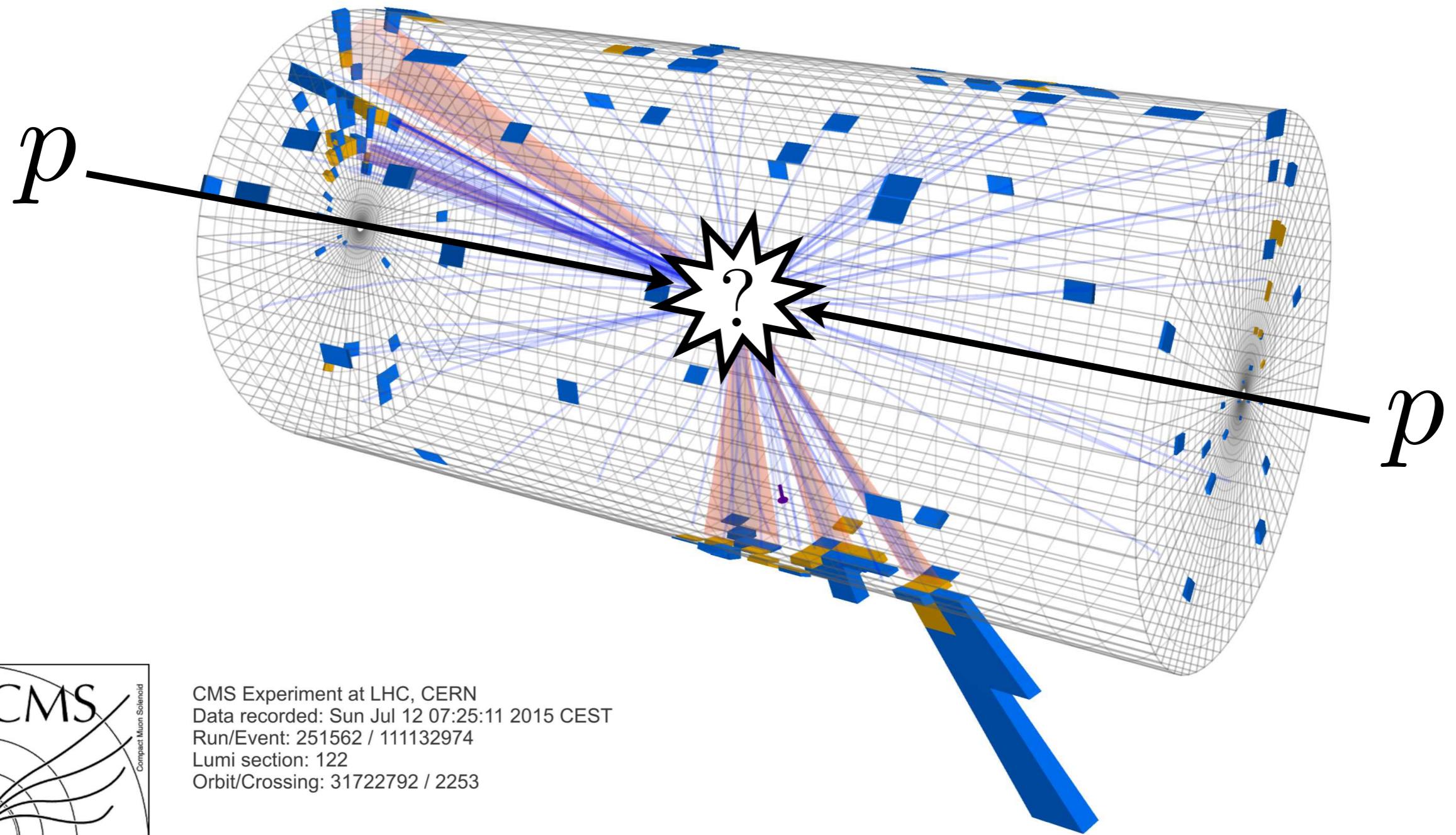
Particle Physics meets Machine Learning

Jesse Thaler



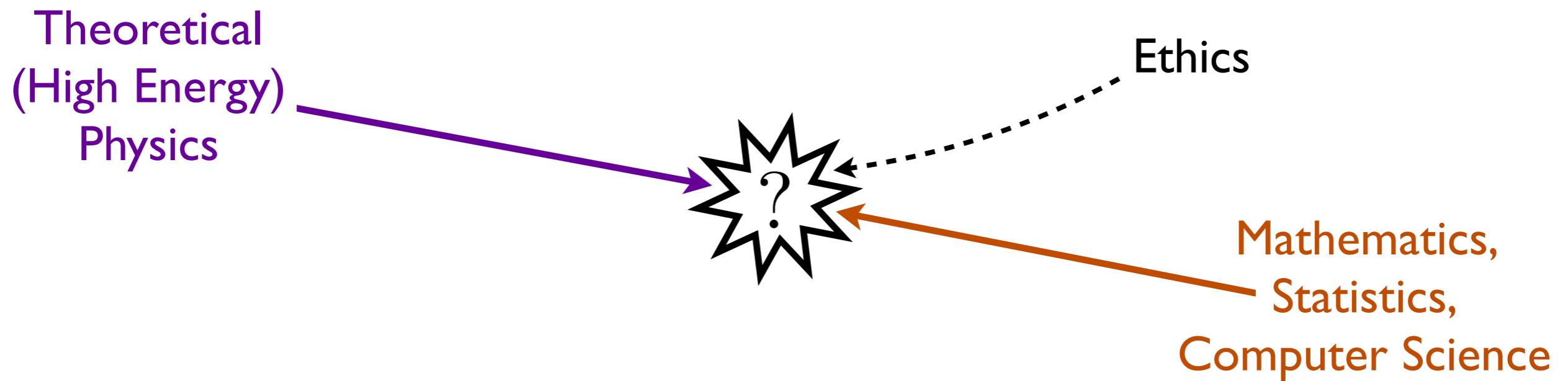
Physics Faculty Lunch Talk, MIT — September 19, 2019

“Collision Course”



“Collision Course”

“*Theoretical Physics for Machine Learning*”
Aspen Center for Physics, January 2019

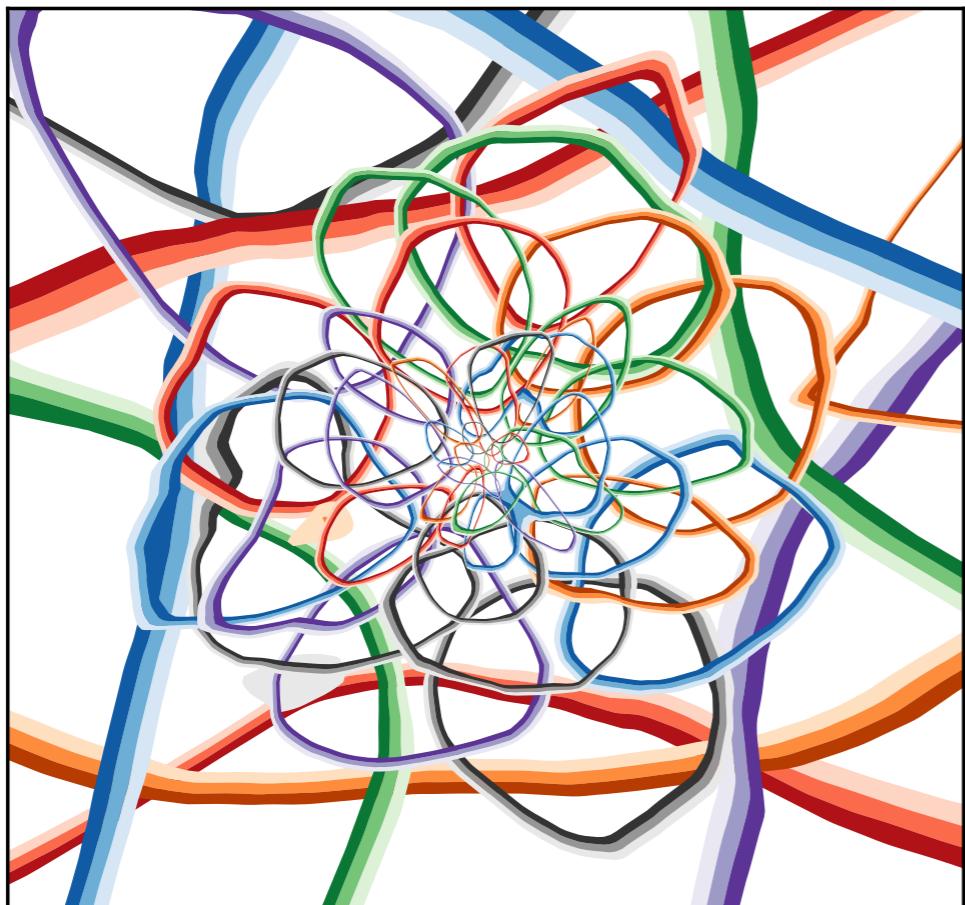


*New insights into particle physics**
*facilitated by advances in machine learning**
(and vice versa?)

Today's Talk: Two Anecdotes

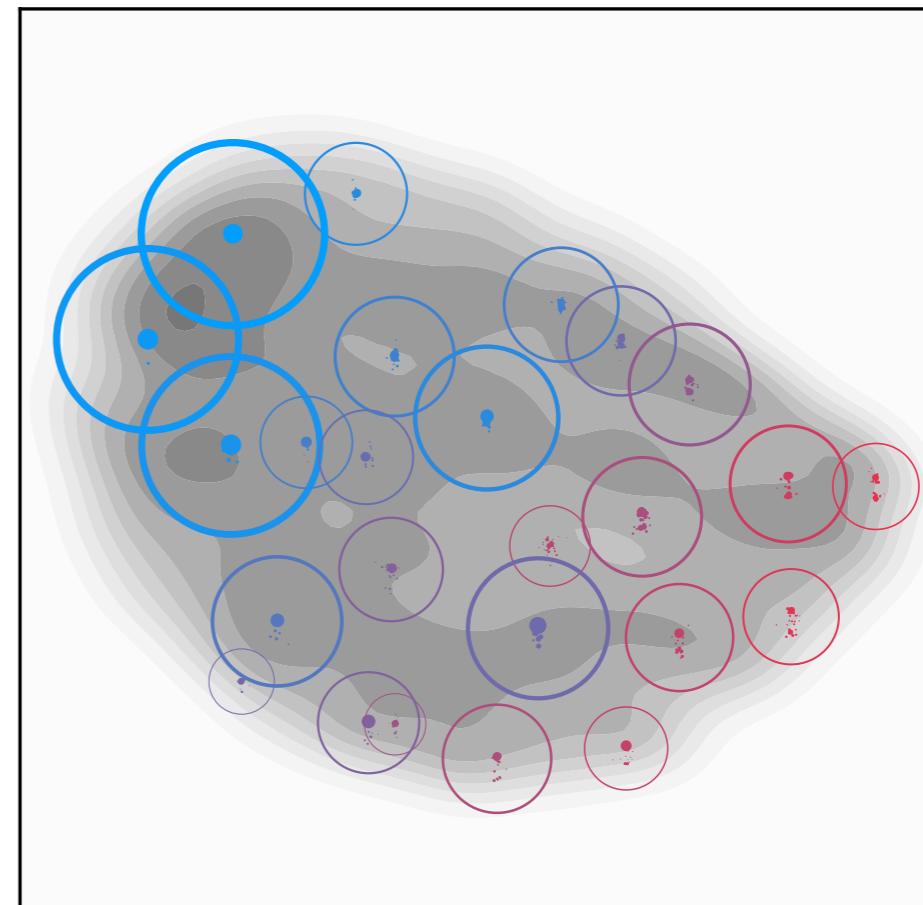


Teaching a Machine to “Think Like a Physicist”



[Komiske, Metodiev, JDT, JHEP 2019]

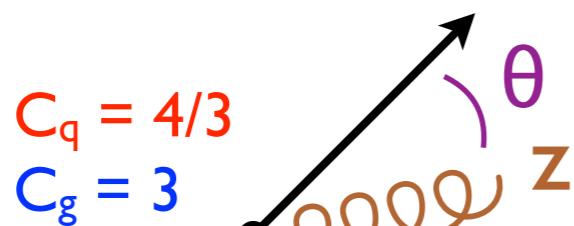
Letting Collider Data Speak for Itself



[Komiske, Mastandrea, Metodiev, Naik, JDT, submitted to PRD;
based on Komiske, Metodiev, JDT, PRL 2019]

*Data analysis strategies motivated by the
symmetries and structures of particle physics*

Exploiting a Core Prediction of QCD



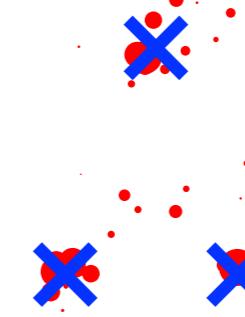
A Feynman diagram showing a quark line (black) interacting with a gluon line (wavy brown). A gluon loop is attached to the vertex. The angle between the quark line and the gluon line is labeled θ . The z-axis is indicated by a purple arrow.

$C_q = 4/3$
 $C_g = 3$

$$dP_{i \rightarrow ig} \simeq \frac{2\alpha_s}{\pi} C_i \frac{d\theta}{\theta} \frac{dz}{z}$$

[Altarelli, Parisi, [NPB 1977](#)]

N-prong Singularities of Gauge Theories



$$\tau_N(\mathcal{E}) = \min_{\text{axes}} \sum_i E_i \min_{a \in [1..N]} \{\theta_{a,i}\}$$

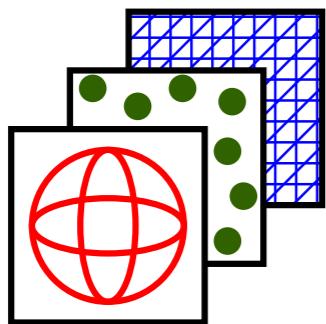
[Stewart, Tackmann, Waalewijn, [PRL 2010](#);
JDT, Van Tilburg, [JHEP 2011, JHEP 2012](#)]

New perspectives on key theoretical concepts

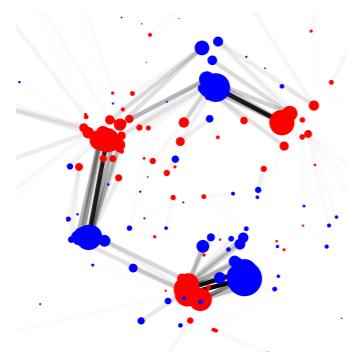
Outline



Scenes from My Sabbatical



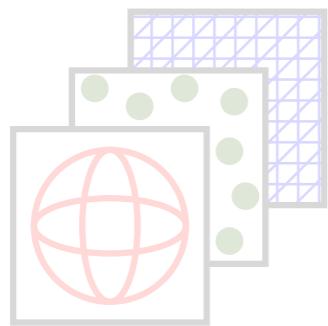
What is a Collider Event?



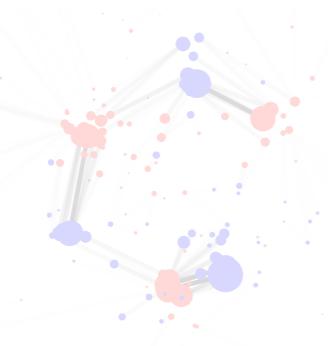
When are Collider Events Similar?



Scenes from My Sabbatical



What is a Collider Event?



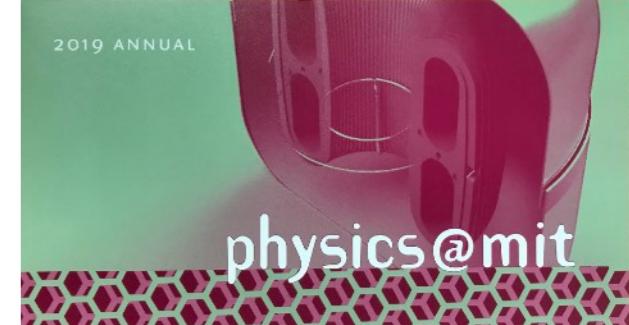
When are Collider Events Similar?

“Subway Sabbatical”

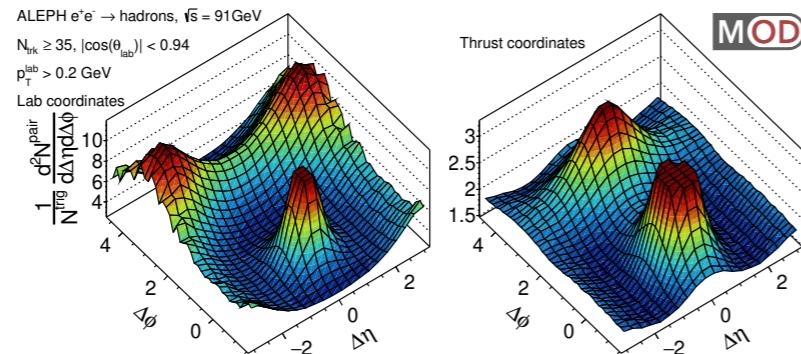
Thanks, SF !



Can't get away from MIT...

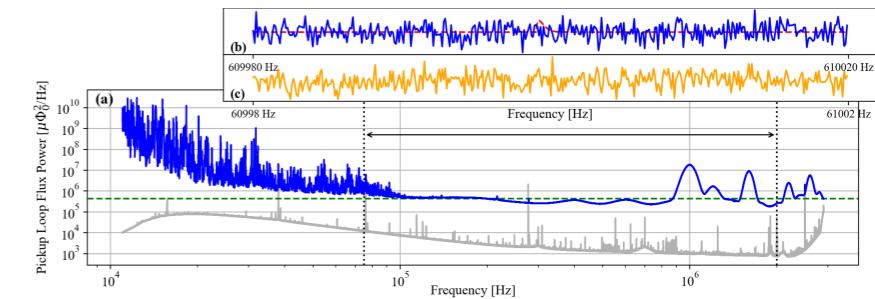


Back (to Back) to the Future



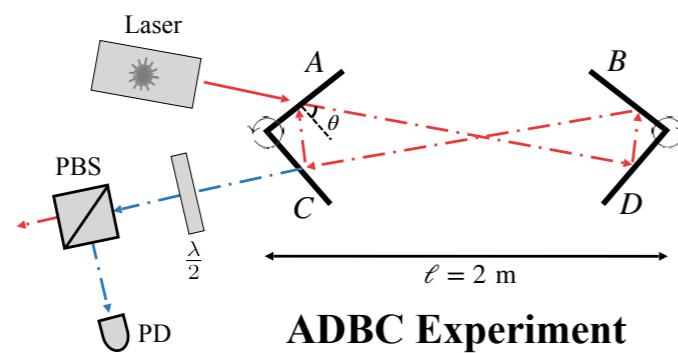
[Badea, Baty, Chang, Innocenti, Maggi, McGinn, Peters, Sheng, JDT, Lee, [submitted to PRL](#)]

. Abracadabra .



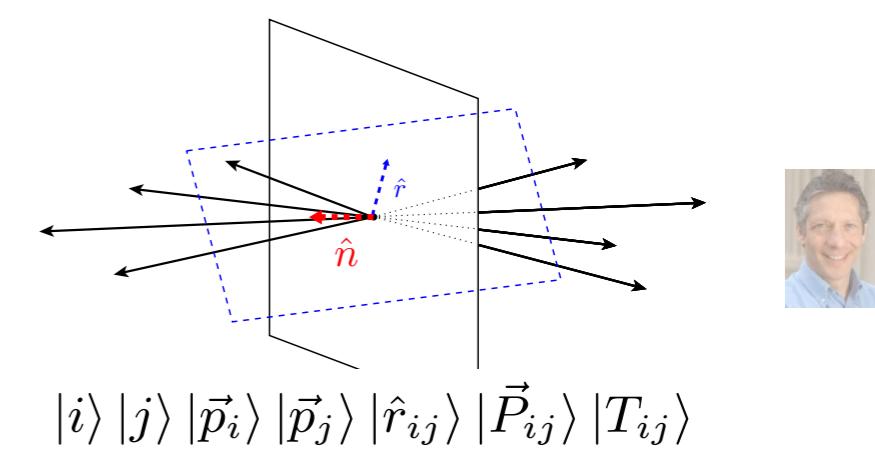
[Ouellet, Salemi, Foster, Henning, Bogorad, Conrad, Formaggio, Kahn, Minervini, Radovinsky, Rodd, Safdi, JDT, Winklehner, Winslow, [PRL 2019](#)]

Shining Light on Dark Matter



[Liu, Elwood, Evans, JDT, [PRD 2019](#)]

Quantum Collider Physics



[Wei, Naik, Harrow, JDT, [submitted to PRD](#); inspired by Farhi, [PRL 1977](#)]

Bringing people to MIT...

11th International Workshop on Boosted Objects



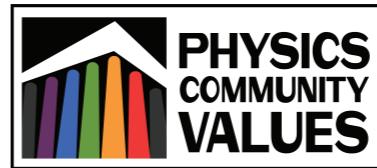
Phenomenology | Reconstruction | Searches | Algorithms | Measurements | Calculations
Modeling | Machine Learning | Pileup Mitigation | Heavy-Ion Collisions | Future Colliders

Local Organizing Committee:
Zeynep Demiragli (BU)
Philip Harris (MIT)
Yen-Jie Lee (MIT)
Matthew Schwartz (Harvard)
Jesse Thaler (MIT)

International Advisory Committee:
Alyana Arce (Duke)
Lily Asquith (Sussex)
Jon Butterworth (UCL)
Reina Camacho Toro (CNRS)
Mrinal Dasgupta (Manchester)
Robin Erbacher (UC Davis)
Gregor Kasieczka (Hamburg)
Andrew Larkoski (Reed)
Peter Loch (Arizona)
David Miller (Chicago)
Mihoko M. Nojiri (KEK)
Sal Rappoccio (Buffalo)
Gavin Salam (Oxford)
Alexander Schmidt (Aachen)
Ariel Schwartzman (SLAC)
Gregory Soyez (CNRS)
Marcel Vos (Valencia)

July 22-26, 2019
Stata Center, MIT

<https://indico.cern.ch/e/boost2019>



Our values

Well-being

We support each other at all times and remember that we are not alone.



Respect

We value the multitude of ways to be a physicist and the many paths through our field and Department.



Inclusion

We strive to speak and act in ways that support and include all members of our community.



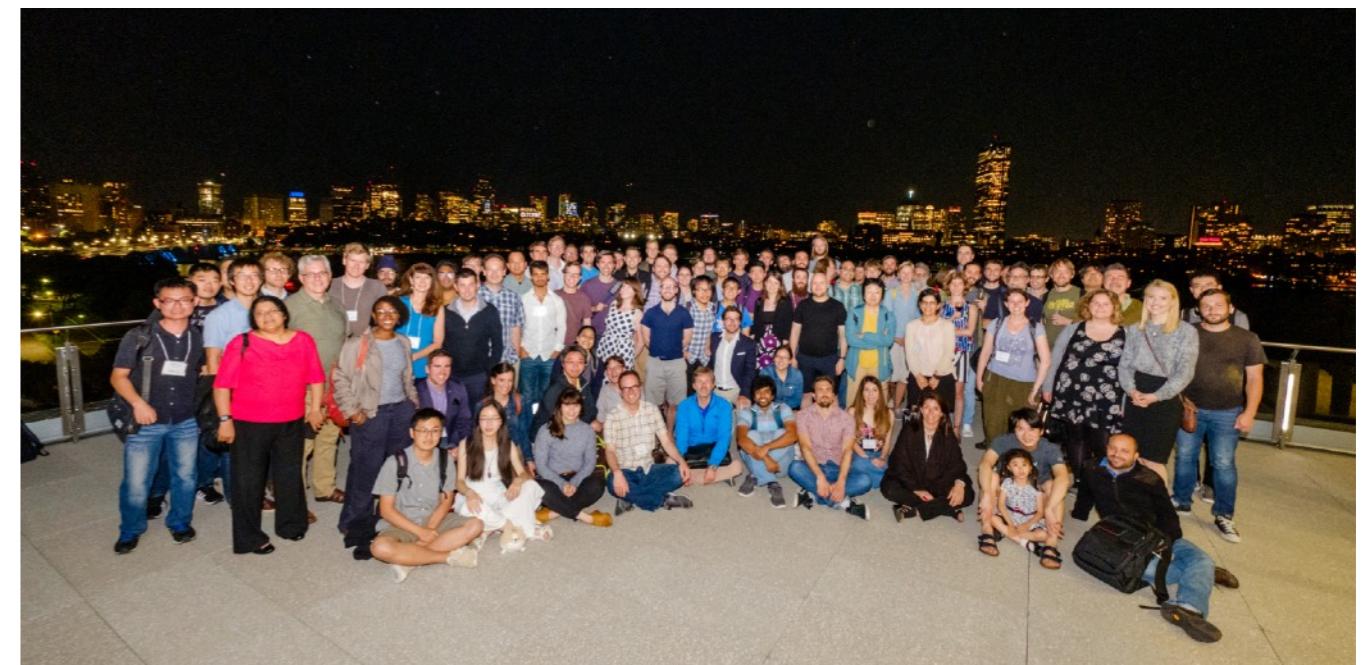
Collaboration

Physics is a social endeavor and we proudly collaborate with others to advance the field.

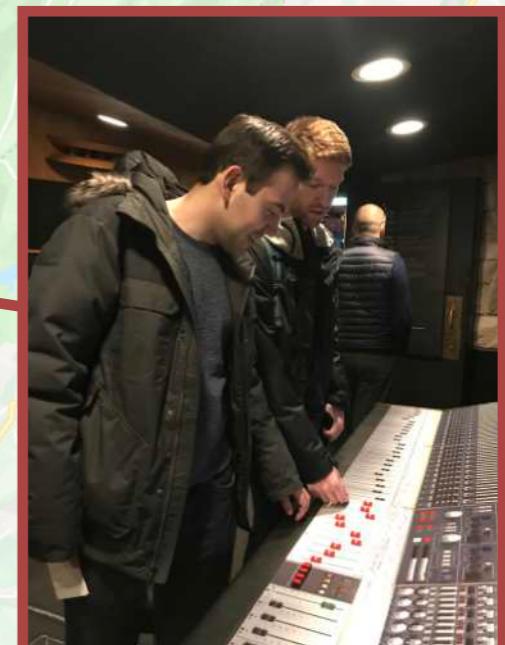


Mentorship

All physicists are here because of the mentorship we have received and continue to receive, and the mentorship we offer to others.



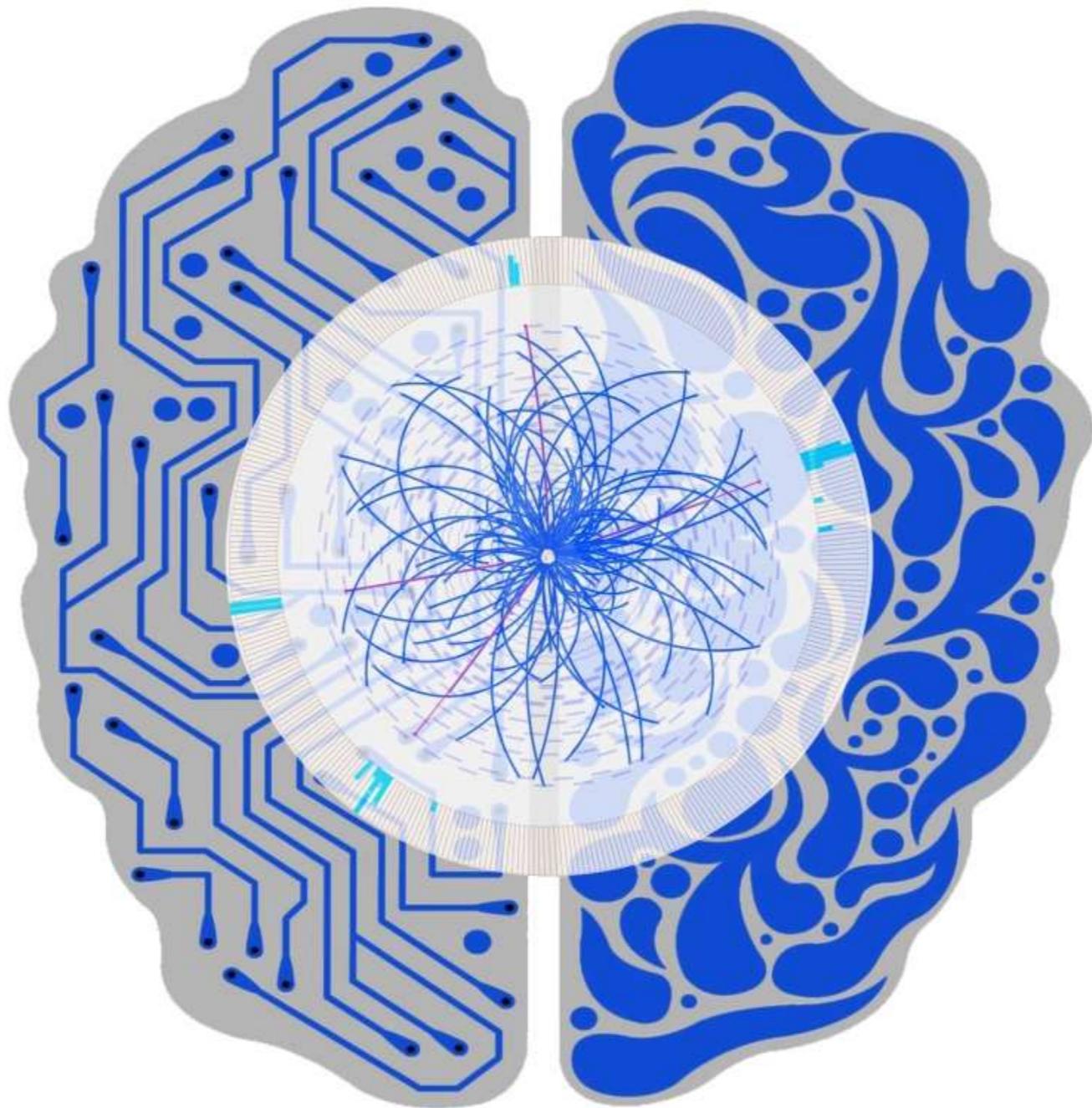
Taking MIT with me...



Eric Metodiev



Patrick Komiske

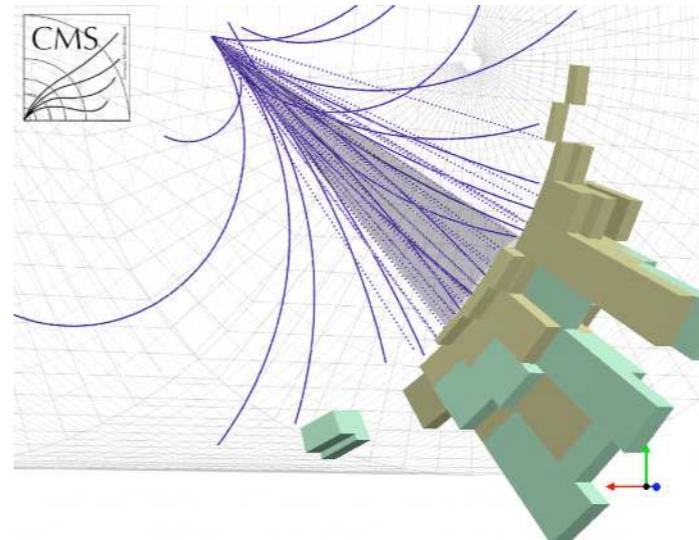


The Rise of Machine Learning

Cartoon of Machine Learning

“ML4Jets”
NYU, January 2020

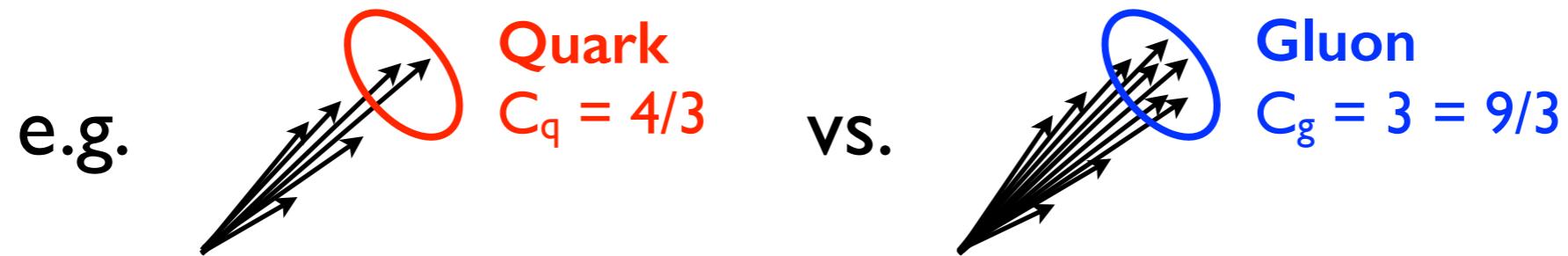
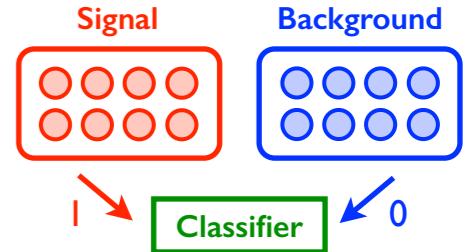
For this talk: \mathcal{J} = jet



E.g.: Problem = Minimize loss function
Solution = Multi-layer neural network
Strategy = Stochastic gradient descent

E.g. Jet Classification

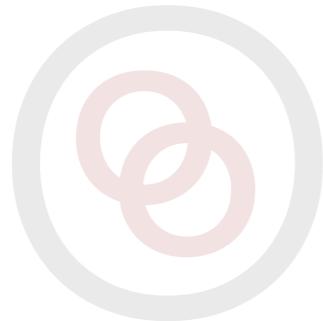
Key supervised learning task at LHC



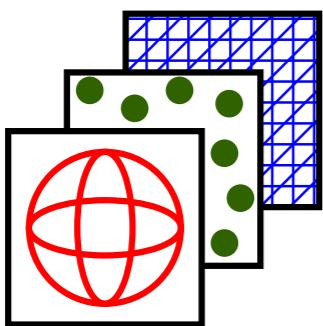
Find $h\left(\begin{array}{c} \text{jet} \\ \text{fan} \end{array}\right)$ such that

$$h(\text{Quark}) = 1$$
$$h(\text{Gluon}) = 0$$

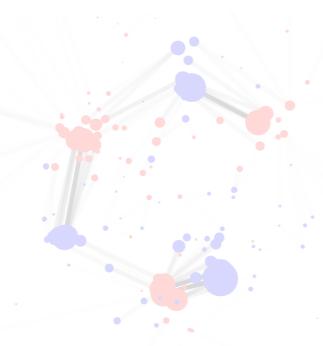
Best you can do: $h(\mathcal{J}) = \frac{p(\mathcal{J}|Q)}{p(\mathcal{J}|Q) + p(\mathcal{J}|G)}$
(Neyman-Pearson lemma)



Scenes from My Sabbatical



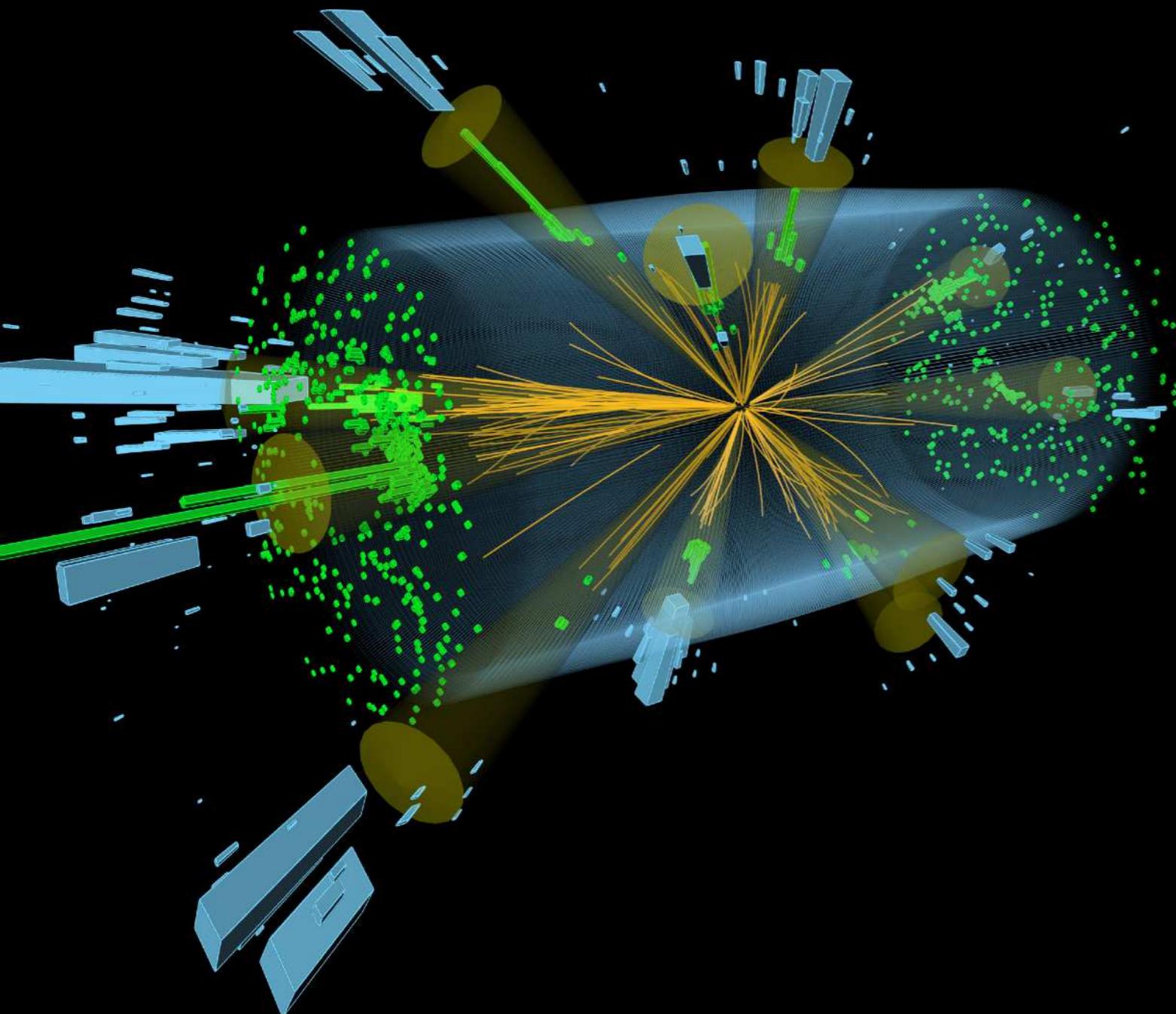
What is a Collider Event?



When are Collider Events Similar?

Collider Event

Collection of points in (momentum) space



T E H M

 γ

photon

 e^+

electron

 μ^+

muon

 π^+

pion

 K^+

kaon

 K_L^0

K-long

 p/\bar{p}

proton

 n/\bar{n}

neutron

elementary

composite

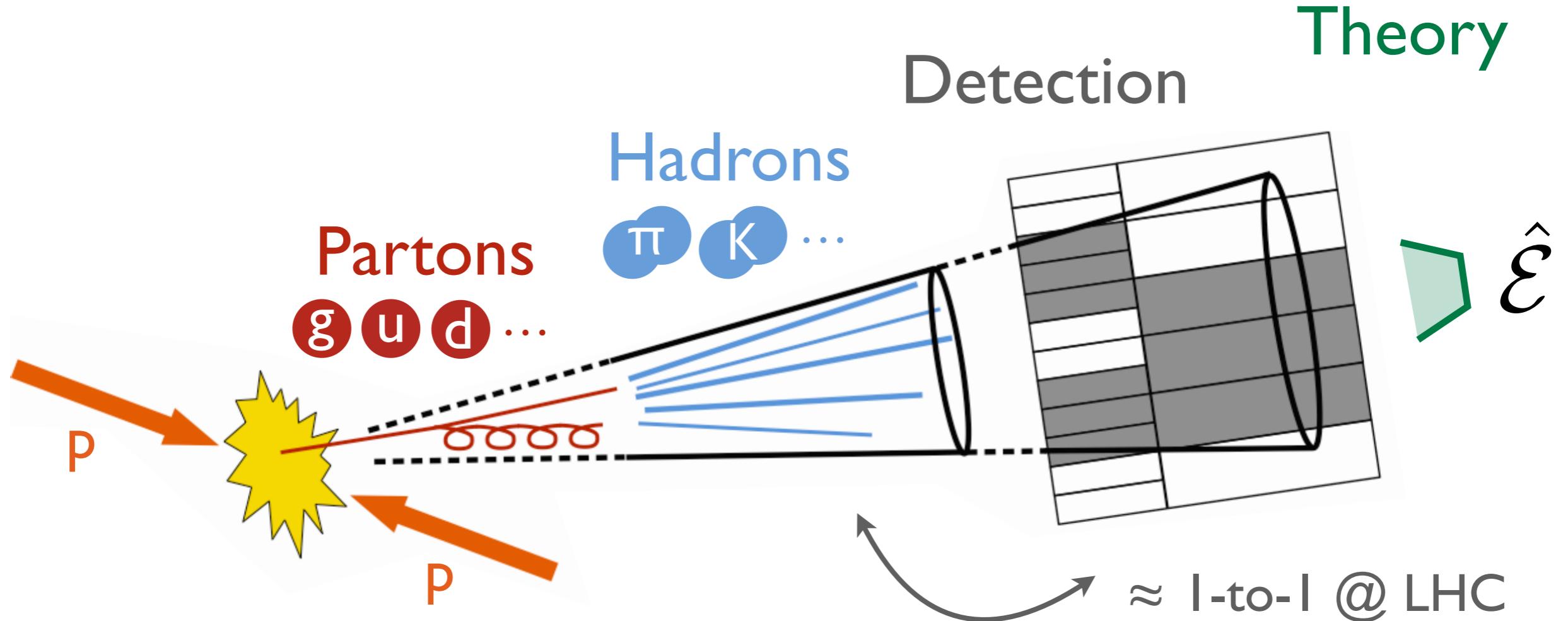
Point Cloud

Collection of points in (position) space



[Popular Science, 2013]

Jet Formation Process



Stress-energy flow:
Robust to non-perturbative and detector effects

$$\hat{\mathcal{E}} \simeq \lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} \hat{n}_i T^{0i}(t, vt\hat{n})$$

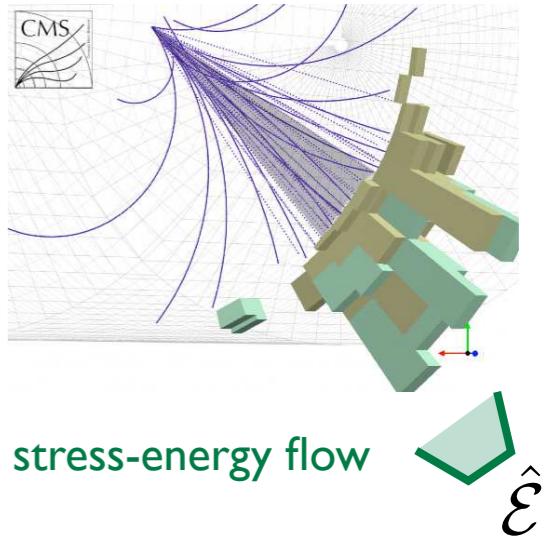
[Sveshnikov, Tkachov, [PLB 1996](#); Hofman, Maldacena, [JHEP 2008](#); Mateu, Stewart, [JDT, PRD 2013](#)]

Jets as Weighted Point Clouds

- Energy-weighted directions

$$\vec{p} = \{E, \hat{n}_x, \hat{n}_y, \hat{n}_z\}$$

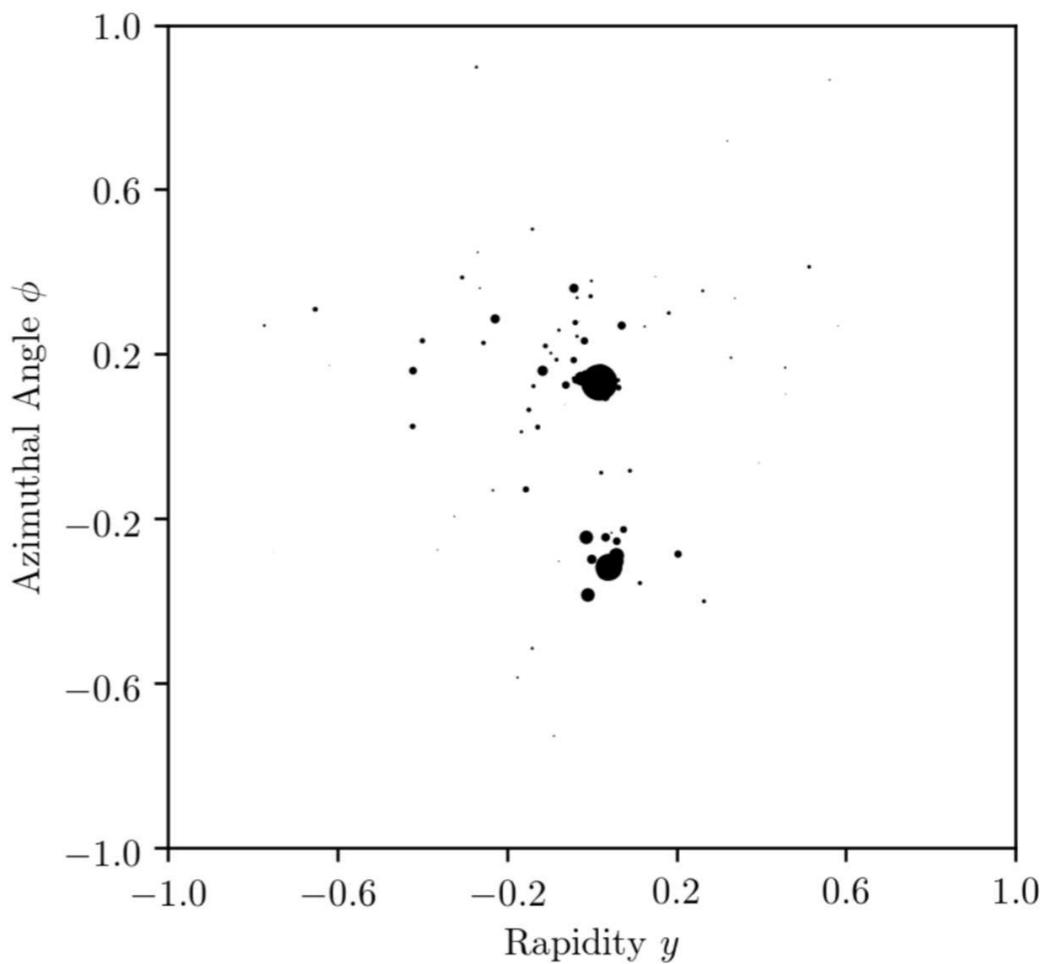
↑ ━━
Energy Direction



- Visualize as Energy Density

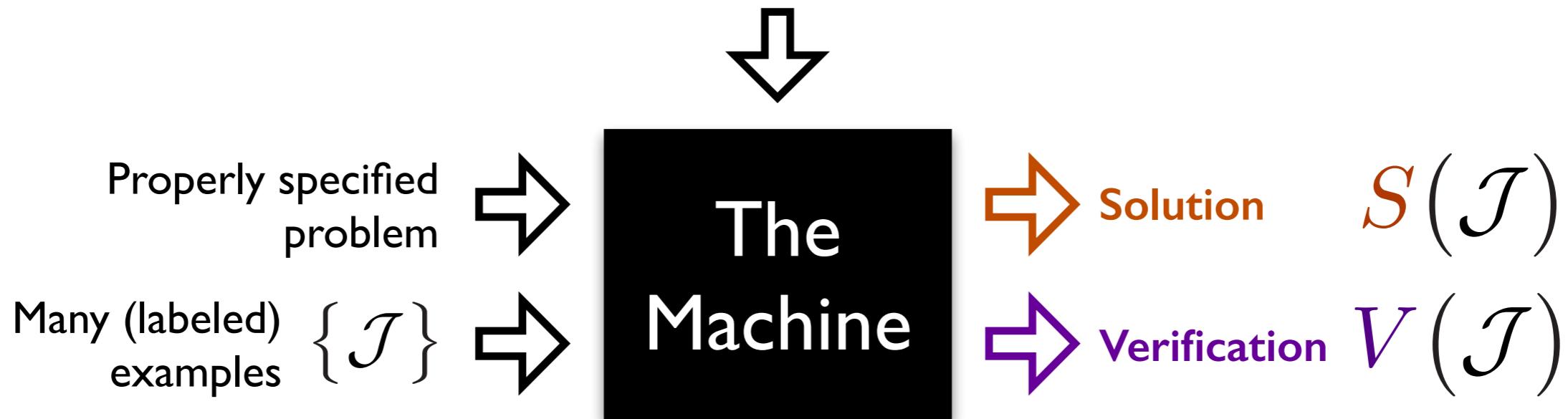
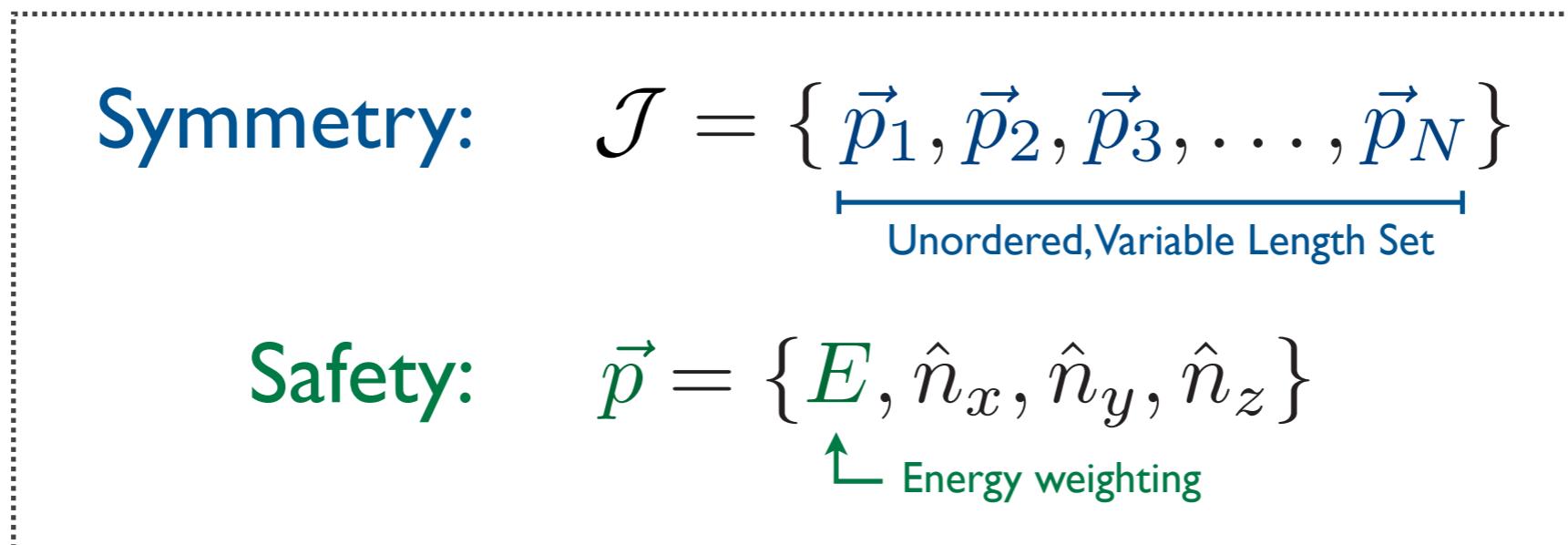
$$\rho(\hat{n}) = \sum_{i \in \mathcal{J}} E_i \delta^{(2)}(\hat{n} - \hat{n}_i)$$

↑ ↑
Energy Direction



- “Safe” to QCD singularities

“Thinking” Like a Physicist



*Check that answer
is physically sensible*

Theoretical (High Energy) Physics



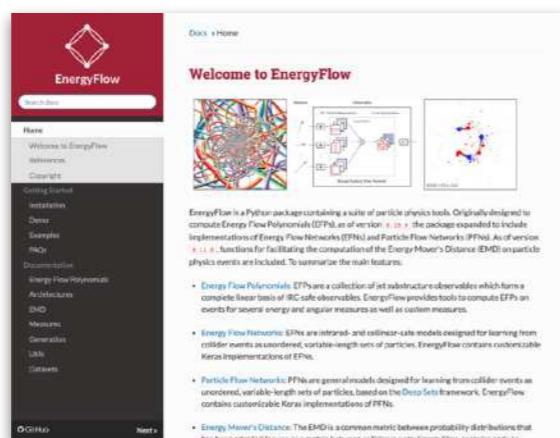
Patrick Komiske



Eric Metodiev



Mathematics,
Statistics,
Computer Science

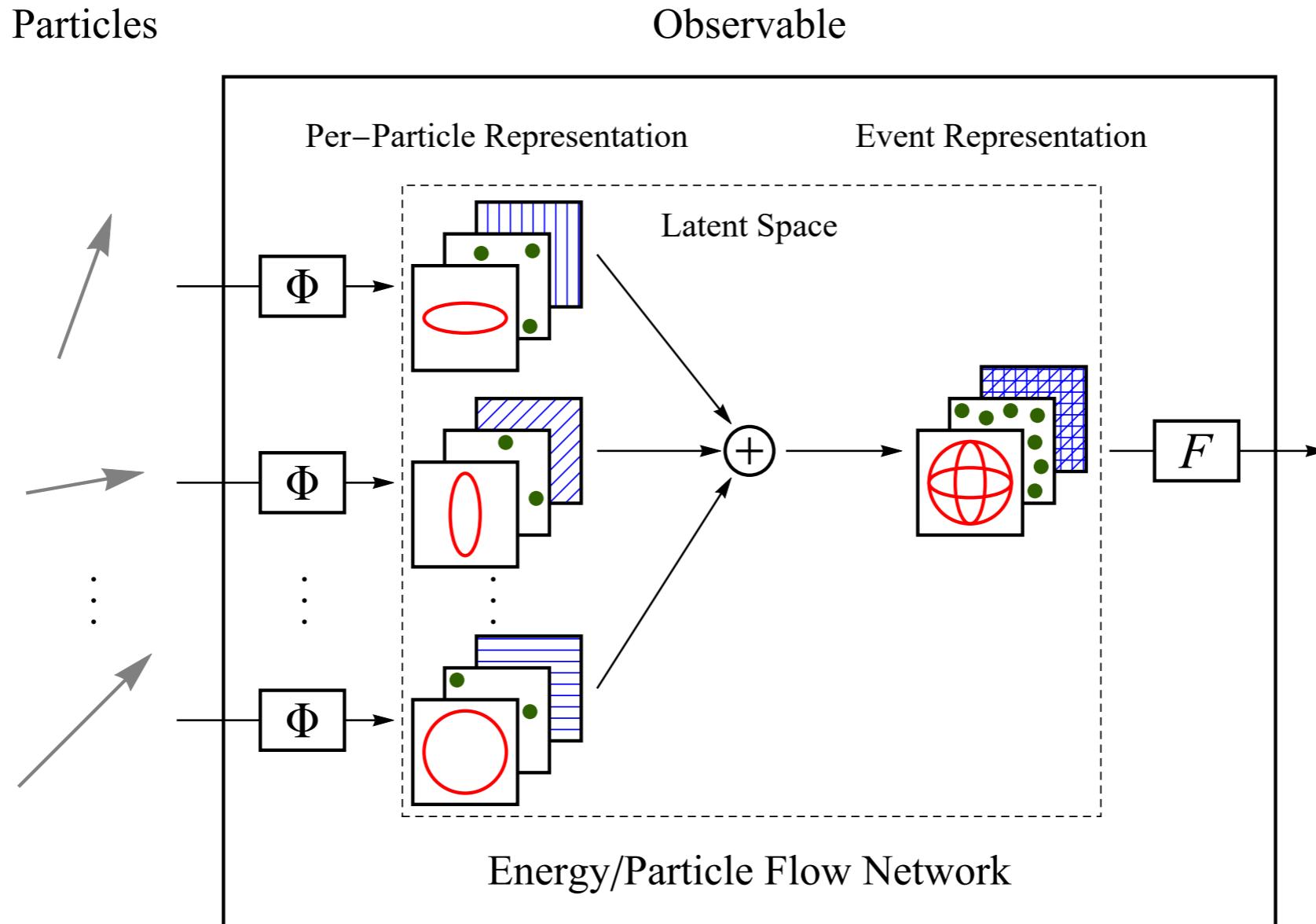


Energy Flow Networks

<https://energyflow.network/>

Energy Flow Networks

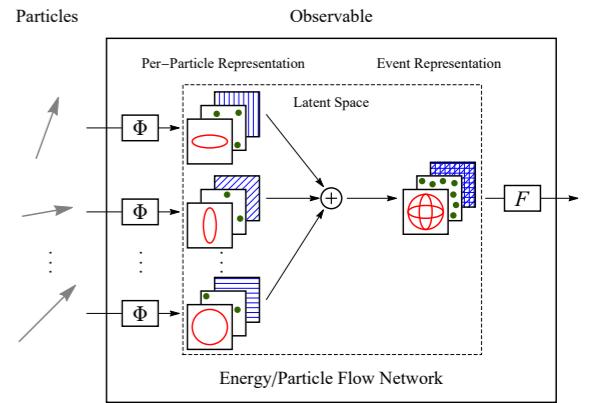
Architecture designed around symmetries and interpretability



[Komiske, Metodiev, JDT, [JHEP 2019](#); see also Komiske, Metodiev, JDT, [JHEP 2018](#); special case of Zaheer, Kottur, Ravanbakhsh, Poczos, Salakhutdinov, Smola, [NIPS 2017](#)]

Energy Flow Networks

Architecture designed around symmetries and *interpretability*



$$S(\mathcal{J}) = F(V_1, V_2, \dots, V_\ell)$$

↑
Parametrized with Neural Networks
(see backup for details)

Permutation invariant Linear weights

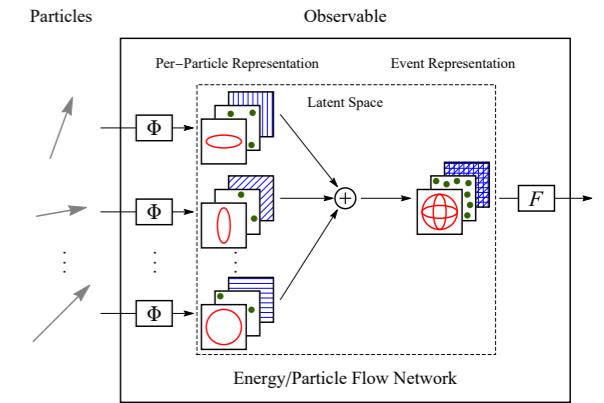
$$V_a(\mathcal{J}) = \sum_{i \in \mathcal{J}} E_i \Phi_a(\hat{n}_i)$$

Provably describes any safe observable (!)*
Excellent jet classification performance
Intuitive visualization strategy

[Komiske, Metodiev, JDT, [JHEP 2019](#); see also Komiske, Metodiev, JDT, [JHEP 2018](#); special case of Zaheer, Kottur, Ravanbakhsh, Poczos, Salakhutdinov, Smola, [NIPS 2017](#)]

Energy Flow Networks

Architecture designed around symmetries and *interpretability*

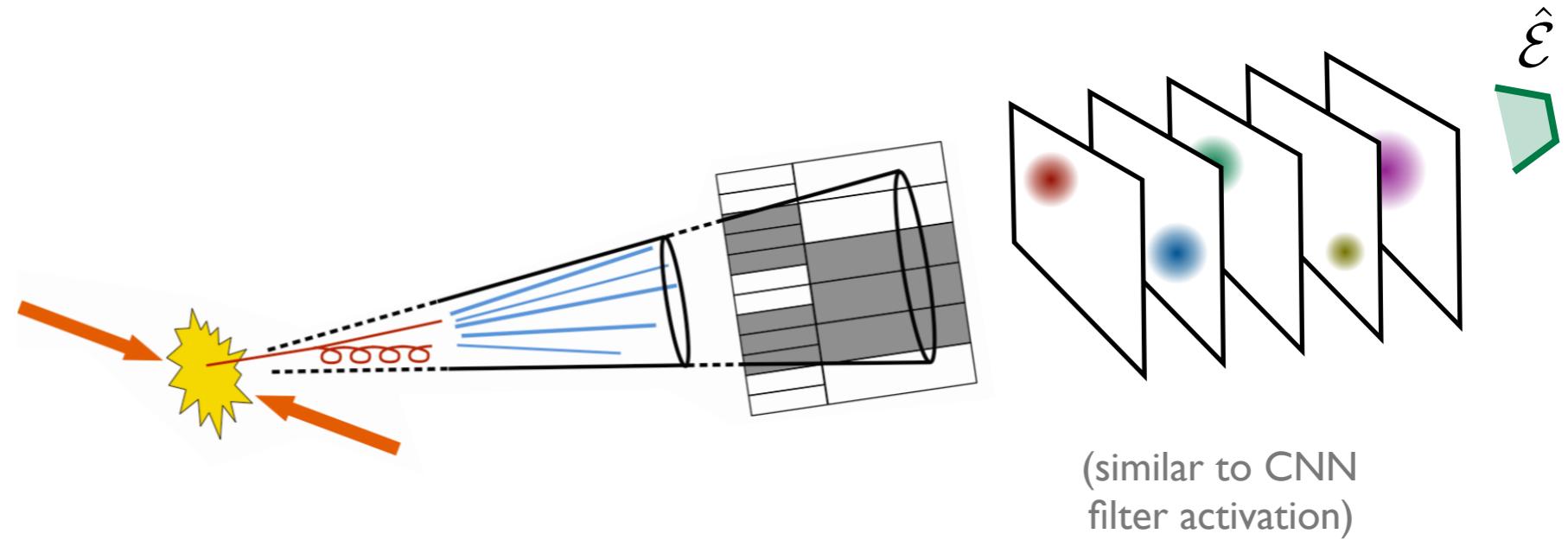


$$S(\mathcal{J}) = F(V_1, V_2, \dots, V_\ell)$$

Latent space of dim ℓ

$V_a(\mathcal{J}) = \sum_{i \in \mathcal{J}} E_i \Phi_a(\hat{n}_i)$

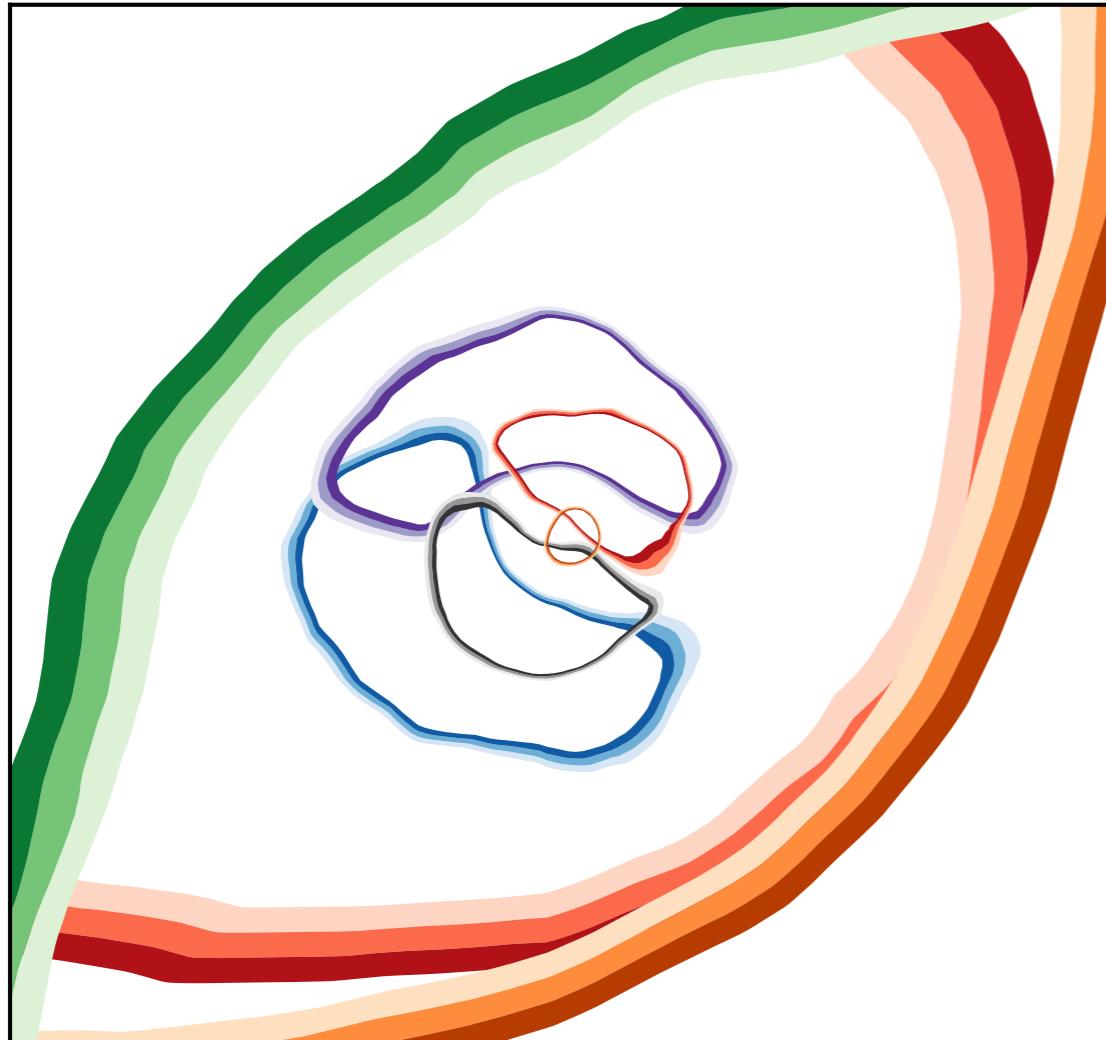
Can visualize if ℓ is small Easy to plot!



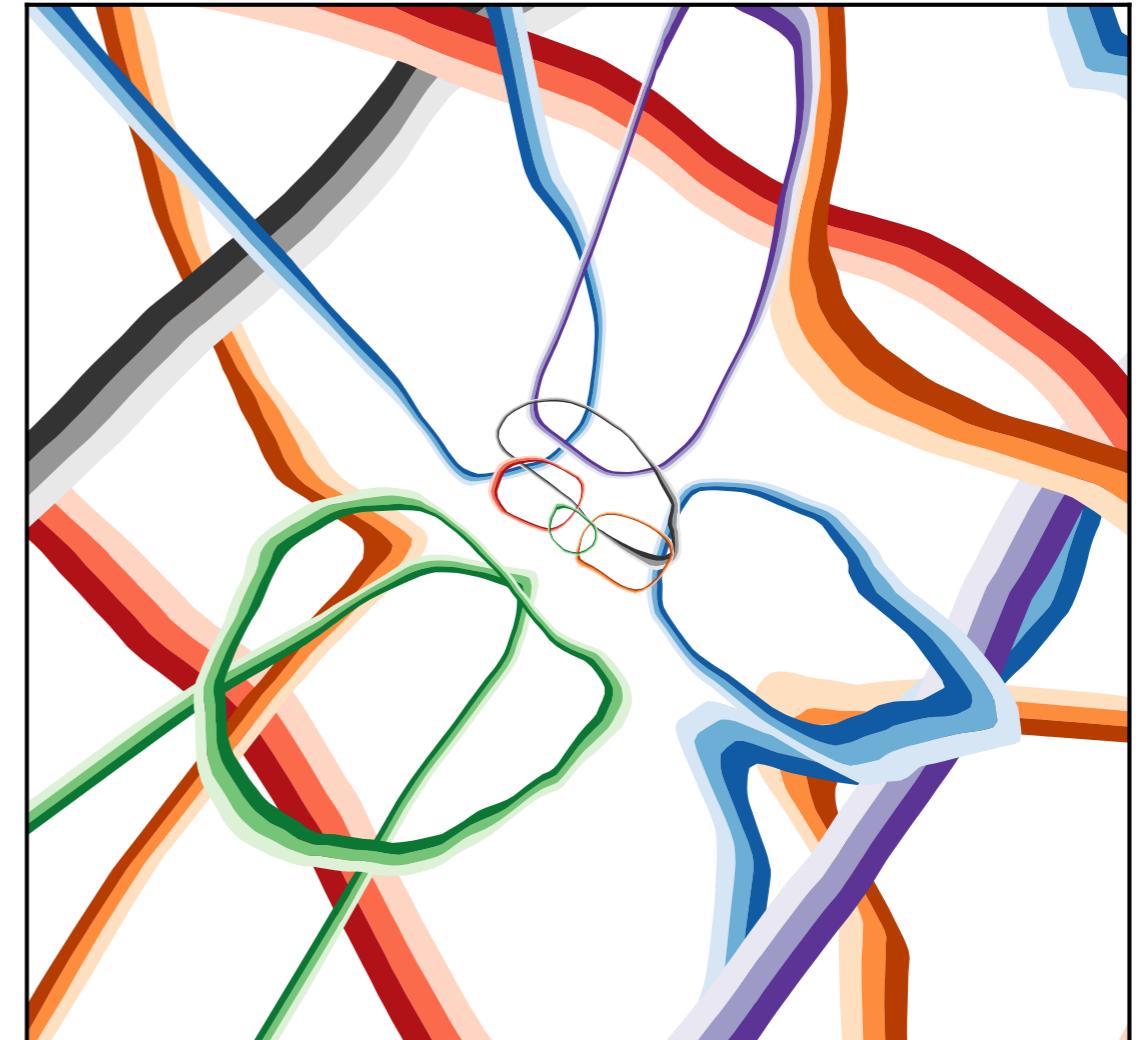
[Komiske, Metodiev, JDT, *JHEP* 2019; see also Komiske, Metodiev, JDT, *JHEP* 2018;
special case of Zaheer, Kottur, Ravanbakhsh, Poczos, Salakhutdinov, Smola, *NIPS* 2017]

Psychedelic Network Visualization

Latent Dimension 8



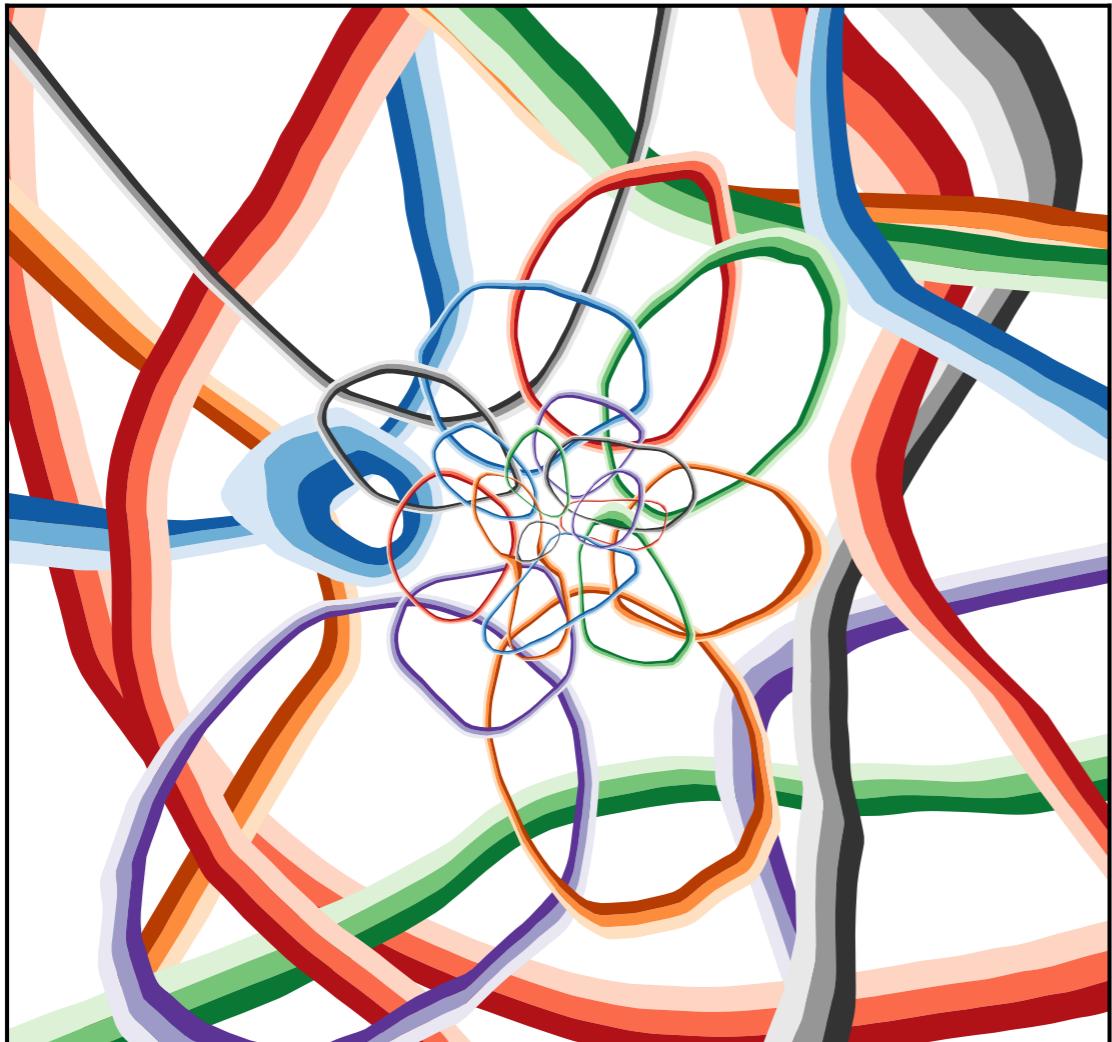
Latent Dimension 16



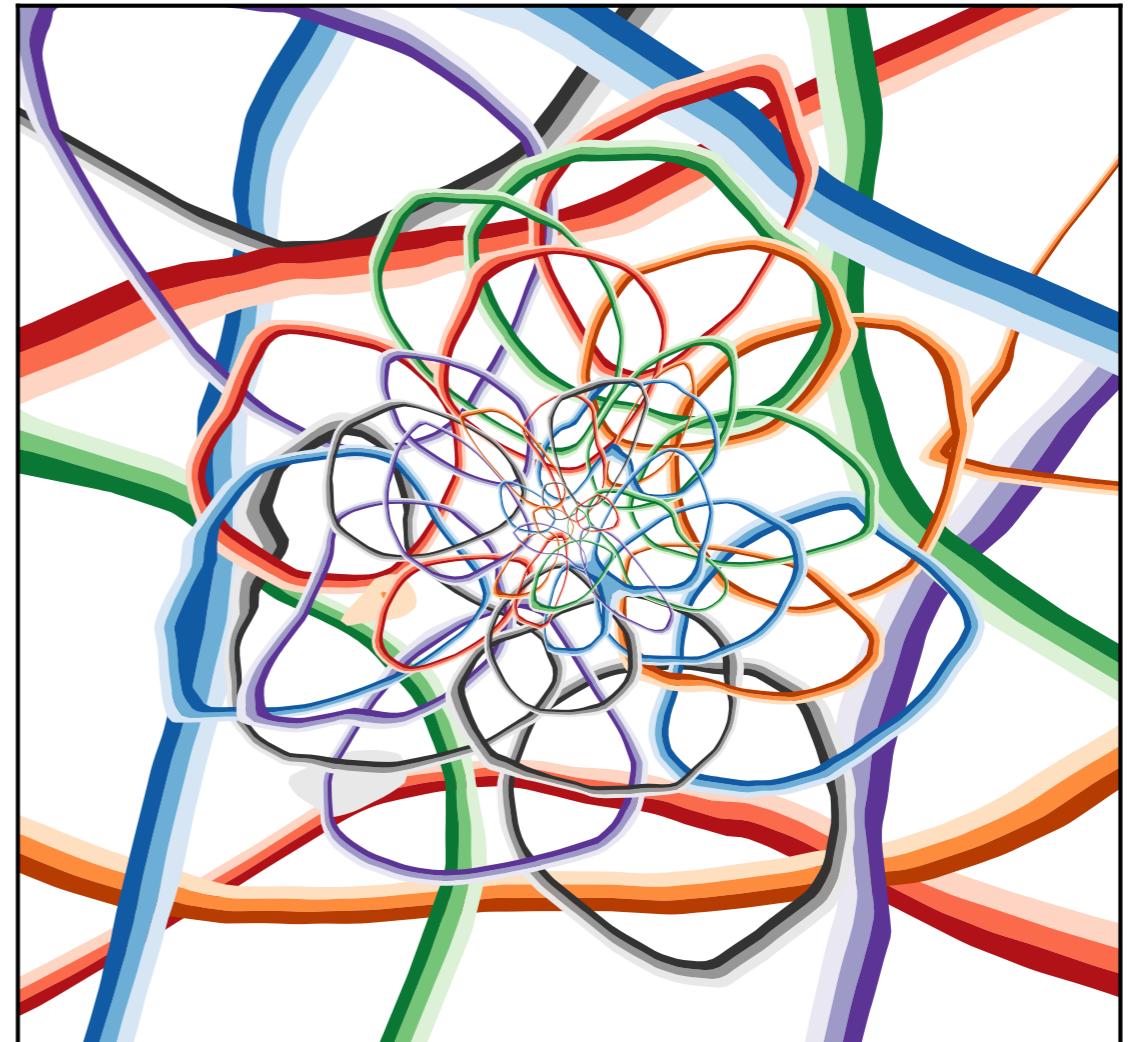
For the case of **quark** vs. **gluon** classification

Psychedelic Network Visualization

Latent Dimension 32

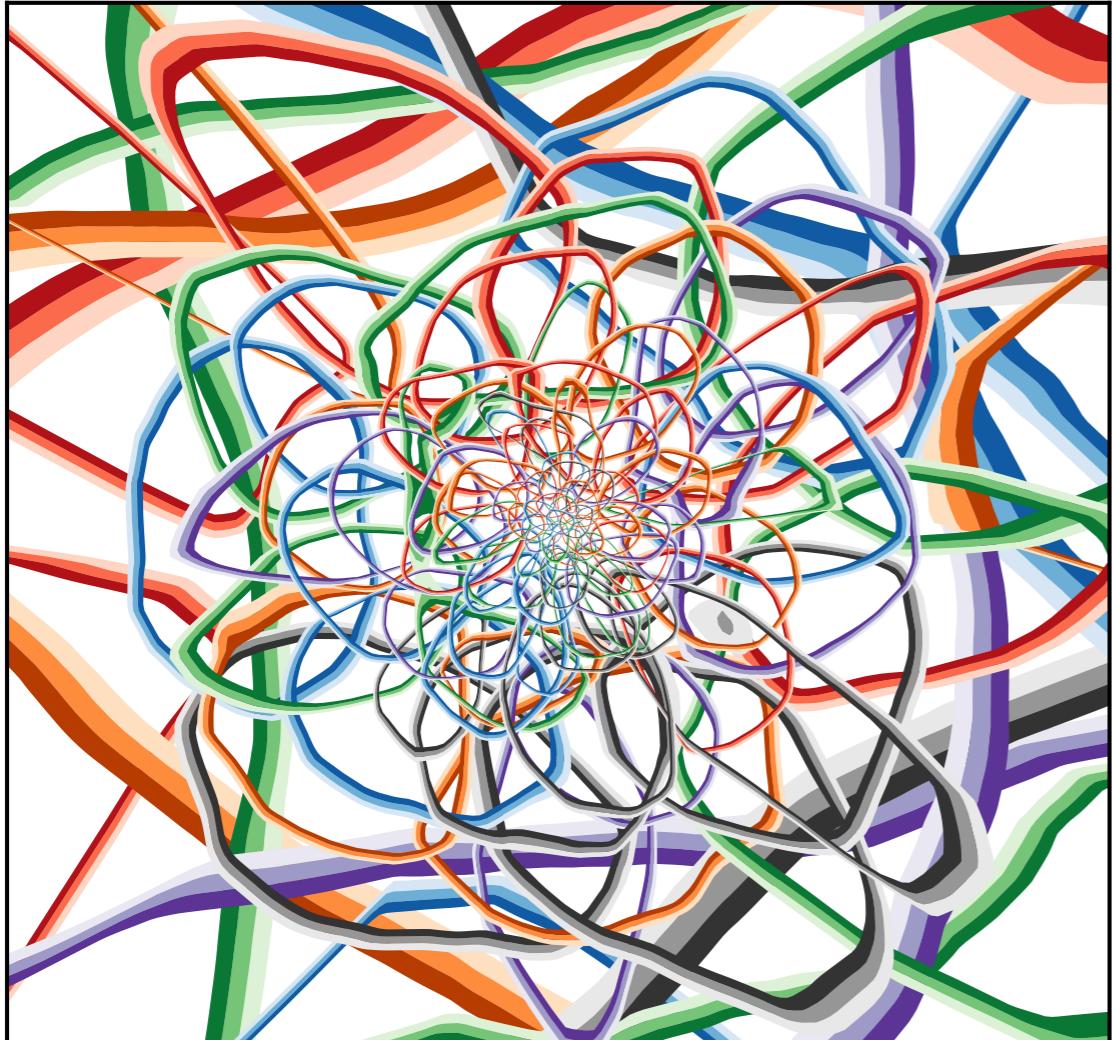


Latent Dimension 64

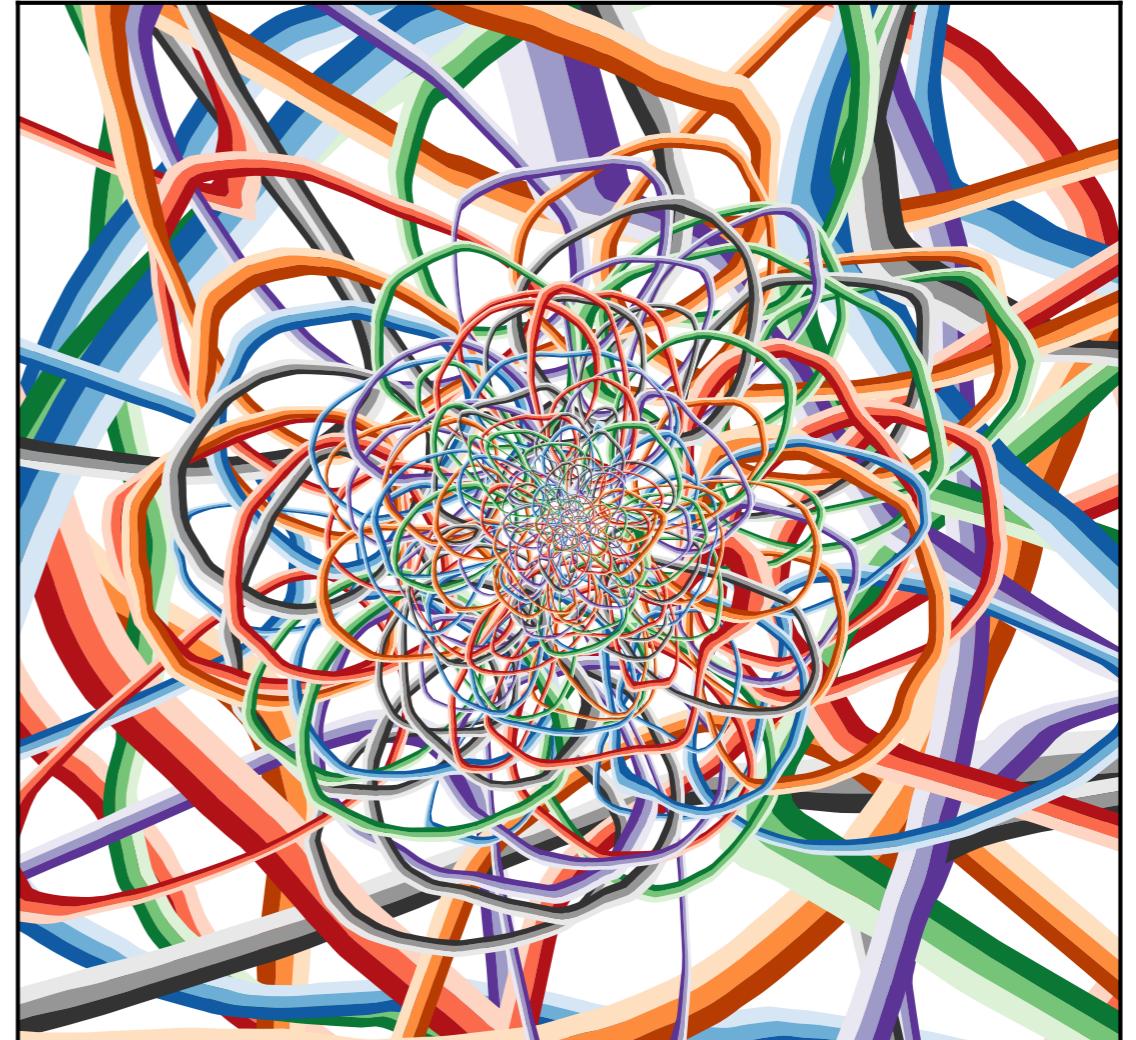


Psychedelic Network Visualization

Latent Dimension 128

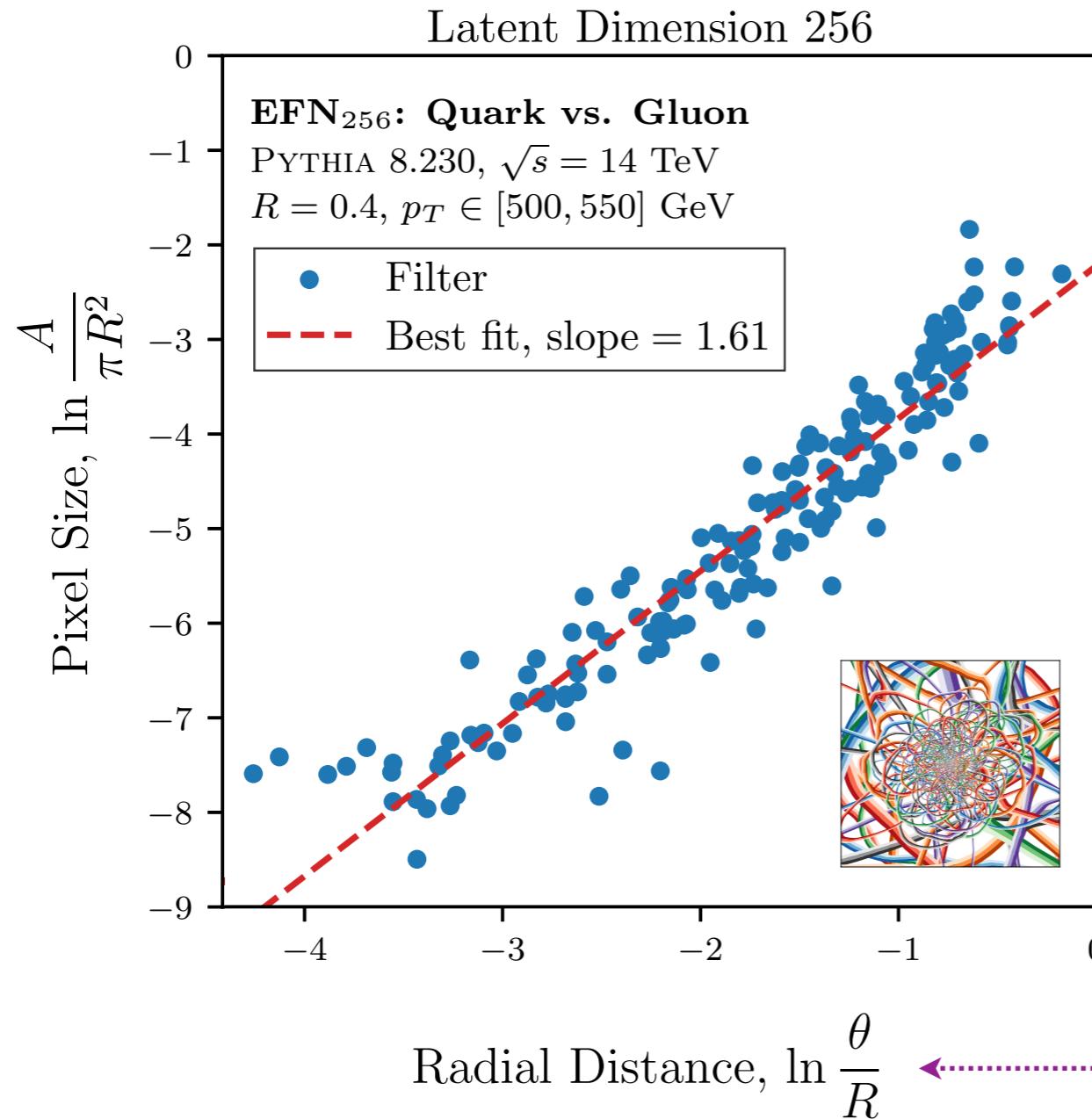
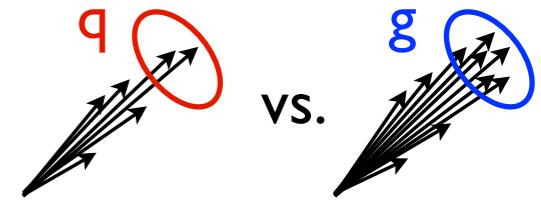


Latent Dimension 256



Singularity structure of QCD!

Putting the AI in Altarelli-Parisi



$$C_q = 4/3$$

$$C_g = 3$$

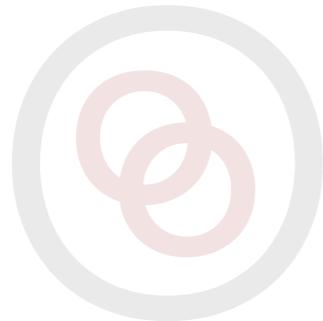
θ

z

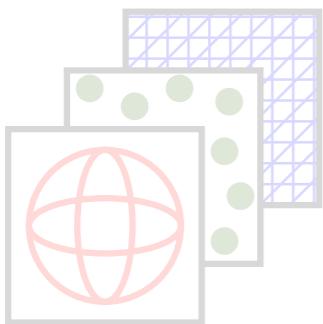
$$dP_{i \rightarrow ig} \sim \frac{2\alpha_s}{\pi} C_i \frac{d\theta}{\theta} \frac{dz}{z}$$

Collinear Soft

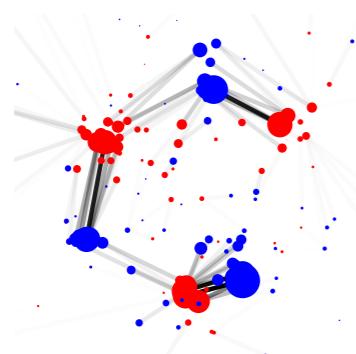
[Komiske, Metodiev, JDT, JHEP 2019]



Scenes from My Sabbatical



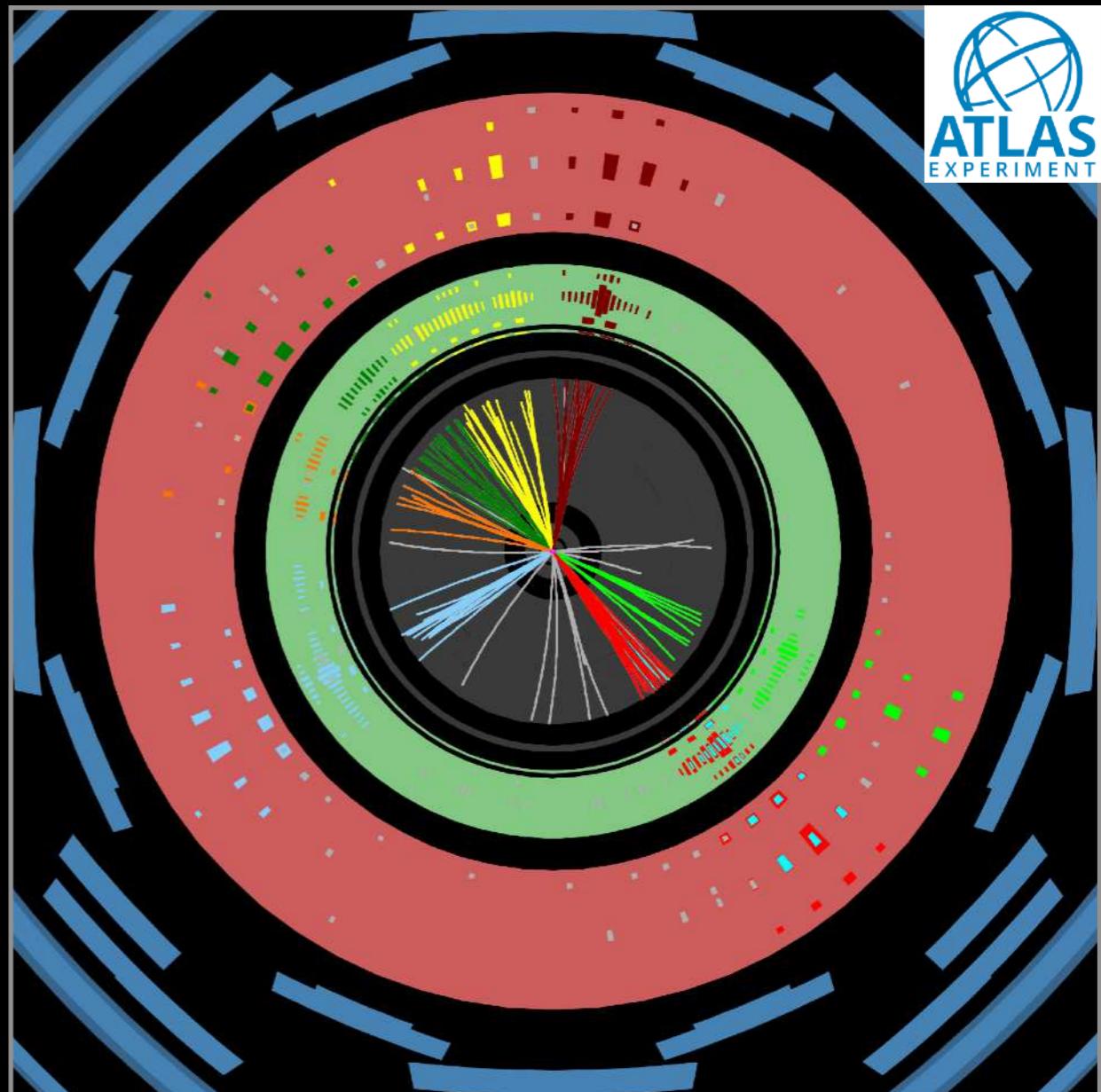
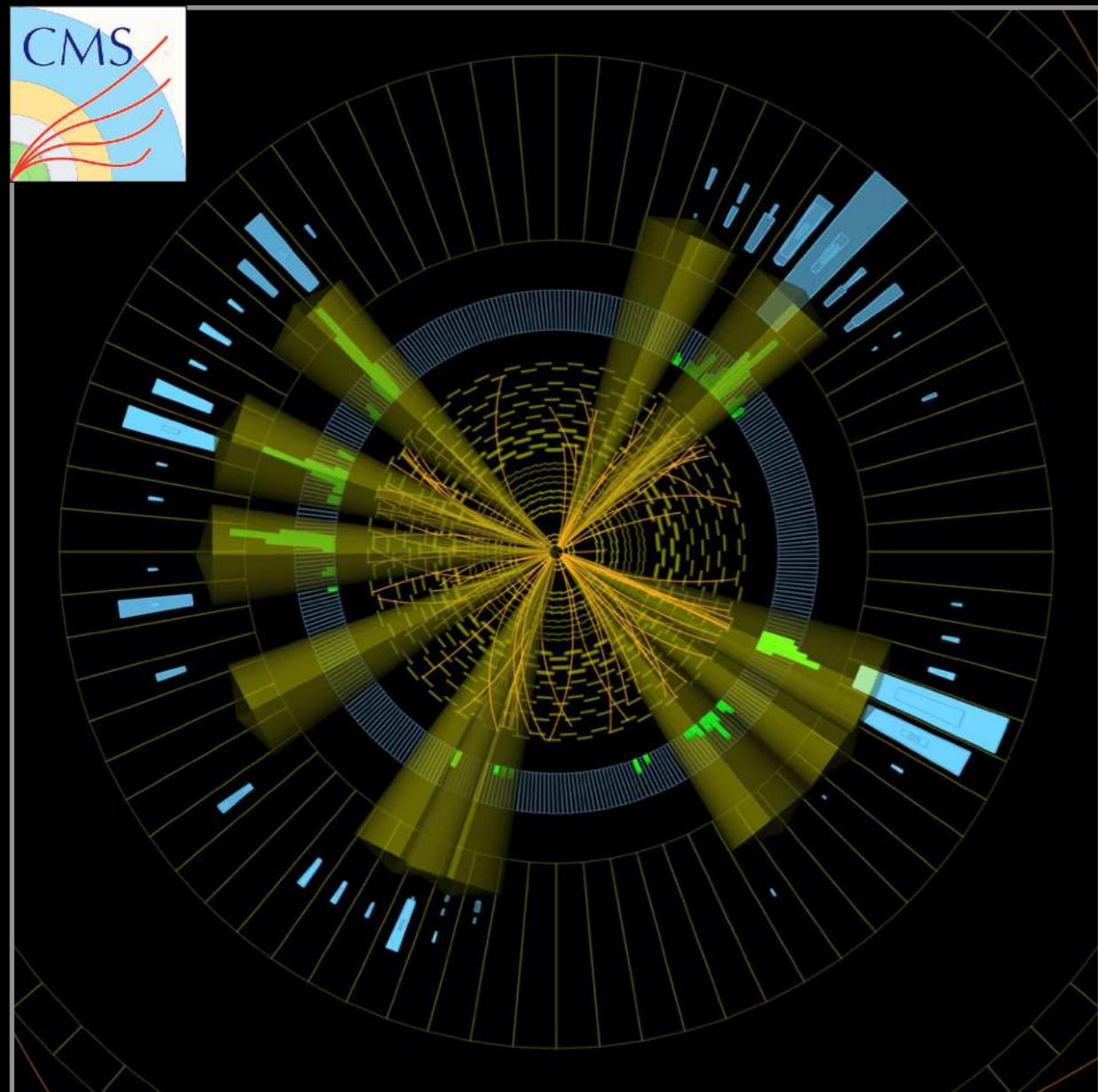
What is a Collider Event?



When are Collider Events Similar?

Two Collider Events

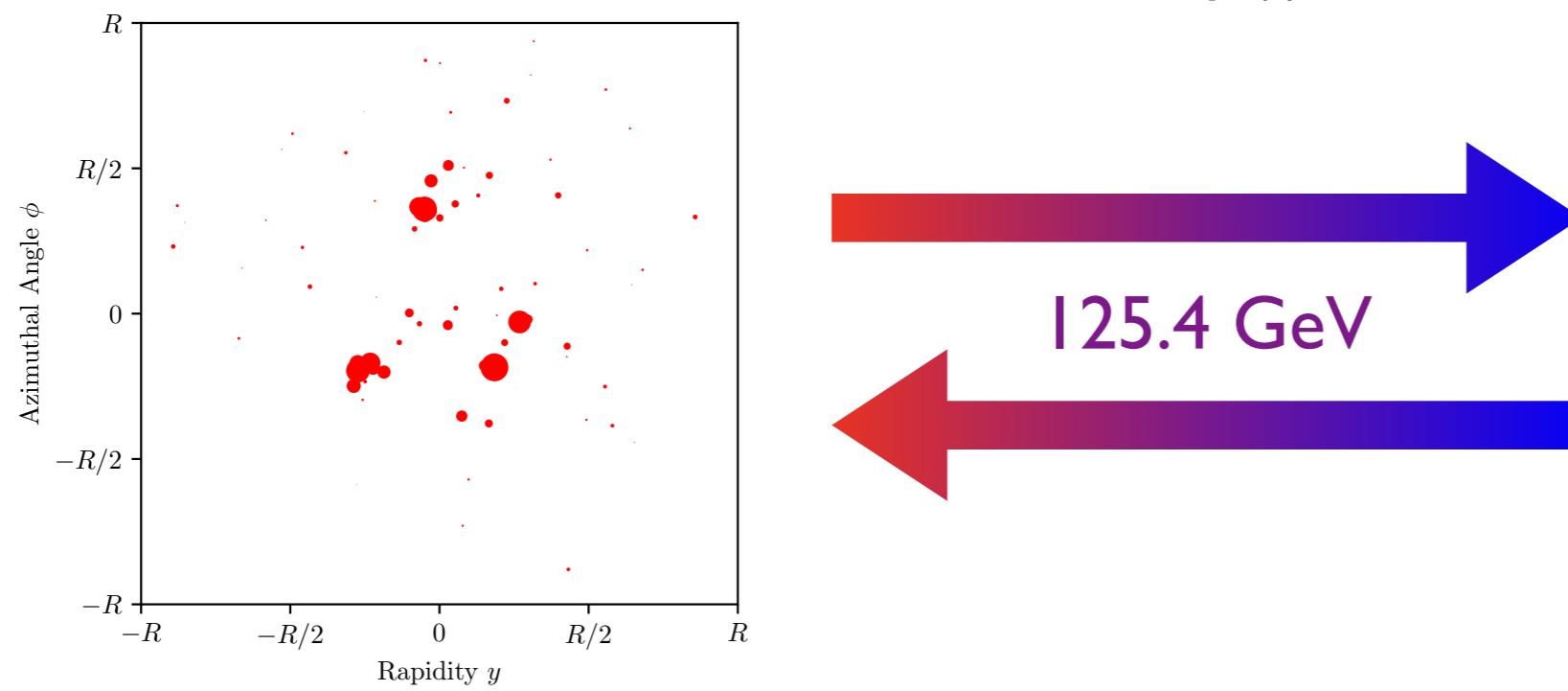
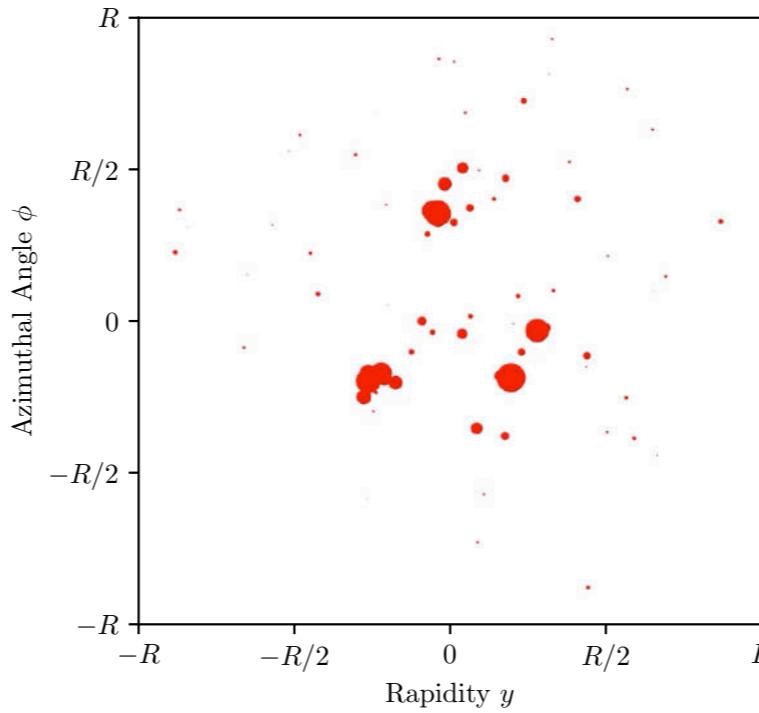
Two collections of points in (momentum) space



How “close” are these? (8.5 km?)

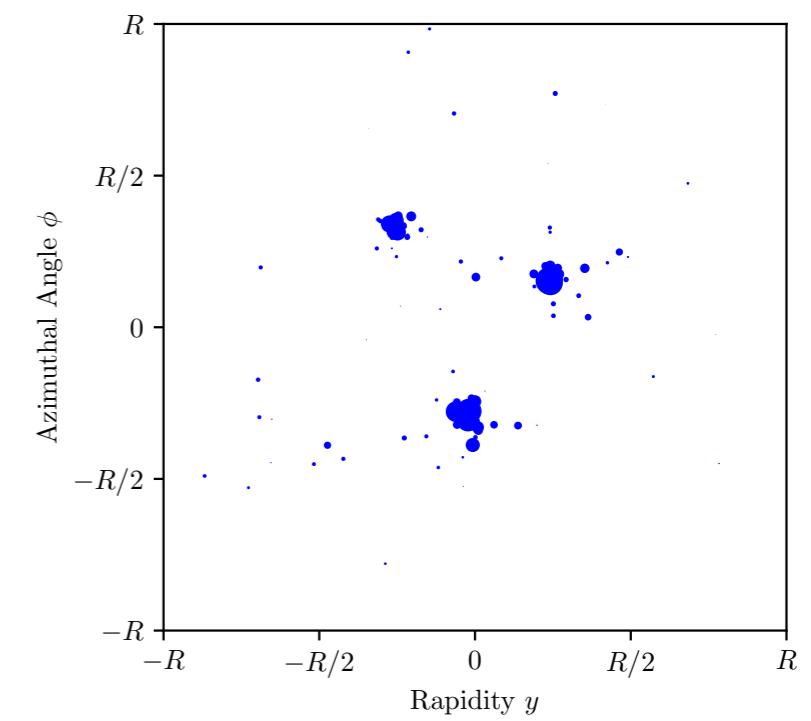
Similarity of Two Energy Flows?

$$\rho(\hat{n}) = \sum_{i \in \mathcal{J}} \textcolor{teal}{E}_i \delta^{(2)}(\hat{n} - \hat{n}_i)$$



Optimal Transport:
Earth Mover's Distance
a.k.a. l -Wasserstein metric

[Peleg, Werman, Rom, [IEEE 1989](#);
Rubner, Tomasi, Guibas, [ICCV 1998](#), [ICJV 2000](#);
Pele, Werman, [ECCV 2008](#); Pele Taskar, [GSI 2013](#)]

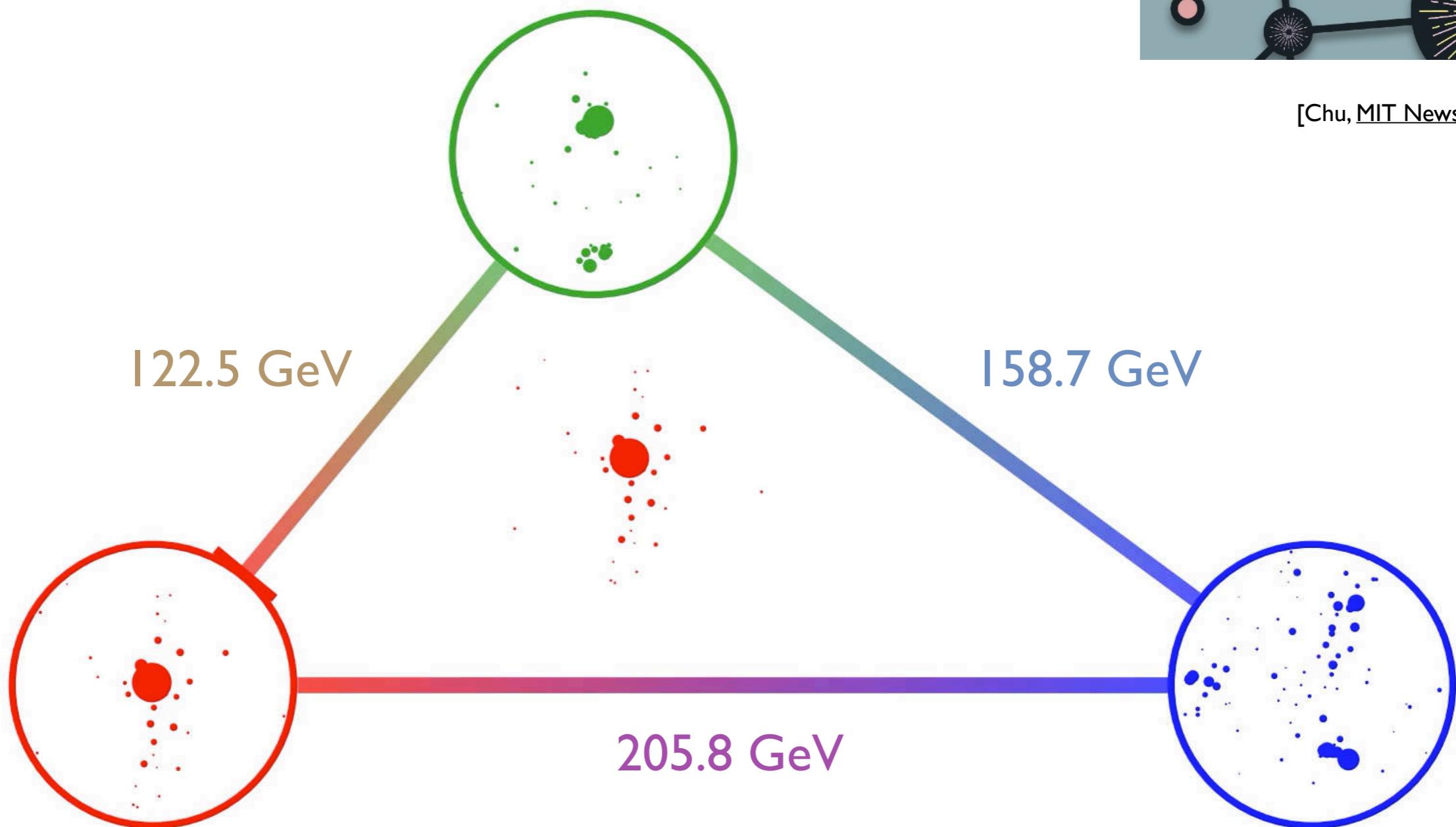


[Komiske, Metodiev, JDT, [PRL 2019](#); code at Komiske, Metodiev, JDT, [energyflow.network](#)]

Similarity of Three Energy Flows?

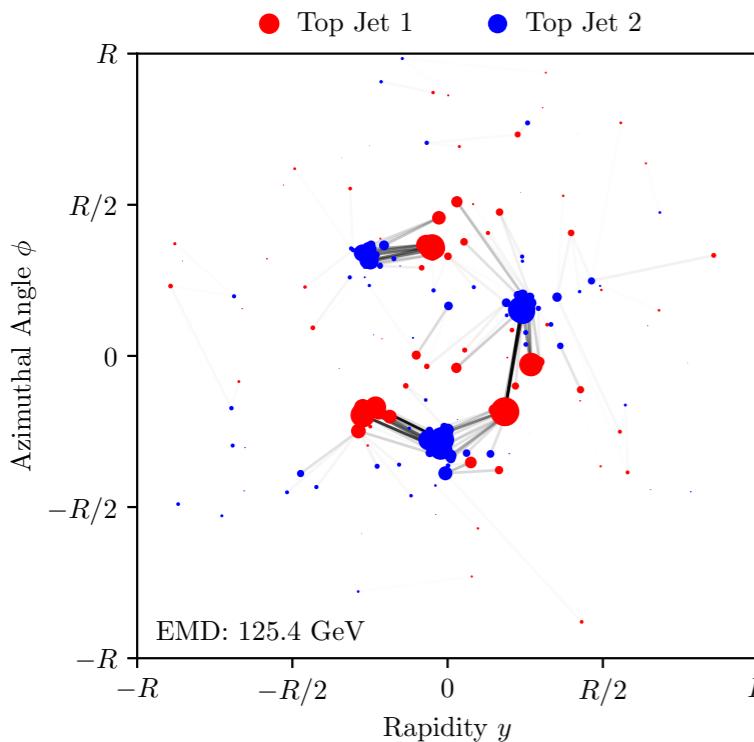
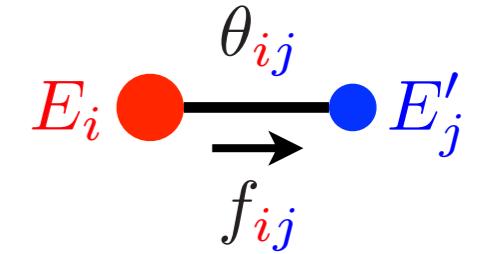


[Chu, MIT News July 2019]



[Komiske, Metodiev, JDT, PRL 2019; code at Komiske, Metodiev, JDT, [energyflow.network](#)]

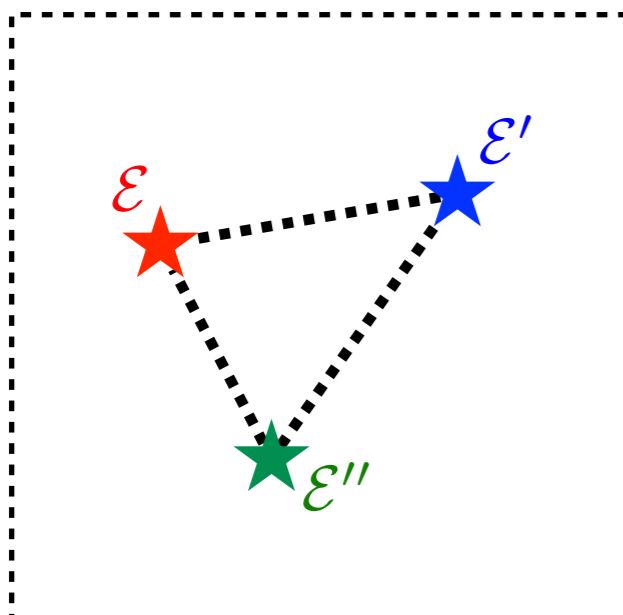
The Energy Mover's Distance



Optimal transport between energy flows...

$$\text{EMD}(\mathcal{E}, \mathcal{E}') = \min_{\{f\}} \sum_i \sum_j f_{ij} \frac{\theta_{ij}}{R} + \left| \sum_i E_i - \sum_j E'_j \right|$$

↑
in GeV Cost to move energy Cost to create energy



...defines a metric on the space of events

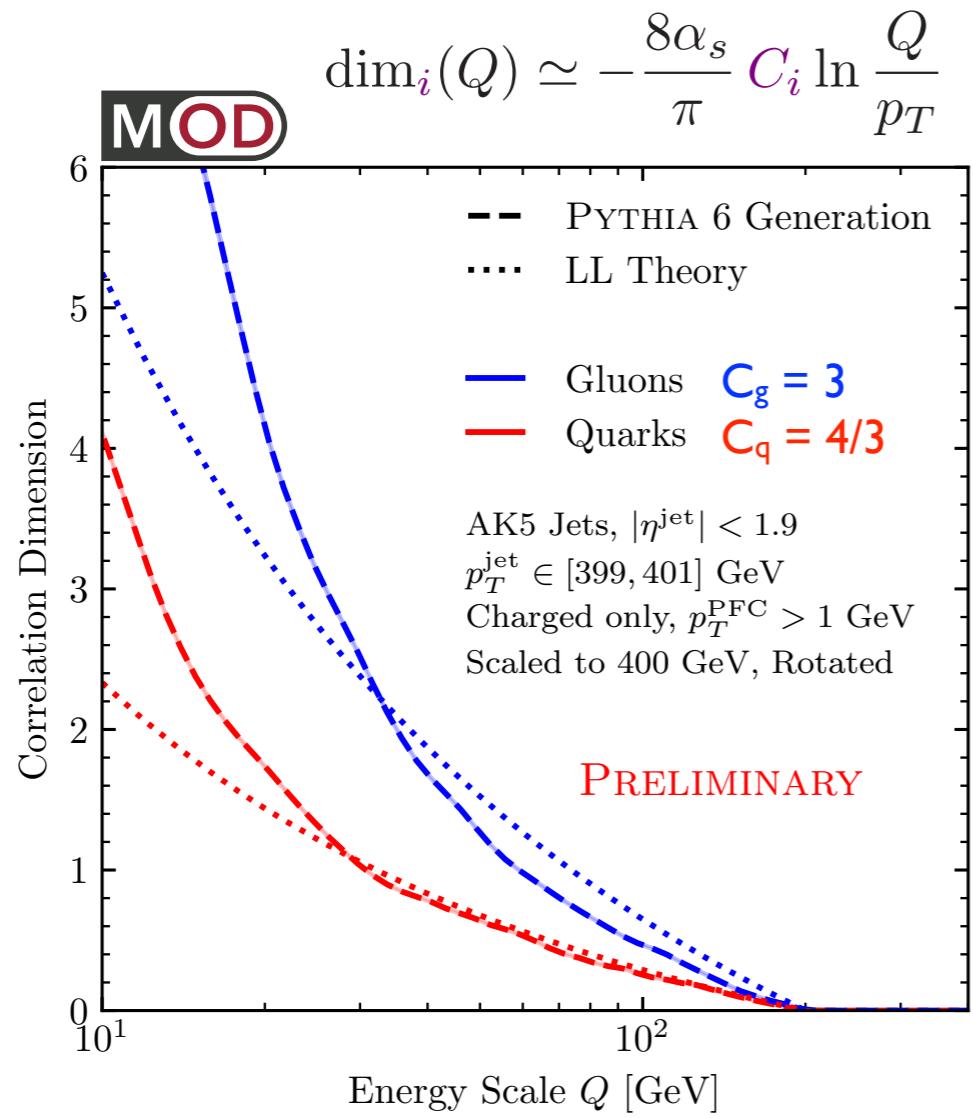
$$0 \leq \text{EMD}(\mathcal{E}, \mathcal{E}') \leq \text{EMD}(\mathcal{E}, \mathcal{E}'') + \text{EMD}(\mathcal{E}', \mathcal{E}'')$$

(assuming $R \geq \theta_{\max}/2$, i.e. $R \geq$ jet radius for conical jets)

[Komiske, Metodiev, JDT, [PRL 2019](#);
see also Pele, Werman, [ECCV 2008](#); Pele, Taskar, [GSI 2013](#)]

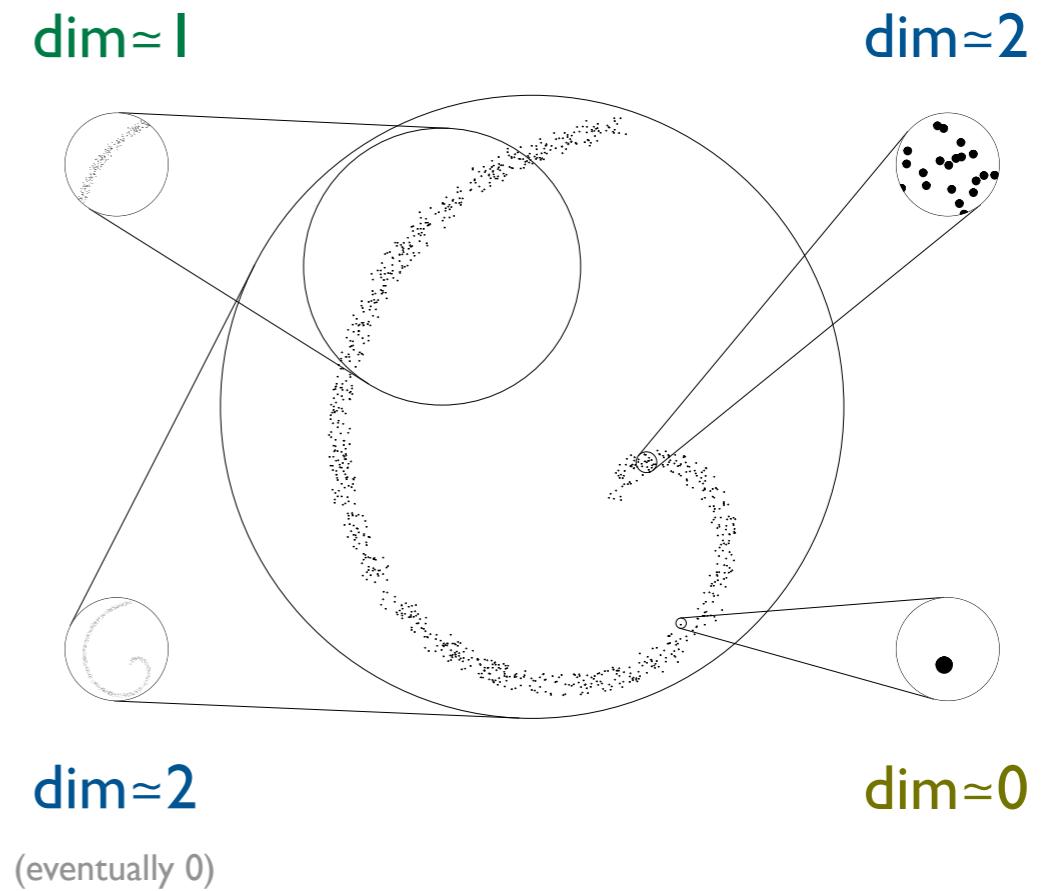
Dimensionality of Space of Jets

QCD Calculation



$$N_{\text{neighbors}}(r) \sim r^{\dim}$$

$$\Rightarrow \dim(r) \sim r \frac{\partial}{\partial r} \ln N_{\text{neighbors}}(r)$$



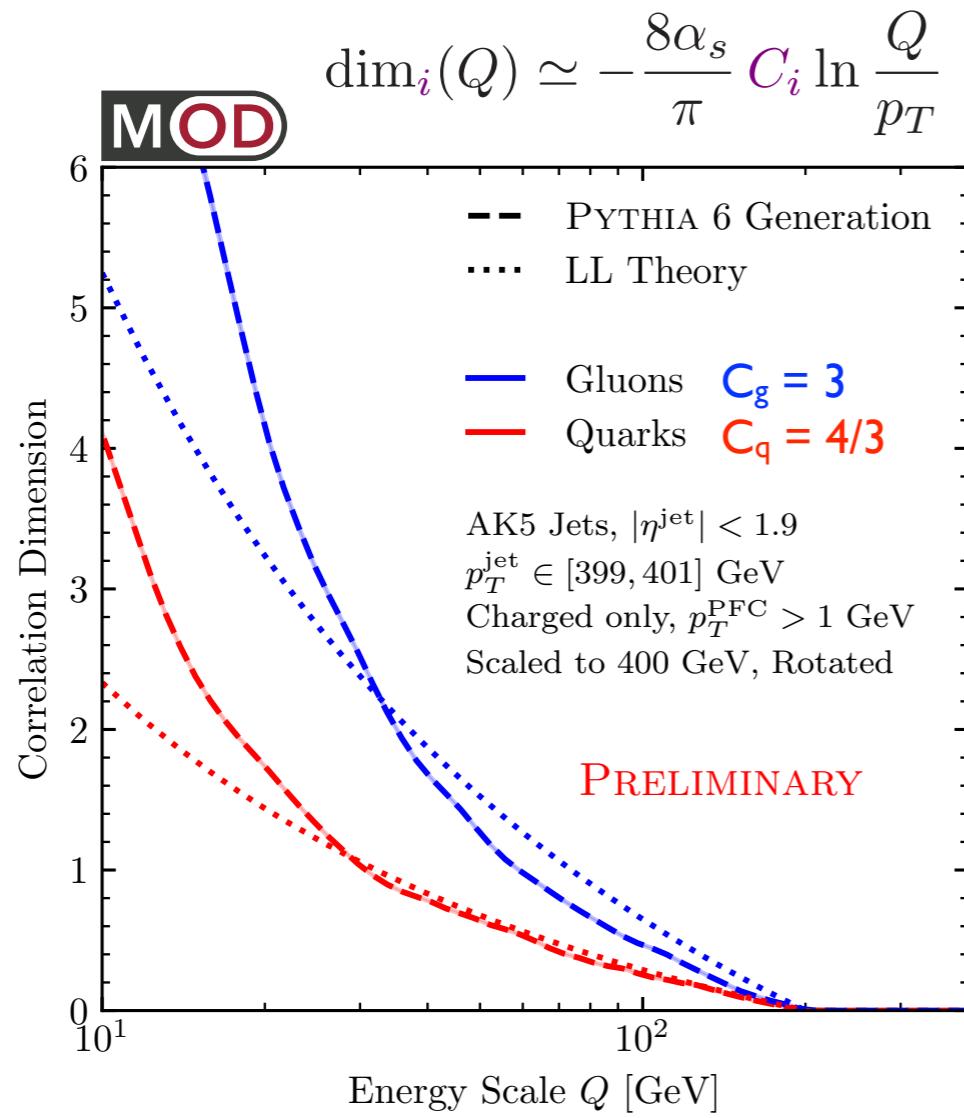
[Grassberger, Procaccia, [PRL 1983](#); Kégl, [NIPS 2002](#)]

Dimensionality of Space of Jets

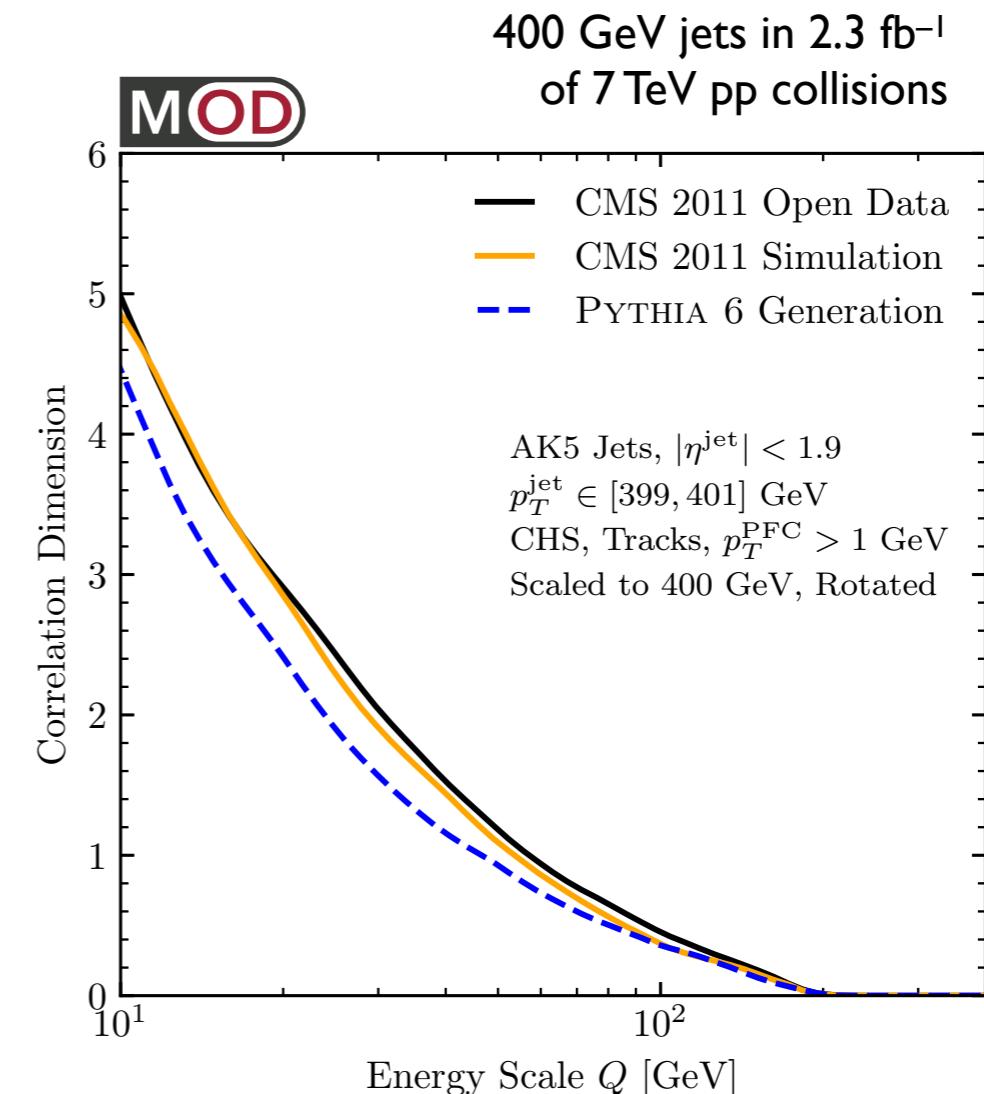


[<http://opendata.cern.ch/>]

QCD Calculation



CMS Open Data



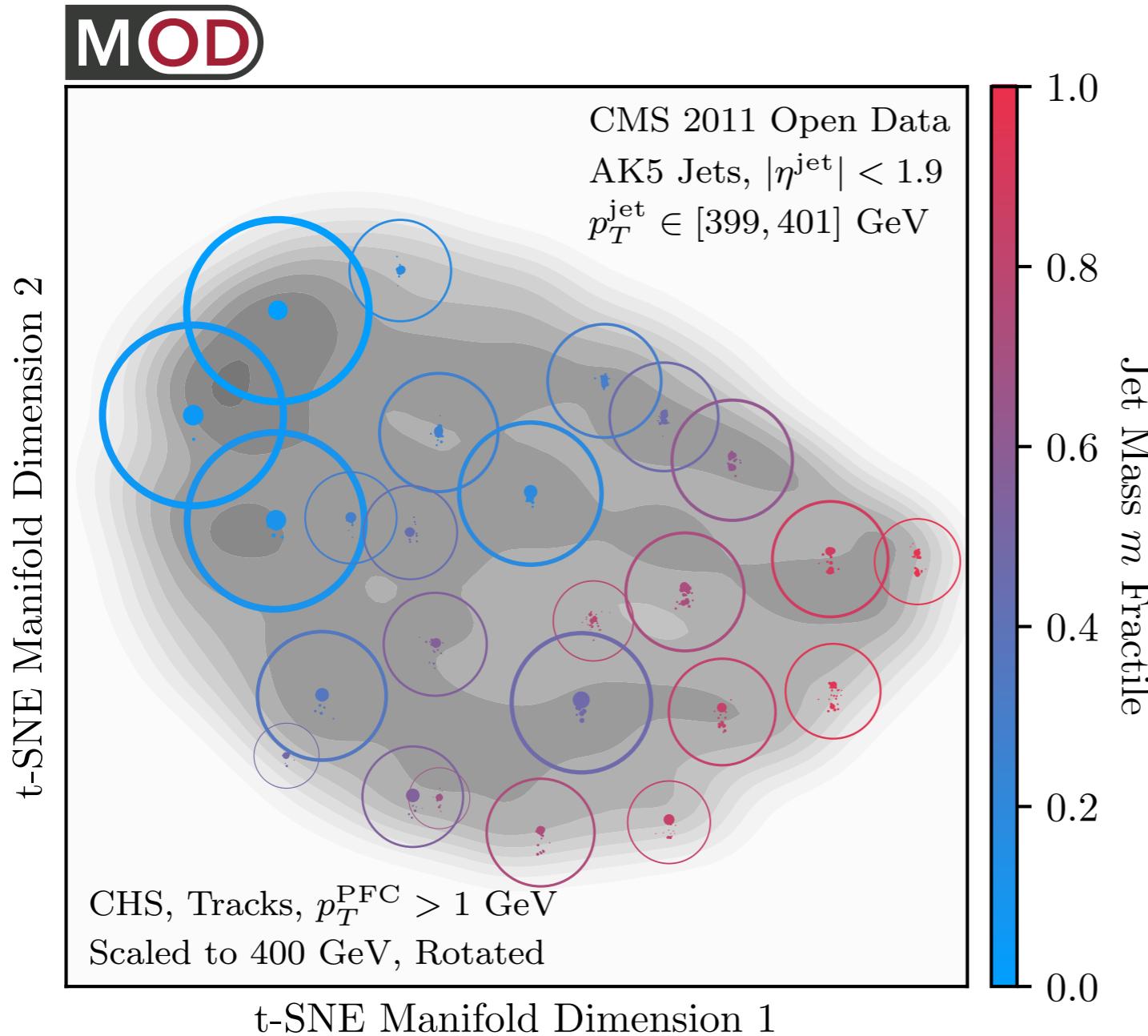
[Komiske, Mastandrea, Metodiev, Naik, JDT, [submitted to PRD](#)]



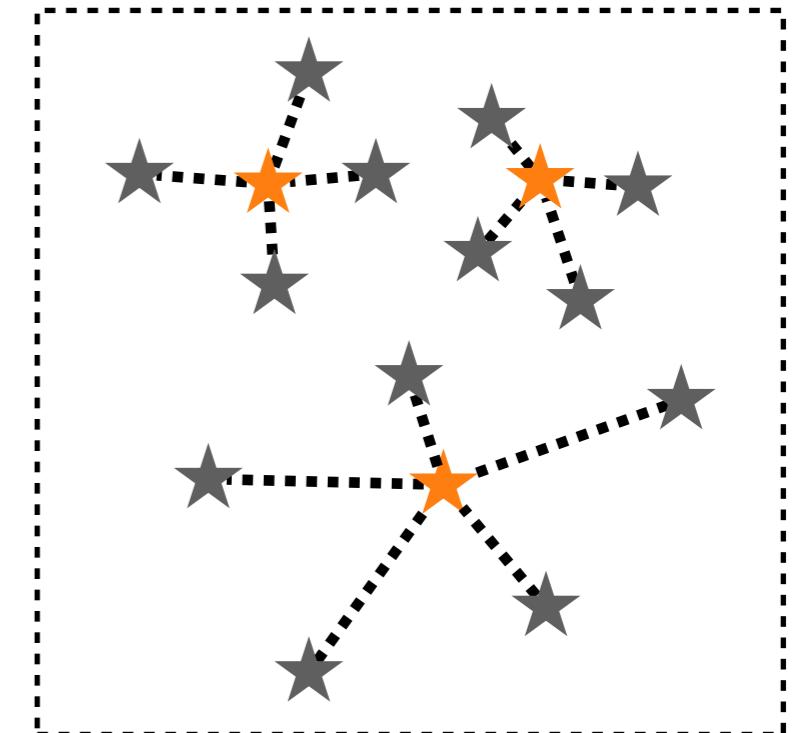
Most Representative Jets



[<http://opendata.cern.ch/>]

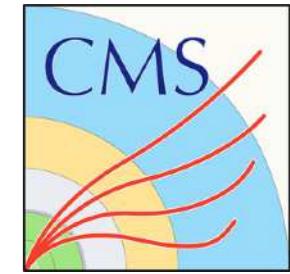


k-medoids
Arranged via t-SNE

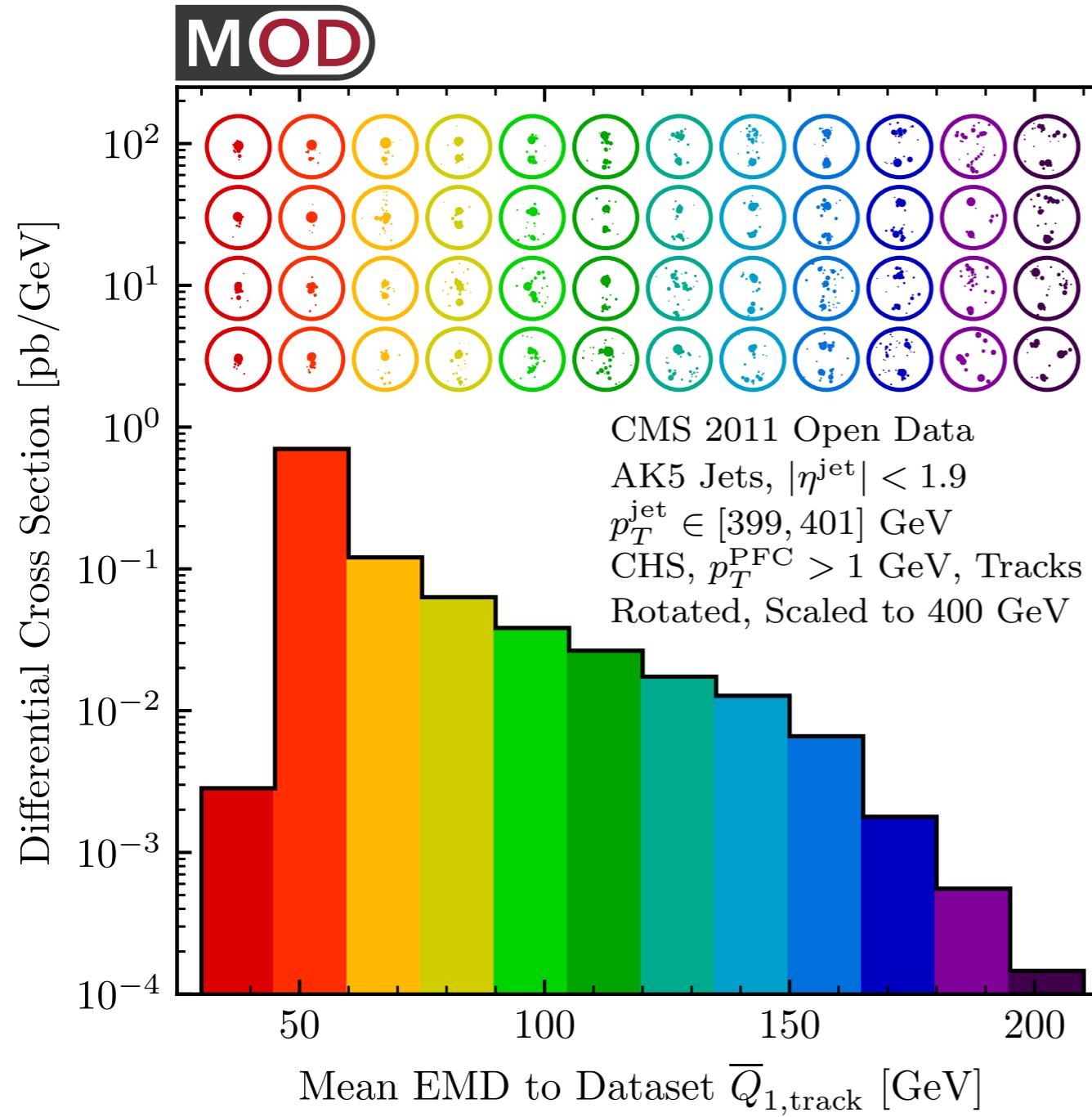


[Komiske, Mastandrea, Metodiev, Naik, JDT, submitted to PRD; using van der Maaten, Hinton, JMLR 2008]

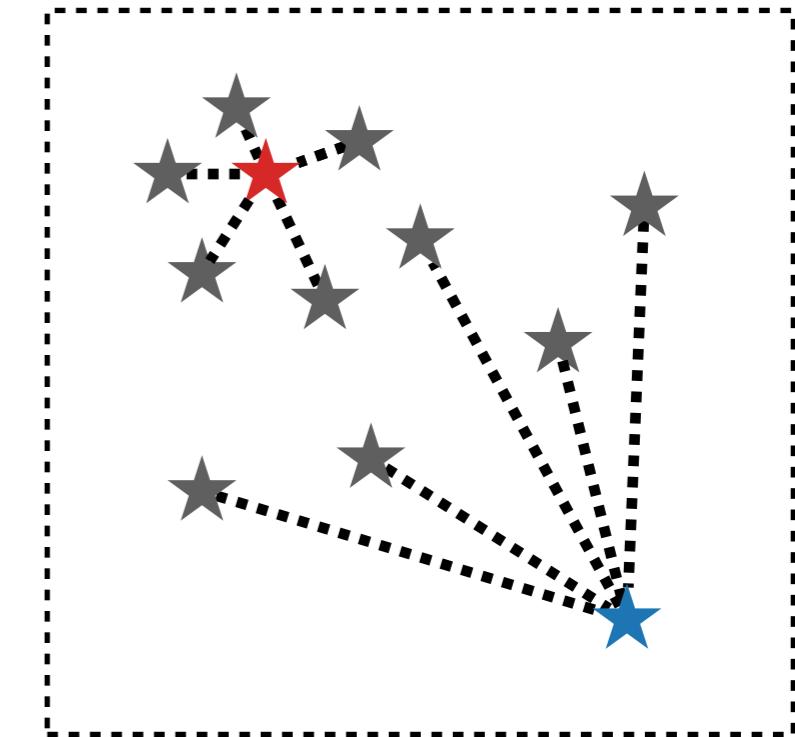
Least Representative Jets



[<http://opendata.cern.ch/>]



New Physics?
Or tails of QCD?



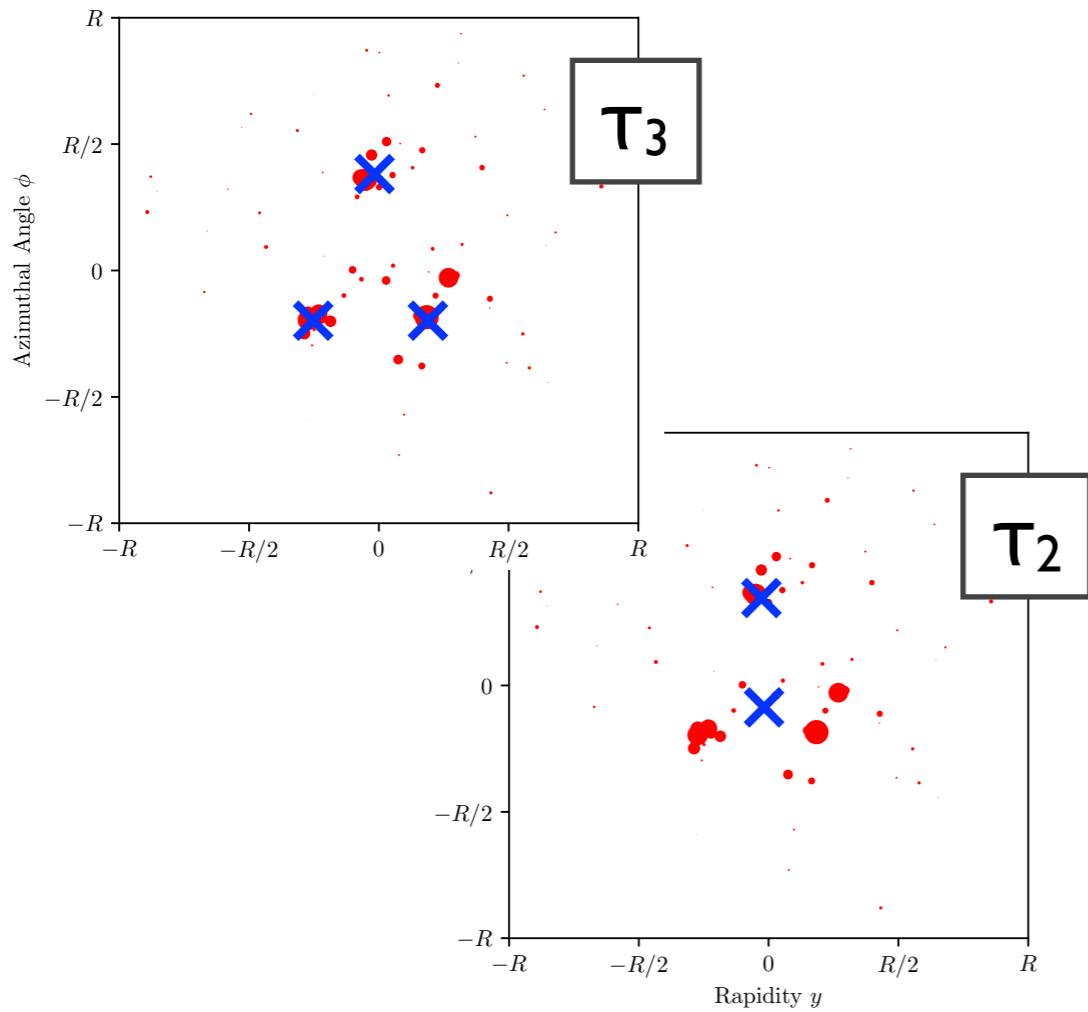
[Komiske, Mastandrea, Metodiev, Naik, JDT, submitted to PRD]

N-subjettiness

Ubiquitous jet substructure observable used for almost a decade...

$$\tau_N(\mathcal{E}) = \min_{N \text{ axes}} \sum_i E_i \min \{\theta_{1,i}, \theta_{2,i}, \dots, \theta_{N,i}\}$$

↑ IRC safe



[JDT, Van Tilburg, [JHEP 2011](#), [JHEP 2012](#);
based on Brandt, Dahmen, [ZPC 1979](#); Stewart, Tackmann, Waalewijn, [PRL 2010](#)]

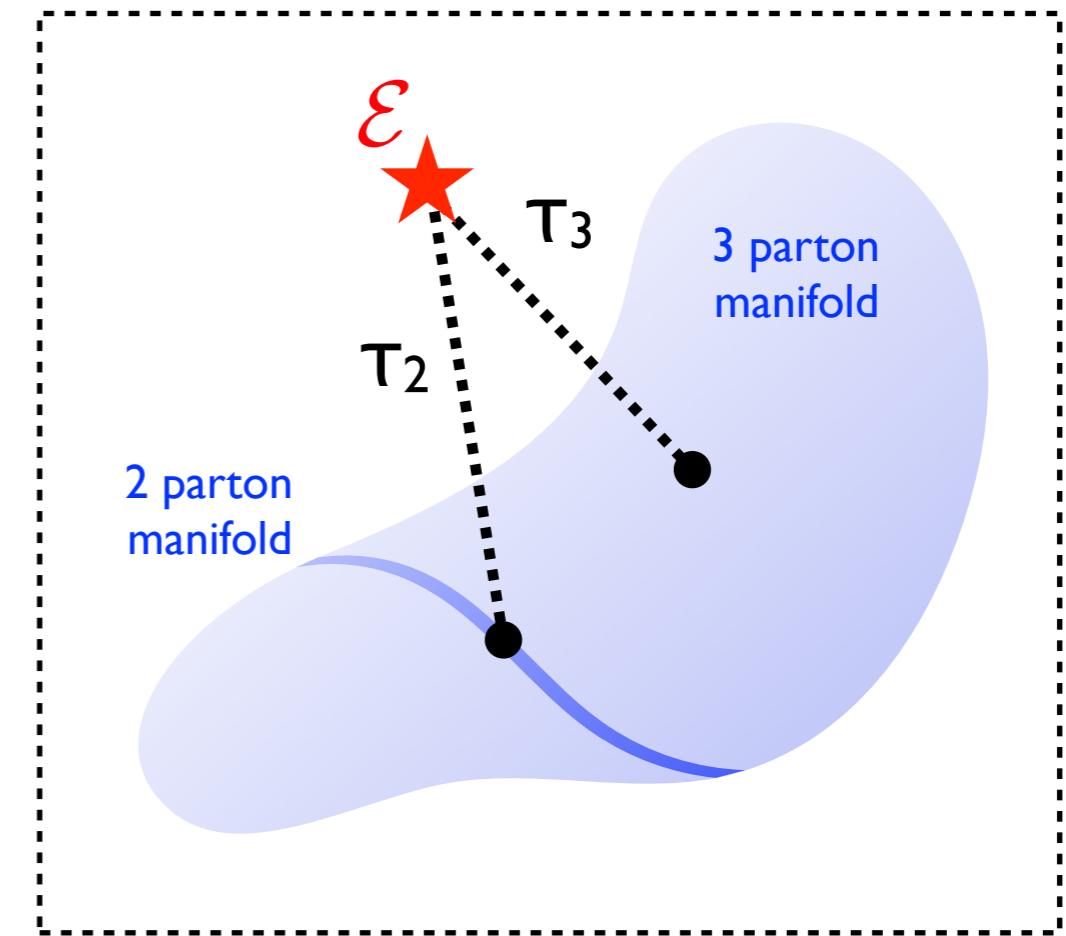
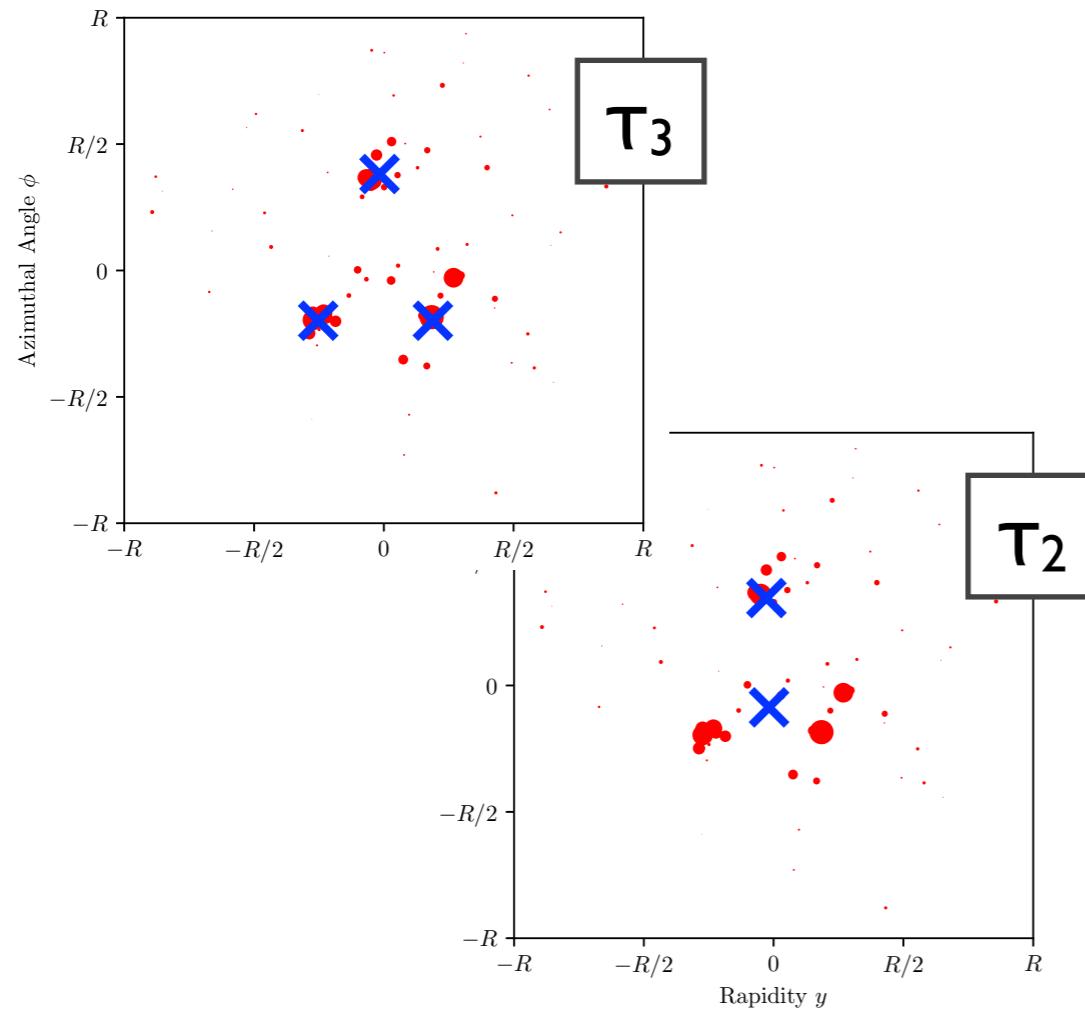
N-subjettiness = Point to Manifold EMD

...is secretly an optimal transport problem

$$\tau_N(\mathcal{E}) = \min_{|\mathcal{E}'|=N} \text{EMD}(\mathcal{E}, \mathcal{E}')$$

↑ IRC safe

(!)



[JDT, Van Tilburg, JHEP 2011, JHEP 2012;
rephrased in the language of Komiske, Metodiev, JDT, PRL 2019]

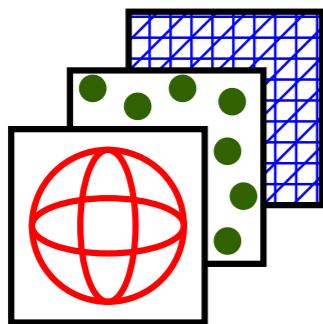
Summary



Scenes from My Sabbatical

(Great to be home!)

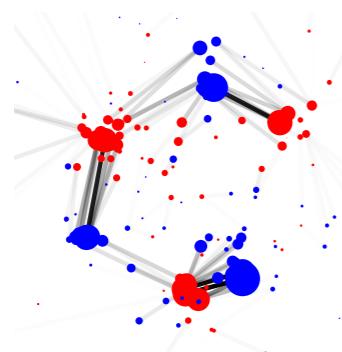
Machine learning offers powerful tools to analyze collision debris



What is a Collider Event?

Unordered set of particles describing energy flow of jets

Inspires network architectures designed for symmetry and safety

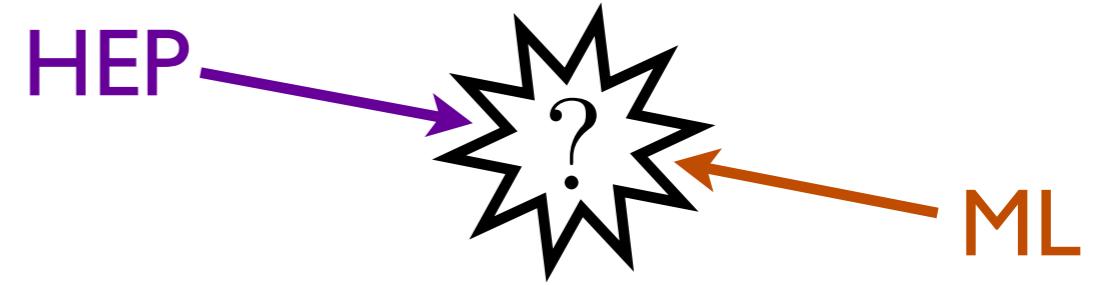


When are Collider Events Similar?

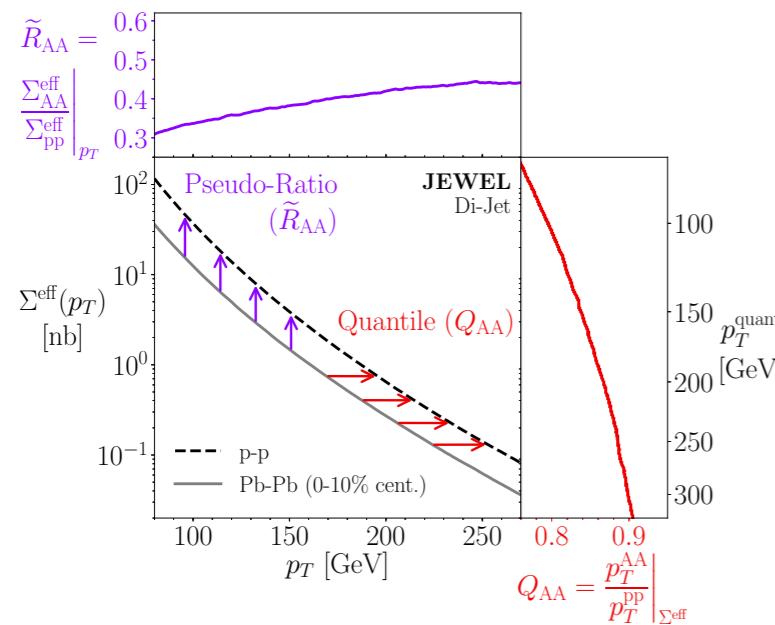
When their energy flows are similar

Inspires unsupervised learning strategies based on event geometry

More Collisions

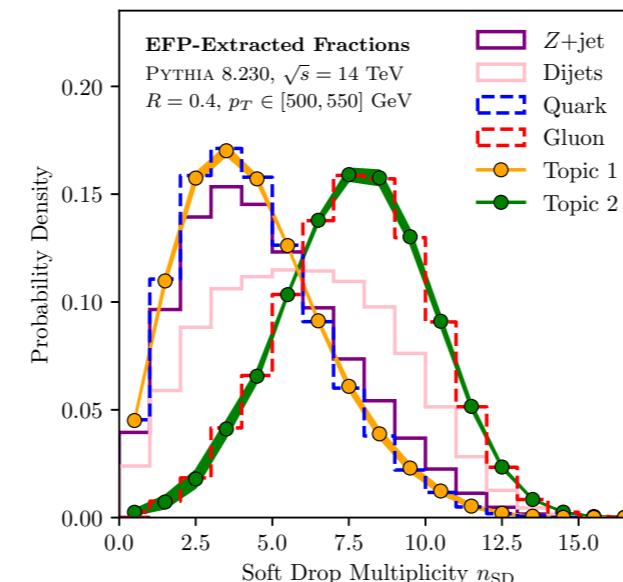


Jet Quenching via Optimal Transport



[Brewer, Milhano, JDT, PRL 2019]

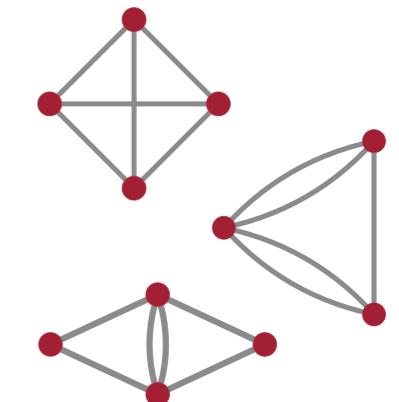
Unsupervised Jet Classification via Blind Source Separation



[Komiske, Metodiev, JDT, JHEP 2018]

Kinematic Decomposition via Graph Theory

Edges d	Leafless Multigraphs			
	Connected	All	A307317	A307316
1	0	0		
2	1	1		
3	2	2		
4	4	5		
5	9	11		
6	26	34		
7	68	87		
8	217	279		
9	718	897		
10	2 553	3 129		
11	9 574	11 458		
12	38 005	44 576		
13	157 306	181 071		
14	679 682	770 237		
15	3 047 699	3 407 332		
16	14 150 278	15 641 159		



[Komiske, Metodiev, JDT, to appear]

New insights into particle physics*
facilitated by advances in machine learning*

Backup Slides

Deep Learning

Inpainting



Corrupted



Deep image prior

increased computational power and large data sets

[Ulyanov, Vedaldi, Lempitsky, CVPR 2018]

Deep Learning (or Deep Thinking?)

Inpainting



Corrupted



Deep image prior

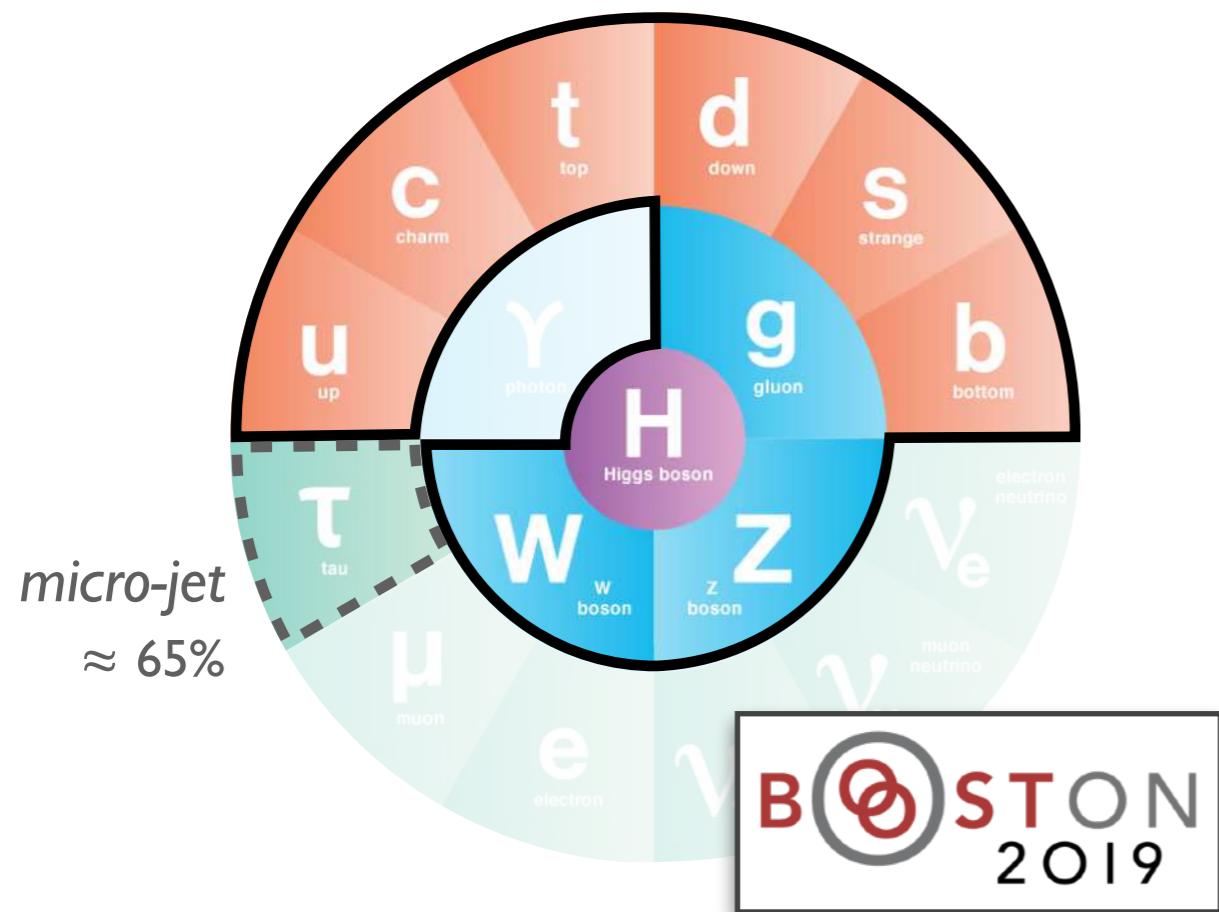
Using randomly initialized neural network (!)

Progress made by understanding the structure of problems
(not just increased computational power and large data sets)

[Ulyanov, Vedaldi, Lempitsky, CVPR 2018]

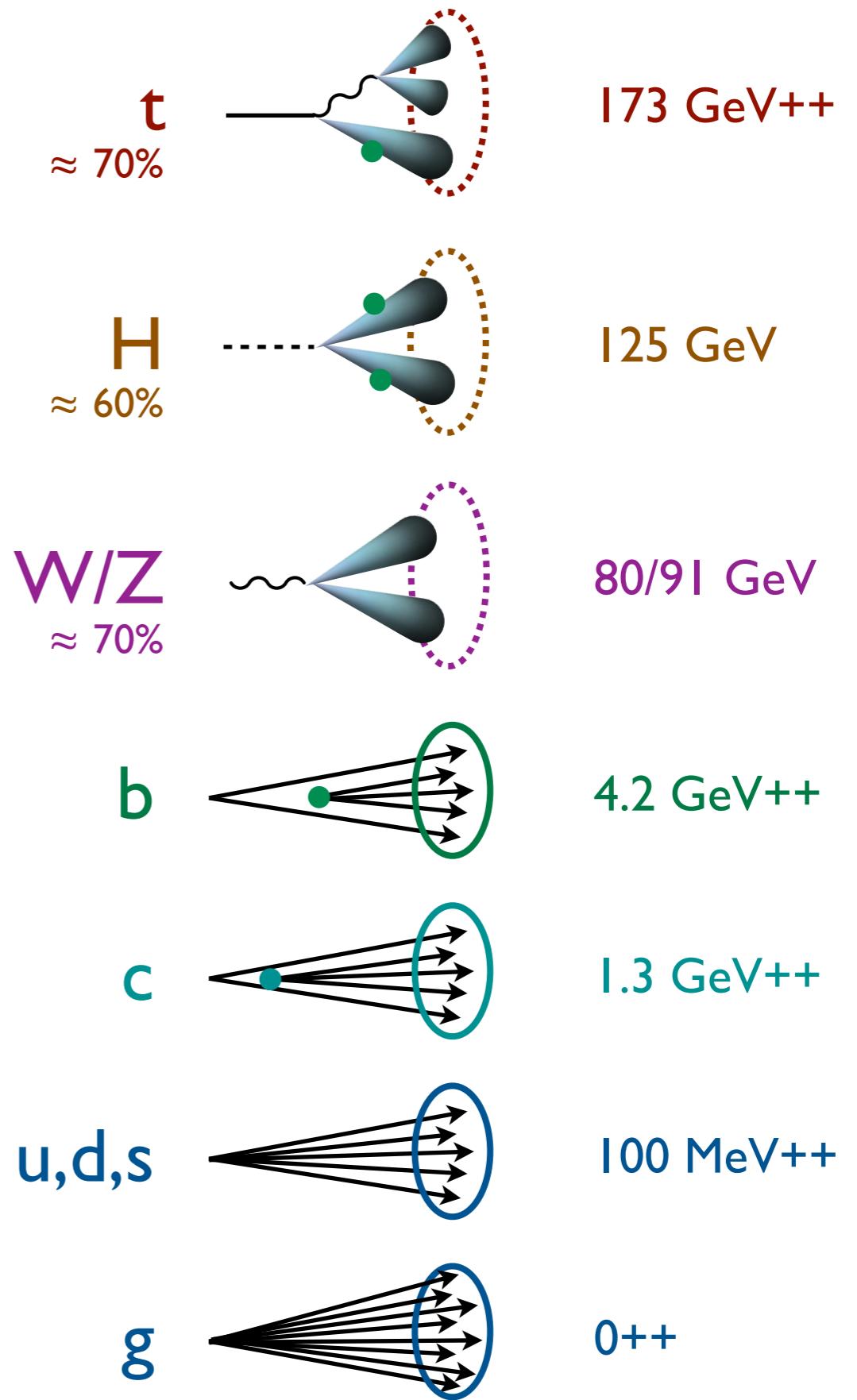
Jet Classification

Key supervised learning task at LHC

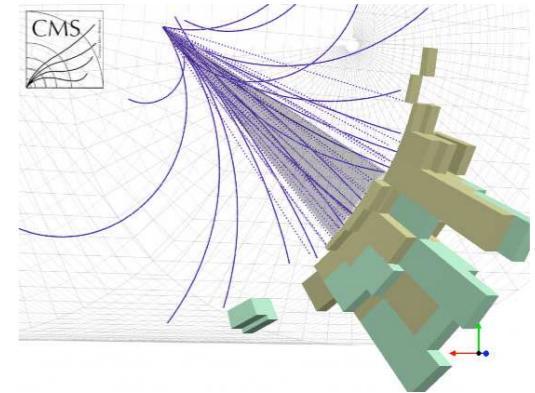


$++$ = Mass from QCD Radiation

[see reviews in Larkoski, Moult, Nachman, [arXiv 2017](#);
Asquith, Delitzsch, Schmidt, et al., [arXiv 2018](#);
Marzani, Soyez, Spannowsky, [LNP 2019](#)]



Key: Jets are Point Clouds



- **Particle:** List of properties

$$\vec{p} = \{E, p_x, p_y, p_z, \dots\}$$

↑ ↑
Energy Momentum Mass, charge, flavor, vertex, quality, ...

- **Jet:** Set of particles

$$\mathcal{J} = \{\vec{p}_1, \vec{p}_2, \vec{p}_3, \dots, \vec{p}_N\}$$

—————
Permutation Symmetry **Variable Length**

Quantum Mechanics:
“When you’ve seen one electron, you’ve seen them all”

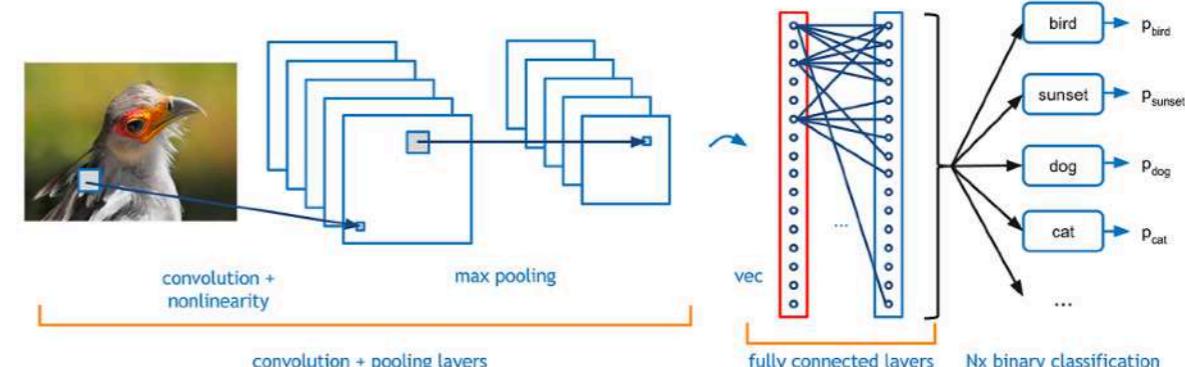
Jet Formation:
Typically 10–50 particles per jet

- **Dataset:** Set of jets

Off-the-Shelf Machine Learning?

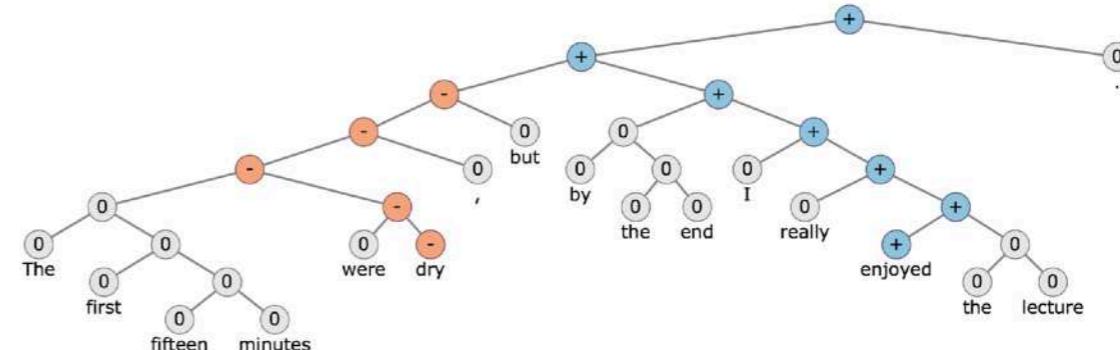
2D Images?

Appropriate for fixed-grid calorimeters,
but less ideal for tracking detectors



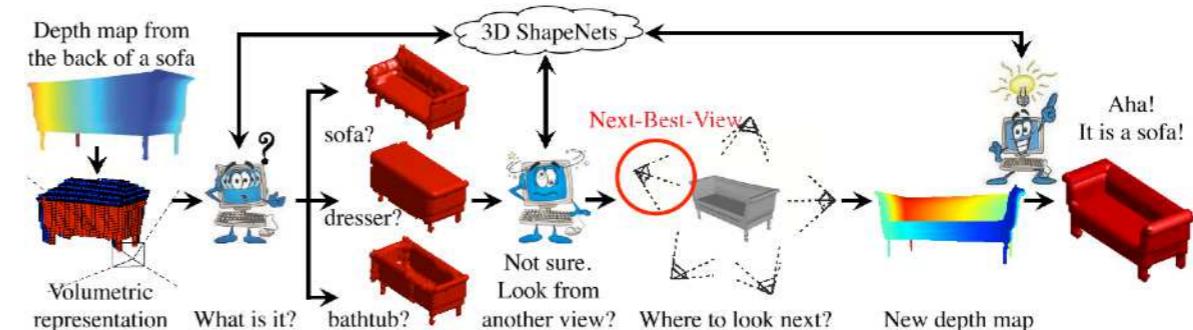
Natural Language?

Clustering can yield “semantic” structure
but inputs are fundamentally symmetric

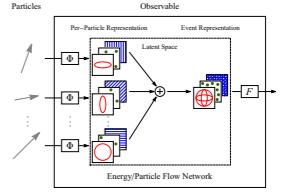


3D Objects?

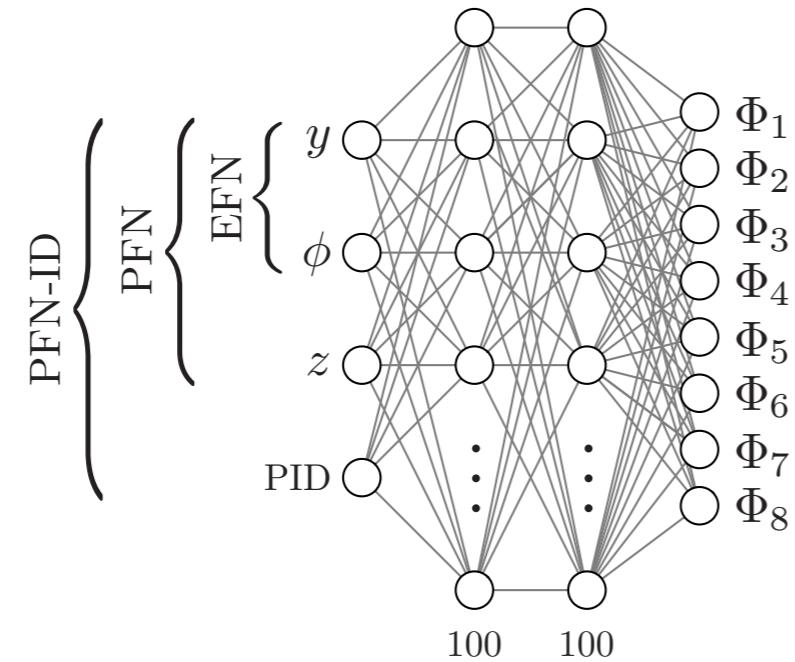
Much closer to particle physics,
but most architectures are not “safe”



Technical Implementation



Per-Particle Network: Φ

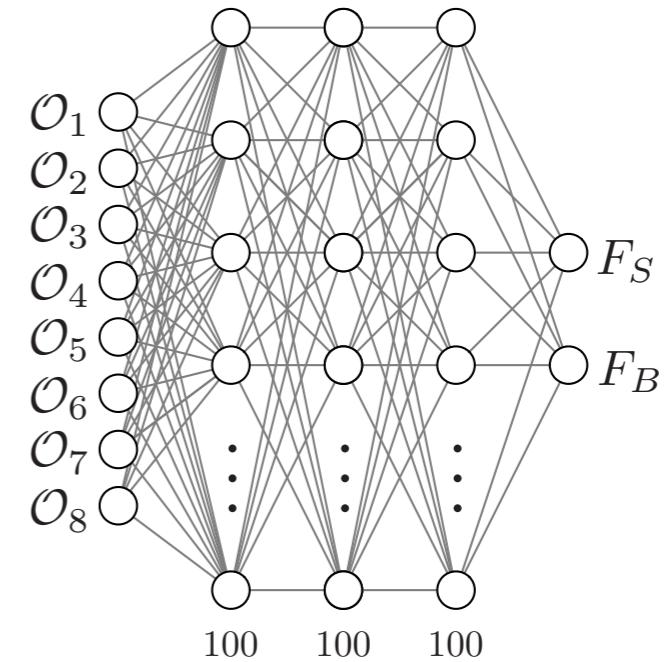


Per-Jet (Latent Space):

$$\text{EFN: } \mathcal{O}_a = \sum_{i \in \text{jet}} z_i \Phi_a(y_i, \phi_i) \quad z_i = \frac{p_{Ti}}{\sum_j p_{Tj}}$$

$$\text{PFN: } \mathcal{O}_a = \sum_{i \in \text{jet}} \Phi_a(y_i, \phi_i, z_i, \text{PID}_i)$$

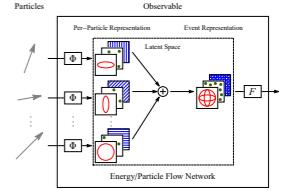
Latent Combiner: F



Final Discriminant:

$$\text{softmax}(F_S, F_B)$$

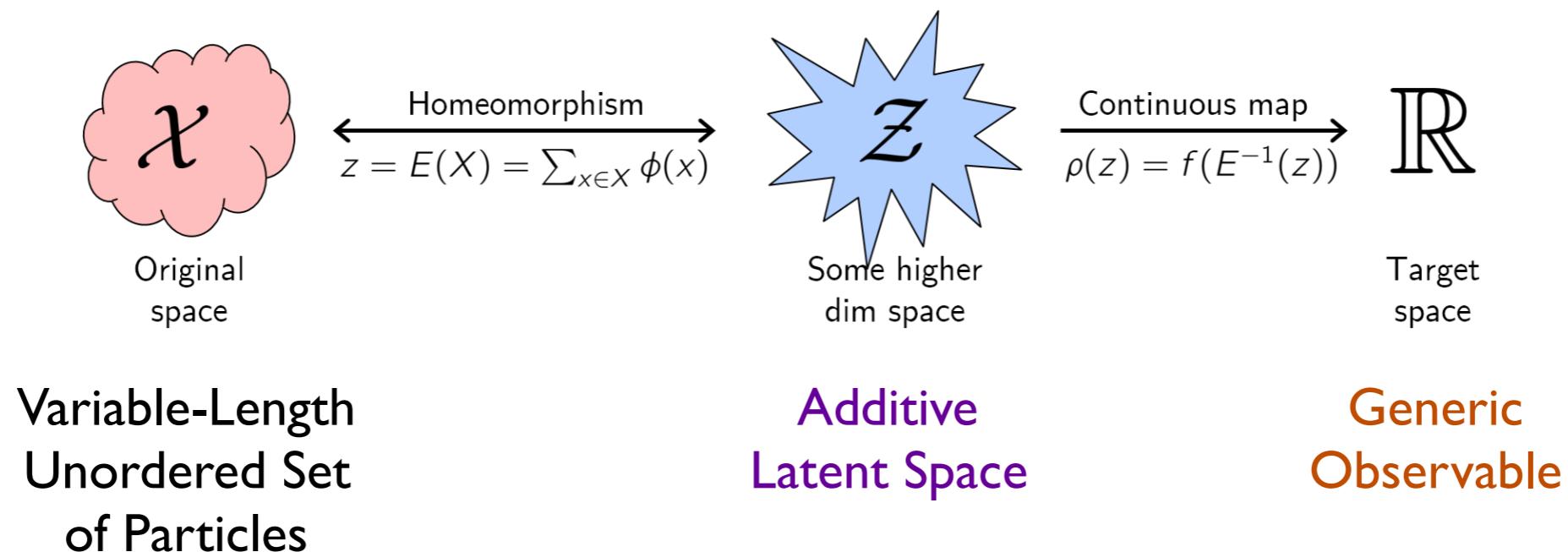
[Komiske, Metodiev, JDT, [JHEP 2019](#)]



Meanwhile in ML-Land: Deep Sets

Theorem 2 A function $f(X)$ operating on a set X having elements from a countable universe, is a valid set function, i.e., **invariant** to the permutation of instances in X , iff it can be decomposed in the form $\rho \left(\sum_{x \in X} \phi(x) \right)$, for suitable transformations ϕ and ρ .

↑
(!)



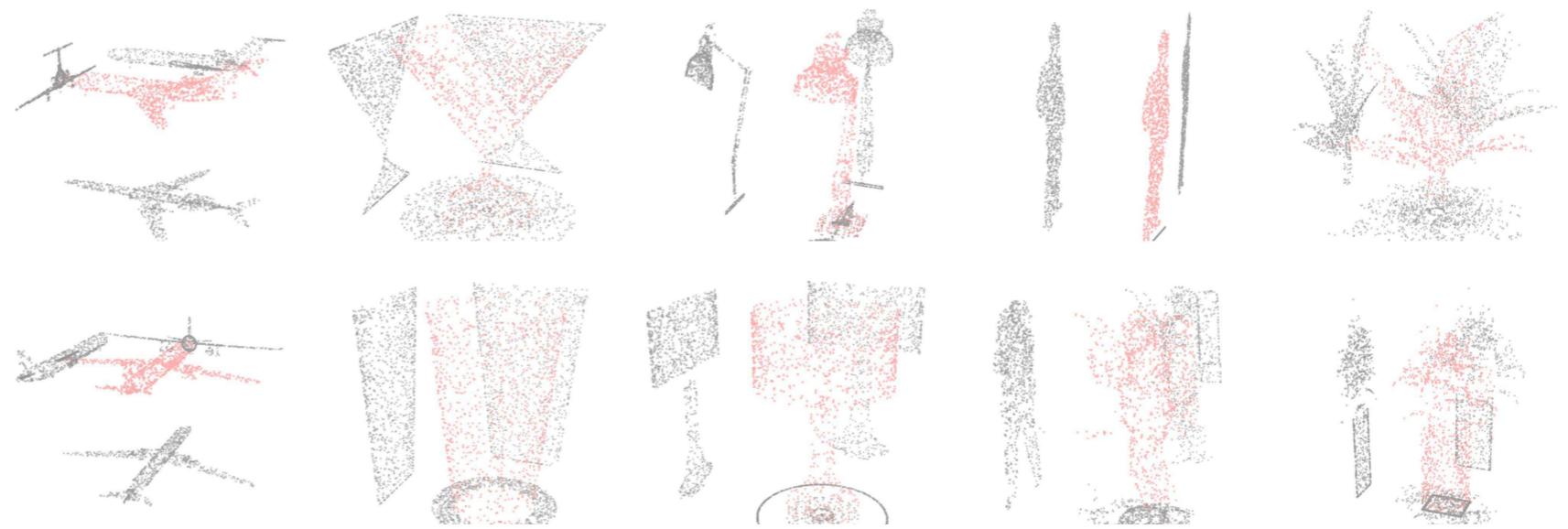
[Zaheer, Kottur, Ravanbakhsh, Poczos, Salakhutdinov, Smola, [1703.06114](#); see also Vinyals, Bengio, Kudlur, [1511.06391](#); Qi, Su, Mo, Guibas, [1612.00593](#)]

Deep Sets for...

Celebrity Face Anomaly Detection

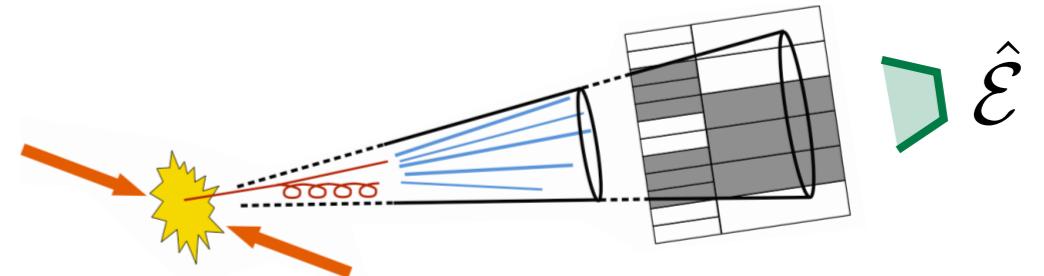
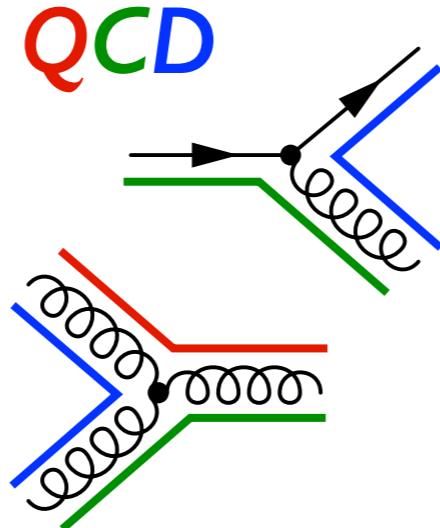
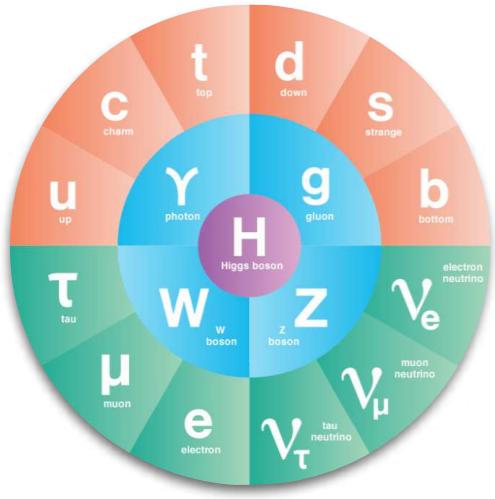


Point Cloud Classification

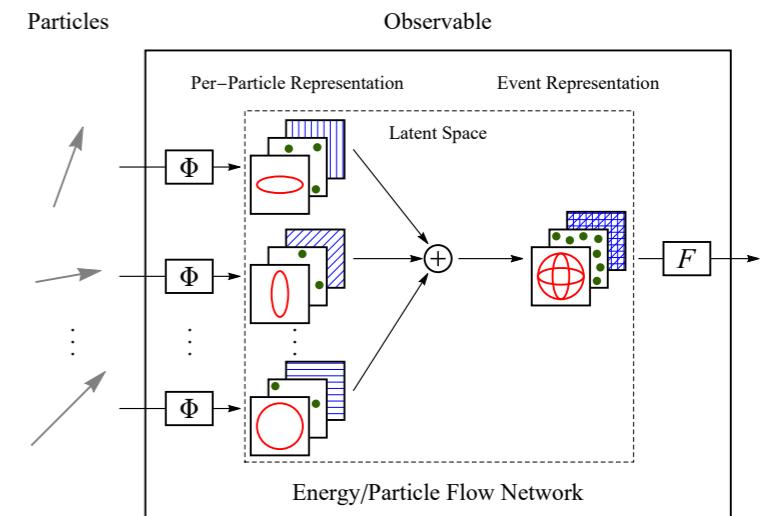
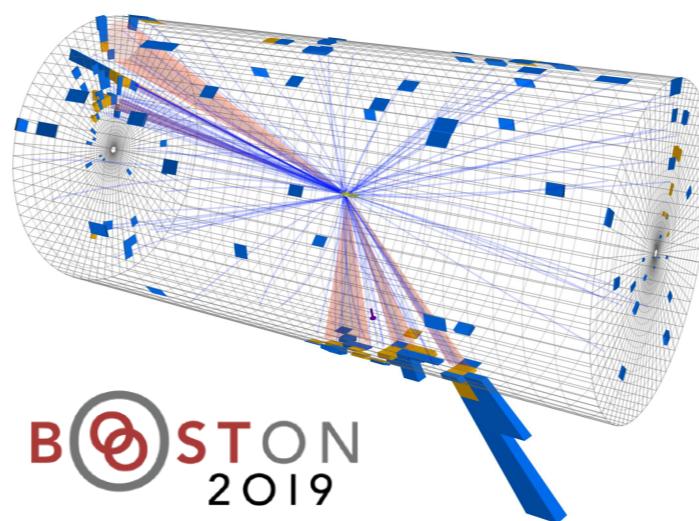
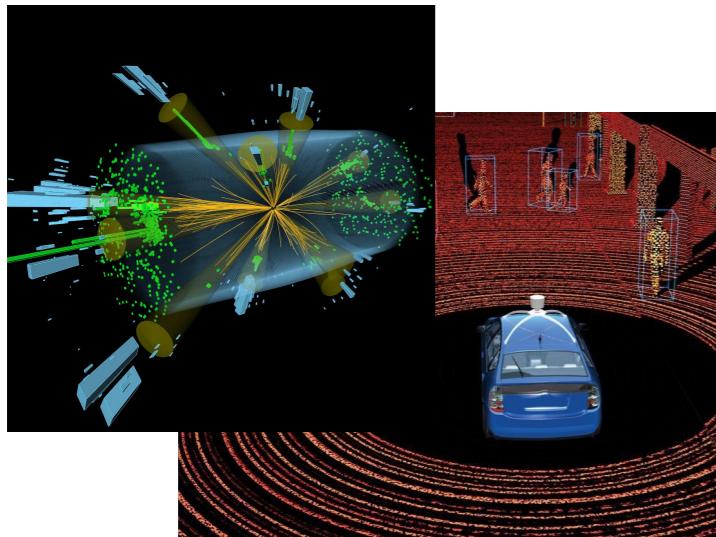


[Zaheer, Kottur, Ravanbakhsh, Poczos, Salakhutdinov, Smola, [1703.06114](#)]

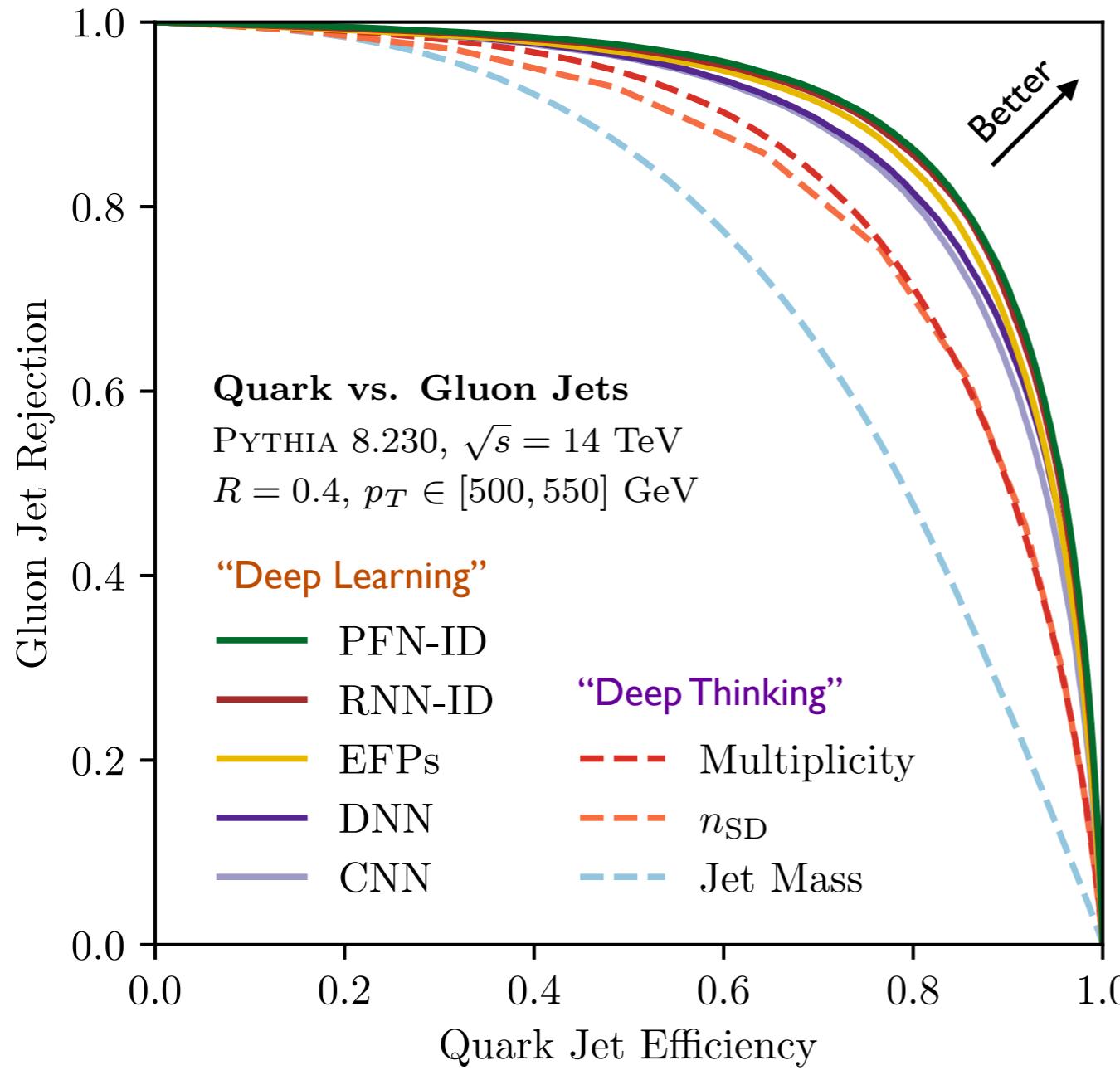
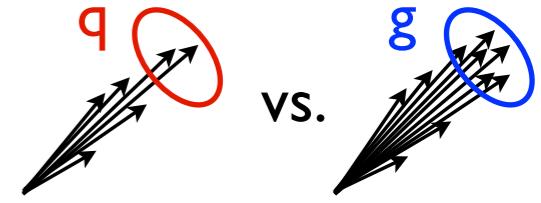
Deep Sets for Particle Jets



$$dP_{i \rightarrow ig} \simeq \frac{2\alpha_s}{\pi} C_i \frac{d\theta}{\theta} \frac{dz}{z}$$



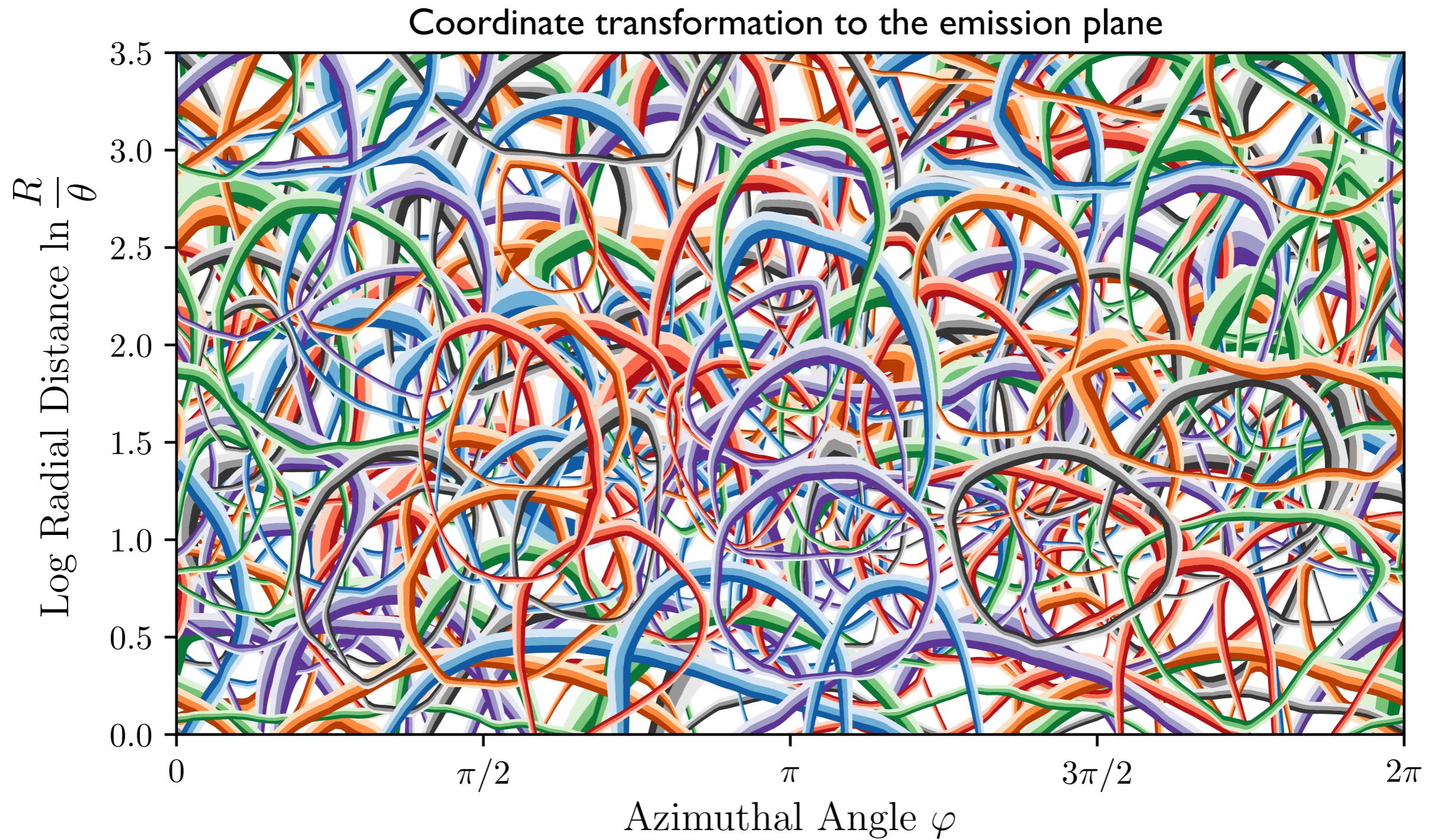
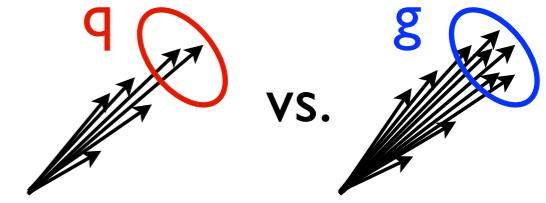
Discrimination Performance



Model	AUC	$1/\varepsilon_g$ at $\varepsilon_q = 50\%$
PFN-ID	0.9052 ± 0.0007	37.4 ± 0.7
PFN-Ex	0.9005 ± 0.0003	34.7 ± 0.4
PFN-Ch	0.8924 ± 0.0001	31.2 ± 0.3
PFN	0.8911 ± 0.0008	30.8 ± 0.4
EFN	0.8824 ± 0.0005	28.6 ± 0.3
RNN-ID	0.9010	34.4
RNN	0.8899	30.5
EFP	0.8919	29.7
DNN	0.8849	26.4
CNN	0.8781	25.5
M	0.8401	19.0
n_{SD}	0.8297	14.2
m	0.7401	7.2

[Komiske, Metodiev, JDT, JHEP 2019]

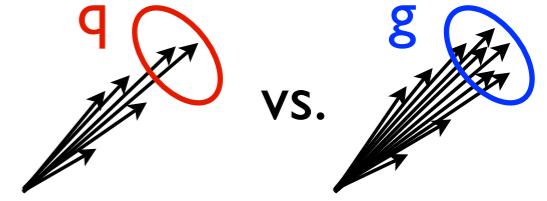
Ready for the ICA?



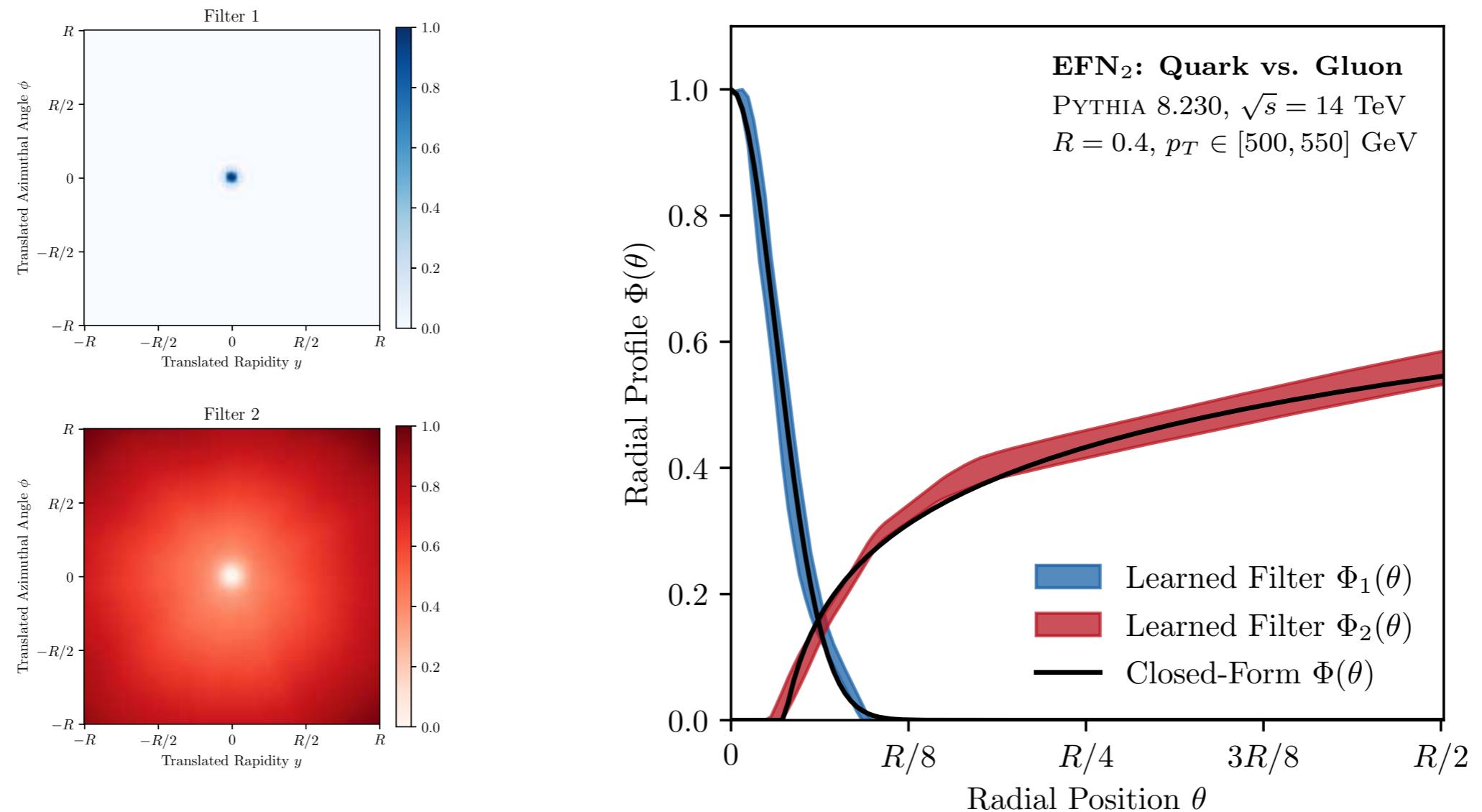
[Komiske, Metodiev, JDT, [JHEP 2019](#); see also Dreyer, Salam, Soyez, [JHEP 2018](#)]

*“Ok, but did you really learn something
you didn’t already know?”*

Learning from the Machine



For $\ell = 2$ EFN, radial moments: $\sum_{i \in \text{jet}} z_i f(\theta_i)$ cf. Angularities:
 $f(\theta) = \theta^\beta$



[Komiske, Metodiev, JDT, JHEP 2019;
cf. Larkoski, JDT, Waalewijn, JHEP 2014; using Berger, Kucs, Sterman, PRD 2003; Ellis, Vermilion, Walsh, Hornig, Lee, JHEP 2010]

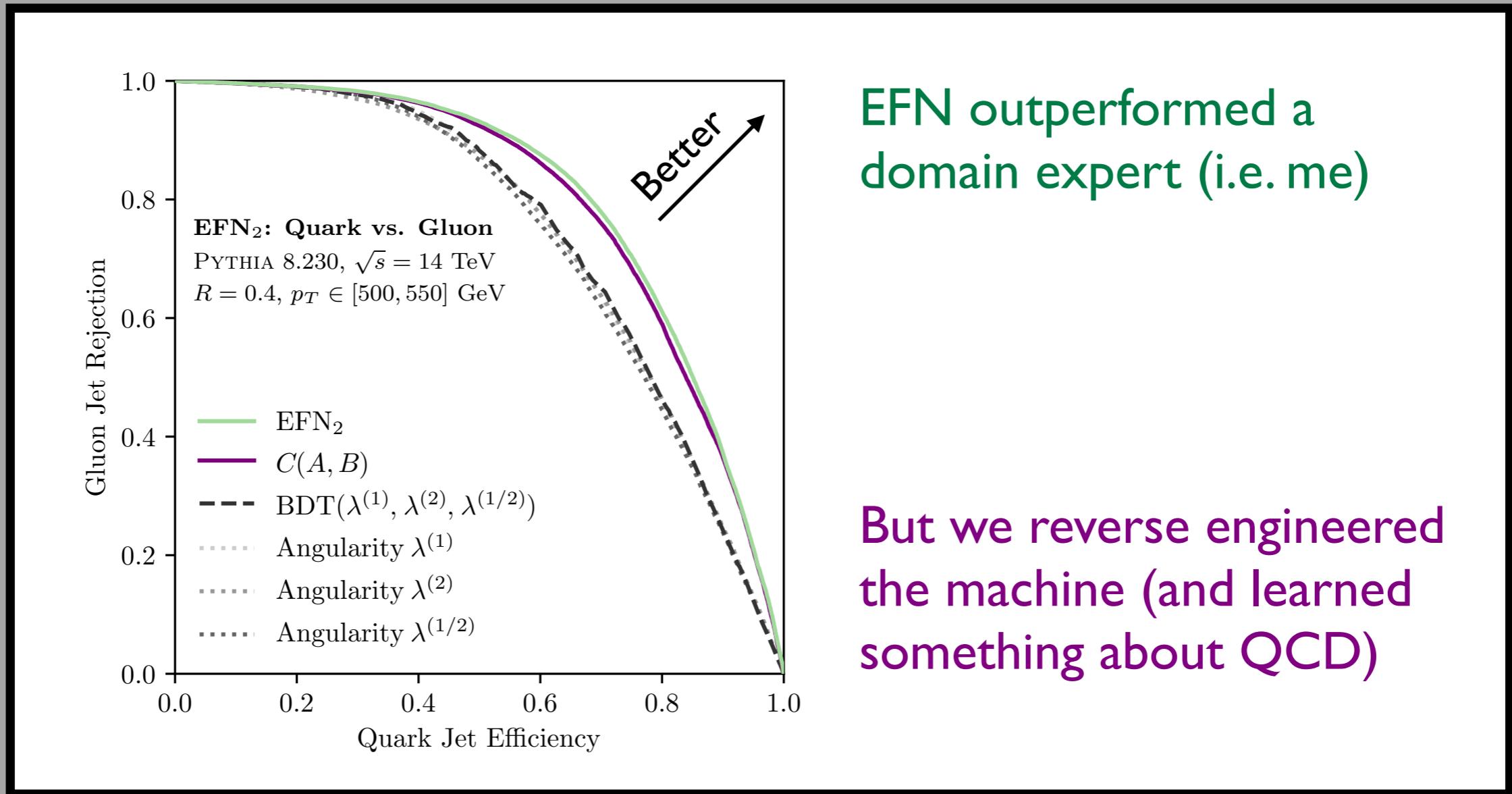
Learning from the Machine



For $\ell = 2$ EFN, radial moments:

$$\sum_{i \in \text{jet}} z_i f(\theta_i)$$

cf. Angularities:
 $f(\theta) = \theta^\beta$



[Komiske, Metodiev, JDT, [JHEP 2019](#);
cf. Larkoski, JDT, Waalewijn, [JHEP 2014](#); using Berger, Kucs, Sterman, [PRD 2003](#); Ellis, Vermilion, Walsh, Hornig, Lee, [JHEP 2010](#)]

The Earth Mover's Distance

Optimal Transport:

[Peleg, Werman, Rom, [IEEE 1989](#);
Rubner, Tomasi, Guibas, [ICCV 1998](#), [ICCV 2000](#);
Pele, Werman, [ECCV 2008](#); Pele Taskar, [GSI 2013](#)]

Minimum “work” (**stuff x distance**) to make
one distribution ...



The Earth Mover's Distance

Optimal Transport:

[Peleg, Werman, Rom, [IEEE 1989](#);
Rubner, Tomasi, Guibas, [ICCV 1998](#), [ICJV 2000](#);
Pele, Werman, [ECCV 2008](#); Pele Taskar, [GSI 2013](#)]

Minimum “work” (**stuff** × **distance**) to make
one distribution look like **another distribution**

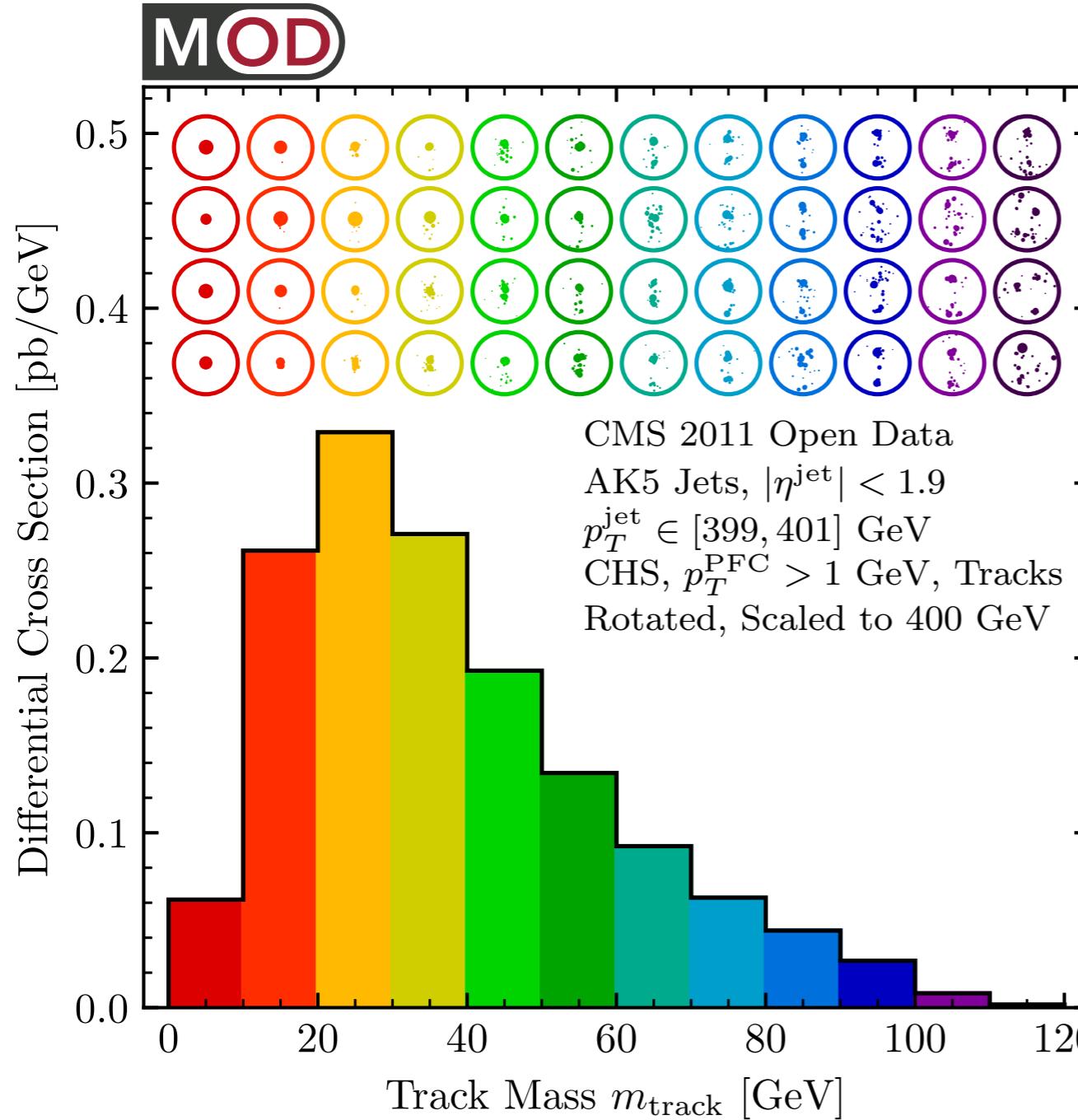


Equivalent to l -Wasserstein metric; very popular in ML applications

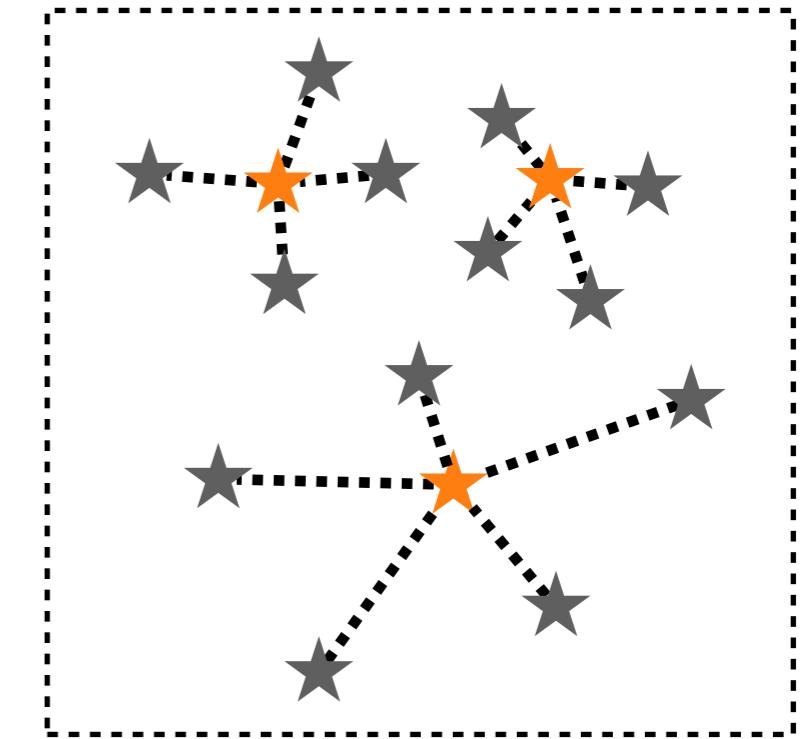
Most Representative Jets



[<http://opendata.cern.ch/>]



k-medoids
Per mass bin



[Komiske, Mastandrea, Metodiev, Naik, JDT, arXiv 2019]

The Rise of Public Collider Data

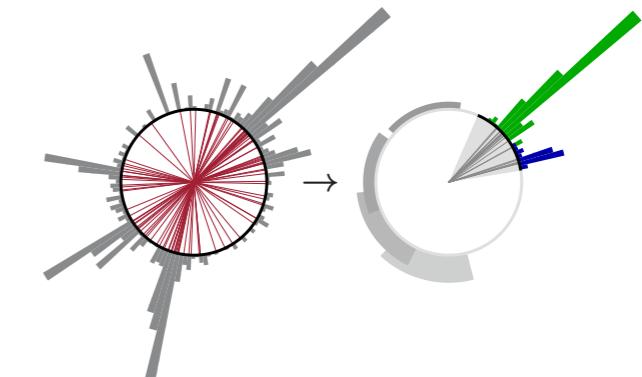
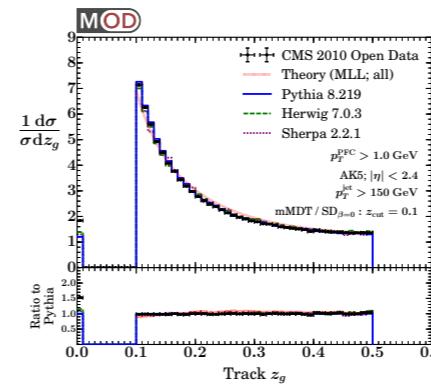
Since 2014: CMS Open Data project



[<http://opendata.cern.ch/>]

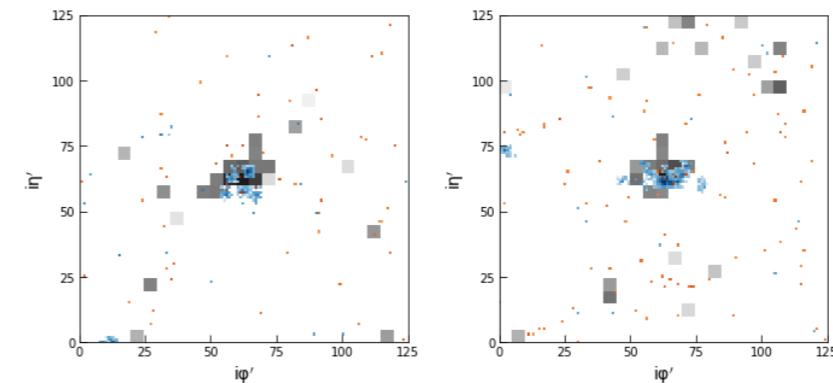
Standard Model & QCD

[Larkoski, Marzani, JDT, Tripathi, Xue, [PRL 2017, PRD 2017](#);
Mehdiabadi, Fahim, [arXiv 2019](#);
Apyan, Cuozzo, Klute, Saito, Schott, Sintayehu, [arXiv 2019](#)]



Machine Learning

[Fernández Madrazo, Heredia Cacha, Lloret Iglesias, de Lucas, [arXiv 2017](#);
Andrews, Paulini, Gleyzer, Poczos, [arXiv 2018](#);
APGP + Alison, An, Bryant, Burkle, Narain, Usai, [arXiv 2019](#);
Komiske, Mastandrea, Metodiev, Naik, JDT, [arXiv 2019](#)]



New Physics Searches

[Cesarotti, Soreq, Strassler, JDT, Xue, [PRD 2019](#);
Lester, Schott, [arXiv 2019](#)]

