SLURM assignment

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Excercise 1

Write a submit script from scratch – The script should use the following parameters: • Uses 1 node from the research.q queue • Creates a file (called text.txt with content: "I have written a submit script" • Sleeps for 30 seconds • Lists the contents of the folder

```
#!/bin/bash
#SBATCH --job-name=kuba
#SBATCH --partition=research.q
#SBATCH --nodes=1
#SBATCH --output=kuba_slurm_out

# write string to file
echo "I have submitted a script" > text.txt

# sleep 30 seconds
sleep 30
# list contents of folder
ls
```

Submit the same job from the command line (i.e. all sbatch options should be added to the command line together with a script file)

```
sbatch slurm_file --job-name=kuba --partition=research.q \
--nodes=1 --output=kuba_slurm_out
```

Do the same without using the script file (i.e. adding a -wrap option)

```
sbatch --wrap="echo 'I have submitted a script' > text.txt;sleep 30;ls;" --job-name=kuba --partition=researc h.q \
--nodes=1 --output=kuba_slurm_out
```

Excercise 2

We want to sort several text files (names_0.txt...names_4.txt). Write a solution that uses SLURM job arrays. (Hint: use the sort command from Linux to build your solution) Useful SLURM variables: - SLURM_ARRAY_JOB_ID set to the job ID for an array job. - SLURM_ARRAY_TASK_ID set to the task ID inside an array job. - SLURM_ARRAY_TASK_MAX/SLURM_ARRAY_TASK_MIN maximum and minimum task IDs in an array job.

array_job.slurm - we submit an array job, each file is submitted to slurm in parralel with the task ID equal to the suffix of the file.

e.g names_0, task ID = 0

```
#!/bin/bash
#SBATCH --job-name=kuba_exc2
#SBATCH --partition=research.q
#SBATCH --array=0-4
#SBATCH --output=kuba_array.out
echo $(sort names_$SLURM_ARRAY_TASK_ID.txt) > names_$SLURM_ARRAY_TASK_ID.txt
```

Exercise 3

Modify Job4 and turn it into an array job. When does Job5 start now?

Job5 starts after all the jobs from job 4 have been submitted due to the defined dependency. Job5 will start sooner with this modification because it won't have to wait for sleep 20 to finish (waiting 20 seconds)

job4.slurm:

```
#!/bin/bash
#SBATCH --job-name=basic-job
#SBATCH --output=basic-job-output
#SBATCH --partition=research.q
#SBATCH --nodelist=aolin23,aolin24
#SBATCH --array=0-4
# print initial date and time
echo "Start JOB 4 at $(date)"
echo "-----
# # print name of host
hostname
echo "-----
# sleep 20 seconds
sleep 20
# print initial date and time
echo "End JOB 4 at $(date)"
```

Exercise 4

Modify individual job scripts so that each job writes its output in a different file.

We change the -output option from SBATCH e.g. "#SBATCH -output=output1.out"

The slurm job files can be found below.

Main file (dependencies):

```
#!/bin/bash
# print initial date and time
echo "Start dependentjob at $(date)"
# first job - no dependencies
dia=$(date)
echo $dia
echo "starting job1"
jid1=$(sbatch --partition=research.q job1.slurm | cut -f 4 -d' ')
echo $jid1
echo "job1 done"
\# multiple jobs can depend on a single job
echo "starting job2"
\verb|jid2=s(sbatch --partition=research.q --dependency=afterok:\$jid1 \verb|job2.slurm|| cut -f 4 -d' ')|
echo "job2 done"
echo "starting job3"
\verb|jid3=s(sbatch --partition=research.q --dependency=afterok:\$jid1 \verb|job3.slurm|| cut -f 4 -d' ')|
echo "job3 done"
echo "starting job4"
# a single job can depend on multiple jobs
jid4=$(sbatch --partition=research.q --dependency=afterany:$jid2:$jid3 job4.slurm | cut -f 4 -d' ')
echo "job4 done"
echo "starting job5"
\verb|jid5=$(sbatch --partition=research.q --dependency=after any:\$jid4 job5.slurm | cut -f 4 -d' ')|
echo "job5 done"
# show dependencies in squeue output:
squeue -u $USER -o "%.8A %.4C %.10m %.20E"
# print final date and time
echo "End dependent job at $(date)"
```

job1.slurm

```
#!/bin/bash
#SBATCH --job-name=basic-job
#SBATCH --output=output1.out
#SBATCH --partition=research.q
#SBATCH --nodelist=aolin23,aolin24
# print initial date and time
echo "Start JOB 1 at $(date)"
echo "-----"
# print name of host
hostname
echo "-----"
# sleep 10 seconds
sleep 10
# print initial date and time
echo "End JOB 1 at $(date)"
```

job2.slurm

```
#!/bin/bash
#SBATCH --job-name=basic-job
#SBATCH --output=output2.out
#SBATCH --partition=research.q
#SBATCH --nodelist=aolin23,aolin24
# print initial date and time
echo "Start JOB 2 at $ (date)"
echo "-----"
# print name of host
hostname
echo "-----"
sleep 20
# print initial date and time
echo "End JOB 2 at $ (date)"
```

job3.slurm

```
#!/bin/bash
#SBATCH --job-name=basic-job
#SBATCH --output=output3.out
#SBATCH --partition=research.q
#SBATCH --nodelist=aolin23,aolin24
# print initial date and time
echo "Start JOB 3 at $(date)"
echo "-----"
# print name of host
hostname
echo "-----"
# sleep 10 seconds
sleep 10
```

job4.slurm

```
#!/bin/bash
#SBATCH --job-name=basic-job
#SBATCH --output=output3.out
#SBATCH --partition=research.q
#SBATCH --nodelist=aolin23,aolin24
#SBATCH --array=0-4
# print initial date and time
echo "Start JOB 4 at $(date)"
echo "-----"
# print name of host
hostname
echo "-----
# sleep 10 seconds
sleep 10
# print initial date and time
echo "End JOB 4 at $(date)"
```

```
#!/bin/bash
#SBATCH --job-name=basic-job
#SBATCH --output=output5.out
#SBATCH --partition=research.q
#SBATCH --nodelist=aclin23,aclin24
# print initial date and time
echo "Start JOB 5 at $(date)"
echo "-----"
# print name of host
hostname
echo "----"
# sleep 10 seconds
sleep 10
# print initial date and time
echo "End JOB 5 at $(date)"
```

Exercise 5

Write a Python script that does the same as the previous bash script. Which approach (bash or Python script) seems easier for you?

Bash script seems easier for me as we do not have to perform bytes encoding/decoding and use extra libraries and their functions to call other programs and perform operations.

Python main file (dependencies):

```
#!/bin/env python3
from datetime import datetime
import subprocess
import re
print("Start dependent job at: ", datetime.today())
# first job - no dependencies
dia=datetime.today()
print(dia)
print("Starting job1")
jid1 = subprocess.check output("sbatch --partition=research.q job1.slurm".split())
jid1 = ''.join(re.findall(r'\d', str(jid1)))
print(jid1)
jid2 = subprocess.check output(f"sbatch --partition=research.q --dependency=afterok:{jid1} job2.slurm".spli
t.())
jid2 = ''.join(re.findall(r'\d', str(jid2)))
jid3 = subprocess.check output(f"sbatch --partition=research.q --dependency=afterok:{jid1} job3.slurm".spli
jid3 = ".join(re.findall(r'\d', str(jid3)))
jid4 = subprocess.check_output(f"sbatch --partition=research.q --dependency=afterany:{jid2}:{jid3} job4.slu
rm".split())
jid4 = ''.join(re.findall(r'\d', str(jid4)))
jid5 = subprocess.check output(f"sbatch --partition=research.q --dependency=afterany:{jid4} job5.slurm".spl
it())
jid4 = ''.join(re.findall(r'\d', str(jid5)))
user = subprocess.check_output(["whoami"]).decode("utf-8").strip()
queueinfo = subprocess.check output(["squeue", "-u", user, "-o", '"%.8A %.4C %.10m %.20E"']).decode("utf-8")
print(queueinfo.replace('"', ''))
# print final date and time
print(f"End dependent job at {datetime.today()}")
```

Exercise 6

Write a SLURM script to run an example that uses xargs or parallel commands to parallelize a certain operation. Check that the total execution time is reduced when the operation is parallelized.

Slurm file, no xargs used:

Using xargs:

We run the each of the versions 5 times and compute runtimes using slurms' "sacct" as shown below:

```
sacct --format=jobid, jobname, nnodes, ncpus, elapsed, state -u biom-2-10 -S2020-01-26-23:35 -E2020-01-26-23:59 - s CD --allocations
```

```
biom-2-10@aolin-login:~$ sacct --format=jobid,jobname,nnodes,ncpus,elapsed,state
-u biom-2-10 -S2020-01-26-23:35 -E2020-01-26-23:59 -s CD --allocations
      JobID
                                     NCPUS
               JobName NNodes
                                              Elapsed
                              1
45719
              no_xargs
                                         2
                                             00:00:21 COMPLETED
                                         2
45720
                              1
                                             00:00:21 COMPLETED
              no xargs
45722
                                             00:00:19 COMPLETED
              no xargs
                              1
                                         2
45723
              no_xargs
                              1
                                         2
                                             00:00:20 COMPLETED
              no_xargs
                                         2 00:00:18 COMPLETED
45724
                              1
45725
                              1
                                         2
                                             00:00:13 COMPLETED
                 xargs
45726
                 xargs
                              1
                                         2
                                             00:00:13 COMPLETED
45727
                              1
                                         2
                                             00:00:13 COMPLETED
                 xargs
45728
                                         2
                                             00:00:13 COMPLETED
                 xargs
                              1
45730
                              1
                                         2
                                             00:00:13 COMPLETED
                 xargs
```

Mean elapsed time:

no xargs: 19.8

Exercise 7

Complete the SLURM script provided to run the MPI application that computes prime numbers. Execute it with different configurations regarding number of nodes, number of tasks and number of tasks per node and see the performance variations (you could also try out the – ntasks-per-node option)

2 Nodes, 2 tasks, 1 core, 2 total processes

```
Sat Feb 1 23:39:45 CET 2020
Running prime number generator program on 2 nodes with 2 tasks, each with 1 cores.
01 February 2020 11:39:46 PM
PRIME MPI
 C/MPI version
  An MPI example program to count the number of primes. The number of processes is 2 \,
                   Ρi
                                Time
                    0
                             0.005757
                             0.031392
         4
                             0.000156
         8
                              0.000164
                             0.000135
        16
                   6
                             0.000157
                             0.000138
        64
                   18
                             0.000159
       256
                  54
                             0.000168
                  97
                             0.000245
                  172
      1024
                              0.000551
      2048
                  309
                             0.001586
      4096
                 564
                             0.006211
      8192
                 1028
                             0.017322
     16384
                 1900
                             0.055468
     32768
                 3512
                             0.152627
     65536
                6542
                             0.529593
                              1.993189
    131072
                12251
    262144
                23000
                              7.522270
PRIME_MPI - Master process:
  Normal end of execution.
01 February 2020 11:39:56 PM
```

¹ Nodes, 1 tasks, 2 cores, 1 total processes

Sat Feb 1 23:38:01 CET 2020 Running prime number generator program on 1 nodes with 1 tasks, each with 2 cores. 01 February 2020 11:38:01 PM PRIME MPI C/MPI version An MPI example program to count the number of primes. The number of processes is 1 Ρi Time 0.000005 1 0 0.000000 0.000000 4 8 0.000000 0.000001 6 16 0.000001 32 11 64 18 0.000003 128 31 0.000010 256 54 0.000032 97 0.000111 1024 172 0.000393 0.001376 2048 309 0.005027 4096 564 1028 8192 0.018212 1900 16384 0.067680 32768 3512 0.250177 65536 6542 0.934416 131072 12251 3.116518 262144 23000 11.333289 PRIME MPI - Master process:

Normal end of execution.

01 February 2020 11:38:17 PM

1 Nodes, 2 tasks, 2 cores, 2 total processes

Sat Feb 1 23:38:49 CET 2020

Running prime number generator program on 1 nodes with 2 tasks, each with 2 cores. 01 February 2020 11:38:49 PM

PRIME MPI C/MPI version

> An MPI example program to count the number of primes. The number of processes is 2

PRIME MPI - Master process: Normal end of execution.

01 February 2020 11:39:05 PM

```
Sat Feb 1 23:39:08 CET 2020
Running prime number generator program on 2 nodes with 2 tasks, each with 2 cores.
01 February 2020 11:39:12 PM
PRIME MPI
 C/MPI version
  An MPI example program to count the number of primes.
  The number of processes is 2
                  Ρi
        Ν
                              Time
                   0
                            0.006084
                            0.000173
                            0.000148
                   2
        8
                  4
                            0.000173
                            0.000143
       32
                            0.000155
       64
                            0.000137
                31
54
       128
                            0.000152
       256
                            0.000173
                 97
       512
                           0.000293
                172
      1024
                            0.000617
      2048
                 309
                            0.001929
     4096
                564
                            0.006659
     8192
               1028
                            0.021825
     16384
                1900
                            0.065197
                            0.162618
               3512
     32768
    65536
               6542
                           0.530293
                            1.995300
    131072
               12251
    262144
               23000
                            7.757183
PRIME_MPI - Master process:
 Normal end of execution.
01 February 2020 11:39:23 PM
2 Nodes, 4 tasks, 2 cores, 4 total processes
Sat Feb 1 23:34:14 CET 2020
Running prime number generator program on 2 nodes with 4 tasks, each with 2 cores.
01 February 2020 11:34:17 PM
PRIME MPI
 C/MPI version
 An MPI example program to count the number of primes.
  The number of processes is 4
                  Ρi
                              Time
        Ν
                   А
                            0.006951
         2
                            0.000173
                           0.000145
        8
                  4
                            0.000175
       16
                            0.000140
                            0.000144
       32
       64
                            0.000127
                 18
                 31
54
       128
                            0.000146
       256
                            0.000131
                 97
                            0.000194
                172
      1024
                            0.000307
      2048
                 309
                            0.001072
     4096
                 564
                            0.003836
     8192
               1028
                            0.012821
               1900
                            0.043444
     16384
     32768
                3512
                            0.119051
    65536
               6542
                           0.350974
    131072
                            1.323173
    262144
               23000
                            4.958100
PRIME_MPI - Master process:
 Normal end of execution.
01 February 2020 11:34:23 PM
Sat Feb 1 23:34:24 CET 2020
```

Example slurm file:

```
#!/bin/bash
 #SBATCH --job-name=mpi prime
 #SBATCH --output=mpi_prime_%j.out
 #SBATCH --partition=research.q
 #SBATCH --nodes=2
 #SBATCH --ntasks=2
 #SBATCH --ntasks-per-node=2
 #SBATCH --cpus-per-task=1
 {\tt hostname}
date
 \hbox{ echo "Running prime number generator program on $SLURM\_JOB\_NUM\_NODES nodes with $SLURM\_NTASKS tasks, each window with $SLURM\_NTASKS tasks, e
 th $SLURM_CPUS_PER_TASK cores."
 source /soft/modules-3.2.10/Modules/3.2.10/init/bash
module load openmpi/3.0.0
mpirun -n $SLURM_NTASKS ./prime_mpi
 date
```