


Solve $z^5 = 1 + i$

$$= \sqrt{2} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{i}{\sqrt{2}} \right)$$

$$= \sqrt{2} \left(\cos \frac{\pi}{4} + i \sin \frac{\pi}{4} \right)$$

$$= \sqrt{2} e^{i(\frac{\pi}{4} + 2\pi k)}$$

$$z = 2^{\frac{1}{5}} e^{i(\frac{\pi}{20} + 2\pi k)} \quad k = 0, 1, \dots, 4$$

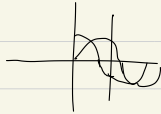
Solve $z^4 = 1 - \sqrt{3}i$

$$= 2 \left(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}i \right)$$

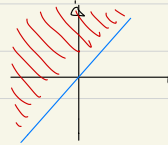
$$= 2 \left(\cos \frac{5}{3}\pi - i \sin \frac{5}{3}\pi \right)$$

$$= 2 \cdot e^{i(\frac{5}{3}\pi + 2\pi k)}$$

$$z = 2^{\frac{1}{4}} \cdot e^{i(\frac{5}{12}\pi + 2\pi k)} \quad k = 0, 1, 2, 3$$



$A = \{ z = x + iy \mid x < y \}$ open set is \mathbb{H}^2



$$\delta = \frac{(\operatorname{Re} z - \operatorname{Im} z)}{\sqrt{2}}$$

if $w = B_\delta(z) \Rightarrow |z - w| < \delta$

$$z = x + yi \quad w = a + bi$$

$$(x-a)^2 + (y-b)^2 < \frac{(x-y)^2}{2}$$

$$(x-a)^2 < \frac{(x-y)^2}{2}$$

$$x-a < \frac{x-y}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$f(z) = z + 2z^2 \Rightarrow \lim_{z \rightarrow i} f(z) = i - 2$

if $\forall \varepsilon > 0, \exists \delta$

s.t. $|z - i| < \delta \Rightarrow |z + 2z^2 - i + 2| < \varepsilon$

$$|z + i| |2z - (2i + 1)| \leq |z + i| (|z| + 5) <$$

$f: \mathbb{C} \rightarrow \mathbb{C} \quad f(z) = u(z) + i v(z)$

Def) $f(z) \rightarrow w_0$ as $z \rightarrow z_0$ if $\forall \varepsilon > 0, \exists \delta > 0$

s.t. $|z - z_0| < \delta \Rightarrow |f(z) - w_0| < \varepsilon$

e.g.) $\lim_{z \rightarrow i} (z^2 + 2z) = -1 + 2i \left(\lim_{z \rightarrow i} f(z) = w_0 \right)$

pf) Given $\varepsilon > 0$ if $|z - i| < \delta$ and $|z - i| < 1$

then $|z^2 + 2z + 1 - 2i| = |z - i| |z + i - 2|$

$$\leq |z - i| (|z| + 3) < 5\delta \leq \varepsilon$$