



Vehicle Intersection Control

McMASTER UNIVERSITY

Draft System Requirements

SE 4G06

GROUP 6

Alex Jackson
Jean Lucas Ferreira
Justin Kapinski
Mathew Hober
Radhika Sharma
Zachary Bazen

Contents

1 Revisions	4
2 Project Drivers	5
2.1 The Purpose of the Project	5
2.2 The Client, the Customer, and Other Stakeholders	5
2.3 Users of the Product	5
3 Project Constraints	5
3.1 Mandated Constraints	5
3.2 Naming Conventions and Definitions	6
3.3 Relevant Facts and Assumptions	6
4 Context Diagrams	7
5 Constants	8
6 Monitored and Controlled Variables	8
7 Functional Requirements	8
7.1 Track Functional Requirements	8
7.2 Vehicle Functional Requirements	8
7.3 Intersection Controller Functional Requirements	8
8 Functional Decomposition Diagrams	9
9 Functional Requirements Likelihood of Change	10
10 Nonfunctional Requirements	10
10.1 Look and Feel Requirements	10
10.2 Usability and Humanity Requirements	10
10.3 Performance Requirements	11
10.4 Operational and Environmental Requirements	12
10.5 Maintainability and Support Requirements	12
10.6 Security Requirements	12
10.7 Cultural and Political Requirements	13
10.8 Legal Requirements	13
11 Project Issues	13
11.1 Open Issues	13
11.2 Off-the-Shelf Solutions	13
11.3 Risks	13
11.4 Costs	13
11.5 Waiting Room	14

List of Tables

1 VIC Table of Revisions	4
------------------------------------	---

List of Figures

1 Intersection Controller Context Diagram	7
---	---

2	Car Controller Context Diagram	7
3	Functional Track Navigation Decomposition	9
4	Functional Intersection Controller Decomposition	9

1 Revisions

Date	Revision Number	Authors	Comments
November 14, 2016	Revision 0	Alex Jackson Jean Lucas Ferreira Justin Kapinski Mathew Hober Radhika Sharma Zachary Bazen	N/A

Table 1: VIC Table of Revisions

2 Project Drivers

2.1 The Purpose of the Project

The purpose of this project is to create a system that allows autonomous cars to navigate through intersections. This will be accomplished by providing an appropriate order for the vehicles to proceed through the intersection. When multiple autonomous cars arrive at an intersection simultaneously, due to the lack of a decision making protocol, the cars have no way of determining in which order to proceed.

Vehicle Intersection Control (also known as VIC) will allow autonomous vehicles to make navigation decisions at intersections. In addition, VIC will be able to dynamically handle changing scenarios at an intersection without running into deadlock or stalemate situations. To ensure safety, VIC will allow cars to navigate through the intersection only after a unanimous consensus has been made.

The following document will outline the functional and nonfunctional requirements of VIC. Other topics that will be covered pertaining to VIC will include: Scope, Project Drivers, Project Constraints, and Project Issues.

2.2 The Client, the Customer, and Other Stakeholders

2.2.1 Client and Customer

The client and the customer for this project is Shaun Marshall, the engineering group manager at General Motors

2.2.2 Stakeholders

The stakeholders consists of:

- The developers and system designers of VIC
- Dr. Alan Wassyng, the project supervisor
- The teaching assistants of the courses, as the evaluators of the overall system.

2.3 Users of the Product

This product is expected to be used by researchers in the field of autonomous vehicles.

3 Project Constraints

3.1 Mandated Constraints

Vehicle intersection control has several mandated constraints tabled below.

MC1	Remote control cars must be 1/10 scale
RMC1	The remote control cars must fit the requirements of an existing track that was created for previous capstone projects

MC2	Remote control cars must be electric
RMC2	Operating conditions are indoors

MC3	The cost of the project must not exceed \$700 dollars
RMC3	This is to ensure an off-the-shelf solution can not be purchased. It also ensures the project remains economically feasible

3.2 Naming Conventions and Definitions

3.2.1 Naming Conventions

T#	Track requirement identification and number
V#	Remote control vehicle requirement identification and number
IC#	Intersection control requirement identification and number
MC#	Mandated project constraints identification and number
RMC#	Rational for mandated project constraints identification and number
A#	Project assumptions identification and number
RA#	Rational for project assumptions identification and number
VIC	Vehicle intersection control

3.2.2 Definitions

1. **VIC** - The name given to the overall intersection control system

3.3 Relevant Facts and Assumptions

3.3.1 Relevant Facts

- N/A

3.3.2 Assumptions

VIC assumptions tabled below.

A1	Ideal driving conditions on the track
RA1	Track is situated indoors

A2	Intersection is a four way stop
RA2	Different intersection arrangements beyond the scope of this project

A3	Only autonomous car will be present on the track
RA3	This will help simplify the scope of the project

A4	Cars will not have a large variance in size
RA4	The 1/10th model cars will only consists of sedan or coupe styled cars. We will not consider large vehicles such as trucks or buses.

4 Context Diagrams

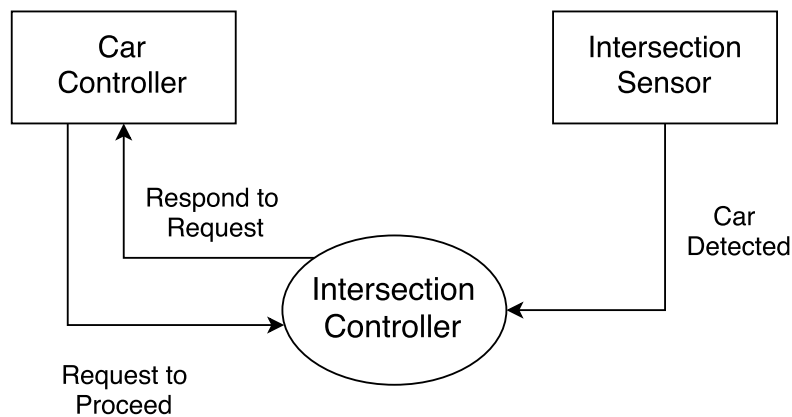


Figure 1: Intersection Controller Context Diagram

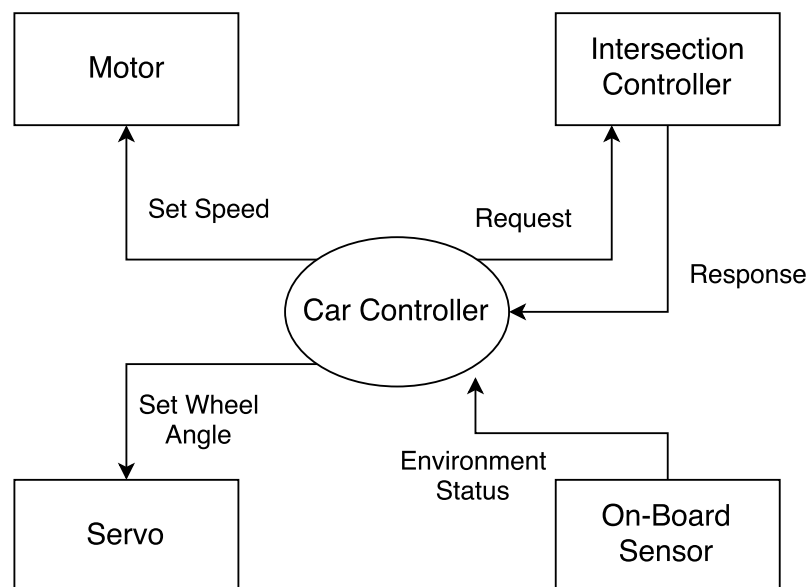


Figure 2: Car Controller Context Diagram

5 Constants

- TBD

6 Monitored and Controlled Variables

- TBD

7 Functional Requirements

The requirements for this project are separated into the three main components of the system: the track, vehicle, and intersection controller.

7.1 Track Functional Requirements

- T1:** The track must have lanes
- T2:** The track must have an intersection
- T3:** The track must have an object to indicate stopping at an intersection

7.2 Vehicle Functional Requirements

- V1:** The vehicle must be able to send and receive signals to and from the system infrastructure
- V2:** The vehicle must be able to detect lanes and follow them
- V3:** The vehicle must be able to detect intersections
- V4:** The vehicle must be able to stop at intersections
- V5:** The vehicle must be able to navigate through intersections
- V6:** The vehicle must be able to avoid obstacles
- V7:** The vehicle must follow the laws of the Highway Traffic act

7.3 Intersection Controller Functional Requirements

- IC1:** The system infrastructure must be able to detect if there is a car at the intersection
- IC2:** The system infrastructure must be able to differentiate between autonomous and non autonomous cars
- IC3:** The system infrastructure must be able to detect when a car has navigated through the intersection
- IC4:** The system infrastructure must be able to determine the order in which the cars should proceed
- IC5:** The system infrastructure must be able to signal to the vehicle when it is allowed to go through the intersection

8 Functional Decomposition Diagrams

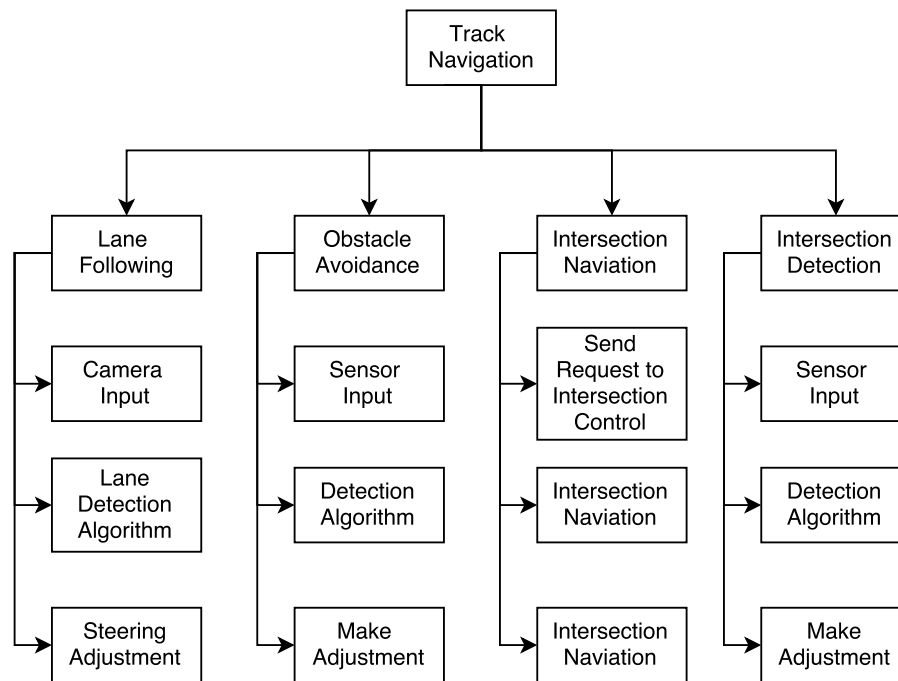


Figure 3: Functional Track Navigation Decomposition

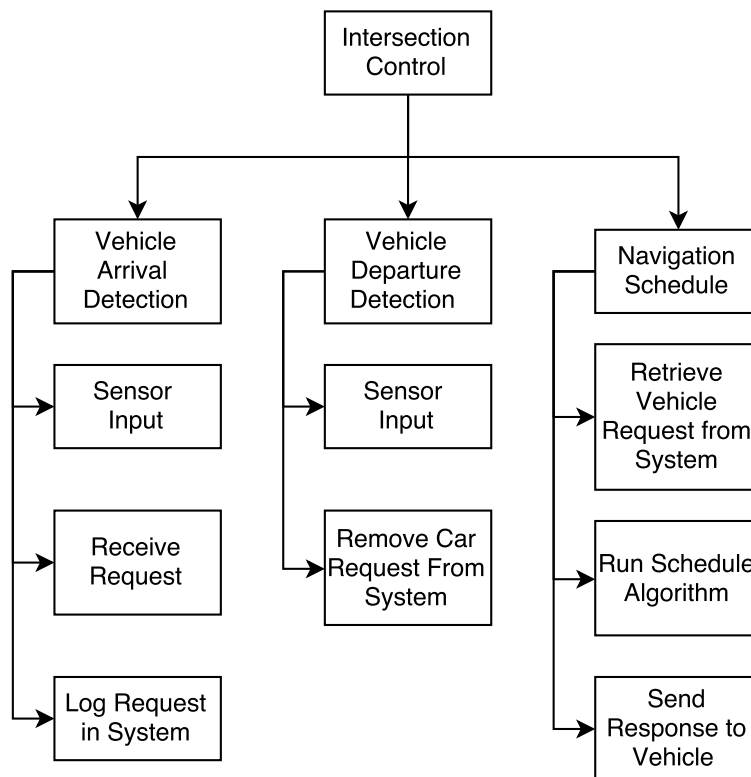


Figure 4: Functional Intersection Controller Decomposition

9 Functional Requirements Likelihood of Change

Requirement Group	Requirement	Likelihood of Change
Track	T1	Unlikely
	T2	Unlikely
	T3	Unlikely
Vehicle	V1	Likely
	V2	Unlikely
	V3	Unlikely
	V4	Unlikely
	V5	Unlikely
	V6	Unlikely
	V7	Unlikely
Intersection Control	IC1	Likely
	IC2	Likely
	IC3	Likely
	IC4	Likely
	IC5	Likely

10 Nonfunctional Requirements

10.1 Look and Feel Requirements

10.1.1 Appearance Requirements

- N/A

10.1.2 Style Requirements

- N/A

10.2 Usability and Humanity Requirements

10.2.1 Ease of Use Requirements

- N/A

10.2.2 Personalization and Internationalization Requirements

A: The system must be able to function according to North American road standards

10.2.3 Learning Requirements

- N/A

10.2.4 Understandability and Politeness Requirements

- N/A

10.2.5 Accessibility Requirements

- N/A

10.3 Performance Requirements

Please note that the following non functional requirements will be updated as the system is created and data is acquired.

10.3.1 Speed Requirements

- A:** The system must be able to determine an order and convey it to the vehicle before a soft deadline

10.3.2 Safety-Critical Requirements

- A:** The system must only signal a car to proceed when the intersection is clear
B: The vehicle must stop within a safe distance of an obstacle

10.3.3 Precision Requirements

- A:** The vehicle must not deviate from the lanes more than 1%

10.3.4 Reliability or Availability Requirements

- A:** The system must operate without failure 99% of the time
B: The vehicle system must operate as long as car's internal power supply is charged

10.3.5 Robustness or Fault-Tolerance Requirements

- A:** In the event of a complete vehicle system failure, the vehicle must come to a stop

10.3.6 Capacity Requirements

- A:** The intersection controller shall be able to manage one intersection at a time
B: The intersection controller shall be able to communicate with a maximum of four cars at a time

10.3.7 Scalability or Extensibility Requirements

- N/A

10.3.8 Longevity Requirements

A: Components should be functional for up to one year

10.4 Operational and Environmental Requirements

10.4.1 Expected Physical Environment

A: The track must be 1/10 scale of a real world intersection

10.4.2 Requirements for Interacting with Adjacent Systems

A: The components must be able to use the API of existing and partner components

10.5 Maintainability and Support Requirements

10.5.1 Maintenance Requirements

A: Issues must be resolved within one week of discovering an error in the system

10.5.2 Supportability Requirements

- N/A

10.5.3 Adaptability Requirements

- N/A

10.6 Security Requirements

10.6.1 Access Requirements

A: All stated stakeholders have full access to the product

10.6.2 Integrity Requirements

A: The system will not be altered by external signals

10.6.3 Privacy Requirements

- N/A

10.6.4 Audit Requirements

- N/A

10.6.5 Immunity Requirements

- N/A

10.7 Cultural and Political Requirements

10.7.1 Cultural Requirements

- N/A

10.7.2 Political Requirements

- N/A

10.8 Legal Requirements

10.8.1 Compliance Requirements

- N/A

10.8.2 Standards Requirements

- N/A

11 Project Issues

11.1 Open Issues

A: The track design is unknown

11.2 Off-the-Shelf Solutions

11.2.1 Ready-Made Products

A: Autonomous Intersection Management, and existing product that partially solves our problem

11.3 Risks

A: Component failure

B: Parts damaged

C: Potential to minor injuries to humans

11.4 Costs

The general budget for the major components are as follow:

A: 1/10th model car \$200.0 each

B: Cameras and sensors \$100.00

C: Micro-controllers \$200

11.5 Waiting Room

A: Having the system work with other autonomous car models

B: Having the system work with non-autonomous cars