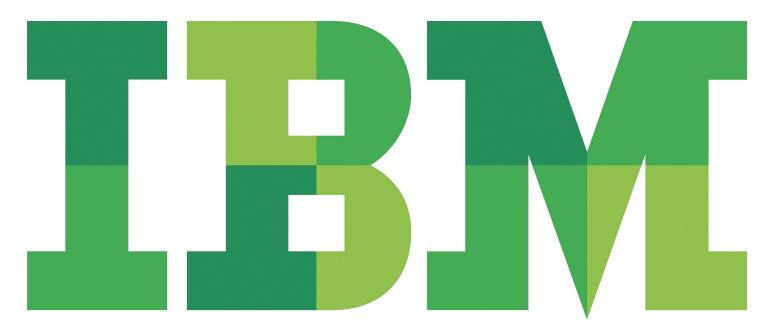
# Natural Language Classifier in Node.js

### **Hands-On Lab**

JeanCarl Bisson | jbisson@us.ibm.com | @dothewww



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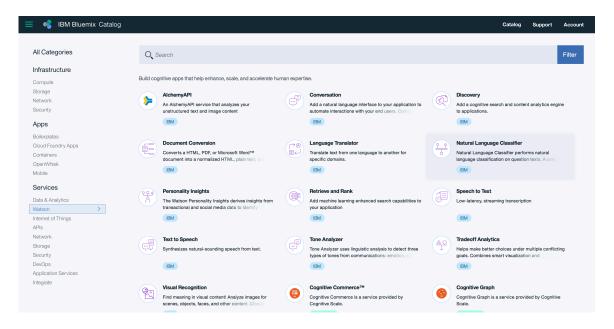




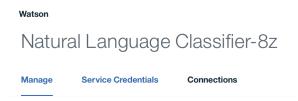
## Create a Natural Language Classifier Service

To use the IBM Watson Natural Language Classifier service, we first need to create the Watson service in the IBM Bluemix console.

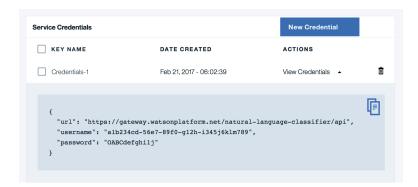
- Sign up for an IBM Bluemix account at bluemix.net. If you already have a Bluemix account, login.
- Click on the Catalog link in the top-right corner.
- Click on the Natural Language Classifier tile under the Watson section. You can leave the fields as the default values. Click on Create.



Click on the Service Credentials tab.



Click on View Credentials. Copy the username and password credentials. You will use these credentials in the next two sections.



### Training a Custom Classifier

In this section, we will train Watson with a couple of classes about weather questions. Refer to the CSV file that contains two columns, a guestion and a class name. A portion of the file is displayed below.

Is it hot outside?	temperature
Will it be uncomfortably hot?	temperature
Will it be sweltering?	temperature
How cold is it today?	temperature
Is it cold outside?	temperature
Will it be uncomfortably cold?	temperature
Is it windy?	conditions
Will it rain today?	conditions
What are the chances for rain?	conditions
Will we get snow?	conditions
Are we expecting sunny conditions?	conditions
Is it overcast?	conditions

Copy and paste the contents at:



ibm.biz/nodejs-nlc-weathercsv

- 1. Training Watson is straightforward once you have a list of example strings and their classes. Save this list into a CSV formatted file named weather\_training.csv.
- Create a new JavaScript file named train.js. Use the code shown below.

```
    "use strict";

    const NaturalLanguageClassifierV1 = require("watson-developer-cloud/natural-language-classifier/v1");

3. const fs = require("fs");
5. const natural language classifier = new NaturalLanguageClassifierV1({
     username: "<USERNAME>'
6.
     password: "<PASSWORD>",
7.
8.
     version: "v1"
                                                                                      Copy and paste the code at:
9. });
10.
11. // Creating a classifier
12. const params = {
13. language: "en"
14.
     name: "<CLASSIFIER NAME>",
      training_data: fs.createReadStream("<FILE PATH AND NAME TO CSV FILE>")
15.
                                                                                       ibm.biz/nodejs-nlc-train
16. };
17.
18. natural_language_classifier.create(params, function(err, response) {
20.
       console.log(err);
21.
     } else {
22.
       console.log(JSON.stringify(response, null, 2));
23.
24. });
```

#### Change the following:

- replace <USERNAME> and <PASSWORD> (lines 6 and 7) with values from the service credentials from Step #5 on
- replace <CLASSIFIER NAME> (line 14) with a custom name for the classifier. For this example, let's choose weather-questions
- replace <FILENAME AND PATH TO CSV FILE> (line 15) with the file path and name where the CSV file is located. For this example, enter ./weather\_training.csv

There are also a couple of things to take note of in the code:

- the language parameter (line 13) of the training data is a 2-letter primary language code as assigned in ISO standard 639. Supported languages are English (en), Arabic (ar), French (fr), German, (de), Italian (it), Japanese (ja), Portuguese (pt), and Spanish (es)
- the classifier name (line 14), <CLASSIFIER NAME>, is a label for your convenience

3. Run the Node.js application by using the terminal command node train.js. You should see output like the following. However, some values will be different.

```
$ node train.js
 "classifier_id": "0a1b23c456-nlc-789",
  "name": "weather-questions",
 "language": "en",
"created": "2017-02-21T18:26:02.327Z",
  "url": "https://gateway.watsonplatform.net/natural-language-classifier/api/v1/classifiers/0a1b23c456-
  "status": "Training",
  "status_description": "The classifier instance is in its training phase, not yet ready to accept
classify requests"
```

There are a couple of things to take note of in the response:

- take note of the classifier\_id value. This will be needed when we call the Natural Language Classifier service to classify new phrases
- the status property has a value of Training while Watson is ingesting the data and training. When training is complete, this status should become Available. Other values are Non Existent, Failed or Unavailable

# Classify Phrase Using the Custom Classifier

In the last section, we created a custom classifier of weather questions using the IBM Watson Natural Language Classifier service. In this section, we will use this classifier to classify questions such as "Is it sunny?"

1. Create a new JavaScript file named classify.js. Use the code shown below.

```
    "use strict";

2. const NaturalLanguageClassifierV1 = require("watson-developer-cloud/natural-language-classifier/v1");
3. const fs = require("fs");
5. const natural language classifier = new NaturalLanguageClassifierV1({
     username: "<USERNAME>",
password: "<PASSWORD>",
6.
7.
      version: "v1'
8.
9. });
                                                                                     Copy and paste the code at:
11. natural_language_classifier.classify(
12.
13.
        text: "Is it sunny?",
        classifier_id: "<CLASSIFIER ID>"
14.
15.
16.
      function(err, response) {
        if (err) {
                                                                                      ibm.biz/nodejs-nlc-classify
17.
18.
          console.log("error:", err);
19.
        } else {
20.
          console.log(JSON.stringify(response, null, 2));
21.
22.
     }
23.);
```

Change the following:

- replace <USERNAME> and <PASSWORD> (lines 6 and 7) with values from the service credentials from Step #5 on page 2
- replace <CLASSIFIER ID> (line 14) with the classifier ID created from the previous section
- Run the Node.js application with the command node classify.js. You should see output like the following. However, some values will be different.

There are a couple of things to take note of in the JSON response:

- the classes property contains an array of up to ten class\_name/confidence pairs that are sorted in descending order of confidence. If there are fewer than 10 classes, the sum of the confidence values is 100%
- the confidence score is a decimal percentage that represents the confidence that Watson has in this class. A higher value represent a higher confidence
- the property named top\_class returns the class with the highest confidence
- 3. Experiment by changing the question on line 13 and rerun the node classify.js command to see how values change.

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### **Listing Classifiers**

To get a list of classifiers that have been created with this Watson Natural Language Classifier service, use the following code:

```
1. "use strict";
2. const NaturalLanguageClassifierV1 = require("watson-developer-cloud/natural-language-classifier/v1");
3.

    const natural language classifier = new NaturalLanguageClassifierV1({

     username: "<USERNAME>",
password: "<PASSWORD>",
5.
6.
                                                                                            Copy and paste the code at:
      version: "v1"
8. });
9.
10. natural_language_classifier.list({},
    function(err, response) {
11.
12.
        if (err)
13.
          console.log("error:", err);
                                                                                               ibm.biz/nodejs-nlc-list
        else
14.
15.
          console.log(JSON.stringify(response, null, 2));
16. });
$ node list.js
  "classifiers": [
      "classifier id": "0a1b23c456-nlc-789",
      "url": "https://gateway.watsonplatform.net/natural-language-classifier/api/v1/classifiers/0alb23c456-
nlc-789",
      "name": "weather-questions",
      "language": "en",
"created": "2017-02-21T18:26:02.327Z"
  1
```

## Getting Status of a Classifier

To get a list of classifiers that have been created with this Watson Natural Language Classifier service, use the following code:

```
    "use strict";

2. const NaturalLanguageClassifierV1 = require("watson-developer-cloud/natural-language-classifier/v1");
3.
4. const natural_language_classifier = new NaturalLanguageClassifierV1({
     username: "<USERNAME>"
5.
     password: "<PASSWORD>",
7.
     version: "v1"
8. });
                                                                                       Copy and paste the code at:
10. natural_language_classifier.status({
       classifier_id: "<CLASSIFER ID>"
11.
12.
     function(err, response) {
13.
14.
          console.log("error:", err);
                                                                                        ibm.biz/nodejs-nlc-status
16.
17.
          console.log(JSON.stringify(response, null, 2));
18. });
$ node status.js
  "classifier id": "0a1b23c456-nlc-789",
  "name": "weather-questions",
  "language": "en",
  "created": "2017-02-21T18:26:02.327Z",
  "url": "https://gateway.watsonplatform.net/natural-language-classifier/api/v1/classifiers/0a1b23c456-nlc-
  "status": "Available",
  status_description": "The classifier instance is now available and is ready to take classifier requests."
```