Multimodal.R.

```
library(Seurat)
## Warning: package 'Seurat' was built under R version 3.5.3
library(ggplot2)
## Warning: package 'ggplot2' was built under R version 3.5.3
# Load in the RNA UMI matrix
# Note that this dataset also contains ~5% of mouse cells, which we can use as negative controls
# for the protein measurements. For this reason, the gene expression matrix has HUMAN_ or MOUSE_
# appended to the beginning of each gene.
# This file is too big!! use pre-collapsed data from maunish instead
\#cbmc.rna <- as.sparse(read.csv(file = \#"\sim/HarderLab/singlecellgenomicspractice/multimodal\_tutorial/GSE)
     header = TRUE, row.names = 1))
# To make life a bit easier going forward, we're going to discard all but the top 100 most
# highly expressed mouse genes, and remove the 'HUMAN_' from the CITE-seq prefix
# Due to issue with file size, I'm just starting with the collapsed file.
cbmc.rna <- get(load("~/HarderLab/singlecellgenomicspractice/multimodal_tutorial/cbmc.RData"))</pre>
# Load in the ADT UMI matrix
cbmc.adt <- as.sparse(read.csv(file = "~/HarderLab/singlecellgenomicspractice/multimodal_tutorial/GSE10</pre>
   header = TRUE, row.names = 1))
# When adding multimodal data to Seurat, it's okay to have duplicate feature names. Each set of
# modal data (eq. RNA, ADT, etc.) is stored in its own Assay object. One of these Assay objects
# is called the 'default assay', meaning it's used for all analyses and visualization. To pull
# data from an assay that isn't the default, you can specify a key that's linked to an assay for
# feature pulling. To see all keys for all objects, use the Key function. Lastly, we observed
# poor enrichments for CCR5, CCR7, and CD10 - and therefore remove them from the matrix
# (optional)
cbmc.adt <- cbmc.adt[setdiff(rownames(x = cbmc.adt), c("CCR5", "CCR7", "CD10")), ]</pre>
cbmc <- CreateSeuratObject(counts = cbmc.rna)</pre>
## Warning: Feature names cannot have underscores ('_'), replacing with dashes
## ('-')
# standard log-normalization
cbmc <- NormalizeData(cbmc)</pre>
# choose ~1k variable features
cbmc <- FindVariableFeatures(cbmc)</pre>
# standard scaling (no regression)
cbmc <- ScaleData(cbmc)</pre>
## Centering and scaling data matrix
# Run PCA, select 13 PCs for tSNE visualization and graph-based clustering
cbmc <- RunPCA(cbmc, verbose = FALSE)</pre>
```

```
plot(ElbowPlot(cbmc, ndims = 50))
multimodal_files/figure-latex/multimodal data processing-1.pdf
cbmc <- FindNeighbors(cbmc, dims = 1:25)</pre>
## Computing nearest neighbor graph
## Computing SNN
cbmc <- FindClusters(cbmc, resolution = 0.8)</pre>
## Modularity Optimizer version 1.3.0 by Ludo Waltman and Nees Jan van Eck
## Number of nodes: 8617
## Number of edges: 347548
## Running Louvain algorithm...
## Maximum modularity in 10 random starts: 0.8592
## Number of communities: 19
## Elapsed time: 2 seconds
cbmc <- RunTSNE(cbmc, dims = 1:25, method = "FIt-SNE")</pre>
# Find the markers that define each cluster, and use these to annotate the clusters, we use
# max.cells.per.ident to speed up the process
cbmc.rna.markers <- FindAllMarkers(cbmc, max.cells.per.ident = 100, min.diff.pct = 0.3, only.pos = TRUE
## Calculating cluster 0
## Calculating cluster 1
## Calculating cluster 2
## Calculating cluster 3
## Calculating cluster 4
## Calculating cluster 5
## Calculating cluster 6
## Calculating cluster 7
## Calculating cluster 8
## Calculating cluster 9
## Calculating cluster 10
## Calculating cluster 11
## Calculating cluster 12
## Calculating cluster 13
## Calculating cluster 14
```

Calculating cluster 15

```
## Calculating cluster 16
## Calculating cluster 17
## Calculating cluster 18
# Note, for simplicity we are merging two CD14+ Monocyte clusters (that differ in expression of
# HLA-DR genes) and NK clusters (that differ in cell cycle stage)
new.cluster.ids <- c("Memory CD4 T", "CD14+ Mono", "Naive CD4 T", "NK", "CD14+ Mono", "Mouse", "B",
        "CD8 T", "CD16+ Mono", "T/Mono doublets", "NK", "CD34+", "Multiplets", "Mouse", "Eryth", "Mk",
       "Mouse", "DC", "pDCs")
names(new.cluster.ids) <- levels(cbmc)</pre>
cbmc <- RenameIdents(cbmc, new.cluster.ids)</pre>
plot(DimPlot(cbmc, label = TRUE) + NoLegend())
 "multimodal_files/figure-latex/clustering and TSNE-1".pdf
# We will define an ADT assay, and store raw counts for it
# If you are interested in how these data are internally stored, you can check out the Assay
# class, which is defined in objects.R; note that all single-cell expression data, including RNA
# data, are still stored in Assay objects, and can also be accessed using GetAssayData
cbmc[["ADT"]] <- CreateAssayObject(counts = cbmc.adt)</pre>
# Now we can repeat the preprocessing (normalization and scaling) steps that we typically run
# with RNA, but modifying the 'assay' argument. For CITE-seq data, we do not recommend typical
# LogNormalization. Instead, we use a centered log-ratio (CLR) normalization, computed
# independently for each feature. This is a slightly improved procedure from the original
# publication, and we will release more advanced versions of CITE-seq normalizations soon.
cbmc <- NormalizeData(cbmc, assay = "ADT", normalization.method = "CLR")</pre>
## Normalizing across features
cbmc <- ScaleData(cbmc, assay = "ADT")</pre>
## Centering and scaling data matrix
# in this plot, protein (ADT) levels are on top, and RNA levels are on the bottom
plot(FeaturePlot(cbmc, features = c("adt_CD3", "adt_CD11c", "adt_CD8", "adt_CD16", "CD3E", "ITGAX", "CD3E", "CD3E", "ITGAX", "CD3E", "C
        "FCGR3A"), min.cutoff = "q05", max.cutoff = "q95", ncol = 4))
 multimodal_files/figure-latex/adt levels-1.pdf
plot(RidgePlot(cbmc, features = c("adt_CD3", "adt_CD11c", "adt_CD8", "adt_CD16"), ncol = 2))
## Picking joint bandwidth of 0.0848
## Picking joint bandwidth of 0.1
```

```
## Picking joint bandwidth of 0.142
## Picking joint bandwidth of 0.0862
multimodal_files/figure-latex/adt levels-2.pdf
# Draw ADT scatter plots (like biaxial plots for FACS). Note that you can even 'qate' cells if
# desired by using HoverLocator and FeatureLocator
plot(FeatureScatter(cbmc, feature1 = "adt_CD19", feature2 = "adt_CD3"))
multimodal_files/figure-latex/adt levels-3.pdf
# Let's plot CD4 vs CD8 levels in T cells
tcells <- subset(cbmc, idents = c("Naive CD4 T", "Memory CD4 T", "CD8 T"))
plot(FeatureScatter(tcells, feature1 = "adt_CD4", feature2 = "adt_CD8"))
multimodal_files/figure-latex/adt levels-4.pdf
# # Let's look at the raw (non-normalized) ADT counts. You can see the values are quite high,
# particularly in comparison to RNA values. This is due to the significantly higher protein copy
# number in cells, which significantly reduces 'drop-out' in ADT data
plot(FeatureScatter(tcells, feature1 = "adt_CD4", feature2 = "adt_CD8", slot = "counts"))
multimodal_files/figure-latex/adt levels-5.pdf
# Downsample the clusters to a maximum of 300 cells each (makes the heatmap easier to see for
# small clusters)
cbmc.small <- subset(cbmc, downsample = 300)</pre>
# Find protein markers for all clusters, and draw a heatmap
adt.markers <- FindAllMarkers(cbmc.small, assay = "ADT", only.pos = TRUE)
## Calculating cluster Memory CD4 T
## Calculating cluster CD14+ Mono
## Calculating cluster Naive CD4 T
## Calculating cluster NK
```

```
## Calculating cluster Mouse
## Calculating cluster B
## Calculating cluster CD8 T
## Calculating cluster CD16+ Mono
## Calculating cluster T/Mono doublets
## Calculating cluster CD34+
## Calculating cluster Multiplets
## Calculating cluster Eryth
## Calculating cluster Mk
## Calculating cluster DC
## Calculating cluster pDCs
plot(DoHeatmap(cbmc.small, features = unique(adt.markers$gene), assay = "ADT", angle = 90) + NoLegend()
multimodal_files/figure-latex/differential expression-1.pdf
# You can see that our unknown cells co-express both myeloid and lymphoid markers (true at the
# RNA level as well). They are likely cell clumps (multiplets) that should be discarded. We'll
# remove the mouse cells now as well
# --> discard doublets
cbmc <- subset(cbmc, idents = c("Multiplets", "Mouse"), invert = TRUE)</pre>
# Because we're going to be working with the ADT data extensively, we're going to switch the
# default assay to the 'CITE' assay. This will cause all functions to use ADT data by default,
# rather than requiring us to specify it each time
DefaultAssay(cbmc) <- "ADT"</pre>
cbmc <- RunPCA(cbmc, features = rownames(cbmc), reduction.name = "pca_adt", reduction.key = "pca_adt_",</pre>
   verbose = FALSE)
## Warning in irlba(A = t(x = object), nv = npcs, ...): You're computing too
## large a percentage of total singular values, use a standard svd instead.
## Warning: All keys should be one or more alphanumeric characters followed by
## an underscore '_', setting key to pca_
plot(DimPlot(cbmc, reduction = "pca_adt"))
multimodal_files/figure-latex/differential expression-2.pdf
# Since we only have 10 markers, instead of doing PCA, we'll just use a standard euclidean
# distance matrix here. Also, this provides a good opportunity to demonstrate how to do
# visualization and clustering using a custom distance matrix in Seurat
```

```
adt.data <- GetAssayData(cbmc, slot = "data")</pre>
adt.dist <- dist(t(adt.data))</pre>
# Before we recluster the data on ADT levels, we'll stash the RNA cluster IDs for later
cbmc[["rnaClusterID"]] <- Idents(cbmc)</pre>
# Now, we rerun tSNE using our distance matrix defined only on ADT (protein) levels.
cbmc[["tsne_adt"]] <- RunTSNE(adt.dist, assay = "ADT", reduction.key = "adtTSNE_")</pre>
cbmc[["adt_snn"]] <- FindNeighbors(adt.dist)$snn</pre>
## Building SNN based on a provided distance matrix
## Computing SNN
cbmc <- FindClusters(cbmc, resolution = 0.2, graph.name = "adt_snn")</pre>
## Modularity Optimizer version 1.3.0 by Ludo Waltman and Nees Jan van Eck
##
## Number of nodes: 7895
## Number of edges: 258146
##
## Running Louvain algorithm...
## Maximum modularity in 10 random starts: 0.9491
## Number of communities: 11
## Elapsed time: 2 seconds
# We can compare the RNA and protein clustering, and use this to annotate the protein clustering
# (we could also of course use FindMarkers)
clustering.table <- table(Idents(cbmc), cbmc$rnaClusterID)</pre>
clustering.table
##
##
        Memory CD4 T CD14+ Mono Naive CD4 T
                                                        B CD8 T CD16+ Mono
                                                 NK
##
     0
                 1754
                                0
                                         1217
                                                 29
                                                        0
                                                             27
##
     1
                    0
                             2189
                                             0
                                                  4
                                                        0
                                                              0
                                                                         30
##
     2
                    3
                                0
                                             2
                                                890
                                                        3
                                                              1
                                                                          0
##
                    0
                                             0
                                                  2
                                                     319
                                                              0
                                                                          2
     3
                                4
##
     4
                   24
                                0
                                            18
                                                  4
                                                        1
                                                            243
                                                                          0
##
                               27
                                                              2
     5
                    1
                                             4
                                                157
                                                        2
                                                                         10
##
     6
                    4
                               5
                                             0
                                                              0
                                                                          0
                                                  1
##
     7
                    4
                               59
                                             4
                                                  0
                                                        0
                                                              0
                                                                          9
##
     8
                    0
                                9
                                             0
                                                  2
                                                        0
                                                              0
                                                                        179
                                                              0
##
     9
                    0
                                0
                                             1
                                                  Λ
                                                        0
                                                                          0
##
                                                       25
                                                              0
                                                                          0
##
##
        T/Mono doublets CD34+ Eryth
                                              DC pDCs
                                        Mk
##
     0
                       5
                              2
                                    4
                                         24
                                               1
                                                    2
##
     1
                       1
                              1
                                    5
                                         25
                                              55
                                                    0
                                         7
     2
                       0
                              1
                                    3
                                               2
##
                                                    1
                       0
                              2
                                    2
                                         3
##
     3
                                               0
                                                    0
##
     4
                       0
                              0
                                    1
                                         2
                                               0
                                                    0
##
     5
                      56
                              0
                                    9
                                        16
                                               6
                                                    2
##
     6
                       1
                            113
                                   81
                                         16
                                               5
                                                    0
##
     7
                     117
                              0
                                    0
                                         2
                                               0
                                                    1
##
     8
                       0
                              0
                                    0
                                         1
```

```
##
                                0 0 1 43
    10
                                  0
                                       0
##
                            0
                                            0
new.cluster.ids <- c("CD4 T", "CD14+ Mono", "NK", "B", "CD8 T", "NK", "CD34+", "T/Mono doublets",
    "CD16+ Mono", "pDCs", "B")
names(new.cluster.ids) <- levels(cbmc)</pre>
cbmc <- RenameIdents(cbmc, new.cluster.ids)</pre>
tsne_rnaClusters <- DimPlot(cbmc, reduction = "tsne_adt", group.by = "rnaClusterID") + NoLegend()
tsne_rnaClusters <- tsne_rnaClusters + ggtitle("Clustering based on scRNA-seq") + theme(plot.title = el
tsne_rnaClusters <- LabelClusters(plot = tsne_rnaClusters, id = "rnaClusterID", size = 4)
tsne_adtClusters <- DimPlot(cbmc, reduction = "tsne_adt", pt.size = 0.5) + NoLegend()
tsne_adtClusters <- tsne_adtClusters + ggtitle("Clustering based on ADT signal") + theme(plot.title = e</pre>
tsne_adtClusters <- LabelClusters(plot = tsne_adtClusters, id = "ident", size = 4)
# Note: for this comparison, both the RNA and protein clustering are visualized on a tSNE
# generated using the ADT distance matrix.
plot(CombinePlots(plots = list(tsne_rnaClusters, tsne_adtClusters), ncol = 2))
multimodal_files/figure-latex/more clustering-1.pdf
# Compare to RNA
tcells <- subset(cbmc, idents = c("CD4 T", "CD8 T"))</pre>
plot(FeatureScatter(tcells, feature1 = "CD4", feature2 = "CD8"))
multimodal_files/figure-latex/more clustering-2.pdf
plot(RidgePlot(cbmc, features = c("adt_CD11c", "adt_CD8", "adt_CD16", "adt_CD4", "adt_CD19", "adt_CD14"
   ncol = 2))
## Picking joint bandwidth of 0.0692
## Picking joint bandwidth of 0.0824
## Picking joint bandwidth of 0.0644
## Picking joint bandwidth of 0.0465
## Picking joint bandwidth of 0.0609
## Picking joint bandwidth of 0.055
multimodal_files/figure-latex/more clustering-3.pdf
```