Université de Montréal
Département de sciences économiques
ECN 6238 : Macroéconométrie
Économétrie des séries chronologiques
/ Times Series Econometrics
Hiver / Winter 2006 (3 crédits)
Syllabus préliminaire

Professeur / Professor : Jean-Marie Dufour

5 janvier 2007

Ce cours porte sur les techniques d'analyse statistique des séries chronologiques et leur application à des problèmes de prévision et d'analyse macroéconomiques. Nous étudions, en particulier, comment spécifier, estimer et utiliser des modèles ARIMA univariés (approche de Box et Jenkins) et multivariés. Ce cours est essentiel pour les étudiants qui désirent se spécialiser en économétrie ou faire de la prévision économique. Il sera en outre particulièrement utile pour ceux qui veulent se spécialiser en macroéconomie et en finance, tant appliquées que théoriques.

L'évaluation sera basée sur un examen intra-semestriel (20% de la note), un examen final (50% de la note) et des travaux pratiques (30% de la note). Les étudiants seront appelés à se familiariser avec le logiciel RATS (approche VAR et analyse spectrale).

Des exercices seront aussi régulièrement distribués. Certaines questions d'examen seront sélectionnées parmi ces exercices.

Les étudiants sont fortement encouragés à former des groupes de travail pour discuter le contenu des lectures assignées ainsi que celui des exercices. Chaque étudiant devra toutefois remettre un solutionnaire des exercices assignés (au plus tard, le lendemain de chacun des examens). Ces solutionnaires compteront pour 10% de la note de chacun des examens. Aucune documentation ne sera permise lors des examens. De nombreux documents pour ce cours sont disponibles à l'une ou l'autre des adresses internet suivantes :

http://www.jeanmariedufour.com
http://www.fas.umontreal.ca/SCECO/Dufour/

**Cours théoriques** : mardi 16 :00 - 19 :00. Local C-6149. Début : 9 janvier 2007. Fin : 10 avril 2007. Deux ou trois séances de 3 heures sont sujettes à être déplacées (vers la séance de moniture ou à

un autre moment). De plus une séance supplémentaire de 3 heures pourra être ajoutée à l'horaire normal du cours.

**Travaux pratiques, consultation des moniteurs** : jeudi 18 :00 - 19 :30. Début : 11 janvier 2007. Fin : 12 avril 2007.

 $\textbf{Moniteurs}: Firmin\ Doko\ Tchatoka\ (\texttt{f.doko.tchatoka@umontreal.ca})\ et\ Abderrahim$ 

Taamouti(abderrahim.taamouti@umontreal.ca)

Examen intra: 27 février 2007, 16h00 à 19h00. Examen final: entre le 16 et le 27 avril 2007.

**Heures de bureau**: jeudi, 14h30 à 16h00 ou sur rendez-vous **Courriel**: jean.marie.dufour@umontreal.ca

### Manuels recommandés / Recommended texts

BROCKWELL, P.J. and DAVIS, R.A. (1991). Time Series: Theory and Methods, Second Edition. Springer-Verlag, New York. (BD)

HAMILTON, J. (1994). Time Series Analysis. Princeton University Press, Princeton, NJ. (H)

Ceux qui le peuvent devraient aussi se procurer le livre classique de Box et Jenkins / Those who can should also buy the classic text by Box and Jenkins.

BOX, G.E.P. and JENKINS, G.M. (1976). Time Series Analysis, Forecasting and Control. Holden-Day, San Francisco. (BJ)

## Autres livres utilisés / Other books used

BROCKWELL, P.J. and DAVIS, R.A. (1996). An Introduction to Time Series and Forecasting. Springer-Verlag, New York. (BD96)

DHRYMES, P. (1998). Time Series, Unit Roots, and Cointegration. Academic Press, San Diego, CA. (D)

ENDERS, W. (1995). Applied Econometric Time Series. Wiley, New York. (E)

FULLER, W.A. (1976). Introduction to Statistical Time Series. Wiley, New York. (F)

ESTIMA (2000). RATS Version 5: User's Guide. Estima, Evaston, Illinois.

GOURIEROUX, C., and MONFORT, A. (1997). Time Series and Dynamic models. Séries temporelles and modèles dynamiques. Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, U.K.. (GM)

GRANGER, C.W.J. and NEWBOLD, P. (1986). Forecasting Economic Time Series, Second Edition. Academic Press, New York. (GN)

LOEVE, M. (1977). Probability Theory (I and II), 4th Edition. Springer-Verlag, New York. (L) LÜTKEPOHL, M. (1991). Introduction to Multiple Time Series Analysis. Springer-Verlag, New York. (Lu)

MADDALA, G. S. and KIM, In-Moo (1998). Unit Roots, Cointegration, and Structural Change. Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, U.K.. (MK)

MILLS, T.C. (1990). Time Series Techniques for Economists. Cambridge University Press, Cambridge. (M)

MILLS, T.C. (1999). The Econometric Modelling of Financial Time Series. Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, U.K.. (M99)

NELSON, C. (1973). Applied Time Series Analysis for Managerial Forecasting. Holden-Day, San Francisco. (N)

REINSEL, G.C. (1993). Elements of Multivariate Times Series Analysis. Springer-Verlag, New York.

SARGENT, T.J. (1979). Macroeconomic Theory. Academic Press, New York. (S)

WEI, W.S. (1991). Time Series Analysis. Univariate and Multivariate Methods. Addison Wesley, New York.

#### Plan de cours

### 1. Introduction

- (a) Notion de séries chronologiques
- (b) Exemples de séries chronologiques
- (c) Objectifs et problèmes de l'analyse des séries chronologiques
- (d) Classification des modèles
- (e) Histoire de l'analyse des séries chronologiques
- 2. Introduction aux processus stochastiques
  - (a) Notions de base
  - (b) Espaces de Hilbert
  - (c) Processus linéaires et processus ARMA
  - (d) Processus non stationnaires

### 3. Prévision

- (a) Prévision de processus stationnaires
- (b) Prévision de processus non stationnaires
- 4. Descriptive méthodes
  - (a) Analyse graphique
  - (b) Analyse distributionnelle empirique
  - (c) Transformation et lissage de séries chronologiques

- 5. Construction de modèles ARIMA par la méthode de Box-Jenkins
  - (a) Estimation de la moyenne, des autocovariances, et des autocorrélations
  - (b) Estimation de modèles autorégressifs et de régressions linéaires entre séries chronologiques
  - (c) Spécification (identification)
  - (d) Estimation de modèles ARIMA
  - (e) Évaluation des modèles
    - i. Analyse des résidus
    - ii. Critère de sélection de modèles
    - iii. Validation prédictive
  - (f) Modèles ARIMA saisonniers
- 6. (a) Lissage exponentiel et modèles ARIMA
  - (b) Problèmes d'agrégations
- 7. Analyse spectrale univariée
- 8. Modèles de tendance et problèmes de décomposition
  - (a) Modèles de régression avec erreurs autocorrélées
  - (b) Méthodes générales pour corriger l'hétéroscédasticité et l'autocorrélation (HAC)
  - (c) Analyse d'intervention
  - (d) Tendances linéaires et processus intégrés
  - (e) Tests de racines unitaires
  - (f) Modèles à composantes inobservées
  - (g) Décomposition de Beveridge-Nelson
  - (h) Ajustement saisonnier
  - (i) Modèles à mémoire longue
- 9. Modèles multivariés
  - (a) Modèles de séries chronologiques multivariés
  - (b) Causalité, exogénéité et chocs
  - (c) Régressions entre séries stationnaires
  - (d) Fonctions de transfert
  - (e) Régressions entre séries non stationnaires
    - i. Régressions factices ("spurious regressions")
    - ii. Coïntégration

- iii. Modèles à correction d'erreurs
- (f) Autorégressions vectorielles (VAR)
- (g) Approche de Box-Tiao à la modélisation ARIMA multivariée
- (h) Modèles ARMAX

# 10. Autres sujets

- (a) Modelés à espace d'état ("state space models") et filtrage de Kalman
- (b) i. Modèles ARCH
  - ii. Autres modèles non-linéaires
  - iii. Chaos
- (c) Modélisation des anticipations
- (d) Méthodes non-paramétriques
- (e) Erreurs de spécification
- (f) Analyse des prévisions

#### Course outline

#### 1. Introduction

- (a) Notion of a time series
- (b) Examples of time series
- (c) Objectives and problems of time series analysis
- (d) Model classification
- (e) History of time series analysis

## 2. Introduction to stochastic processes

- (a) Basic notions
- (b) Hilbert spaces
- (c) Linear and ARMA processes
- (d) Nonstationary processes

#### 3. Prediction

- (a) Prediction of stationary processes
- (b) Prediction of nonstationary processes

# 4. Descriptive methods

- (a) Graphical analysis
- (b) Empirical distribution analysis
- (c) Transformation and smoothing of time series

## 5. Construction of ARIMA models by the Box-Jenkins method

- (a) Estimation of the mean, autocovariances and autocorrelations
- (b) Specification (model identification) methods
- (c) Estimation
- (d) Model validation (diagnostic checking)
  - i. Analysis of residuals
  - ii. Model selection criteria
  - iii. Predictive validation (diagnostic checking)
- (e) Seasonal ARIMA models
- (a) Exponential smoothing and ARIMA models
- (b) Aggregation problems

- 6. Univariate spectral analysis
- 7. Modeling of tendency and decomposition problems
  - (a) Regression models with autocorrelated errors
  - (b) Heteroskedasticity-autocorrelation consistent (HAC) methods
  - (c) Intervention analysis
  - (d) Linear trends and integrated processes
  - (e) Unit root tests
  - (f) Models with unobserved components
  - (g) Beveridge-Nelson decomposition
  - (h) Seasonal adjustment
  - (i) Long memory models
- 8. Multivariate models
  - (a) Multivariate time series models
  - (b) Causality, exogeneity and shocks
  - (c) Regressions between stationary time series
  - (d) Transfer functions
  - (e) Regressions betwen nonstationary time series
    - i. Spurious regressions
    - ii. Cointegration
    - iii. Error-correction models
  - (f) Vector autoregressions (VAR)
  - (g) Box-Tiao approach to multivariate ARIMA modeling
  - (h) ARMAX models
- 9. Other topics
  - (a) State space models and Kalman filtering
    - i. ARCH models
    - ii. Other nonlinear models
    - iii. Chaos
  - (b) Expectations modeling
  - (c) Nonparametric methods
  - (d) Specification errors and other problems
  - (e) Forecast analysis

## Lectures et références principales / Readings and main references

Le symbole \* représente des lectures obligatoires. Les notes de cours photocopiées constituent des des lectures obligatoires

The symbol \* represents required readings. Photocopied lecture notes also constitute required reading.

- 1. \* Brockwell and Davis (1991), Section 1.1 Gouriéroux and Monfort (1997), Chap. I Box and Jenkins (1976), Chap. 1, 1-19 Mills (1990), Chap. 1
- \* Brockwell and Davis (1991), Chap. 1, Sections 2.1-2.8, 2.10, Chap. 3
   Hamilton (1994), Chap. 1, 2, 3
   Mills (1990), Chap. 5, 6
   Gouriéroux and Monfort (1997), Chap. V
   Box and Jenkins (1976), Chap. 2, 3, 4
- 3. \* Brockwell and Davis (1991), Sections 5.1-5.5 Hamilton (1994), Chap. 4 Box and Jenkins (1976), Sections 5.1-5.5, 5.7
- 4. \* Mills (1990), Chap. 2, 3, 4
- \* Brockwell and Davis (1991), Chap. 6, 7, Sections 8.1-8.7, Chap. 9
   Hamilton (1994), Chap. 5, 7
   Mills (1990), Chap. 8
   Gouriéroux and Monfort (1997), Sections VI.1 VI. 3, VI.5.B
   Box and Jenkins (1976), Chap. 6-9
- **6a** Mills (1990), Chap. 9, Section 10.3 Gouriéroux and Monfort (1997), Chap. IV
- **6b** Mills (1990), Sections 11.5, 11.6
- 7. Brockwell and Davis (1991), Chap. 10 Hamilton (1994), Chap. 6
- 8. \* Hamilton (1994), Chap. 8, 15, 16, 17 Mills (1990), Sections 10.4, 11.1 - 11.3, 11.7, Chap. 12 \*Box and Tiao (1975)

- BOX, G. E. P., AND G. C. TIAO (1975): "Intervention Analysis with Applications to Economic and Environmental Problems," *Journal of the American Statistical Association*, 70, 70–79.
- 9. \* Brockwell and Davis (1991), Sections 11.1-11.5, 13.1
  Hamilton (1994), Chap. 9, 18, 19, 20
  Mills (1990), Chap. 13-14
  Gouriéroux and Monfort (1997), Chap. VII, VIII, IX, X, XI, XIII
  \* Tiao and Box (1981)
- TIAO, G. C., AND G. E. P. BOX (1981): "Modeling Multiple Time Series with Applications," *Journal of the American Statistical Association*, 76(376), 802–816.
- 10a. \* Brockwell and Davis (1991), Chap. 12 Gouriéroux and Monfort (1997), Chap. XIV-XV10b. \* Hamilton (1994), Chap. 21-22 Brockwell and Davis (1991), Section 13.4
- 10c. Gouriéroux and Monfort (1997), Chap. XII

### Bibliographie générale / General bibliography

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- ANDERSON, T. W. (1971): The Statistical Analysis of Time Series. John Wiley & Sons, New York.
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- ARELLANO, M. (2003): *Panel Data Econometrics*, Advanced Texts in Econometrics. Oxford University Press, Oxford, U.K.
- ARMSTRONG, J. S. (ed.) (2001): *Principles of Forecasting: A Handbook for Researchers and Practitioners*. Kluwer, Dordrecht, The Netherlands.
- BANERJEE, A., J. DOLADO, J. W. GALBRAITH, AND D. F. HENDRY (1993): *Co-Integration, Error Correction, and the Econometric Analysis of Non-Stationary Data*. Oxford University Press Inc., New York.
- BARNETT, W. A., E. R. BERNDT, AND H. WHITE (eds.) (1988): *Dynamic Econometric Modeling*. Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, U.K.
- BARNETT, W. A., J. GEWEKE, AND K. SHELL (eds.) (2000): Economic Complexity: Chaos, Sunspots, Bubbles, and Nonlinearity: Proceedings of the Fourth International Symposium in Economic Theory and Econometrics. Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, U.K.
- BARNETT, W. A., D. F. HENDRY, S. HYLLEBERG, T. TERÄSVIRTA, D. TJØSTHEIM, AND A. WÜRTZ (eds.) (2000): Nonlinear Econometric Modeling in Time Series: Proceedings of the Eleventh International Symposium in Economic Theory. Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, U.K.
- BARNETT, W. A., A. P. KIRMAN, AND M. SALMON (eds.) (1996): Nonlinear Dynamics and Economics: Proceedings of the Tenth International Symposium in Economic Theory and Econometrics. Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, U.K.
- BARNETT, W. A., J. POWELL, AND G. TAUCHEN (eds.) (1991): Nonparametric and Semiparametric Methods in Econometrics and Statistics: Proceedings of the Fifth International Symposium in Economic Theory and Econometrics. Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, U.K.
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- BERGSTROM, A. R. (ed.) (1976): *Statistical Inference in Continuous Time Economics Models*, Contributions to Economic Analysis. North-Holland, Amsterdam.
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- BOMHOFF, E. J. (1994): Financial Forecasting for Business and Economics. Academic Press, San Diego, California.
- BOSE, N. K., AND C. R. RAO (eds.) (1993): Handbook of Statistics 10: Signal Processing and its Applications. North-Holland, Amsterdam.
- BOURBONNAIS, R., AND M. TERRAZA (1998): Analyse des séries temporelles en économie, Collection Économie. Presses Universitaires de France, Paris.
- BOWERMAN, B. L., R. O'CONNELL, AND A. KOEHLER (2005): Forecasting, Time Series, and Regression: An Applied Approach. Thomson Brooks/Cole, Belmont, California, fourth edn., With CD-ROM.
- BOX, G. E. P., AND G. M. JENKINS (1976): *Time Series Analysis: Forecasting and Control*. Holden-Day, San Francisco, second edn.
- BRESSON, G., AND A. PIROTTE (1995): *Analyse des séries temporelles en économie*, Collection Économie. Presses Universitaires de France, Paris.
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- DAVIDSON, J. (1994): Stochastic Limit Theory: An Introduction for Econometricians. Oxford University Press, Oxford, U.K., second edn.
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- DHRYMES, P. J. (1971): Distributed Lags: Problems of Estimation and Formulation. Holden-Day, San Francisco.
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- DUNIS, C., A. TIMMERMANN, AND J. E. MOODY (eds.) (2001): *Developments in Forecast Combination and Portfolio Choice*, Series in Financial Economics and Quantitative Analysis. John Wiley & Sons, Chichester, U.K.
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#### Travail de session

Le travail de session consiste à analyser 3 séries chronologiques possiblement reliées entre elles. Le travail de session doit présenter les éléments suivants. Il est préférable que le texte soit dactylographié.

- 1. Page-titre
- 2. Table des matières
- 3. Introduction

L'introduction doit donner l'objectif du texte, résumer le contenu de chaque section ainsi que les principales conclusions obtenues.

- 4. Données
  - (a) Il faut donner le nom de chaque série, la période couverte, la fréquence (e.g., annuelle, trimestrielle) et la source de ces données.
  - (b) Tableaux des données (toujours indiquer la date dans la première colonne) :
    - i. données brutes:
    - ii. données en premières différences;
    - iii. données en logarithme;
    - iv. premières différences des logarithmes.

## 5. Analyses graphiques

- (a) Courbes chronologiques des donnés apparaissant dans les tableaux précédents (brutes et transformées).
  - Indiquer clairement les dates en abscisse de même que les valeurs des variables et les unités de mesure en ordonnée.
- (b) Sur la base de ces graphiques, décrivez et comparez le comportement des différences séries.

Caractéristiques importantes à observer :

- i. présence ou absence d'une tendance, type de tendance;
- ii. courbe lisse ou régulière;
- iii. présence de cycles et/ou de fluctuations saisonnières ;
- iv. présence de discontinuités :
  - A. dans la moyenne ou la tendance;
  - B. dans la volatilité de la série;
  - C. observations à l'écart des autres.

Décidez quelles séries vous paraissent stationnaires.

Résumez vos observations sous la forme d'un tableau.

## 6. Analyses de séries chronologiques univariées

Enlevez l'équivalent de 2 années d'observations à la fin de chaque série.

## (a) Spécification préliminaire

Pour chaque série raccourcie (brute ou transformée), présentez les résultats suivants.

## i. Analyse d'autocorrélations

- A. Tableau et graphique des autocorrélations (au moins 12 retards, couvrant 3 années ou plus) avec les écart-types pertinents pour tester l'ordre d'une moyenne mobile;
- B. présentez le tableau et le graphique des autocorrélations partielles (au moins 12 délais, couvrant au moins 3 ans) avec leurs écart-types;
- C. au moyen de bornes non-paramétriques sur les écart-types des autocorrélations, testez l'hypothèse que les observations de la série sont i.i.d.

### ii. Tests de racines unitaires

Testez l'hypothèse que la série suit un processus contenant une racine unitaire dans sa partie autorégressive.

Pour chacune des trois séries (raccourcies), choisissez la transformation qui semble le mieux stationnariser celle-ci ainsi que spécification ARIMA retenue en expliquant pourquoi vous êtes arrivés à ce choix.

#### (b) Estimation

Pour chacun des trois modèles retenus, présentez les résultats de l'estimation des paramètres.

## (c) Validation

Pour chaque modèle retenu, présentez les statistiques de validation et expliquez pourquoi le modèle vous apparaît satisfaisant (ou non).

### (d) Prévision

- i. Pour chaque série, présentez des prévisions (tableau et graphique) couvrant au moins dix ans. Commentez sur l'évolution à court et à long terme de ces prévisions.
- Pour les deux années exclues de l'échantillon, comparez les prévisions aux réalisations et testez si les erreurs de prévisions sont significativement différentes de zéro.

### 7. Analyses de séries chronologiques multivariées

Considérez au moins 3 séries sur lesquelles vous avez déjà effectué des analyses univariées. Enlevez l'équivalent de 2 années d'observations à la fin de chaque série.

- (a) Calculez les autocorrélations croisées et les tests pour l'ordre d'un processus autorégressif (autorégressions partielles) des séries étudiées.
- (b) Testez la présence de relations de coïntégration entre les séries.
- (c) Construisez un modèle VAR [ou VARMA] pour les séries choisies.
- (d) Analysez la causalité entre les séries.
- (e) Effectuez des prévisions des observations exclues des analyses. Comparez la qualité de ces prévisions avec celles obtenues au moyen de modèles univariées.