Analyzing Malicious Documents Cheat Sheet.pdf

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Analyzing Malicious Documents Cheat Sheet

| Ge 1. | neral Approach to Document Analysis |
|---|--|
| 1. | Examine the document for anomalies, such as risky tags, scripts, or other anomalous aspects. |
| 2. | Locate embedded code, such as shellcode, VBA macros, JavaScript or other suspicious objects. |
| 3. | Extract suspicious code or object from the file. |
| 4. | If relevant, deobfuscate and examine JavaScript or macro code. |
| 5. | If relevant, disassemble and/or debug shellcode. |
| 6. | Understand the next steps in the infection chain. |
| Mi | crosoft Office Format Notes |
| | ary document files supported by Microsoft Office the OLE2 (a.k.a. Structured Storage) format. |
| SRP streams in OLE2 documents sometimes store a cached version of earlier macro code. | |

| , | pass to create jile2.aocm. Disassemble p-code macro | outfile.pdf | outfile.pdf. |
|-----------------------------------|---|--|---|
| <u>pcodedmp.py</u> -d file.doc | code from file.doc. | swf mastah.py Ex | tract Flash (SWF) |
| rtfobj.py file.rt | f Extract objects embedded into RTF-formatted file.rtf. | -o out | e.pdf into the out o |
| rtfdump.py | List groups and structure of | Shellcode and Oth | er Analysis Cor |
| file.rtf | RTF-formatted file.rtf. | | ocate shellcode pa |
| rtfdump.py | List groups in file.rtf that | -d 3 file.bin t | he binary file file.b |
| ile.rtf -f O | enclose an object. | | mulate execution of the file.bin starting at |
| tfdump.py | Extract object from group 5 and save it into <i>out.bin</i> . | , | , |
| file.rtf -s 5 -H - and >out.bin | | | Generate PE execut hat runs shellcode |
| yxswf.py -xo | Extract Flash (SWF) objects | base64dump.py l | ist Base64-encode |
| ile.doc | from OLE2 file file.doc. | file.txt | present in file file.to |
| penAction and /AA | Tags specify the script or action to | base64dump.py file.txt -e bu -s 2 -d >file.bin | Convert backsla- encoded Base64 from file.txt as f. |

This cheat sheet outlines tips and tools for analyzing malicious documents, such as Microsoft Office, RTF and Adobe Acrobat (PDF) files. To print it, use the one-page PDF version; you can also edit the Word version to customize it for you own needs.

General Approach to Document Analysis

 Examine the document for anomalies, such as risky tags, scripts, or other anomalous Locate embedded code, such as shellcode,
 VBA macros, JavaScript or other suspicious

aspects.

chain.

code.

- objects.

 3. Extract suspicious code or object from the
- file.

 4. If relevant, deobfuscate and examine

JavaScript or macro code.

shellcode.6. Understand the next steps in the infection

5. If relevant, disassemble and/or debug

Microsoft Office Format Notes

- Binary document files supported by
 - Microsoft Office use the OLE2 (a.k.a.
- Structured Storage) format.
 SRP streams in OLE2 documents sometimes store a cached version of earlier macro
 - OOXML documents (.docx, .xlsm, etc.)
 supported by MS Office use zip
 - Macros embedded in OOXML files are stored inside the OLE2 binary file, which is

compression to store contents.

within the zip archive.

oledump by file xls

file.xls

 RTF documents don't support macros, but can contain other files embedded as OLE1 objects.

Useful MS Office File Analysis Commands

| unzip file.pptx | Extract contents of OOXML file <i>file.pptx</i> . |
|---|---|
| olevba.py file.xlsm olevba.py file.doc | Locate and extract macros from file.xlsm or file.doc. |

| oreadinp.py messus | Liot all OLLL |
|--------------------|--------------------|
| | streams present in |
| | file.xls. |
| | |
| oledump.py -s 3 -v | Extract macros |

List all OLF2

stored inside

| | stream 3 in tile.xls. |
|------------------------|-----------------------|
| oledump.py file.xls -p | Find obfuscated |
| plugin_http_heuristics | URLs in file.xls |
| | macros. |

| msoffice-crypt -d -p | Decrypt OOXML |
|----------------------|----------------------|
| pass file.docm | file file.docm using |
| file2.docm | password pass to |
| | create file2.docm. |
| | |

| | 0.00.00 0 =10.0 |
|----------------|------------------------|
| | |
| pcodedmp.py -d | Disassemble p- |
| file.doc | code macro code |
| | from file.doc. |

| rtfobj.py file.rtf | Extract objects embedded into RTF-formatted file.rtf. |
|---|---|
| rtfdump.py file.rtf | List groups and structure of RTF-formatted file.rtf. |
| rtfdump.py file.rtf -f O | List groups in file.rtf that enclose an object. |
| rtfdump.py file.rtf -s 5 -H -d > out.bin | Extract object from group 5 and save it into <i>out.bin</i> . |
| pyxswf.py -xo file.doc | Extract Flash (SWF) objects from OLE2 |

Risky PDF Format Tags

 /OpenAction and /AA specify the script or action to run automatically.

file file.doc.

- /JavaScript and /JS specify JavaScript to run.
- /GoTo changes the view to a specified destination within the PDF or in another PDF file.
- /Launch can launch a program or open a document.

- /URI accesses a resource by its URL.
- /SubmitForm and /GoToR can send data to URL.
- /RichMedia can be used to embed Flash in a PDF.
- /ObjStm can hide objects inside an Object Stream.
- Be mindful of obfuscation with hex codes, such as /JavaScript vs. /J#61vaScript. (See examples.)

Useful PDF File Analysis

Commands

outfile.pdf

pdfid.py file.pdf

peepdf.py -fl Examine *file.pdf* for risky tags and malformed

Scan file.pdf for risky

keywords and dictionary

objects.

pdf-parser.py — Display contents of object *id file.pdf* object *id* in *file.pdf*. Add "—filter —raw" to decode the object's stream.

qpdf - Decrypt infile.pdf using
password=pass password pass to create
-decrypt outfile.pdf.
infile.pdf

swf_mastah.py - Extract Flash (SWF)

f file.pdf -o out objects from file.pdf into the out directory.

Shellcode and Other Analysis Commands

| xorsearch -W -d 3 file.bin | Locate shellcode patterns inside the binary file <i>file.bin</i> . |
|---|--|
| scdbg file.bin /foff 0x2B | Emulate execution of shellcode in <i>file.bin</i> starting at offset <i>0x2B</i> . |
| shellcode2exe file.bin | Generate PE executable file.exe that runs shellcode from file.bin. |
| jmp2it file.bin 0x2B | Execute shellcode in file <i>file.bin</i> starting at offset <i>0x2B</i> . |
| base64dump.py file.txt | List Base64-encoded strings present in file file.txt. |
| base64dump.py file.txt -e bu -s 2 -d > file.bin | Convert backslash Unicode-encoded Base64 string #2 from file.txt as file.bin file. |

Additional Document Analysis Tools

- SpiderMonkey, V8 and box-js help deobfuscate JavaScript that you extract from document files.
- PDF Stream Dumper combines several PDF analysis utilities under a single graphical user interface.
- ViperMonkey emulates VBA macro execution.
- VirusTotal and some automated analysis
 sandboxes can analyze aspects of malicious
 document files.
- Hachoir-urwid can display OLE2 stream contents.
- 101 Editor (commercial) and FileInsight hex editors can parse and edit OLE structures.
- ExeFilter can filter scripts from Office and PDF files.
- REMnux distro includes many of the free document analysis tools mentioned above.

Post-Scriptum

Special thanks for feedback to Pedro

Bueno and Didier Stevens. If you have suggestions for improving this cheat sheet, please

let me know. Creative Commons v3 "Attribution" License for this cheat sheet version 3.0.

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Information Security

Malicious Software

The SANS malware analysis course I've co-authored explains the techniques summarized in this cheat sheet and covers many other reverse-engineering topics.

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About the Author

Lenny Zeltser is a seasoned business and technology leader with extensive information security experience. He builds innovative endpoint defense solutions as VP of Products at Minerva. He also trains incident response and digital forensics professionals at SANS Institute. Lenny frequently speaks at industry events, writes articles and has co-authored books. He has earned the prestigious GIAC Security Expert designation, has an MBA from MIT Sloan and a Computer Science degree from the University of Pennsylvania.

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