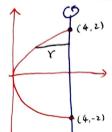
考試日期: 2020/03/16

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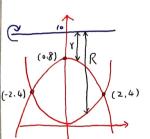
1. (30%) Set up, but do not evaluate, an integral to find the volume of the solid found by rotating the region bounded by $x = y^2$ and x = 4 about the line x = 4.



$$Y = 4 - y^2$$
 by symmetry.

$$\int_{-2}^{2} \pi (4 - y^2)^2 dy \qquad \text{as } 2 \int_{0}^{2} \pi (4 - y^2)^2 dy$$

2. (40%) Set up, but do not evaluate, an integral to find the volume of the solid found by rotating the region bounded by $y = x^2$ and $y = 8-x^2$ about the line y = 10.



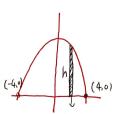
$$R = (0-X^2), Y = (0-(8-X^2)) = 2+X^2$$

 $X^2 = 8-X^2 \Rightarrow X = \pm 2$

Ans:
$$\int_{-2}^{2} \pi \left[(10-x^{2})^{2} - (2+x^{2})^{2} \right] dx$$

or $2 \int_{0}^{2} \pi \left[(10-x^{2})^{2} - (2+x^{2})^{2} \right] dx$

3. (30%) Set up, but do not evaluate, an integral to find the volume of the solid whose base is the region bounded by the parabola $y=16-x^2$ and the x-axis, and whose cross-sections perpendicular to the x-axis are semicircles.



$$A = \frac{1}{2}\pi Y^{2} = \frac{1}{2}\pi \left(\frac{1}{2}(16-x^{2})\right)^{2} = \frac{1}{8}\pi \left(16-x^{2}\right)^{2}$$

$$Y = \frac{1}{2}h = \frac{1}{2}\left(16-x^{2}\right)$$

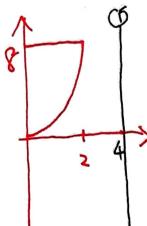
Ans:
$$\int_{-4}^{4} \frac{1}{8} \pi (16 - \chi^2)^2 dx$$



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1. (30%) Set up an integral to find the volume of the solid found by rotating the region bounded by $y=x^3$, y=8 and the y-axis about the line x=4. Do not evaluate.



Washer:
$$\int_{0}^{8} \pi \left[4^{2} - (4 - 3) \right]^{2} dy$$

2. (35%) The work required to stretch a spring from its natural length to 3 m beyond its natural length is 18 J. How much force is required to hold the spring stretched 5 m beyond its natural length?

$$18 = \int_{0}^{3} \Re x \, dx = \frac{1}{2} \Re x^{2} \Big|_{0}^{3} = \frac{9}{2} \Re \Rightarrow \Re = 4.$$

$$f(x)=4x$$
 : $f(s)=4xs=20 (N)$

3. (35%) A 20 foot rope that weights 100 pounds is hanging off a cliff with a 10 pound weight attached. Find the work required to pull the rope and weight up 10 feet.

$$\int_{0}^{10} 110-59 \, dy = 1109 - \frac{5}{2}y^{2} \Big|_{0}^{10} = 1100-250 = 850 \quad (16)$$