

9. $y = 0.1 - 0.4x + x^2$

11. $y = 1.6 + 2x$

13. 4.5 min

15. Let $t = x - c$, where $c = (\sum_{i=1}^m a_i)/m$. The data points $(a_1 - c, b_1), (a_2 - c, b_2), \dots, (a_m - c, b_m)$ have the property that $\sum_{i=1}^m (a_i - c) = 0$. Exercise 14 then shows that these data points have least-squares linear fit given by $y = r_0 + r_1 t$, where r_0 and r_1 have the values given in Exercise 14. Making the substitution $t = x - c$, we see that the data points $(a_1, b_1), (a_2, b_2), \dots, (a_m, b_m)$ have the least-squares linear fit given by $y = r_0 + r_1(x - c)$.

17. $\bar{x} = \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 5 \\ 3 \\ 5 \end{bmatrix}$

19. $\bar{x} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 2 \\ -1 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix}$

21. F F T T F F T T F F

23. See answer to Exercise 17.

25. See answer to Exercise 19.

27. The computer gave the fit $y = 0.7587548 + 1.311284x$ with a least-squares sum of 0.03891051.

29. We achieved a least-squares sum of 5.838961 with the exponential fit $y = 0.8e^{0.2x}$. The computer achieved a least-squares sum of 6.34004 with the exponential fit $y = 0.8874836e^{0.1960377x}$. The fit using logarithms tries to fit the smaller y -value data accurately at the expense of the larger y -value data, so that the *percent* accuracy of fit to the y -coordinates is as good as possible.

31. The computer gave the fit $y = 12.03846 - 1.526374x$ with a least-squares sum of 0.204176.

33. $y \approx 5.476 - 0.75x + 0.2738x^2$

35. $y \approx 5.632 - 1.139x + 0.1288x^2 + 0.05556x^3 + 0.01512x^4$

37. $y = -5 - 8x + 9x^2 - x^3$

CHAPTER 7

Section 7.1

1. $[-1, 1]$

3. $[-4, -2, 1, 5]$

5. $[3, 5, 1, 1]$ 7. $2x^2 + 6x + 2$ 9. $\begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ -4 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix}$

11. a. $C_{B,B'} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 2 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix};$

b. $C_{B',B} = \begin{bmatrix} -6 & 3 & 4 \\ 9 & -4 & -6 \\ 2 & -1 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$

13. a. $C_{B,B'} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix};$

b. $C_{B',B} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$

15. $C_{B',B} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 1 \\ -1 & -2 & -2 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$

17. $C_{B',B} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

19. $C_{B,B'} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & -1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

21. $C_{B,B'} = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

23. T F T F T F T F T T

25. $C_{B,B'} = C_{B',B} \cdot C_{B,B}$

Section 7.2

1. $R_B = \begin{bmatrix} 6 & 7 \\ -3 & -3 \end{bmatrix}, R_{B'} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix},$

$$C = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 2 \\ 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

3. $R_B = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 2 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}, R_{B'} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix},$

$$C = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$5. R_B = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{13}{5} & \frac{4}{5} & 2 \\ -\frac{11}{5} & -\frac{3}{5} & -2 \\ -\frac{9}{5} & -\frac{2}{5} & -2 \end{bmatrix}, R_{B'} = \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{4}{3} & -\frac{1}{6} & -\frac{10}{3} \\ -\frac{4}{3} & -\frac{5}{3} & -\frac{16}{3} \\ 1 & \frac{1}{2} & 3 \end{bmatrix},$$

$$C = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -\frac{9}{5} & -\frac{8}{5} \\ 1 & \frac{13}{5} & \frac{21}{5} \\ 0 & \frac{12}{5} & \frac{14}{5} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$7. R_B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix}, R_{B'} = \frac{1}{3} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 & -2 \\ -2 & 1 & -2 \\ -2 & -2 & 1 \end{bmatrix},$$

$$C = \frac{1}{3} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & -2 \\ 1 & -2 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$9. R_B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, R_{B'} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix},$$

$$C = \frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 2 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$11. R_B = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 2 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}, R_{B'} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 2 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix},$$

$$C = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$13. R_B = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 3 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}, R_{B'} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & -2 & -3 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix},$$

$$C = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$15. \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 & -3 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$17. \lambda_1 = -1, \lambda_2 = 5; E_{-1} = \text{sp} \left(\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \right),$$

$$E_5 = \text{sp} \left(\begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \right); \text{diagonalizable}$$

$$19. \lambda_1 = 0, \lambda_2 = 1, \lambda_3 = 2; E_0 = \text{sp} \left(\begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \right),$$

$$E_1 = \text{sp} \left(\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \right), E_2 = \text{sp} \left(\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \right); \text{diagonalizable}$$

$$21. \lambda_1 = -2, \lambda_2 = \lambda_3 = 5; E_{-2} = \text{sp} \left(\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \right),$$

$$E_5 = \text{sp} \left(\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -5 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} \right); \text{not diagonalizable}$$

$$23. \text{FTTFTTTTFFT}$$

CHAPTER 8

Section 8.1

$$1. U = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -6 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -3 \\ -3 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$3. U = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -4 & 3 \\ 0 & -1 & -8 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}, A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 & \frac{3}{2} \\ -2 & -1 & -4 \\ \frac{3}{2} & -4 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$5. U = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 8 \\ 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix}, A = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 4 \\ 4 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$7. U = \begin{bmatrix} 8 & 5 & -4 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 \\ 0 & 0 & 10 \end{bmatrix}, A = \begin{bmatrix} 8 & \frac{5}{2} & -2 \\ \frac{5}{2} & 1 & -1 \\ -2 & -1 & 10 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$9. \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -1/\sqrt{2} & 1/\sqrt{2} \\ 1/\sqrt{2} & 1/\sqrt{2} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} t_1 \\ t_2 \end{bmatrix}, -t_1^2 + t_2^2$$

$$11. \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 3/\sqrt{10} & -1/\sqrt{10} \\ 1/\sqrt{10} & 3/\sqrt{10} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} t_1 \\ t_2 \end{bmatrix}, -t_1^2 +$$

$$13. \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1/\sqrt{2} & -1/\sqrt{2} \\ 1/\sqrt{2} & 1/\sqrt{2} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} t_1 \\ t_2 \end{bmatrix}, t_1^2 + 5t_2^2$$

$$15. \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1/\sqrt{3} & -1/\sqrt{2} & -1/\sqrt{6} \\ 1/\sqrt{3} & 1/\sqrt{2} & -1/\sqrt{6} \\ 1/\sqrt{3} & 0 & 2/\sqrt{6} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} t_1 \\ t_2 \\ t_3 \end{bmatrix},$$

$$-t_1^2 + 2t_2^2 + 2t_3^2$$

$$17. a + c = k, ac = b^2$$

$$19. -5.472136t_1^2 + 3.472136t_2^2$$

$$21. -4.021597t_1^2 + 1.323057t_2^2 + 4.69854$$

$$23. -4t_1^2 + \frac{1}{2}t_2^2 + 4t_3^2 + \frac{11}{2}t_4^2$$