

練習(7-1, 7-2)

Sec 7.1

3–32 Evaluate the integral.

$$7. \int x^2 \sin \pi x \, dx \quad 9. \int \ln(2x + 1) \, dx \quad 11. \int \arctan 4t \, dt \quad 17. \int e^{2\theta} \sin 3\theta \, d\theta$$

$$19. \int_0^\pi t \sin 3t \, dt \quad 23. \int_1^2 \frac{\ln x}{x^2} \, dx$$

33–38 First make a substitution and then use integration by parts to evaluate the integral.

$$33. \int \cos \sqrt{x} \, dx \quad 35. \int_{\sqrt{\pi/2}}^{\sqrt{\pi}} \theta^3 \cos(\theta^2) \, d\theta \quad 37. \int x \ln(1 + x) \, dx$$

45. (a) Use the reduction formula in Example 6 to show that

$$\int_0^{\pi/2} \sin^n x \, dx = \frac{n-1}{n} \int_0^{\pi/2} \sin^{n-2} x \, dx$$

where $n \geq 2$ is an integer.

(b) Use part (a) to evaluate $\int_0^{\pi/2} \sin^3 x \, dx$ and $\int_0^{\pi/2} \sin^5 x \, dx$.

(c) Use part (a) to show that, for odd powers of sine,

$$\int_0^{\pi/2} \sin^{2n+1} x \, dx = \frac{2 \cdot 4 \cdot 6 \cdots 2n}{3 \cdot 5 \cdot 7 \cdots (2n+1)}$$

57–60 Use the method of cylindrical shells to find the volume generated by rotating the region bounded by the given curves about the specified axis.

59. $y = e^{-x}$, $y = 0$, $x = -1$, $x = 0$; about $x = 1$

7.1 Answers

$$7. -\frac{1}{\pi} x^2 \cos \pi x + \frac{2}{\pi^2} x \sin \pi x + \frac{2}{\pi^3} \cos \pi x + C$$

$$9. \frac{1}{2}(2x+1) \ln(2x+1) - x + C \quad 11. t \arctan 4t - \frac{1}{8} \ln(1+16t^2) + C$$

$$17. \frac{1}{13} e^{2\theta} (2 \sin 3\theta - 3 \cos 3\theta) + C \quad 19. \pi/3 \quad 23. \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \ln 2$$

$$33. 2\sqrt{x} \sin \sqrt{x} + 2 \cos \sqrt{x} + C \quad 35. -\frac{1}{2} - \pi/4$$

$$37. \frac{1}{2}(x^2 - 1) \ln(1+x) - \frac{1}{4}x^2 + \frac{1}{2}x + \frac{3}{4} + C$$

$$45. (b) \frac{2}{3}, \frac{8}{15} \quad 59. 2\pi e$$

Sec 7.2

1–49 Evaluate the integral.

3. $\int_{\pi/2}^{3\pi/4} \sin^5 x \cos^3 x \, dx$ **7.** $\int_0^{\pi/2} \cos^2 \theta \, d\theta$ **11.** $\int (1 + \cos \theta)^2 \, d\theta$

17. $\int \cos^2 x \tan^3 x \, dx$ **25.** $\int \sec^6 t \, dt$ **33.** $\int \frac{\tan^3 \theta}{\cos^4 \theta} \, d\theta$

35. $\int x \sec x \tan x \, dx$ **45.** $\int \sin 5\theta \sin \theta \, d\theta$

61–64 Find the volume obtained by rotating the region bounded by the given curves about the specified axis.

61. $y = \sin x$, $y = 0$, $\pi/2 \leq x \leq \pi$; about the x -axis

63. $y = \sin x$, $y = \cos x$, $0 \leq x \leq \pi/4$; about $y = 1$

7.2 Answers

3. $-\frac{11}{384}$ **7.** $\pi/4$ **11.** $\frac{3}{2}\theta + 2 \sin \theta + \frac{1}{4} \sin 2\theta + C$

17. $\frac{1}{2} \cos^2 x - \ln |\cos x| + C$

25. $\frac{1}{5} \tan^5 t + \frac{2}{3} \tan^3 t + \tan t + C$

33. $\frac{1}{6} \tan^6 \theta + \frac{1}{4} \tan^4 \theta + C$

35. $x \sec x - \ln |\sec x + \tan x| + C$

45. $\frac{1}{8} \sin 4\theta - \frac{1}{12} \sin 6\theta + C$

61. $\pi^2/4$ **63.** $\pi(2\sqrt{2} - \frac{5}{2})$