

1. 請框出答案. 2. 禁止作弊!

1. First check if Euler's method can be applied. If so, find the formula for error bound when using Euler's method to approximate the solutions for the following initial-value problems.

$$y' = e^{t-y}, \quad 0 \leq t \leq 1, \quad y(0) = 1, \quad \text{with } h = 0.5$$

Check the Well-Posed

We know that $y'(t) = f(t, y) = e^{t-y} \geq 0$, $y(0) = 1$. Obviously, $y(t)$ is non-decreasing when $0 \leq t \leq 1$. Hence, $y(t) \geq 1$ when $0 \leq t \leq 1$. Therefore, we can restrict D as $D = \{(t, y) | 0 \leq t \leq 1, y \geq 1\}$

$$\left| \frac{\partial f}{\partial y}(t, y) \right| = \left| \frac{\partial}{\partial y} e^{t-y} \right| = |-e^{t-y}| = e^{t-y} \leq e^{t-1} \leq e^{1-1} = e^0 = 1 = L.$$

Hence by theorem 5.3 we know $f(t, y)$ satisfies a Lipschitz condition on D in the variable y with Lipschitz constant $L = 1$.

Find the error bound

$$\begin{aligned} \left| \frac{d^2}{dt^2} y(t) \right| &= \left| \frac{d}{dt} f(t, y) \right| = \left| \frac{\partial f}{\partial t}(t, y) + \frac{\partial f}{\partial y}(t, y) \cdot y'(t) \right| = \left| \frac{\partial f}{\partial t}(t, y) + \frac{\partial f}{\partial y}(t, y) \cdot f(t, y) \right| \\ &= \left| \frac{\partial}{\partial t} e^{t-y} + \left[\frac{\partial}{\partial y} e^{t-y} \right] \cdot e^{t-y} \right| = |e^{t-y} + [-e^{t-y}] \cdot e^{t-y}| \leq \frac{1}{4} \text{ (explained below.)} \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Let } z = e^{t-y}, \quad |e^{t-y} + [-e^{t-y}] \cdot e^{t-y}| = |z - z^2| = |-(z - \frac{1}{2})^2 + \frac{1}{4}| \leq \frac{1}{4}$$

Therefore $M = \frac{1}{4}$.

By Theorem 5.9, $h = 0.5$, $L = 1$, $M = \frac{1}{4}$, $a = 0$ the error bound is

$$|y(t_i) - w_i| \leq \frac{hM}{2L} [e^{L(t_i-a)} - 1] = \frac{1}{16} [e^{t_i} - 1]$$

t_i	error bound
0.5	0.04054507941875801
1.0	0.10739261427869032