

18-1/

$$P \Rightarrow A$$

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$$P' \Rightarrow A$$

$P \equiv P'$ semantic
equivalence
P and P' "do the same
thing"

$P \leq P'$
optimization metric

discovering P' optimizer

"low-level languages" have fewer optimizations

Meaning : Program \rightarrow ans

ans = state \rightarrow state

$$\text{meaning} \left(\begin{array}{l} \text{mov} \text{ \%rax, \%rcx} \\ \text{add} \text{ \%rcx, \$8} \end{array} \right) = \lambda s. \begin{array}{l} s[\text{rcx} \mapsto s(\text{rax}) + 8] \\ \text{pc} \mapsto \text{pc} + 2 \\ \text{flags} \mapsto \text{FLAGS}(s(\text{rax}) + 8) \end{array}$$

$$\text{meaning} (\lambda x. x + 8) = \square$$

$$\text{meaning} (\lambda x. x + 4 + 4) =$$

$$(\lambda x. \text{if } x == 8 \text{ then } x \ll 2 \text{ else } x + 8)$$

$$(\lambda x. x + \text{fib}(8))$$

Inlining

$$(\lambda x. A) B \equiv A[x \mapsto B] \quad \text{inlining (}\beta\text{-rule)}$$

most languages use β_v , add B must be a value

$$+(n, m) \Rightarrow n + m \quad n, m \in \mathbb{N} \quad (\delta\text{-rule for } +)$$

$$(\text{if true } A \text{ B}) \Rightarrow A \quad (\text{dead-code-elim}) \quad (\text{if-rule for true})$$

$$(\lambda x. (+ x 8)) 17 \xRightarrow{\beta} (+ 17 8) \xRightarrow{\delta} 25$$

$$(\lambda x. A) B \equiv B_e ; A[x \leftarrow B_v]$$

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$(\text{while } C \ B) \Rightarrow (\text{if } C \ (B; \text{while } C \ B) \ \text{void})$

$(\lambda x. A) \ B$
 $(\text{let } f = \lambda x. A \text{ in } (f \ B))$
 $\text{let } x = e \text{ in } b$
 $= (\lambda x. b) \ e$

$\text{let } clo = (\text{vector} \text{ - fun22 } \ 3 \ 4) \text{ in}$
 $(\text{vector-ref } clo \ 0) \ clo \ B$

(first-class fun)

control-flow = data-flow in C, Racket but not
(what code runs) (what values are produced) Pascal

Waddell inlining algorithm from 1997

$e = (\text{const } c) \mid (\text{ref } x) \mid (\text{primref } p)$
 $\mid (\text{if } e_1 \ e_2 \ e_3) \mid (\text{seq } e_1 \ e_2) \mid (\text{assign } x \ e)$
 $\mid (\text{lambda } (x) \ e) \mid (\text{letrec } ([x_1 \ e_1] \dots [x_n \ e_n]) \ e_b)$
 $\mid (\text{call } e_0 \ e_1)$

NO TYPES

C-if (1 false, all else true)

$I : e \rightarrow (\text{Context} \times \text{Env} \times \text{Kon} \times \text{Store}) \rightarrow e$

$\text{Context} = \text{Test} \mid \text{Effect} \mid \text{Value} \mid \text{App}(\text{Operand}, \text{Context}, \text{Loc}_x)$

$\text{Operand} = \text{Opnd}(e, \text{Env}, \text{Loc}_e)$

$\text{Env} = \text{Var} \rightarrow \text{Var}$

$\text{Var} = (\text{Identifien}, \text{Operand} \cup \{\text{null}\}, \text{VarFlags}, \text{Loc}_x)$

$\text{VarFlags} \in \{\text{ref}, \text{assign}\}$

$\text{Kon} = e \rightarrow \text{Store} \rightarrow e$

$\text{Store} = (\text{Loc}_x \rightarrow \text{VarFlags})$

$\text{ContextFlags} \in \{\text{inlined}\}$

$\times (\text{Loc}_x \rightarrow \text{ContextFlags})$

$\times (\text{Loc}_e \rightarrow e \cup \{\text{unvisited}\})$

18-3/

$I(\text{const } c) (\tau, \rho, k, \sigma)$

if $\tau = \text{Effect}$, $k (\text{const void}) \sigma$
 if $\tau = \text{Test}$ and $c \neq \text{false}$,
 $k (\text{const true}) \sigma$
 o.w. $k (\text{const } c) \sigma$

$I(\text{seq } e_1 \ e_2) (\tau, \rho, k, \sigma)$

$\text{result}(e) =$
 e_2 if $e = \text{seq } e_1 \ e_2$
 e o.w.

$I \ e_1 \ (\text{Effect}, \rho,$
 $(\lambda e'_1, \sigma'_1. I \ e_2 \ (\tau, \rho,$
 $(\lambda e'_2, \sigma'_2. k (\text{seq } e_1 \ e_2) \sigma'_2), \sigma'_1))) , \sigma)$

Suppose $e'_1 == (\text{const void})$, return $k e'_2 \sigma'_2$

$I(\text{if } e_1 \ e_2 \ e_3) (\tau, \rho, k, \sigma) =$

$I \ e_1 \ \text{Test} \ \rho \ k_1$
 $k_1 \ e'_1 \ \sigma'_1 = \text{if } \text{result}(e'_1) = \text{const true} =$
 $I \ e_2 \ \tau \ \rho \ (\lambda e'_2, \sigma'_2. k (\text{seq } e'_1 \ e'_2) \sigma'_2) \sigma'_1$
 if $\text{result}(e'_1) = \text{const false} =$
 $I \ e_3 \ \tau \ \rho \ (\lambda e'_3, \sigma'_3. k (\text{seq } e'_1 \ e'_3) \sigma'_3) \sigma'_1$
 o.w.

$I \ e_2 \ \tau_1 \ \rho \ (\lambda e'_2, \sigma'_2.$
 $I \ e_3 \ \tau_1 \ \rho \ k_2 \sigma'_2) \sigma'_1$
 $k_2 \ e'_3 \ \sigma'_3 = \text{if } e'_2 = e'_3 = \text{const } c,$
 $k (\text{seq } e'_1 \ e'_2) \sigma'_3$
 o.w. $k (\text{if } e'_1 \ e'_2 \ e'_3) \sigma'_3$

$\tau_1 = \text{Value}$ if $\tau = \text{App } (\text{op}, \tau_x, \tau_r)$
 τ o.w.

