```
TI = TI -7 TZ (shows up minly in IZ).
  doesn't exists
     =7 can't have IZ, if, pair
Type ** T, = NULL;
 Type * res = new Arrow (T1, Tz)
 *T1 = res;
 List is either
                           + and x
  - an empty
  - or, note of a number and List
 List = Bool + (Num x List)
 reconssive types T = Num | Bool
                       \left( T + T \right) = \left( T + T \right)
 · List =
ulio (Bool + (Num x L)) (T->T) A YA. T
  Binary Tree =
                     LUAIT
aB. (Num+ (B x B))
 Descenden Tree =
40T. (Bool + (Num x (MOL. (Bool + (DT x DL))))
 \Pi + f: A, \neg R \qquad \Pi + \alpha: A_2 \qquad A_1 = A_2
  Ph (fa) : R
 ∀a. (a => Bool) = ∀b. (b=> Bool).
                   ? Mb. (b -> Bool)
 4a, (a -> Bool)
           =\lambda y, y
   XXX
(Ma, (a = num)) = ((Ma, (a=num))=num)
```

```
+T 6->T'
M-2/ [T = T]
  \vdash T[A \leftarrow A''] \longleftrightarrow T'[A' \leftarrow A'']
                              where A" & FVs(T) UFVs(T')
 - (MA, T) ET (MA', T') (deal with Romeo)
  + Nim En Num
                            + DI COD2 + RI CORZ
                            \vdash (D_1 \supset R_1) \iff (D_2 \supset R_2)
  H T[A ← (MA,T)] ←>TI
                            HT CT TI[A C (UA,TI)]
  - (MA, T) GOT'
                            LT (JA,TI)
         A type I its unfold are equal
           = egui-recursive
                                                     char x = __
        contrast to 150-recursive
                                                    int y = (int)x,
                                                     22 al (x)
(\lambda_x: (\mu_a, (a \rightarrow num)), ((unfold x) x)) = \omega
                                                     r10 (9)
 x:r + (unfolex): (r=>num) x:r+x:r + r =>r
                                                    mov 3000 %al, %orld
                                                    mov s bw
     xir + xir where r = (Ma. (a->num))
                                                    char typ = ____
 m= (Fold m) (unfold m)
                                                    in+ * yp= (drah*) xp;
 V = ... ( fold V )
                                                        xp= 0x 80 80
 E = ... | (fold E) | (m fold E)
                                                        40 = 0x 80 80
  E[ (unfold (fold V)] +> E[V]
  \Gamma + M : T[A \leftarrow (MA,T)] \Gamma + M : MA,T
                            T+ (unfold M): T[A < (4A,7)]
 Mr (fold M): (Ma,T)
```

```
Lista = Bool + ( x x List)
24-3/
              null := 1 a. (fold (int false)).
              cons := Ma. (Av: a. Al: Lista. (fold (in R (pair v 1))))
              car = first 1=
                Aa. CliLista.
                          Match (unfold 1)
                            (Anibool, Da)
                           (Ap : (ax Lista), fstp))
                 fold goes after constructors
                intold goes before accessors
              List <A> = Bool + (A x List <A>)
              Unit Type: T=1 V=++ or ()
              Bottom Type: T=0 V=
              List(A7) = 1 + (A \times List(A7))
                                                             \delta xy = (\delta x)y +
              S_{\alpha} List CAT) = S_{\alpha} (1 + (A x List CAT))
                                                                   \times (\delta_{Y})
                        = SA 1 + SA (Ax List (A>)
                        \star 0 + ((S_A A) \times List(A)) + (A \times S_A List(A))
                        = 0 + (1 x List < A>) + (A x SA List < A>)
             Zipperclitchi) ~ List <A> + (A x 8 + List <A>)
               The guick brown fox! Tjumped over
the lazy student.
```