

Functions

- Top-level functions (program D... E)
- Different kinds of variable reference
  - ① x was 5  $\Rightarrow$  "argument" in assembler
  - ② x was function  $\Rightarrow$  leaq
  - ③ (except if already did it)

```

(let ([x 5])
  (let ([f (add 1)])
    ((f) (x))))

```

$\nwarrow$  #2 (proc-ref 'add 1)  
 $\nwarrow$  #3  
 $\nwarrow$  #1  
 (ref 'f) (ref 'x)

- callq %rax

(my advice: in  $x^*$  have a  
fake call inst

(callq label (arg...) ret)

Closures

PL:  $P = (\text{program } E)$

$E = \dots \mid (\lambda (X \dots) E)$

$((\lambda (x) (+ x x)) 5) \Rightarrow 10$

```

(let ([y 10])
  (let ([f (\lambda (x) (+ x y))])
    (f 5)))

```

$\Rightarrow 15$

```

(let ([y 10] [f (\lambda (x) (+ x y))])
  (f 5))

```

$\Rightarrow 15$

```

(let ([v (vector 0 1)])
  (let ([f (\lambda (x) (vector-set! v 0 x))])
    (begin (f 5) (vector-ref v 0))))

```

$\Rightarrow 5$

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Type - Checking

1) NOT RECURSIVE

(if you want, add that)

(letrec ([f (λ (x) ...)])

OR (rec-λ f (λ (x) ...))  
use 'f'

2)  $E = \dots \mid (\lambda ([x:T] \dots) : T \ E)$   
input type      output type

Closures for Compilers:

Closure = code + data (object)  
body of fun      free-variables of body  
(+ x ~~y~~)

TODO write a free-variable :  $E \rightarrow \text{set}(\text{variables})$

$(\lambda (x) (+ x y)) \Rightarrow$ 

CLOSURE	•	10
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 $(\lambda (\text{clo } x) ((\text{+ } x y)))$   
 $= \text{let } (\text{C } y \text{ (vector-ref clo 1)})$   
//  
 $\triangleright (\text{vector new-fun } 10)$

Closure language

$R^C$

↪ new pass (de-closure pass)

Function language

$R^F$

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Closure Conversion (Defunctionalization) lambda lifting

$$CC : E^C \rightarrow E^F \times \boxed{(D \dots)}$$

$$CC[(\lambda (X \dots) E)] = \begin{array}{l} \text{let } (E', D \dots) = CC[E] \text{ in} \\ \quad (\text{vector code-ptr } Y \dots) \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} Y \dots = FV(E) \\ \quad - \{X \dots\} \\ |Y \dots| = n \end{array}$$

$\times$   $(1+n)$ -fields

$$\begin{array}{l} [(\text{define (code-ptr clo } X \dots) \\ \quad (\text{let } ([Y_i (\text{vector-ref clo } i)]) \\ \quad \quad \dots E') \dots))] \\ \vdash [D \dots] \end{array}$$

$$CC[(+ E_1 E_2)] = (+ E'_1 E'_2) \times [D_1 \dots, D_2 \dots]$$

where  $E'_1, D_1 \dots = CC[E_1]$   
 $E'_2, D_2 \dots = CC[E_2]$

$$CC[(f a_0 \dots a_n)] = \begin{array}{l} f', D_f \dots = CC[f] \\ a'_0, D_{a_0} \dots = CC[a_0] \\ \dots \end{array}$$

~~$$(f' a'_0 \dots)$$~~
~~$$(\text{vector-ref } f' 0) f' a'_0 \dots$$~~

$$\bigcirc (\text{let } ([f_{\text{clo}} f']) \\ \quad (\text{vector-ref } f_{\text{clo}} 0) f_{\text{clo}} a'_0 \dots)$$

$$CC[(\text{fun-ref TLF})] = (\text{vector TLF})$$

(and change TLD to add unused clo arg)

16-4) C:  $(\lambda (x) (+ x x))$

$\rightarrow F: (\text{define } (F_0 \text{ clo } x) (+ x x))$

~~(vector Fo clo x)~~ (vector Fo)

C:  $(\lambda ([x : \text{Int}]) : \text{Int } (+ x x)) : \text{Int} \rightarrow \text{Int}$   
 $\rightarrow F: (\text{define } (F_0 [\text{clo} : \text{①}][x : \text{Int}]) : \text{Int } (+ x x))$   
(vector Fo) : (Vector  $(\rightarrow \text{① INT INT})$ )

① = (vector  $(\rightarrow \text{① INT INT})$ )

Infinite type !!!

$T = \dots | X | \mu X. T$

① =  $\mu X. (\text{vector } (\rightarrow X \text{ Int Int}))$

OPTION 1

OPT 2

① = Trust Me