

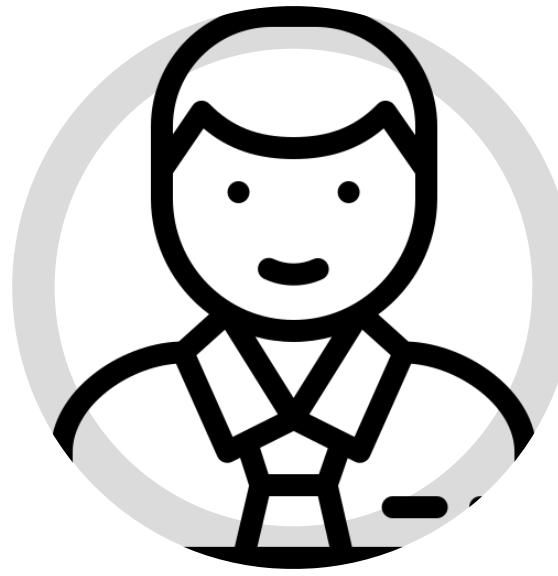


Day 06

cupay

使用API 存取網路資料

API 資料串接 - 以 知乎 API 實作範例



出題教練：張維元



python

本日知識點目標

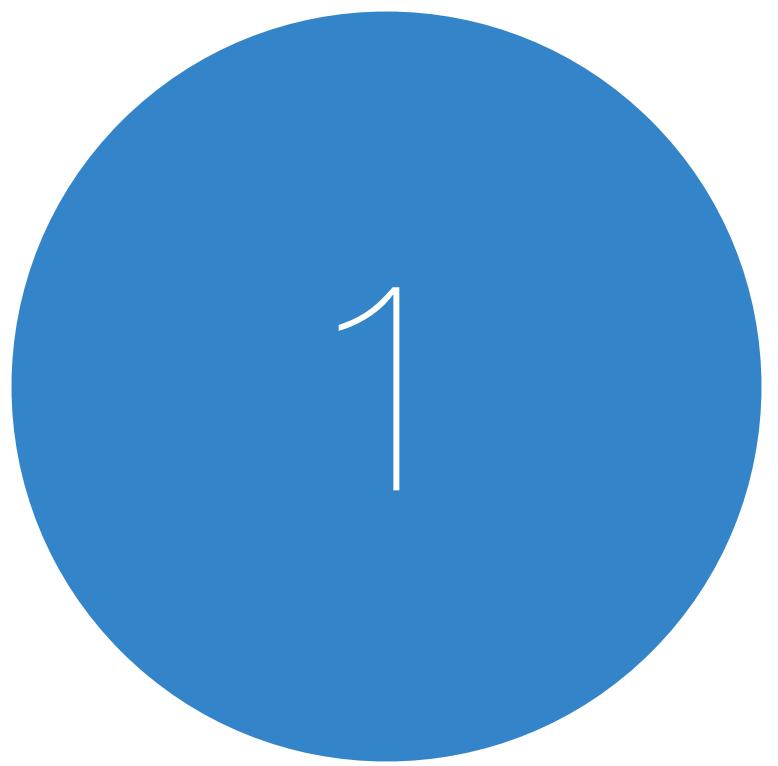
- 了解知乎 API 使用方式與回傳內容
- 撰寫程式存取 API 且添加標頭

以知乎 API 作為範例

知乎是一家創立於2011年1月26日的中國大陸社會化問答網站，產品形態與美國同類網站Quora類似。「知乎」在文言文中意為「知道嗎」。我們這個例子會利用其提供的 API 接口進行練習。



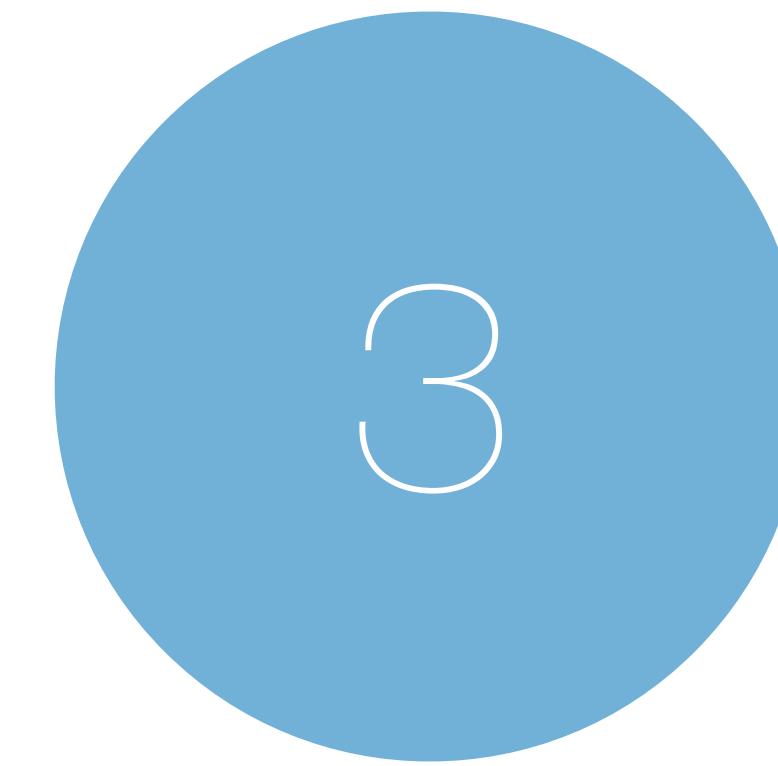
思考流程與使用套件



先確認 API 格式與回傳內容



利用 Request 模擬
發送 HTTP Request



解析 Request 回傳的
HTTP Response

Request Library

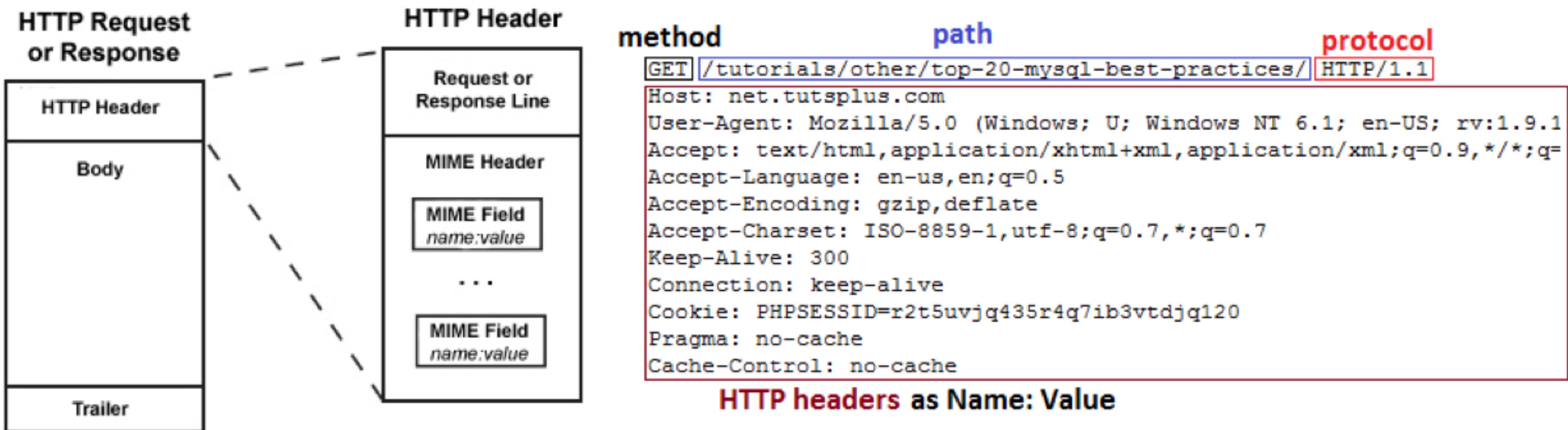
```
1 # 載入函式庫
2 import requests
3
4 # 發送請求
5 r = requests.get('https://www.zhihu.com/api/v4/questions/55493026/answers')
6
7 # 取回請求的回覆
8 response = r.text

Out[4]: '<html>\r\n<head><title>400 Bad Request</title></head>\r\n<body bgcolor="white">\r\n<center><h1>400 Bad Request</h1>
</center>\r\n<hr><center>openresty</center>\r\n</body>\r\n</html>\r\n'
```

當我們直接對 API 發送請求時會發生錯誤，原因是知乎的伺服器有做檢查的機制，會透過 Headers 檢查「發送方」是否合法。

為什麼要加 Headers ?

「Header 是 HTTP 協定中規範資料傳輸的一種機制，會記載跟「發送方」有關的資訊。」





為什麼要加 Headers ?

Headers 是指從這個 API 的哪個部分來獲知請求中的內容是使用何種編碼方式，需輸入的欄位包含了 Key 和 Value 两部分。通常會包含發送資料方的資訊，例如「時間」、「權限」、「瀏覽器資訊」等等的。

所以 Headers 可以視為是最基本的檢查機器，可以用來判斷發出 Request 的那一方是否為一個正常的來源。因此我們在這邊可以加上一些資訊，讓我們利用 Python 發出的 Request 更像是一個正常的使用者行為。

在 Request 上加上 Headers

```
1 import requests  
2  
3 # 定義標頭檔內容  
headers = {'user-agent': 'my-app/0.0.1'}  
  
r =  
requests.get('https://www.zhihu.com/api/v4/questions/55493026/answers',hea  
ders=headers)  
response = r.text
```

```
'{"data": [{"id": 683070334, "type": "answer", "answer_type": "normal", "question": {"type": "question", "id": 55493026, "titl  
e": "你们都是怎么学 Python 的?", "question_type": "normal", "created": 1486390229, "updated_time": 1543075931, "url": "https://w  
ww.zhihu.com/api/v4/questions/55493026", "relationship": {}, "author": {"id": "36f69162230003d316d0b8a6d8da20ba", "url_tok  
en": "liang-zi-wei-48", "name": "量子位", "avatar_url": "https://pic4.zhimg.com/v2-ca6e7ffc10a0d10edbae635cee82d007_is.jp  
g", "avatar_url_template": "https://pic4.zhimg.com/v2-ca6e7ffc10a0d10edbae635cee82d007_{size}.jpg", "is_org": true, "typ  
e": "people", "url": "https://www.zhihu.com/api/v4/people/36f69162230003d316d0b8a6d8da20ba", "user_type": "organizatio  
n", "headline": "有趣的前沿科技→_→ 公众号：QbitAI", "badge": [{"type": "identity", "description": "已认证的官方帐号", "topics":  
[], "gender": -1, "is_answerer": false, "is_privacy": false}], "url": "https://www.zhihu.com/api/v4/answers/683070334", "is  
collapsed": false, "created_time": 1557821477, "updated_time": 1557821477, "can_edit": true, "is_savable": true},  
"relationship": {"upvoted_followees": []}}, {"id": 163642949, "type": "answer", "answer_type": "normal", "question": {"type": "question", "id": 5  
5493026, "title": "你们都是怎么学 Python 的?", "question_type": "normal", "created": 1486390229, "updated_time": 1543075931, "ur  
l": "https://www.zhihu.com/api/v4/questions/55493026", "relationship": {}, "author": {"id": "788f207a6bf8f66c5bad79bd0f011  
065", "url_token": "simonlearn", "name": "赛门喵Simon", "avatar_url": "https://pic2.zhimg.com/v2-03afe381dbea789c0f918d6aac1  
5556c_is.jpg", "avatar_url_template": "https://pic2.zhimg.com/v2-03afe381dbea789c0f918d6aac15556c_{size}.jpg", "is_org":  
false, "type": "people", "url": "https://www.zhihu.com/api/v4/people/788f207a6bf8f66c5bad79bd0f011065"}, "user_type": "peopl
```

在 **requests** 當中加上 **headers** 參數就可以正常拉回資料！

在 Request 上加上 Headers

```
1 import requests  
2  
3 # 定義標頭檔內容  
headers = {'user-agent': 'my-app/0.0.1'}  
  
r =  
requests.get('https://www.zhihu.com/api/v4/questions/55493026/answers',hea  
ders=headers)  
response = r.text  
  
'{"data": [{"id": 683070334, "type": "answer", "answer_type": "normal", "question": {"type": "question", "id": 55493026, "titl  
e": "你们都是怎么学 Python 的?", "question_type": "normal", "created": 1486390229, "updated_time": 1543075931, "url": "https://w  
ww.zhihu.com/api/v4/questions/55493026", "relationship": {}}, "author": {"id": "36f69162230003d316d0b8a6d8da20ba", "url_tok  
en": "liang-zi-wei-48", "name": "量子位", "avatar_url": "https://pic4.zhimg.com/v2-ca6e7ffc10a0d10edbae635cee82d007_is.jp  
g", "avatar_url_template": "https://pic4.zhimg.com/v2-ca6e7ffc10a0d10edbae635cee82d007_{size}.jpg", "is_org": true, "typ  
e": "people", "url": "https://www.zhihu.com/api/v4/people/36f69162230003d316d0b8a6d8da20ba", "user_type": "organizatio  
n", "headline": "有趣的前沿科技→_→ 公众号：QbitAI", "badge": [{"type": "identity", "description": "已认证的官方帐号", "topics":  
[]}], "gender": -1, "is_advertiser": false, "is_privacy": false}, "url": "https://www.zhihu.com/api/v4/answers/683070334", "is  
_collapsed": false, "created_time": 1557824412, "updated_time": 1557824412, "extras": "", "is_copyable": true, "relationship":  
{"upvoted_followees": []}, {"id": 163642949, "type": "answer", "answer_type": "normal", "question": {"type": "question", "id": 5  
5493026, "title": "你们都是怎么学 Python 的?", "question_type": "normal", "created": 1486390229, "updated_time": 1543075931, "ur  
l": "https://www.zhihu.com/api/v4/questions/55493026", "relationship": {}}, "author": {"id": "788f207a6bf8f66c5bad79bd0f011  
065", "url_token": "simonlearn", "name": "赛门喵Simon", "avatar_url": "https://pic2.zhimg.com/v2-03afe381dbea789c0f918d6aac1  
5556c_is.jpg", "avatar_url_template": "https://pic2.zhimg.com/v2-03afe381dbea789c0f918d6aac15556c_{size}.jpg", "is_org":  
false, "type": "people", "url": "https://www.zhihu.com/api/v4/people/788f207a6bf8f66c5bad79bd0f011065", "user_type": "peopl
```

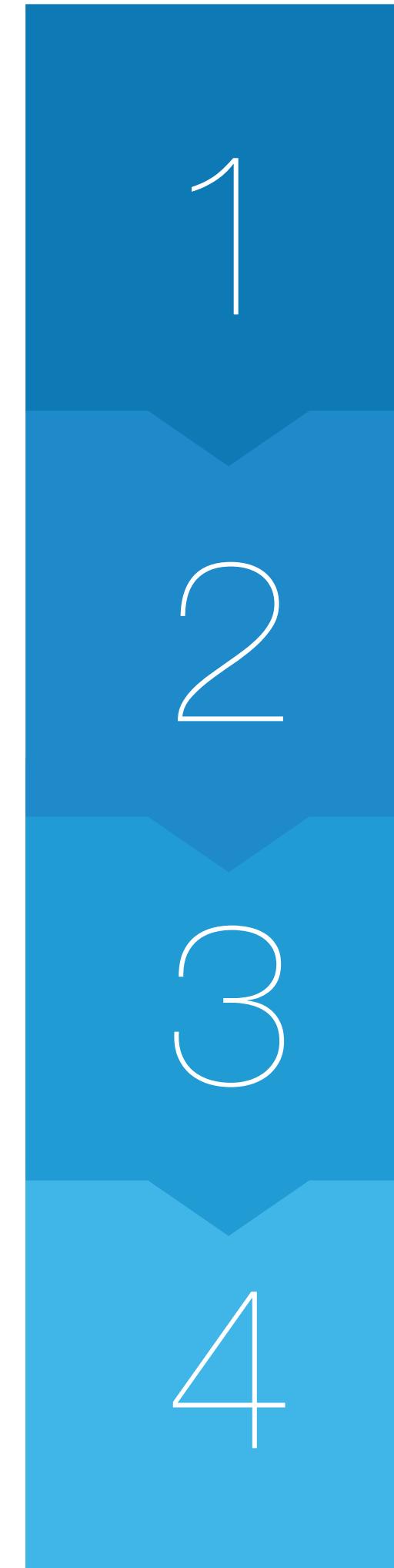


存取回傳的 JSON 格式

```
1 import json  
2  
3 data = json.loads(response) # 利用 json 解析網頁內容  
4  
5 # 取出資料  
6  
7 for d in data['data']: 8  
9     print(d)
```

這是一個以 JSON 格式的字串，因此我們可以利用 json 函式庫解析成 Python 內的資料結構。

如何知道要加上哪些 Headers ?



先從網路進去該 API

右鍵檢查，下方 Console 選 Network

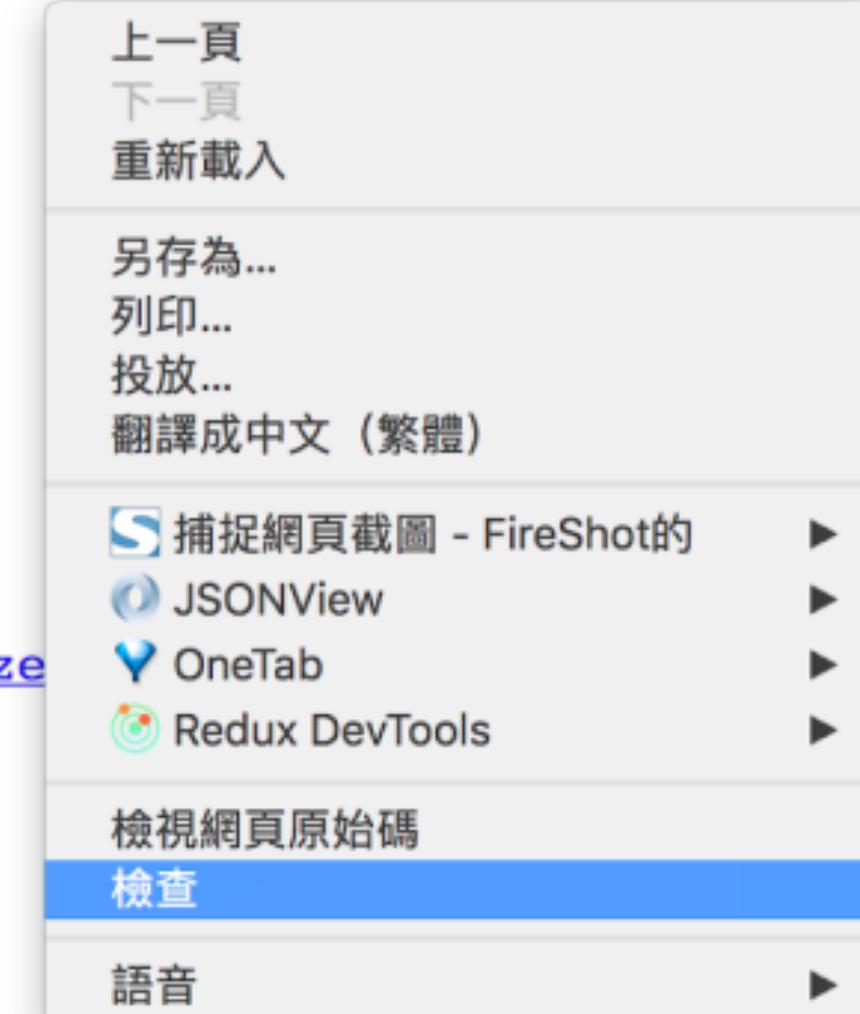
左方資源選擇第一個

查看右方中的 Request Header 區塊

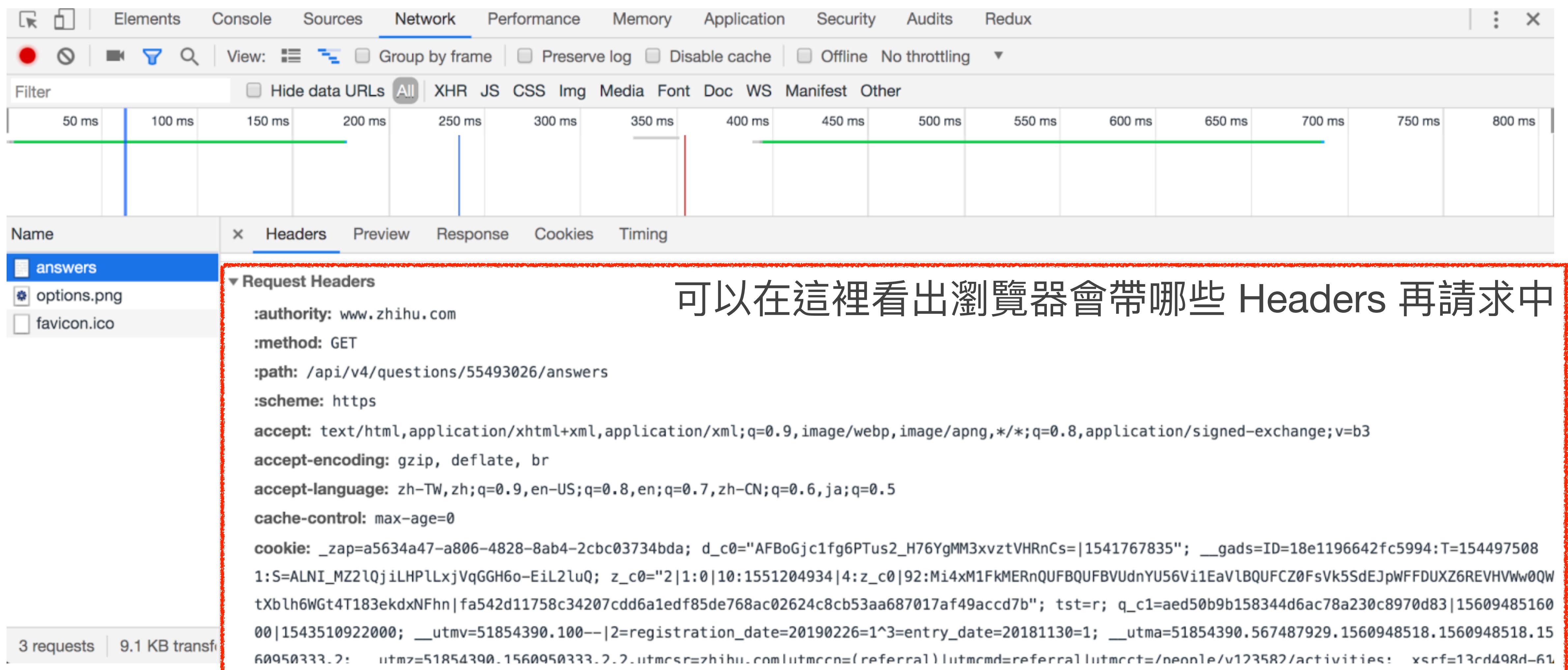
如何知道要加上哪些 Headers ?

```
{
  - data: [
    - {
      id: 683070334,
      type: "answer",
      answer_type: "normal",
      - question: {
        type: "question",
        id: 55493026,
        title: "你们都是怎么学 Python 的？",
        question_type: "normal",
        created: 1486390229,
        updated_time: 1543075931,
        url: "https://www.zhihu.com/api/v4/questions/55493026",
        relationship: { }
      },
      - author: {
        id: "36f69162230003d316d0b8a6d8da20ba",
        url_token: "liang-zi-wei-48",
        name: "量子位",
        avatar_url: "https://pic4.zhimg.com/v2-ca6e7ffc10a0d10edbae635cee82d007_is.jpg",
        avatar_url_template: "https://pic4.zhimg.com/v2-ca6e7ffc10a0d10edbae635cee82d007_{size}_is",
        is_org: true,
        type: "people",
        url: "https://www.zhihu.com/api/v4/people/36f69162230003d316d0b8a6d8da20ba",
        user_type: "organization",
        headline: "有趣的前沿科技→_→ 公众号：QbitAI",
        badge: [
          - {
            type: "identity",
            description: "已认证的官方帐号",
            topics: []
          }
        ],
      }
    }
  ]
}
```

+ - [View Source](#)



如何知道要加上哪些 Headers ?



The screenshot shows the Network tab of the Chrome DevTools. A red box highlights the 'Headers' section for a request to 'answers'. The highlighted text is as follows:

```
:authority: www.zhihu.com
:method: GET
:path: /api/v4/questions/55493026/answers
:scheme: https
accept: text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,image/webp,image/apng,*/*;q=0.8,application/signed-exchange;v=b3
accept-encoding: gzip, deflate, br
accept-language: zh-TW,zh;q=0.9,en-US;q=0.8,en;q=0.7,zh-CN;q=0.6,ja;q=0.5
cache-control: max-age=0
cookie: _zap=a5634a47-a806-4828-8ab4-2cbc03734bda; d_c0="AFBoGjc1fg6PTus2_H76YgMM3xvztVHRnCs=|1541767835"; __gads=ID=18e1196642fc5994:T=1544975081:S=ALNI_MZ2lQjiLHPlLxjVqGGH6o-EiL2luQ; z_c0="2|1:0|10:1551204934|4:z_c0|92:Mi4xM1FKMERnQUFBQUFBVUdnYU56Vi1EaVlBQUFCZ0FsVk5SdEJpWFFDUXZ6REVHVw0QWtXblh6WGt4T183ekdxNFhn|fa542d11758c34207cdd6a1edf85de768ac02624c8cb53aa687017af49acd7b"; tst=r; q_c1=aed50b9b158344d6ac78a230c8970d83|156094851600|1543510922000; __utmv=51854390.100--|2=registration_date=20190226=1^3=entry_date=20181130=1; __utma=51854390.567487929.1560948518.1560948518.1560948518.1560948518.2; __utmz=51854390.1560948518.2.2.__utmcsr=zhihu.com.__utmccn=(referral).__utmcmd=referral.__utmctr=/people/v123582/activities; __xrf=13cd498d-61
```

可以在這裡看出瀏覽器會帶哪些 Headers 再請求中

在 Request 上加上 Headers

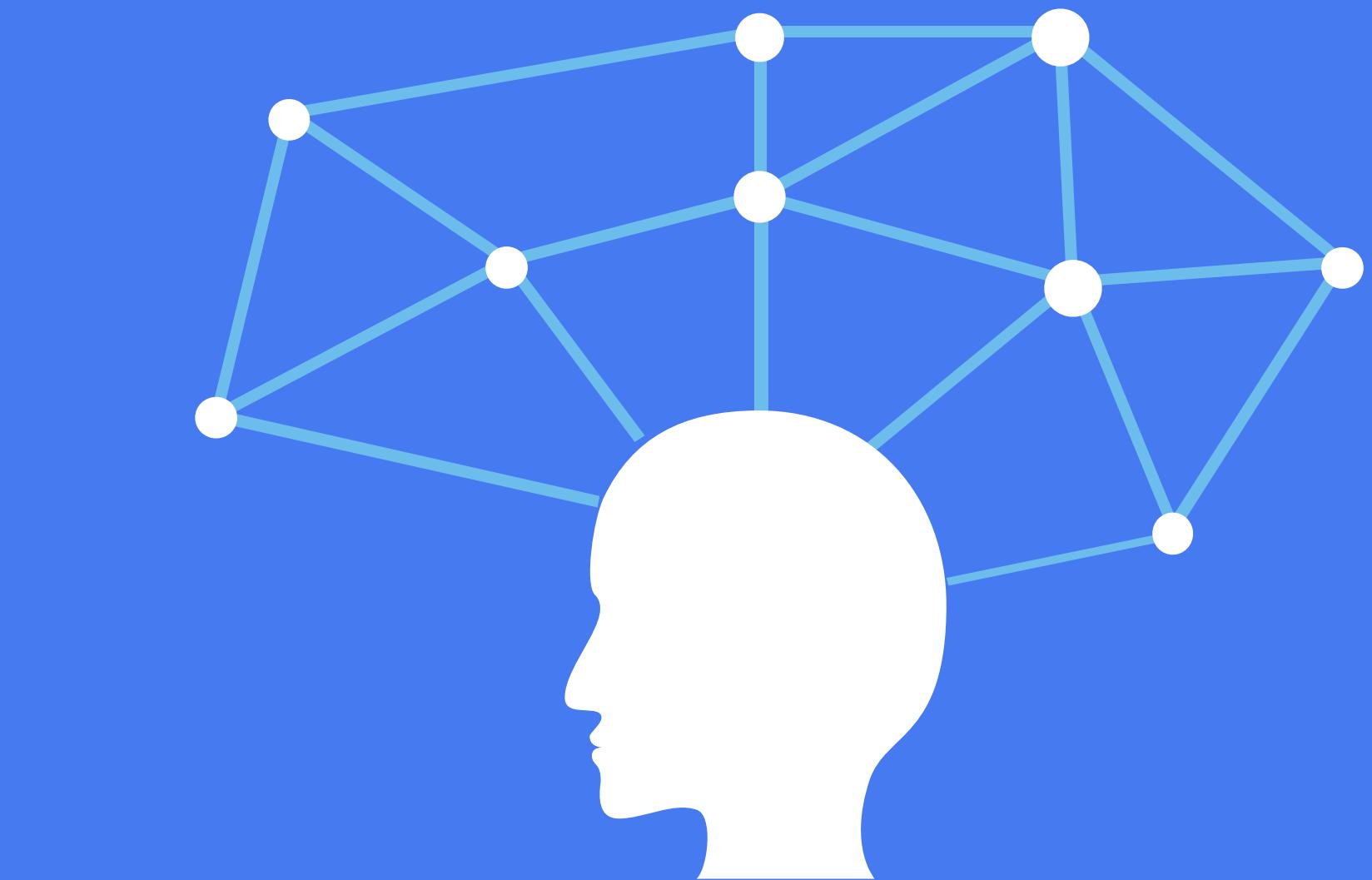
從瀏覽器的開發者工具中可以在這裡看出瀏覽器帶了一堆 Headers 在請求中，不過我們的範例卻只加了 user-agent 而已？

因為經過測試之後，發現知乎伺服器只會檢查 user-agent 而已，如果在一開始不確定的情況下，會建議所有參數都加上去！

```
1 import requests  
2  
3     headers = {'user-agent': 'my-app/0.0.1'}  
4  
5     r = requests.get('https://www.zhihu.com/api/v4/questions/55493026answers',he  
6     ders=headers)  
7  
8     response = r.text
```

重要知識點複習

- 了解之乎 API 使用方式與回傳內容
- 撰寫程式存取 API 且添加標頭



解題時間

LET'S CRACK IT

請跳出 PDF 至官網 Sample Code & 作業

開始解題

