

Jordhy Tapia

Pseudocode

Alternate sort Algorithm :

Sorted_disks sort_alternate(const disk_state &before)

disk_state after = before

int swapCount = 0

for every element in after

 for every other element in after

 if the element is not the last element in after

 if current element is light and next element is dark

 swap elements

 increment swapCount

 endif

 endif

 end for

 for every other element starting at 1 to after.total_count-1

 if current element is light and next element is dark

 swap elements

 increment swapCount

 endif

 end for

 if after is sorted

 break out of for loop

 endif

endFor

return after, swapCount

EndFunction sort_alternate

Lawn Mower Sort Algorithm:

Sorted_Disks sort_lawnMower(const disk_state& before)

Disk_state after = before

Int swapCount = 0

For every element in after

 For every element in after

 If current element is not the last element

 If current element is light and next element is dark

 Swap elements

 Increase swapCount

 endif

 endif

 endFor

for every element starting at after.total_count -1, decrementing element position, and ending at element number 1

 if current element is dark and previous element is light

 swap elements

 increase swapCount

 endif

endFor

if after is sorted

 break out of for loop

endif

endFor

return after, swapCount

endFunction sort_LawnMower

```

// Algorithm that sorts disks using the lawnmower algorithm.
sorted_disks sort_lawnmower(const disk_state& before)
{
    disk_state after = before;
    int swapCount = 0;

    for(int i = 0; i < after.total_count(); ++i)
    {
        for(int i = 0; i < after.total_count(); ++i)
        {
            if(i != after.total_count()-1)
            {
                if(after.get(i) == DISK_LIGHT && after.get(i+1) == DISK_DARK)
                {
                    after.swap(i);
                    swapCount++;
                }
            }
        }
    }

    for(auto j = after.total_count()-1; j>1; j--)
    {
        if(after.get(j) == DISK_DARK && after.get(j-1) == DISK_LIGHT)
        {
            after.swap(j-1);
            swapCount++;
        }
    }
    if(after.is_sorted())
        break;
}

return sorted_disks(after, swapCount);
}

```

```

// Algorithm that sorts disks using the alternate algorithm.
sorted_disks sort_alternate(const disk_state& before)
{
    disk_state after = before;
    int swapCount= 0;

    for(int i = 0; i < after.total_count(); ++i)
    {
        for(int i = 0; i < after.total_count(); i+=2)
        {
            if(i != after.total_count()-1)
            {
                if(after.get(i) == DISK_LIGHT && after.get(i+1) == DISK_DARK)
                {
                    after.swap(i);
                    swapCount++;
                }
            }
        }
    }
    for(int i = 1; i < after.total_count()-1; i+=2)
    {
        if(after.get(i) == DISK_LIGHT && after.get(i+1) == DISK_DARK)
        {
            after.swap(i);
            swapCount++;
        }
    }

    if(after.is_sorted())
        break;
}

return sorted_disks(after, swapCount);
}

```

Mathematical Analysis

// Algorithm that sorts disks using the lawnmower algorithm.

sorted_disks sort_lawnmower(const disk_state& before)

```
{
    disk_state after = before; 1 S.C > 2 S.C
    int swapCount = 0; 1, S.C
    for(int i = 0; i < after.total_count(); ++i)  $\sum_{i=0}^n (\sum_{i=0}^n (8) + \sum_{i=1}^{n-1} (6)) + 4$ 
    {
        for(int i = 0; i < after.total_count(); ++i)  $\frac{8-6}{2 S.C + \max(4 S.C + \max(2 S.C, 0))}$ 
        {
            if(i != after.total_count()-1)
            {
                if(after.get(i) == DISK_LIGHT && after.get(i+1) == DISK_DARK)
                {
                    after.swap(i);
                    swapCount++;
                }
            }
        }
    }

    for(auto j = after.total_count()-1; j > 1; j--)
    {
        if(after.get(j) == DISK_DARK && after.get(j-1) == DISK_LIGHT)  $\frac{6}{4 S.C + \max(2, 0)}$ 
        {
            after.swap(j-1);
            swapCount++;
        }
    }
    if(after.is_sorted()) + 1 S.C
    break; + 1 S.C
}

return sorted_disks(after, swapCount);
}
```

$$\sum_{i=0}^n \left(\sum_{i=0}^n 8 + \sum_{i=1}^{n-1} 6 \right) + 4 \rightarrow \sum_{i=0}^n (8(n+1) + 6(n-1)) + 4$$

$$\sum_{i=0}^n (14n+2) + 4 \rightarrow (14n+2)(n+1) + 4 \rightarrow \boxed{14n^2 + 16n + 6} \rightarrow \boxed{O(n^2)}$$

// Algorithm that sorts disks using the alternate algorithm.

sorted_disks sort_alternate(const disk_state& before)

```
{
    disk_state after = before;
    int swapCount = 0;

    for(int i = 0; i < after.total_count(); ++i)
    {
        for(int i = 0; i < after.total_count(); i+=2)
        {
            if(i != after.total_count()-1)
            {
                if(after.get(i) == DISK_LIGHT && after.get(i+1) == DISK_DARK)
                {
                    after.swap(i);
                    swapCount++;
                }
            }
        }
        for(int i = 1; i < after.total_count()-1; i+=2)
        {
            if(after.get(i) == DISK_LIGHT && after.get(i+1) == DISK_DARK)
            {
                after.swap(i);
                swapCount++;
            }
        }

        if(after.is_sorted())
            break;
    }
}
```

return sorted_disks(after, swapCount);

$$\sum_{i=0}^n \left(\sum_{i=0}^{n/2} (8) + \sum_{i=1}^{n/2} (6) \right) + 4 \rightarrow \sum_{i=0}^n \left(8(n/2+1) + 6(n/2) \right) + 4 + 4$$

$$\sum_{i=0}^n (4n+8 + 3n-3) + 4 \rightarrow \sum_{i=0}^n (7n+5) + 4 \rightarrow (7n+5)(n+1) + 4 = 7n^2 + 12n + 9$$

$$O(n^2)$$