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1.1 DDL Commands with Constraints

NOT NULL Constraint

Method 1: Not Null Constraint in-line without name

```
CREATE TABLE Student  
(  
  ID int NOT NULL,  
  NAME varchar(30) NOT NULL,  
  ADDRESS varchar(50)  
);
```

Method 2: Not Null Constraint in-line with name

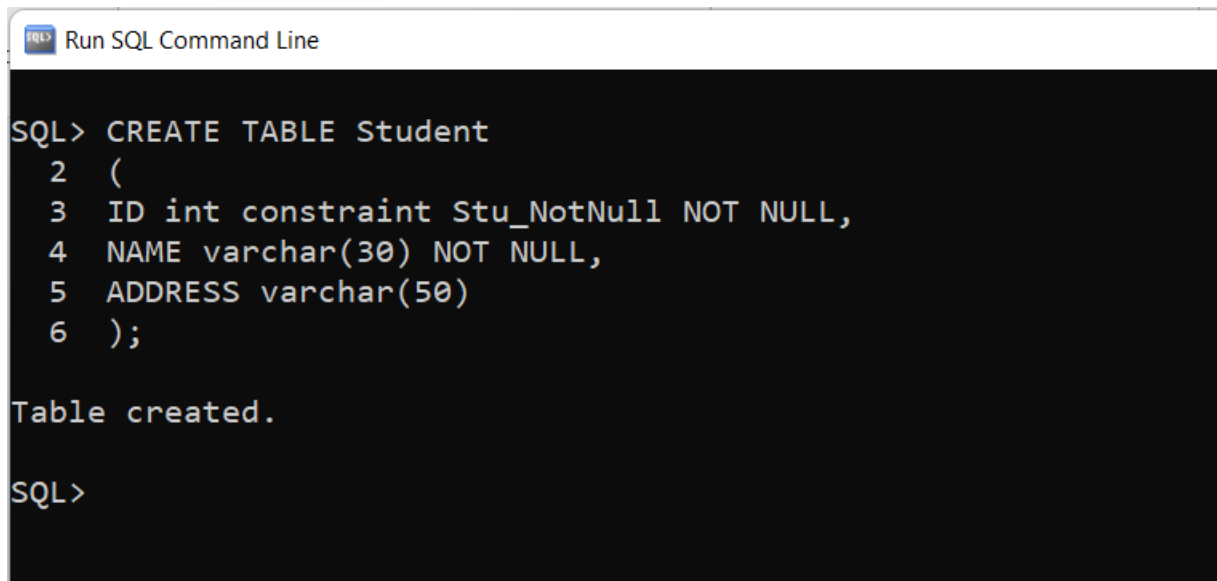
Constraint name: Stu_NotNull

```
CREATE TABLE Student  
(  
  ID int constraint Stu_NotNull NOT NULL,  
  NAME varchar(30) NOT NULL,  
  ADDRESS varchar(50)  
);
```

Method 3: Adding a NOT NULL Constraint after the Creation of a Student Table

```
ALTER TABLE Student MODIFY ID int NOT NULL
```

OUTPUT:



```
SQL> CREATE TABLE Student
  2  (
  3  ID int constraint Stu_NotNull NOT NULL,
  4  NAME varchar(30) NOT NULL,
  5  ADDRESS varchar(50)
  6  );

Table created.

SQL>
```

1.2 DDL Commands with Constraints

Unique Constraint:

Method 1: Unique Constraint in-line without name

Unique Constraint Name :uq_pname

Create table person

```
(  
pno int,  
pname varchar(20),  
mobile number(12) unique  
);
```

Method 2: Unique Constraint in-line with name

Unique Constraint Name: uq_mobile

Create table person1

```
(  
pno int,  
pname varchar(20),  
mobile number(12) constraint uq_mobile unique  
);
```

Method 3: Unique Constraint out-of-line with name

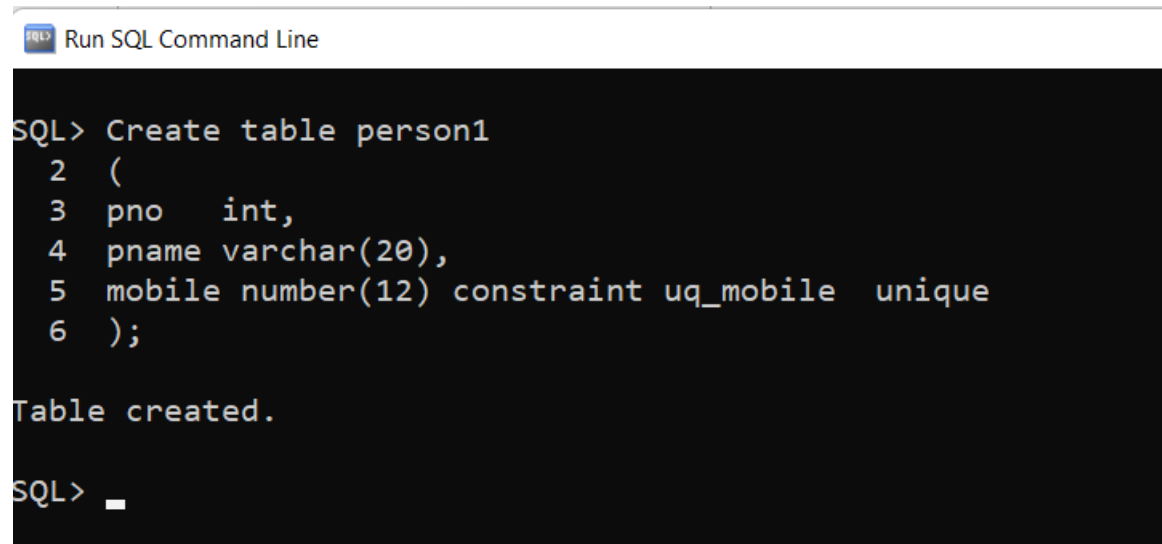
Create table person

```
(  
pno int,  
pname varchar(20),  
mobile number(12),  
constraint uq_mobile unique (mobile)  
);
```

Method 4: Adding a UNIQUE Constraint after the Creation of a person Table

ALTER TABLE person **ADD CONSTRAINT** uq_mobile **UNIQUE**(mobile)

OUTPUT:



```
SQL> Run SQL Command Line

SQL> Create table person1
2  (
3  pno    int,
4  pname  varchar(20),
5  mobile number(12) constraint uq_mobile  unique
6  );

Table created.

SQL> _
```

1.3 DDL Commands with Constraints

Primary Key Constraint:

Method 1: Primary Key Constraint in-line without name

```
CREATE TABLE Student  
(  
  ID int primary key  
  NAME varchar(30),  
  ADDRESS varchar(50),  
);
```

Method 2: Primary Key Constraint in-line with name

Primary Key Constraint Name: pk_ID

```
CREATE TABLE Student  
(  
  ID int constraint pk_ID primary key,  
  NAME varchar(30),  
  ADDRESS varchar(50),  
);
```

Method 3: Primary Key Constraint out-of-line with name

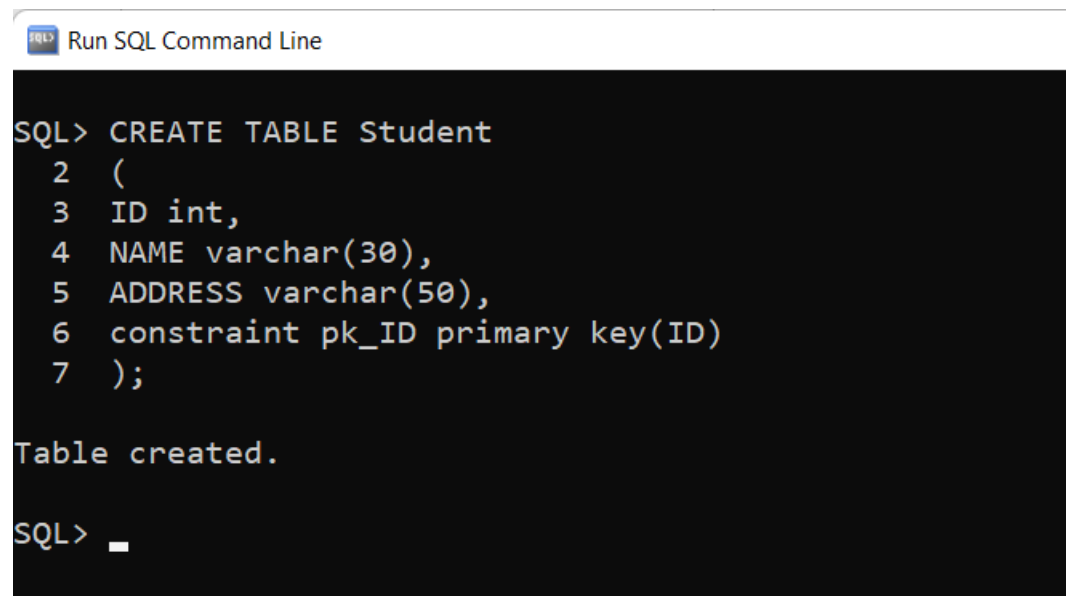
Primary Key Constraint Name: pk_ID

```
CREATE TABLE Student  
(  
  ID int,  
  NAME varchar(30),  
  ADDRESS varchar(50),  
  constraint pk_ID primary key(ID)  
);
```

Method 4: Adding a PRIMARY KEY Constraint after the Creation of a Student Table

```
ALTER TABLE Student ADD CONSTRAINT pk_ID PRIMARY KEY(ID)
```

OUTPUT:



```
SQL> CREATE TABLE Student
2  (
3  ID int,
4  NAME varchar(30),
5  ADDRESS varchar(50),
6  constraint pk_ID primary key(ID)
7  );

Table created.

SQL> _
```

1.4 DDL Commands with Constraints

Composite Primary Key Constraint:

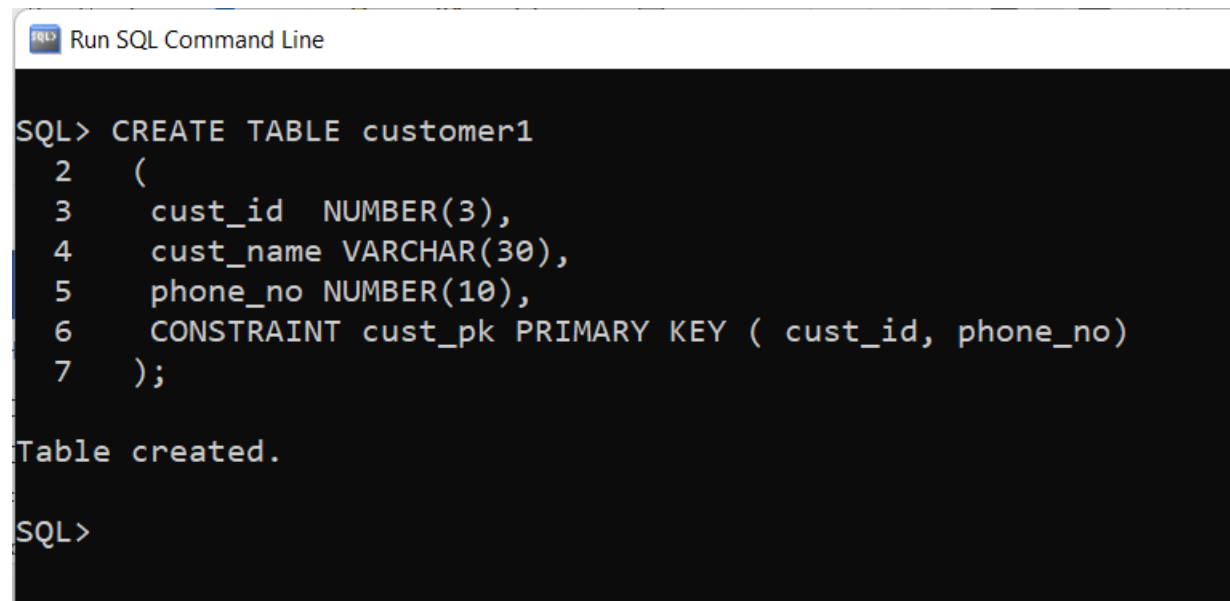
Method 1: Composite Primary Key Using CREATE TABLE

```
CREATE TABLE customer1  
(  
    cust_id NUMBER(3),  
    cust_name VARCHAR(30),  
    phone_no NUMBER(10),  
    CONSTRAINT cust_pk PRIMARY KEY ( cust_id, phone_no)  
);
```

Method 2: Composite Primary Key Using ALTER TABLE

```
ALTER TABLE customer  
ADD CONSTRAINT cust_cid_pk PRIMARY KEY (cust_id,phone_no);
```


OUTPUT:



```
SQL> CREATE TABLE customer1
2  (
3    cust_id  NUMBER(3),
4    cust_name VARCHAR(30),
5    phone_no NUMBER(10),
6    CONSTRAINT cust_pk PRIMARY KEY ( cust_id, phone_no)
7  );

Table created.

SQL>
```

1.5 DDL Commands with Constraints

Foreign Key Constraint:

Parent Table

```
CREATE TABLE dept1
(
    deptno    NUMBER(2) CONSTRAINT pkdept PRIMARY KEY,
    dname     VARCHAR2(9) ,
    loc       VARCHAR2(10) );
```

Method 1: Foreign Key Constraint in-line without name

```
CREATE TABLE emp1
(
    empno     NUMBER(4) ,
    ename     VARCHAR2(10) ,
    job       VARCHAR2(9) ,
    mgr       NUMBER(4) ,
    hiredate  DATE,
    sal       NUMBER(7,2) ,
    comm      NUMBER(7,2) ,
    deptno    Number(2) REFERENCES dept(deptno) );
```

Method 2: Foreign Key Constraint Out-of-line with name

```
CREATE TABLE emp
(
    empno     NUMBER(4) ,
    ename     VARCHAR2(10) ,
    job       VARCHAR2(9) ,
    mgr       NUMBER(4) ,
    hiredate  DATE,
    sal       NUMBER(7,2) ,
    comm      NUMBER(7,2) ,
    deptno    NUMBER(2) ,
    CONSTRAINT fk_deptno FOREIGN KEY(deptno)
        REFERENCES dept(deptno));
```

Method 3: Foreign Key Constraint in-line with name & ON DELETE CASCADE

```
CREATE TABLE emp
(
    empno      NUMBER(4) ,
    ename      VARCHAR2(10) ,
    job        VARCHAR2(9) ,
    mgr        NUMBER(4) ,
    hiredate   DATE,
    sal        NUMBER(7,2) ,
    comm       NUMBER(7,2) ,
    deptno     NUMBER(2)    CONSTRAINT fk_deptno
                                REFERENCES dept(deptno) ON DELETE CASCADE
);
```

Method 4: Foreign Key Constraint with ALTER TABLE

```
ALTER TABLE emp ADD CONSTRAINT fk_deptno FOREIGN KEY(deptno)
REFERENCES dept(deptno) ON DELETE CASCADE;
```

OUTPUT

```
Run SQL Command Line

SQL> CREATE TABLE dept1
 2      (
 3      deptno  NUMBER(2) CONSTRAINT pkdept PRIMARY KEY,
 4      dname   VARCHAR2(9),
 5      loc     VARCHAR2(10) );

Table created.

SQL> CREATE TABLE emp1
 2      (
 3      empno    NUMBER(4),
 4      ename    VARCHAR2(10),
 5      job      VARCHAR2(9),
 6      mgr      NUMBER(4),
 7      hiredate DATE,
 8      sal      NUMBER(7,2),
 9      comm     NUMBER(7,2),
10      deptno   Number(2) REFERENCES dept(deptno) );

Table created.

SQL>
```

1.6 DDL Commands with Constraints

Check Constraint:


Method 1: Check Constraint in-line without name

```
CREATE TABLE dept
(
deptno NUMBER CHECK (deptno BETWEEN 10 AND 99),
dname VARCHAR2(9) CHECK (dname = UPPER(dname)),
loc VARCHAR2(10) CHECK (loc IN ('DALLAS','BOSTON',
                                'NEW YORK','CHICAGO'))
);
```

Method 2: Check Constraint in-line with name

```
CREATE TABLE dept01
(
deptno NUMBER CONSTRAINT checkdeptno
CHECK (deptno BETWEEN 10 AND 99),
dname VARCHAR2(9) CONSTRAINT checkdname
CHECK (dname = UPPER(dname)),
loc VARCHAR2(10) CONSTRAINT checkloc
CHECK (loc IN ('DALLAS','BOSTON',
               'NEW YORK','CHICAGO'))
);
```

OUTPUT

 Run SQL Command Line

```
SQL> CREATE TABLE dept01
 2  (
 3  deptno  NUMBER  CONSTRAINT checkdeptno
 4  CHECK (deptno BETWEEN 10 AND 99),
 5  dname VARCHAR2(9)  CONSTRAINT checkdname
 6  CHECK (dname = UPPER(dname)),
 7  loc VARCHAR2(10)  CONSTRAINT checkloc
 8  CHECK (loc IN ('DALLAS','BOSTON',
 9  'NEW YORK','CHICAGO'))
10 );
```

Table created.

SQL>

1.7 DDL Commands with Constraints

Default Constraint:

Method 1: Default Constraint in CREATE TABLE

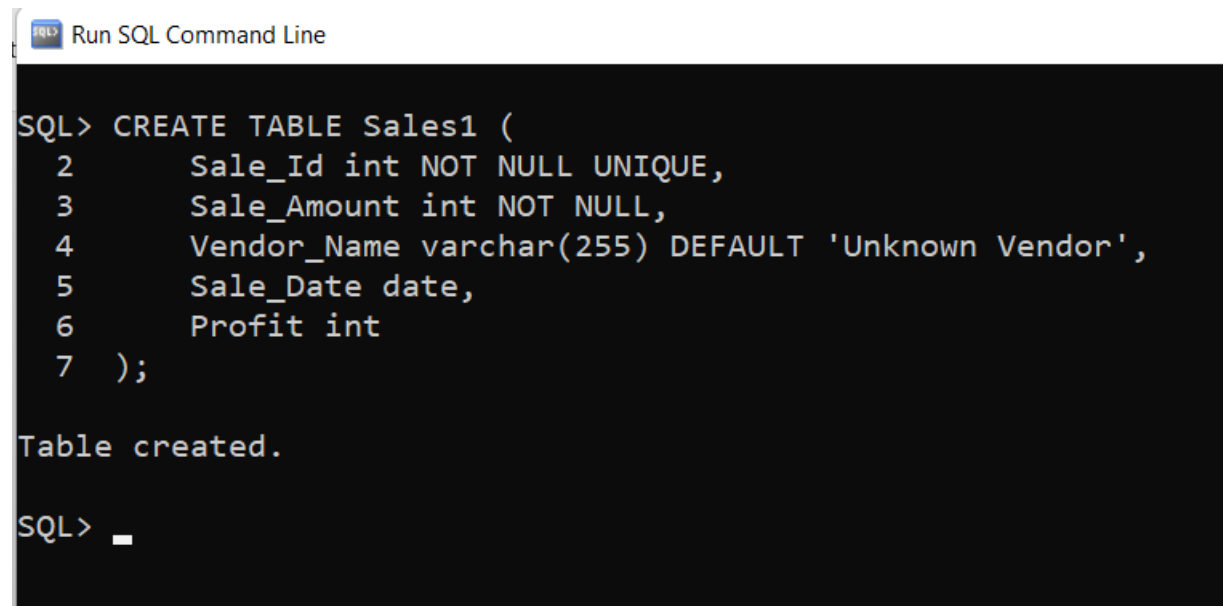
```
CREATE TABLE Sales1 (  
    Sale_Id int NOT NULL UNIQUE,  
    Sale_Amount int NOT NULL,  
    Vendor_Name varchar(255) DEFAULT 'Unknown Vendor',  
    Sale_Date date,  
    Profit int  
);
```

Method 2: Default Constraint in ALTER TABLE

```
ALTER TABLE Sales
```

```
MODIFY Vendor_Name DEFAULT 'Unknown Vendor';
```

OUTPUT:



```
SQL> CREATE TABLE Sales1 (  
  2     Sale_Id int NOT NULL UNIQUE,  
  3     Sale_Amount int NOT NULL,  
  4     Vendor_Name varchar(255) DEFAULT 'Unknown Vendor',  
  5     Sale_Date date,  
  6     Profit int  
  7 );  
  
Table created.  
  
SQL> _
```


2.1 DML COMMANDS

INSERT COMMAND

The Employee table is created to execute the DML statements in Oracle.

```
CREATE TABLE Employee1
```

```
(
```

```
Id INT,
```

```
  Name CHAR(20),
```

```
  Salary NUMBER(8, 2)
```

```
);
```

Case 1:

```
INSERT INTO EMPLOYEE1 VALUES (1, 'Anurag', 50000);
```

Case 2:

```
INSERT INTO EMPLOYEE1 (Id, Salary, Name) VALUES (2, 35000, 'Mohanty');
```

Case 3:

```
INSERT INTO EMPLOYEE1 (Id, Name) VALUES (3, 'Sambit');
```

Case 4:

```
INSERT INTO EMPLOYEE1 (Id, Salary, Name) VALUES (NULL, NULL, NULL);
```

OUTPUT

```
Run SQL Command Line

SQL> CREATE TABLE Employee1
  2  (
  3  Id INT,
  4  Name CHAR(20),
  5  Salary NUMBER(8, 2)
  6  );

Table created.

SQL> INSERT INTO EMPLOYEE1 VALUES (1, 'Anurag', 50000);

1 row created.

SQL> INSERT INTO EMPLOYEE1 (Id, Salary, Name) VALUES (2, 35000, 'Mohanty');

1 row created.

SQL> INSERT INTO EMPLOYEE1 (Id, Name) VALUES (3, 'Sambit');

1 row created.

SQL> INSERT INTO EMPLOYEE1 (Id, Salary, Name) VALUES (NULL, NULL, NULL);

1 row created.

SQL>
```

```
Run SQL Command Line

SQL> select * from employee1;

      ID NAME                SALARY
-----
      1 Anurag                50000
      2 Mohanty               35000
      3 Sambit

SQL> _
```

2.2 DML COMMANDS

UPDATE COMMAND

The Employee table is created to execute the DML statements in Oracle.

```
CREATE TABLE Employee
```

```
(
```

```
Id INT,
```

```
  Name CHAR(100),
```

```
  Salary NUMBER(8, 2)
```

```
);
```

Case 1:

To update all the rows in the table.

```
UPDATE EMPLOYEE1 SET Salary =500000;
```

Case 2:

To update rows based on the where condition.

```
UPDATE EMPLOYEE1 SET Name='Test1', Salary=55000 WHERE Id=3;
```

```
UPDATE EMPLOYEE1 SET Salary=85000 WHERE Name='Anurag';
```

OUTPUT:

```
Run SQL Command Line

SQL> select * from employee1;

  ID NAME                SALARY
-----
  1 Anurag                50000
  2 Mohanty               35000
  3 Sambit

SQL> UPDATE EMPLOYEE1 SET Salary =500000;

4 rows updated.

SQL> UPDATE EMPLOYEE1 SET Name='Test1', Salary=55000 WHERE Id=3;

1 row updated.

SQL> UPDATE EMPLOYEE1 SET Salary=85000 WHERE Name='Anurag';

1 row updated.

SQL>
```

```
Run SQL Command Line

SQL> select * from employee1;

  ID NAME                SALARY
-----
  1 Anurag                85000
  2 Mohanty               500000
  3 Test1                  55000
                        500000

SQL>
```

2.3 DML COMMANDS

DELETE COMMAND

The Employee table is created to execute the DML statements in Oracle.

```
CREATE TABLE Employee1
```

```
(
```

```
Id INT,
```

```
  Name CHAR(100),
```

```
  Salary NUMBER(8, 2)
```

```
);
```

Case 1:

To delete all the rows from the table.

```
DELETE FROM EMPLOYEE1;
```

Case 2:

To delete rows based on the where condition.

```
DELETE FROM EMPLOYEE1 WHERE Id=5;
```

OUTPUT:

```
Run SQL Command Line

SQL> select * from employee1;

      ID NAME                SALARY
-----
      1 Anurag                85000
      2 Mohanty              500000
      3 Test1                 55000
      4                      500000

SQL> DELETE FROM EMPLOYEE1 WHERE Id=3;

1 row deleted.


SQL> select * from employee1;

      ID NAME                SALARY
-----
      1 Anurag                85000
      2 Mohanty              500000
      3                      500000

SQL> _
```

3.1 SQL QUERIES

SELECT * FROM Student1;

 Run SQL Command Line

```
SQL> select * from student1;
```

ROLLNO	SNAME	AGE	COURSE
6	Anu	23	CS
4	Chetan	20	BCA
5	Nihal	19	BBA
8	Arpit	21	CS

```
SQL> _
```

SELECT customer_id, name, credit_limit FROM customers;

 Run SQL Command Line

```
SQL> SELECT customer_id, name, credit_limit FROM customers;
```

CUSTOMER_ID	NAME	CREDIT_LIMIT
177	United Continental Holdings	5000
180	INTL FCStone	5000
184	Publix Super Markets	1200
187	ConocoPhillips	2400
190	3M	1200
192	Exelon	500
208	Tesoro	500
207	Northwestern Mutual	3600
200	Enterprise Products Partners	2400
204	Rite Aid	3600
212	Qualcomm	500

SELECT name, address, credit_limit FROM customers ORDER BY name ASC;

 Run SQL Command Line

```
SQL> SELECT name, address, credit_limit FROM customers ORDER BY name ASC;
```

NAME	ADDRESS	CREDIT_LIMIT
3M	Via Frenzy 6903, Roma,	1200
ADP	Langstr 14, Zuerich, ZH	700
AECOM	2102 E Kimberly Rd, Davenport, IA	500

SELECT DISTINCT first_name FROM contacts ORDER BY first_name;

Run SQL Command Line

```
SQL> SELECT DISTINCT first_name FROM contacts ORDER BY first_name;
```

```
FIRST_NAME
```

```
-----  
Aaron  
Adah  
Adam  
Adrienne  
Agustina  
Al  
Aleshia  
Alessandra  
Alexandra  
Alvaro  
Alysa
```

SELECT product_name, list_price FROM products WHERE list_price > 500;

Run SQL Command Line

```
SQL> SELECT product_name, list_price FROM products WHERE list_price > 500;
```

```
PRODUCT_NAME
```

```
LIST_PRICE
```

```
-----  
Intel Xeon E5-2699 V3 (OEM/Tray)  
3410.46  
  
Intel Xeon E5-2697 V3  
2774.98  
  
Intel Xeon E5-2698 V3 (OEM/Tray)  
2660.72
```

SELECT product_name, list_price FROM products WHERE list_price BETWEEN 650 AND 680 ORDER BY list_price;

Run SQL Command Line

```
SQL> SELECT product_name, list_price FROM products WHERE list_price BETWEEN 650 AND 680 ORDER BY list_price;
```

```
PRODUCT_NAME
```

```
LIST_PRICE
```

```
-----  
Kingston  
653.5  
  
Corsair Dominator Platinum  
659.99  
  
Intel Core i7-3930K  
660
```



```
SELECT  order_id,  SUM( unit_price * quantity ) order_value FROM  order_items
GROUP BY  order_id HAVING SUM( unit_price * quantity ) > 1000000
ORDER BY  order_value DESC;
```

Run SQL Command Line

```
SQL> SELECT  order_id,  SUM( unit_price * quantity ) order_value FROM  order_items
2  GROUP BY  order_id HAVING SUM( unit_price * quantity ) > 1000000
3  ORDER BY  order_value DESC;

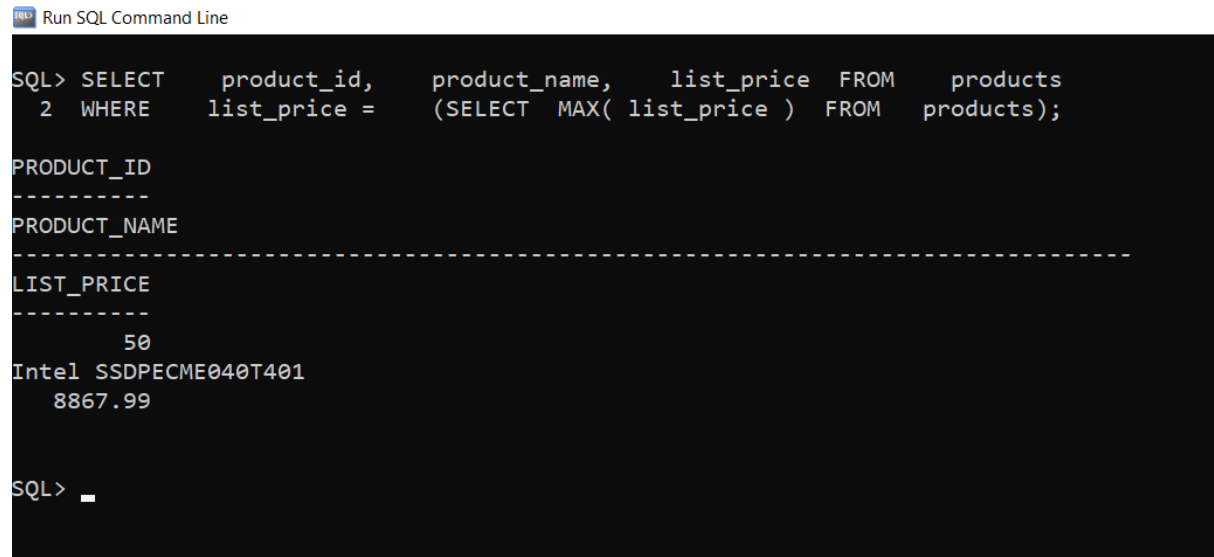
ORDER_ID ORDER_VALUE
-----
70 1278962.17
46 1269323.77
78 1198331.59
1 1143716.87
68 1088670.12
27 1084871.49
32 1081679.88
92 1050939.97
59 1043144.72

9 rows selected.

SQL>
```

3.2 SQL SUBQUERIES

```
SELECT product_id, product_name, list_price FROM products
WHERE list_price = (SELECT MAX( list_price ) FROM products);
```



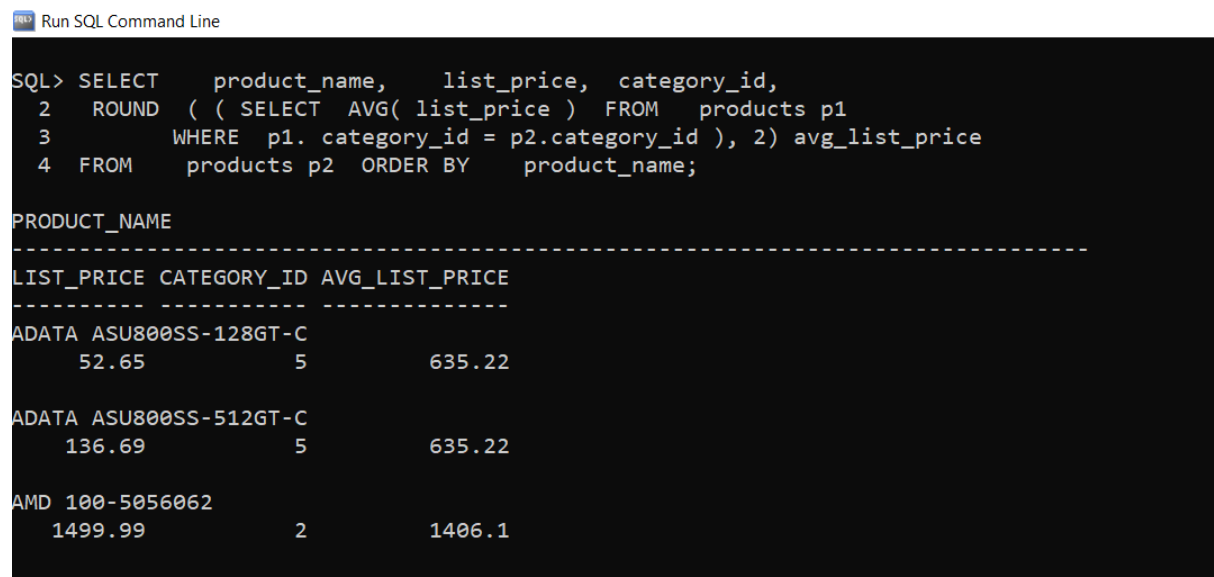
```
Run SQL Command Line

SQL> SELECT      product_id,      product_name,      list_price FROM      products
2  WHERE      list_price =      (SELECT MAX( list_price ) FROM      products);

PRODUCT_ID
-----
PRODUCT_NAME
-----
LIST_PRICE
-----
          50
Intel SSDPECM040T401
      8867.99

SQL> _
```

```
SELECT product_name, list_price, category_id,
ROUND ( ( SELECT AVG( list_price ) FROM products p1
WHERE p1. category_id = p2.category_id ), 2) avg_list_price
FROM products p2 ORDER BY product_name;
```



```
Run SQL Command Line

SQL> SELECT      product_name,      list_price,      category_id,
2  ROUND ( ( SELECT AVG( list_price ) FROM      products p1
3      WHERE      p1. category_id = p2.category_id ), 2) avg_list_price
4  FROM      products p2 ORDER BY      product_name;


PRODUCT_NAME
-----
LIST_PRICE CATEGORY_ID AVG_LIST_PRICE
-----
ADATA ASU800SS-128GT-C
      52.65          5          635.22

ADATA ASU800SS-512GT-C
      136.69          5          635.22

AMD 100-5056062
      1499.99          2          1406.1
```

3.3 AGGREGATE FUNCTIONS

SELECT MIN(list_price) FROM products;


 Run SQL Command Line

```
SQL> SELECT    MIN( list_price ) FROM    products;

MIN(LIST_PRICE)
-----
          15.55

SQL> _
```

SELECT MAX(list_price) FROM products;


 Run SQL Command Line

```
SQL> SELECT    MAX( list_price ) FROM    products;

MAX(LIST_PRICE)
-----
        8867.99

SQL> _
```

SELECT COUNT(*) FROM products;

 Run SQL Command Line

```
SQL> SELECT    COUNT(*) FROM    products;

COUNT(*)
-----
        288

SQL> _
```

```
SELECT  ROUND(AVG( standard_cost ), 2) avg_std_cost FROM  products;
```


 Run SQL Command Line

```
SQL> SELECT      ROUND(AVG( standard_cost ), 2) avg_std_cost FROM      products;

AVG_STD_COST
-----
      727.62

SQL> _
```

```
SELECT  SUM( quantity ) FROM  order_items;
```

 Run SQL Command Line

```
SQL> SELECT      SUM( quantity ) FROM      order_items;

SUM(QUANTITY)
-----
      59606

SQL> _
```

4.1 Zero_Divide Exception

PROCEDURE:

DECLARE

```
a int:=10;  
b int:=0;  
answer int;
```

BEGIN

```
answer:=a/b;  
dbms_output.put_line('the result after division is'||answer);
```

EXCEPTION

WHEN zero_divide THEN

```
dbms_output.put_line('dividing by zero please check the values again');  
dbms_output.put_line('the value of a is'||a);  
dbms_output.put_line('the value of b is'||b);
```

END;

OUTPUT:

```
Run SQL Command Line
SQL> conn
Enter user-name: system
Enter password:
Connected.
SQL> set serveroutput on
SQL> DECLARE
  2
  3     a int:=10;
  4     b int:=0;
  5     answer int;
  6
  7 BEGIN
  8     answer:=a/b;
  9     dbms_output.put_line('the result after division is'||answer);
10
11 EXCEPTION
12
13     WHEN zero_divide THEN
14         dbms_output.put_line('dividing by zero please check the values again');
15         dbms_output.put_line('the value of a is '||a);
16         dbms_output.put_line('the value of b is '||b);
17
18 END;
19 /
dividing by zero please check the values again
the value of a is 10
the value of b is 0

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

SQL>
```

4.2 NO_DATA_FOUND Exception

PROCEDURE:

DECLARE

```
l_name customers.NAME%TYPE;  
l_customer_id customers.customer_id%TYPE := &customer_id;
```

BEGIN

```
SELECT NAME INTO l_name  
FROM customers  
WHERE customer_id = l_customer_id;
```

```
dbms_output.put_line('customer name is ' || l_name);
```

EXCEPTION

```
    WHEN NO_DATA_FOUND THEN  
        dbms_output.put_line('Customer ' || l_customer_id || ' does not exist');  
END;
```

OUTPUT:

Run SQL Command Line

```
SQL> DECLARE
  2
  3     l_name customers.NAME%TYPE;
  4     l_customer_id customers.customer_id%TYPE := &customer_id;
  5
  6 BEGIN
  7
  8     SELECT NAME INTO l_name
  9     FROM customers
 10     WHERE customer_id = l_customer_id;
 11
 12     dbms_output.put_line('customer name is ' || l_name);
 13
 14     EXCEPTION
 15         WHEN NO_DATA_FOUND THEN
 16             dbms_output.put_line('Customer ' || l_customer_id || ' does not exist');
 17
 18 END;
 18 /
Enter value for customer_id: 0
old  4:     l_customer_id customers.customer_id%TYPE := &customer_id;
new  4:     l_customer_id customers.customer_id%TYPE := 0;
Customer 0 does not exist

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

SQL>
```


4.3 TOO_MANY_ROWS Exception

PROCEDURE:

DECLARE

```
l_name customers.NAME%TYPE;  
l_customer_id customers.customer_id%TYPE := &customer_id;
```

BEGIN

```
SELECT NAME INTO l_name FROM customers  
WHERE customer_id > l_customer_id;
```

```
dbms_output.put_line('Customer name is ' || l_name);
```

EXCEPTION

```
WHEN NO_DATA_FOUND THEN  
    dbms_output.put_line('Customer ' || l_customer_id || ' does not exist');  
WHEN TOO_MANY_ROWS THEN  
    dbms_output.put_line('The database returns more than one customer');
```

END;

OUTPUT:

 Run SQL Command Line

```
SQL> DECLARE
  2     l_name customers.NAME%TYPE;
  3     l_customer_id customers.customer_id%TYPE := &customer_id;
  4 BEGIN
  5     -- get the customer
  6     SELECT NAME INTO l_name
  7     FROM customers
  8     WHERE customer_id > l_customer_id;
  9
 10     -- show the customer name
 11     dbms_output.put_line('Customer name is ' || l_name);
 12     EXCEPTION
 13         WHEN NO_DATA_FOUND THEN
 14             dbms_output.put_line('Customer ' || l_customer_id || ' does not exist');
 15
 16         WHEN TOO_MANY_ROWS THEN
 17             dbms_output.put_line('The database returns more than one customer');
 18 END;
 18 /
Enter value for customer_id: 10
old 3:     l_customer_id customers.customer_id%TYPE := &customer_id;
new 3:     l_customer_id customers.customer_id%TYPE := 10;
The database returns more than one customer

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

SQL>
```

5.1 PLSQL CURSORS – IMPLICIT CURSORS

PROCEDURE:

DECLARE

total_rows number(2);

BEGIN

UPDATE customerinfo

SET salary = salary + 100;

IF sql%notfound THEN

dbms_output.put_line('no customers selected');

ELSIF sql%found THEN


total_rows := sql%rowcount;

dbms_output.put_line(total_rows || ' customers selected ');

END IF;

END;

OUTPUT:

 Run SQL Command Line

```
SQL> set serveroutput on
SQL> DECLARE
  2     total_rows number(2);
  3 BEGIN
  4     UPDATE customerinfo
  5     SET salary = salary + 100;
  6     IF sql%notfound THEN
  7         dbms_output.put_line('no customers selected');
  8     ELSIF sql%found THEN
  9         total_rows := sql%rowcount;
 10         dbms_output.put_line( total_rows || ' customers selected ');
 11     END IF;
 12 END;
 13 /
Old salary: 8300
New salary: 8400
Salary difference: 100
1 customers selected

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

SQL> select * from customerinfo;

      ID NAME                AGE ADDRESS                SALARY
-----
      7 Kriti                22 HP                8400

SQL> _
```

5.2 PLSQL CURSORS – EXPLICIT CURSORS

PROCEDURE:

DECLARE

```
CURSOR customer_cur is  
  SELECT id, name, address  
  FROM customerinfo;
```

```
customer_rec customer_cur%rowtype;
```

BEGIN

```
  OPEN customer_cur;
```

LOOP


```
  FETCH customer_cur into customer_rec;  
  EXIT WHEN customer_cur%notfound;
```

```
  DBMS_OUTPUT.put_line(customer_rec.id || ' ' || customer_rec.name);
```

```
END LOOP;
```

```
END;
```

OUTPUT:

 Run SQL Command Line

```
SQL> set serveroutput on
SQL> DECLARE
  2
  3     CURSOR customer_cur is
  4         SELECT id, name, address
  5         FROM customerinfo;
  6
  7     customer_rec customer_cur%rowtype;
  8
  9 BEGIN
10     OPEN customer_cur;
11
12     LOOP
13
14         FETCH customer_cur into customer_rec;
15         EXIT WHEN customer_cur%notfound;
16
17         DBMS_OUTPUT.put_line(customer_rec.id || ' ' || customer_rec.name);
18
19     END LOOP;
20
21 END;
22 /
7 Kriti
1 Ramesh
2 Khilan
3 Koushik


PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.
SQL>
```

6. PLSQL - TRIGGERS

PROCEDURE:

```
CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER display_salary_changes
BEFORE DELETE OR INSERT OR UPDATE ON customerinfo
FOR EACH ROW
WHEN (NEW.ID > 0)
DECLARE
    sal_diff number;
BEGIN
    sal_diff := :NEW.salary - :OLD.salary;
    dbms_output.put_line('Old salary: ' || :OLD.salary);
    dbms_output.put_line('New salary: ' || :NEW.salary);
    dbms_output.put_line('Salary difference: ' || sal_diff);
END;
/
```

OUTPUT:

 Run SQL Command Line

```
SQL> CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER display_salary_changes
  2 BEFORE DELETE OR INSERT OR UPDATE ON customerinfo
  3 FOR EACH ROW
  4 WHEN (NEW.ID > 0)
  5 DECLARE
  6     sal_diff number;
  7 BEGIN
  8     sal_diff := :NEW.salary - :OLD.salary;
  9     dbms_output.put_line('Old salary: ' || :OLD.salary);
 10     dbms_output.put_line('New salary: ' || :NEW.salary);
 11     dbms_output.put_line('Salary difference: ' || sal_diff);
 12 END;
 13
 14 /

Trigger created.

SQL> INSERT INTO CUSTOMERINFO(ID,NAME,AGE,ADDRESS,SALARY)
  2 VALUES (8, 'Kriti', 22, 'HP', 7500.00 );
Old salary:
New salary: 7500
Salary difference:

1 row created.

SQL> UPDATE customerinfo SET salary = salary + 500 WHERE id = 7
  2 ;
Old salary: 8400
New salary: 8900
Salary difference: 500

1 row updated.

SQL>
```


7. PLSQL PACKAGES

PROCEDURE:

PL/SQL code for Package specification:

```
CREATE OR REPLACE PACKAGE pkg_student IS
    PROCEDURE updateRecord(sno student1.rollno%type);
    FUNCTION deleteRecord(snm student1.sname%type)
        RETURN boolean;
END pkg_student;
```

PL/SQL code for Package Body:

```
CREATE OR REPLACE PACKAGE BODY pkg_student IS
    PROCEDURE updateRecord(sno student1.rollno%type) IS
        BEGIN
            Update student1 set age=23 where rollno=sno;
            IF SQL%FOUND THEN
                dbms_output.put_line('RECORD UPDATED');
            ELSE
                dbms_output.put_line('RECORD NOT FOUND');
            END IF;
        END updateRecord;


    FUNCTION deleteRecord(snm student1.sname%type) RETURN boolean IS
        BEGIN
            Delete from student1 where sname=snm;
            RETURN SQL%FOUND;
        END deleteRecord;
END pkg_student;
```

PL/SQL code for calling the Procedure and Function used in Package.

```
DECLARE
    sno student1.rollno%type;
    s_age student1.age%type;
    snm student1.sname%type;
BEGIN
    sno := &sno;
    snm := &snm;
    pkg_student.updateRecord(sno);
    IF pkg_student.deleteRecord(snm) THEN
        dbms_output.put_line('RECORD DELETED');
    ELSE
        dbms_output.put_line('RECORD NOT FOUND');
    END IF;
END;
```

OUTPUT:


Package Specification Creation

 Run SQL Command Line

```
SQL> CREATE OR REPLACE PACKAGE pkg_student IS
  2  PROCEDURE  updateRecord(sno student1.rollno%type);
  3  FUNCTION deleteRecord(snm student1.sname%type)
  4  RETURN boolean;
  5  END pkg_student;
  6
  7  /
```

Package created.

Package Body Creation


 Run SQL Command Line

```
SQL> CREATE OR REPLACE PACKAGE BODY pkg_student IS
  2  PROCEDURE updateRecord(sno student1.rollno%type) IS
  3  BEGIN
  4  Update student1 set age=23 where rollno=sno;
  5  IF SQL%FOUND THEN
  6  dbms_output.put_line('RECORD UPDATED');
  7  ELSE
  8  dbms_output.put_line('RECORD NOT FOUND');
  9  END IF;
 10  END updateRecord;
 11
 12  FUNCTION deleteRecord(snm student1.sname%type) RETURN boolean IS
 13  BEGIN
 14  Delete from student1 where sname=snm;
 15  RETURN SQL%FOUND;
 16  END deleteRecord;
 17  END pkg_student;
 18  /
```

Package body created.

SQL>

Student1 table before updating & Calling the Package

 Run SQL Command Line

```
SQL> select * from student1;
```

ROLLNO	SNAME	AGE	COURSE
6	Anu	18	CS
4	Chetan	20	BCA
5	Nihal	19	BBA
7	Kamal	20	CS
8	Arpit	21	CS

```
SQL> DECLARE
  2  sno student1.rollno%type;
  3  s_age student1.age%type;
  4  snm student1.sname%type;
  5  BEGIN
  6  sno := &sno;
  7  snm := &snm;
  8  pkg_student.updateRecord(sno);
  9  IF pkg_student.deleteRecord(snm) THEN
 10  dbms_output.put_line('RECORD DELETED');
 11  ELSE
 12  dbms_output.put_line('RECORD NOT FOUND');
 13  END IF;
 14  END;
 15  /
```

```
Enter value for sno: 6
```

```
old 6: sno := &sno;
```

```
new 6: sno := 6;
```

```
Enter value for snm: 'Kamal'
```

```
old 7: snm := &snm;
```

```
new 7: snm := 'Kamal';
```


```
RECORD UPDATED
```

```
RECORD DELETED
```

```
PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.
```

```
SQL>
```

Updated Student1 table after calling pkg_student package

 Run SQL Command Line

```
SQL> select * from student1;
```

ROLLNO	SNAME	AGE	COURSE
6	Anu	23	CS
4	Chetan	20	BCA
5	Nihal	19	BBA
8	Arpit	21	CS

```
SQL>
```

8. Student Marksheet Processing

mystud.html

```
<html>
<head>
<title> Student Management System </title>
<center> <h2> Student Management System </h2></center>
<form name="std" method="post" action="mystud.php">
<center><table border="1" font-size=13 >
<tr>
<td> Regno </td><td> <input type="text" name="regno" size="25"></td></tr>
<tr>
<td> Student Name</td><td> <input type="text" name="studname"
size="25"></td></tr>
<tr>
<td> Semester</td><td> <input type="text" name="sem" size="25"></td></tr>
<tr>
<td> Mark 1</td><td> <input type="text" name="mark1" size="25"></td></tr>
<tr>
<td> Mark 2 </td><td><input type="text" name="mark2" size="25"></td></tr>
<tr>
<td> Mark 3</td><td> <input type="text" name="mark3" size="25"></td></tr>
<tr>
<td> Mark 4</td><td> <input type="text" name="mark4" size="25"></td></tr>
<tr>
<td> Mark 5</td><td><input type="text" name="mark5" size="25"></td></tr>
</table>
<br><br>
</center>
<center>
<input type="submit" name="btn_submit" value="INSERT">
<input type="submit" name="btn_submit" value="UPDATE">
<input type="submit" name="btn_submit" value="DISPLAY">
<input type="submit" name="btn_submit" value="DELETE">
</center>
</form>
</body>
</html>
```

mystud.php

```
<?php
$regno = $_POST['regno'];
$studentname = $_POST['studname'];
$semester = $_POST['sem'];
$mark1 = $_POST['mark1'];
$mark2 = $_POST['mark2'];
$mark3 = $_POST['mark3'];
$mark4 = $_POST['mark4'];
$mark5 = $_POST['mark5'];

$btntype=$_POST['btn_submit'];
//database connection
$conn = new mysqli("localhost","root","","studentdb");
if($conn->connect_error)
die('connection failed : '.$conn->connect_error);

if ($btntype=="INSERT")
{
$tot=$mark1+$mark2+$mark3+$mark4+$mark5;
$avg=$tot/5;

$sql = "insert into stu
values($regno,'$studentname','$semester',$mark1,$mark2,$mark3,$mark4,$mark5,$
tot,$avg)";

if($conn->query($sql))
echo "Data Inserted successfully.";
}
elseif ($btntype=="UPDATE")
{
$tot=$mark1+$mark2+$mark3+$mark4+$mark5;
$avg=$tot/5;

$sql = "UPDATE stu SET
m1='$mark1',m2='$mark2',m3='$mark3',m4='$mark4',m5='$mark5',tot='$tot',avg='
$avg' WHERE regno='$regno'";
if($conn->query($sql))
echo "Data updated successfully.";
}
```

```

elseif ($btntype=="DELETE")
{
$sql = "delete from stu where regno='$regno'";
if($conn->query($sql))
echo "Data deleted successfully.";
}
elseif ($btntype=="DISPLAY")
{
$sql = "select * from stu where regno='$regno'";
if($result = $conn->query($sql))
{
$row = $result->fetch_assoc();
if ($result->num_rows > 0)
{
echo "<Center><h1>STUDENT DETAILS</h1><br><font font-size=20><table
border=1>";
echo "<tr><td width=100>","Reg.No","</td><td width=150>",$row["regno"],
"</td></tr>";
echo "<tr><td>","Student Name ","</td><td>",$row["stuname"] ,"</td></tr>";
echo "<tr><td>","Semester","</td><td>",$row["sem"],"</td></tr>";
echo "<tr><td>","Mark 1","</td><td>",$row["m1"], "</td></tr>";
echo "<tr><td>","Mark 2","</td><td>",$row["m2"],"</td></tr>";
echo "<tr><td>","Mark 3","</td><td>",$row["m3"],"</td></tr>";
echo "<tr><td>","Mark 4","</td><td>",$row["m4"],"</td></tr>";
echo "<tr><td>","Mark 5","</td><td>",$row["m5"],"</td></tr>";
echo "<tr><td>","Total","</td><td>",$row["tot"],"</td></tr>";
echo "<tr><td>","Average","</td><td>",$row["avg"],"</td></tr>";
echo "</table></h3></center>";
}
}
else{
echo "<Center><h1>STUDENT DETAILS NOT AVAILABLE</h1></Center>";
}}}?>

```

OUTPUT

learnathon

localhost / 127.0.0.1 | phpMyAdmin

Student Management System

* final record - Search

localhost/student%20marksheet/mystud.html

Student Management System

Regno	1002
Student Name	Lawrence
Semester	V
Mark 1	87
Mark 2	79
Mark 3	67
Mark 4	88
Mark 5	99

INSERT

UPDATE

DISPLAY

DELETE

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localhost/student marksheet/my

* final record - Search

localhost/student%20marksheet/mystud.php

Data Inserted successfully.

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localhost / 127.0.0.1 | phpMyAdmin

localhost/student marksheet/my

* final record - Search

localhost/student%20marksheet/mystud.php

STUDENT DETAILS

Reg.No	1002
Student Name	Lawrence
Semester	V
Mark 1	87
Mark 2	79
Mark 3	67
Mark 4	88
Mark 5	99
Total	420
Average	84

9. EMPLOYEE PAYROLL PROCESS

payroll.html

```
<html>
<head>
<title> EMPLOYEE PAYROLL PROCESS </title>
<center> <h2> EMPLOYEE PAYROLL PROCESS </h2></center>
<form method="post" action="Payroll.php">
<center><table border="1" >
<tr>
<td> Empno </td><td> <input type="text" name="empno"
size="25"></td></tr>
<tr>
<td> Employee Name</td><td> <input type="text" name="ename"
size="25"></td></tr>
<tr>
<td> Designation</td><td> <input type="text" name="des"
size="25"></td></tr>
<tr>
<td> Basic Pay</td><td> <input type="text" name="bp"
size="25"></td></tr>
<tr>
<td> DA </td><td><input type="text" name="da" size="25"></td></tr>
<tr>
<td> HRA </td><td> <input type="text" name="hra" size="25"></td></tr>
<tr>
<td> PF </td><td> <input type="text" name="pf" size="25"></td></tr>
</table><br><br></center>
<center>
<input type="submit" name="btn_submit" value="INSERT">
<input type="submit" name="btn_submit" value="UPDATE">
<input type="submit" name="btn_submit" value="DISPLAY">
<input type="submit" name="btn_submit" value="DISPLAY ALL">
<input type="submit" name="btn_submit" value="DELETE">
</center>
</form>
</body>
</html>
```

payroll.php

```
<?php
$eno = $_POST['empno'];
$ename = $_POST['ename'];
$desig = $_POST['des'];
$bp = $_POST['bp'];
$da = $_POST['da'];
$hra = $_POST['hra'];
$pf = $_POST['pf'];
$bnttype=$_POST['btn_submit'];

//database connection
$conn = new mysqli("localhost","root","","studentdb");
if($conn->connect_error)
die('connection failed : '.$conn->connect_error);

if ($bnttype=="INSERT")
{
$gp = $bp+$da+$hra;
$np = $gp-$pf;

$sql = "insert into emp
values($eno,'$ename','$desig',$bp,$da,$hra,$pf,$gp,$np)";

if($conn->query($sql))
echo "Data Inserted successfully.";
}
elseif ($bnttype=="UPDATE")
{
$gp = $bp+$da+$hra;
$np = $gp-$pf;

$sql = "UPDATE emp SET
eno='$eno',ename='$ename',desig='$desig',bp='$bp',da='$da',hra='$hra',pf='$
pf',gp='$gp',np='$np' WHERE eno='$eno'";

if($conn->query($sql))
echo "Data updated successfully.";
}
elseif ($bnttype=="DELETE")
{
$sql = "delete from emp where eno='$eno'";
if($conn->query($sql))
```

```

echo "Data deleted successfully.";
}
elseif ($btntype=="DISPLAY")
{
$sql = "select * from emp where eno='$eno'";
if($result = $conn->query($sql))
{
$row = $result->fetch_assoc();
if ($result->num_rows > 0)
{
echo "<Center><h1>EMPLOYEE DETAILS</h1><br><font font-
size=20><table border=1>";
echo "<tr><td width=100>","Emp.No","</td><td width=150>",$row["eno"],
"</td></tr>";
echo "<tr><td>","Employee Name ","</td><td>",$row["ename"]
,"</td></tr>";
echo "<tr><td>","Designation","</td><td>",$row["desig"],"</td></tr>";
echo "<tr><td>","Basic Pay","</td><td>",$row["bp"],"</td></tr>";
echo "<tr><td>","Dearness Allowance","</td><td>",$row["da"],"</td></tr>"
;
echo "<tr><td>","HRA","</td><td>",$row["hra"],"</td></tr>";
echo "<tr><td>","PF","</td><td>",$row["pf"],"</td></tr>";
echo "<tr><td>","Gross Pay","</td><td>",$row["gp"],"</td></tr>";
echo "<tr><td>","Net Pay","</td><td>",$row["np"],"</td></tr>";
echo "</table></h3></center>";
}
else
{
echo "<Center><h1>EMPLOYEE DETAILS NOT
AVAILABLE</h1></Center>";
}
}
}
elseif($btntype=="DISPLAY ALL")
{
$query = "SELECT * FROM emp";
$result = mysqli_query($conn, $query);
echo "<Center><h1>EMPLOYEE REPORT</h1></Center>";
echo "<center><table border =1 cellpadding=10>";
echo "<tr><th>E.No</th><th>EName</th><th>Designation</th><th>Basic
Pay</th>";
echo "<th>DA</th><th>HRA</th><th>PF</th><th>Gross Pay</th><th>Net
Pay</th></tr>";
$sn=0;
if ($result->num_rows > 0) {

```

```
while($row = $result->fetch_assoc()) {
echo "<tr><td>", $row['eno'], "</td>";
echo "<td>", $row['ename'], "</td>";
echo "<td>", $row['desig'], "</td>";
echo "<td>", $row['bp'], "</td>";
echo "<td>", $row['da'], "</td>";
echo "<td>", $row['hra'], "</td>";
echo "<td>", $row['pf'], "</td>";
echo "<td>", $row['gp'], "</td>";
echo "<td>", $row['np'], "</td><tr></center>";
$sn++;
}
echo "</table>";
}
else {
echo "<tr><td>", "No data found", "</td></tr>";}
echo "<br>Total No. of Rows =", $sn;
}
?>
```

OUTPUT:

learnathon

localhost / 127.0.0.1 | phpMyAdmin

Student Management System

* final record - Search

localhost/Employee/payroll.html

EMPLOYEE PAYROLL PROCESS

Empno	7
Employee Name	David
Designation	Team Lead
Basic Pay	15000
DA	2000
HRA	3000
PF	1500

INSERT

UPDATE

DISPLAY

DISPLAY ALL

DELETE

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localhost / 127.0.0.1 | phpMyAdmin

localhost/Employee/Payroll.php

* final record - Search

localhost/Employee/Payroll.php

Data Inserted successfully.

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localhost / 127.0.0.1 | phpMyAdmin

localhost/Employee/Payroll.php

* final record - Search

localhost/Employee/Payroll.php

EMPLOYEE REPORT

E.No	EName	Designation	Basic Pay	DA	HRA	PF	Gross Pay	Net Pay
1	Clarke	Manager	15000	2000	1000	500	18000	17500
2	Sam	Programmer	8000	2000	500	500	10500	10000
3	Leon	Team Lead	15000	2000	3000	1500	20000	18500
6	John	Programmer	10000	2000	1000	1500	13000	11500
7	David	Team Lead	15000	2000	3000	1500	20000	18500

Total No. of Rows =5

10. Library Management System

library.html

```
<html>
<head>
<title> Library Management System </title>
<center> <h2> Library Management System </h2></center>
<form method="post" action="library.php">
<center><table border="1" >
<tr>
<td> Book Id </td><td> <input type="text" name="bookid" size="25"></td></tr>
<tr>
<td> Book Name</td><td> <input type="text" name="bname"
size="25"></td></tr>
<tr>
<td> Author</td><td> <input type="text" name="author" size="25"></td></tr>
<tr>
<td> Publisher</td><td> <input type="text" name="pub" size="25"></td></tr>
<tr>
<td> Price </td><td><input type="text" name="price" size="25"></td></tr>

</table>
<br><br>
</center>
<center>
<input type="submit" name="btn_submit" value="INSERT">
<input type="submit" name="btn_submit" value="UPDATE">
<input type="submit" name="btn_submit" value="DISPLAY">
<input type="submit" name="btn_submit" value="DISPLAY ALL">
<input type="submit" name="btn_submit" value="DELETE">
</center>
</form>
</body>
</html>
```

library.php

```
<?php
$bookid = $_POST['bookid'];
$bname = $_POST['bname'];
$author = $_POST['author'];
$pub= $_POST['pub'];
$price = $_POST['price'];

$btntype=$_POST['btn_submit'];
//database connection
$conn = new mysqli("localhost","root","","studentdb");
if($conn->connect_error)
die('connection failed : '.$conn->connect_error);

if ($btntype=="INSERT")
{

$sql = "insert into library values('$bookid','$bname','$author','$pub','$price)";

if($conn->query($sql))
echo "Data Inserted successfully.";
}
elseif ($btntype=="UPDATE")
{

$sql = "UPDATE library SET
bname='$bname',author='$author',publisher='$pub',price='$price' where bookid
='$bookid'";

if($conn->query($sql))
echo "Data updated successfully.";
}
elseif ($btntype=="DELETE")
{

$sql = "delete from library where bookid='$bookid'";

if($conn->query($sql))
echo "Data deleted successfully.";
```

```

}

elseif ($btntype=="DISPLAY")
{
$sql = "select * from library where bookid='$bookid'";
if($result = $conn->query($sql))

{

$row = $result->fetch_assoc();
if ($result->num_rows > 0)
{

echo "<Center><h1>BOOK DETAILS<br><font font-size=20><table border=1>";
echo "<tr><td width=100>","Book Id","</td><td width=150>",$row["bookid"],
"</td></tr>";
echo "<tr><td>","Book Name ","</td><td>",$row["bname"], "</td></tr>" ;
echo "<tr><td>","Author Name","</td><td>",$row["author"],"</td></tr>" ;
echo "<tr><td>","Publisher","</td><td>",$row["publisher"], "</td></tr>";
echo "<tr><td>","Price","</td><td>",$row["price"],"</td></tr>" ;
echo "</table></center>";
}
else
{
echo "<Center><h1>BOOK DETAILS NOT AVAILABLE</h1></Center>";
}

}

}

elseif($btntype=="DISPLAY ALL")
{
$query = "SELECT * FROM library";
$result = mysqli_query($conn, $query);
echo "<Center><h1>AVAILABLE BOOK DETAILS</h1></Center>";
echo "<center><table border =1 cellpadding=10>";
echo "<tr><th>Book Id</th><th>Book
Name</th><th>Author</th><th>Publisher</th>";
echo "<th>Price</th></tr>";
$sn=0;
if ($result->num_rows > 0) {

while($row = $result->fetch_assoc()) {

```



```
echo "<tr><td>", $row['bookid'], "</td>";
echo "<td>", $row['bname'], "</td>";
echo "<td>", $row['author'], "</td>";
echo "<td>", $row['publisher'], "</td>";
echo "<td>", $row['price'], "</td>";

$sn++;
}
echo "</table>";
}
else {
echo "<tr><td>", "No data found", "</td></tr>";}
echo "<br>Total No. of Rows =", $sn;
}
?>
```

OUTPUT

learnathon

localhost / 127.0.0.1 | phpMyAdmin

Library Management System

* final record - Search

localhost/Library/library.html

Library Management System

Book Id	AASC007
Book Name	DCN
Author	Forouzon
Publisher	Wiley
Price	850

INSERT

UPDATE

DISPLAY

DISPLAY ALL

DELETE

learnathon

localhost / 127.0.0.1 | phpMyAdmin

localhost/Library/library.php

* final record - Search

localhost/Library/library.php

Data Inserted successfully.

learnathon

localhost / 127.0.0.1 | phpMyAdmin

localhost/Library/library.php

* final record - Search

localhost/Library/library.php

AVAILABLE BOOK DETAILS

Book Id	Book Name	Author	Publisher	Price
AASC001	Java Programming	Bjarne	Tata McGrawHill	520
AASC002	Computer Networks	Andrew Tenenbaum	Princeton	520
AASC003	C++ Programming	Balagurusamy	Tata McGrawHill	260
AASC004	Operating System	Galvin	OReily	740
AASC005	Software Engineering	Richard Fairley	Wiley	330
AASC006	OOAD	Ali Bahrami	Tata McGrawHill	650
AASC007	DCN	Forouzon	Wiley	850

Total No. of Rows =7