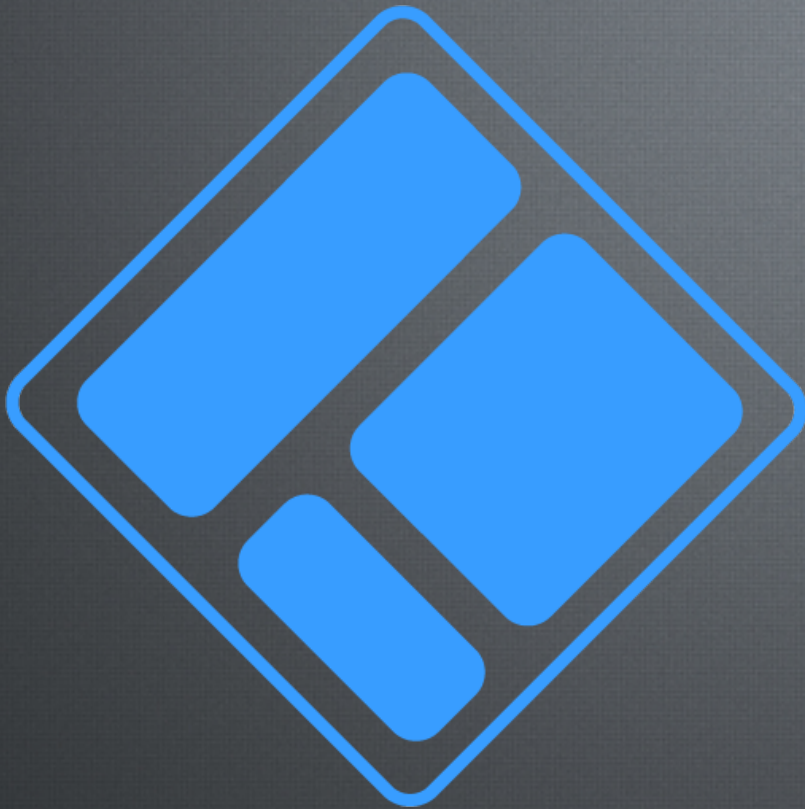


Understanding Angular GPM



+



GPM Structure



Folder Structure

All GlassCat Project Models (*GPMs*) have the same structure. GPM folders contain:

- the `gpm.json` file, which represents the manifest of the GPM
- the `archetype` folder which contains files used to build the project

Pre-install and post-install scripts are located in the optional `scripts` folder.

Expressions

- GPM allows expressions evaluation during build process
- expressions are defined in the form `<% myToken %>`, where `myToken` is evaluated and replaced at build
- all file types specified in the `processedFiles` property list are evaluated
- properties can be passed through command lines

Building The Angular Archetype



To create a new project based on the Angular GPM, you need to call the `glasscat archetype` goal with `angular` as `gpm` parameter:

```
$ glasscat archetype --gpm=[angular] --projectName=[myProject]  
                  --directory=[myDirectory] --contextRoot=[myContextRoot]
```

The built `angular` project includes:

- Angular 4 dependencies
- Angular Material dependencies

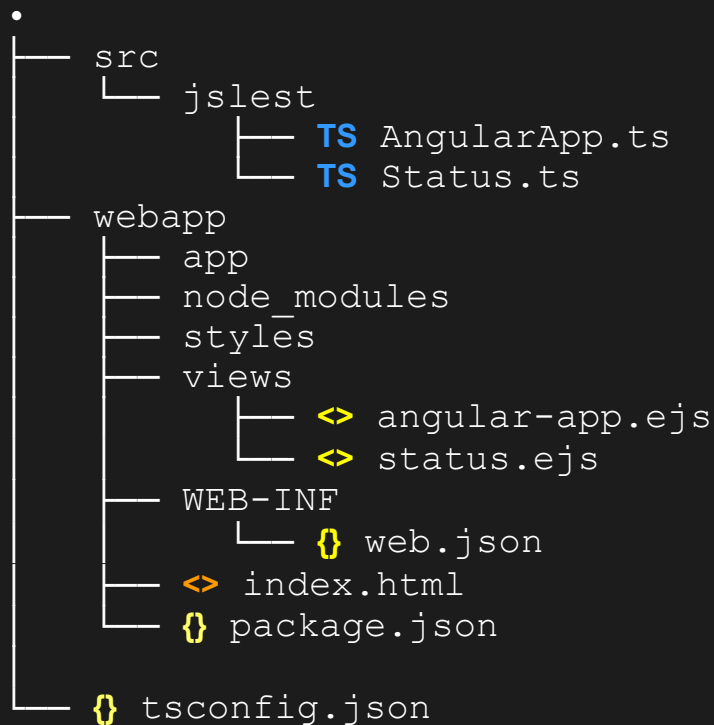
 Angular GPMs use Google Web Fonts as default configuration to load Material icons.

Contrary to Angular-CLI, Angular GPM projects use `SystemJS` to manage dynamic ES modules.

Angular Archetype Structure 1/2



The Angular archetype is designed from a standard JEC Web app:

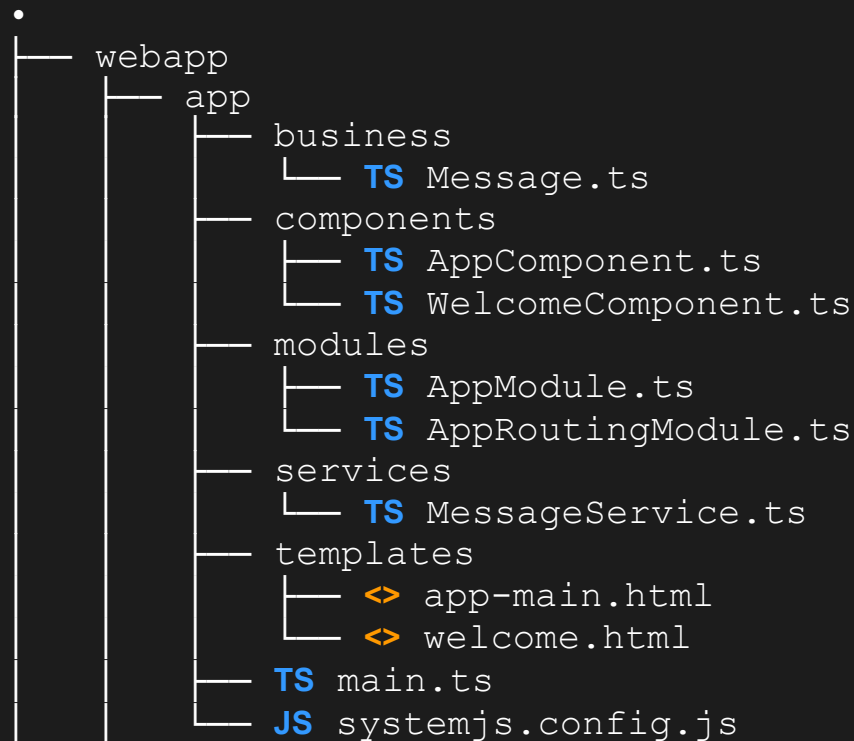


Jslets provides the easiest way to manage cache control capabilities.

Angular Archetype Structure 2/2



The Angular app is designed around functional separation of objects:



Developers can use any code layout to structure their applications.

Where to go from here?

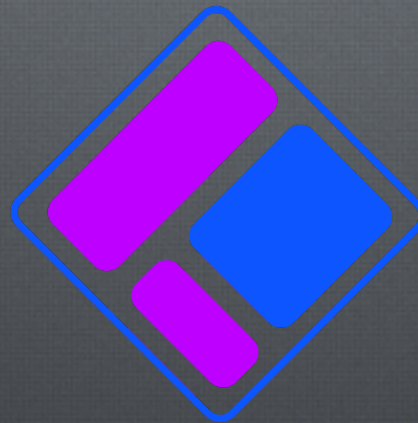


For more information and documentation on GPMs and JEC please visit:

- GlassCat Project
- JEC Sample Projects
- JEC Youtube Channel

The Angular GPM is part of the JEC project:

- JEC project on GitHub



JEC
JavaScript Enterprise Container