MASSACHUSETTS DEPARTMENT OF ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION

Massachusetts Comprehensive Assessment System
Introductory Physics Reference Sheet

Formulas

$s_{average} = \frac{d}{\Delta t}$

$v_{average} = \frac{\Delta x}{\Delta t}$

$a_{average} = \frac{\Delta v}{\Delta t}$

$v_f = v_i + a\Delta t$

$\Delta x = v_i\Delta t + \frac{1}{2}a\Delta t^2$

$p = mv$

$F\Delta t = \Delta p$

$F_{net} = ma$

$F_g = mg$

$F_g = G\frac{m_1 m_2}{d^2}$

$F_e = k\frac{q_1 q_2}{d^2}$

$KE = \frac{1}{2}mv^2$

$\Delta PE = mg\Delta h$

$W = \Delta E = Fd$

$eff = \frac{E_{out}}{E_{in}}$

$Q = mc\Delta T$

$v = \lambda f$

$T = \frac{1}{f}$

$V = IR$

Variables

a = acceleration
c = specific heat
d = distance
E = energy
eff = efficiency
f = frequency
F = force
g = acceleration due to gravity
Δh = change in height
I = current
KE = kinetic energy
λ = wavelength
m = mass
p = momentum
ΔPE = change in gravitational potential energy
q = charge of particle
Q = heat added or removed
R = resistance
s = speed
Δt = change in time
T = period
ΔT = change in temperature
v = velocity
V = potential difference (voltage)
W = work
Δx = change in position (displacement)

Unit Symbols

ampere, A
coulomb, C
degree Celsius, °C
hertz, Hz
joule, J
kilogram, kg
meter, m
newton, N
ohm, Ω
second, s
volt, V

Definitions

speed of electromagnetic waves in a vacuum = 3×10^8 m/s

G = Universal gravitational constant = $6.7 \times 10^{-11} \frac{N \cdot m^2}{kg^2}$

k = Coulomb's constant = $9 \times 10^9 \frac{N \cdot m^2}{C^2}$

g ≈ 10 m/s² at Earth's surface

$1\ N = 1\frac{kg \cdot m}{s^2}$

1 J = 1 N • m

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