Introducing Dynamic Walls into Integer Lattice Gas Simulations

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Introduction

- Explore interactions between gas and rigid shapes
- ▶ Build off of existing Lattice Gas Simulation Code

$$n[x][y][3] = (-v_x, 0)$$
 $n[x][y][4] = (0, 0)$ $n[x][y][5] = (+v_x, 0)$
 $n[x][y][6] = (-v_x, -v_y)$ $n[x][y][7] = (0, -v_y)$ $n[x][y][8] = (+v_x, -v_y)$

 $n[x][y][2] = (+v_x, +v_y)$

 $n[x][y][1] = (0, +v_y)$

 $n[x][y][0] = (-v_x, +v_y)$

initial goals

- Non leaking dynamic walls
- Make complex shapes out of these dynamic walls
- reproduce the Feynman tube experiment.

Method 1

Expected value of flow

< flow >= particle density * wall velocity

 $0 < flow < \min particle density$

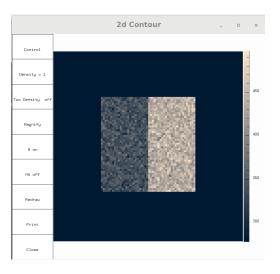


Figure 1:

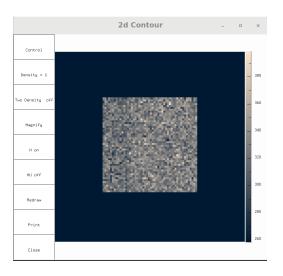


Figure 2:

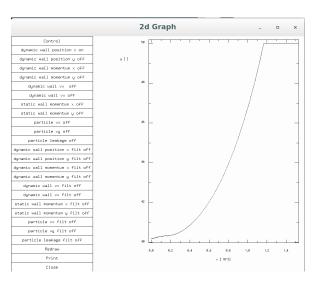


Figure 3:

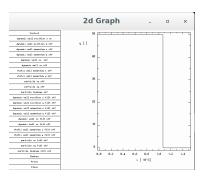


Figure 4:

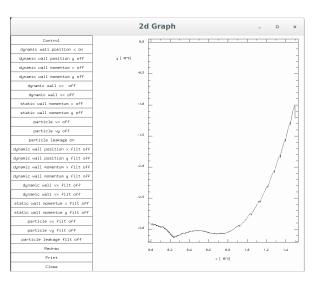


Figure 5:

Method 2

In more detail, the probability that

$$pr * particle density$$

number of particles will be moved is

$$\textit{pr} = \frac{\text{Wall Vx}}{1 - \left(\text{real(Wall x)} - \text{int(Wall x)} \right)}$$

.

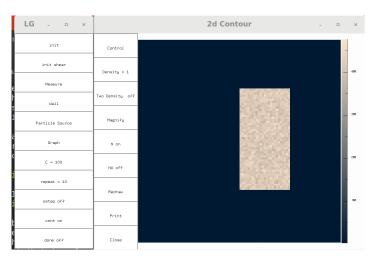


Figure 6:

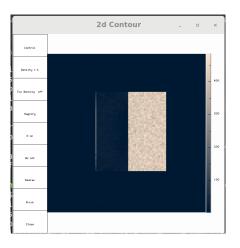


Figure 7:

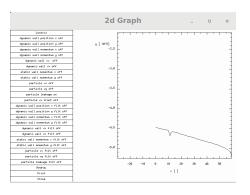


Figure 8:

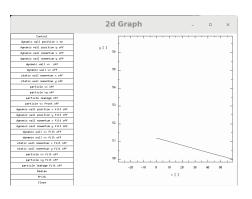


Figure 9:

jtext¿

Method 3

$$\frac{\partial \rho}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial (\rho u_i)}{\partial x_i} = \nabla(\rho) + \upsilon * \nabla(\nabla(U) + (\nabla(U)T)) \tag{1}$$
artial for ρ and ρu_i can be set to zero. This gives us:

(2)

(3)

The partial for ρ and ρu_i can be set to zero. This gives us:

$$0 = \nabla(\rho) + \upsilon * \nabla(\nabla(U) + (\nabla(U)T))$$

$$\nabla(\rho) = F$$

 $0 = F + \upsilon * \nabla(\nabla(U_{\mathsf{Y}}))$

U_

(mean velocity) above gives us:

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$$U_x = \frac{F}{2*v}*(x(x-L))$$
Where L is the length of the tube in Lattice sites

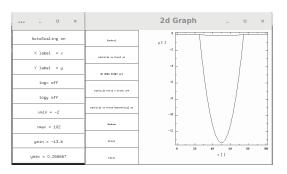


Figure 10:

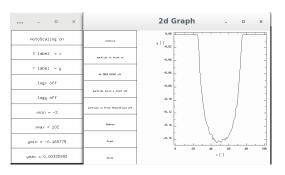


Figure 11:

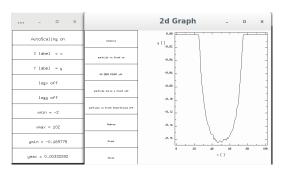


Figure 12:

Conclusions and Final thoughts

- significant leakage for most walls
- partially working
- problem depth and complexity
- ► Approach 3 Issue might be solvable