

# Introducing Dynamic Walls into Integer Lattice Gas Simulations

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# Introduction

- ▶ Explore interactions between gas and rigid shapes
- ▶ Build off of existing Lattice Gas Simulation Code

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## initial goals

- ▶ Non leaking dynamic walls
- ▶ Make complex shapes out of these dynamic walls
- ▶ reproduce the Feynman tube experiment.

## Method 1

Expected value of flow

$$\langle flow \rangle = \text{particle density} * \text{wall velocity}$$

$$0 < flow < \text{min particle density}$$

# Results

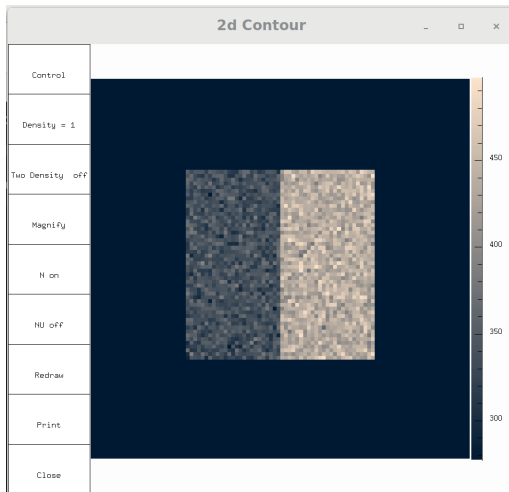


Figure 1:

# Results

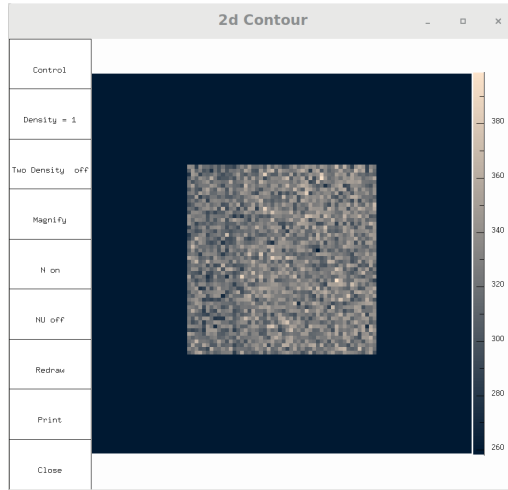


Figure 2:

# Results

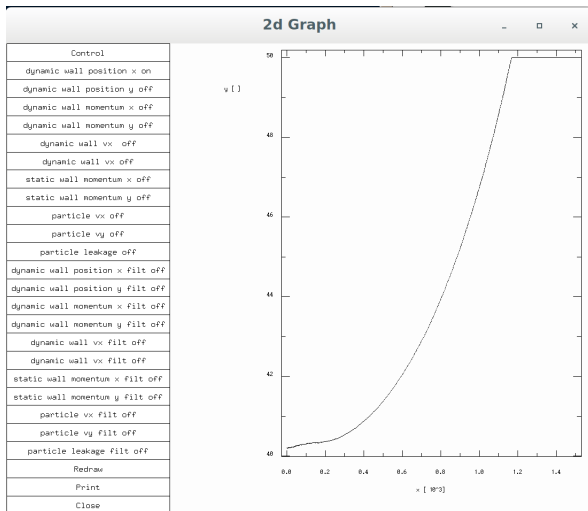


Figure 3:



# Results

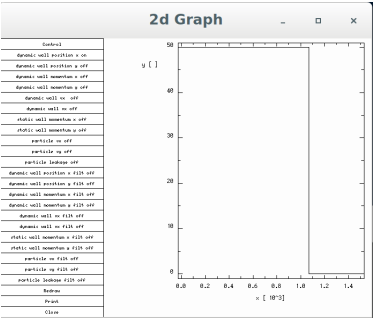


Figure 4:

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# Results

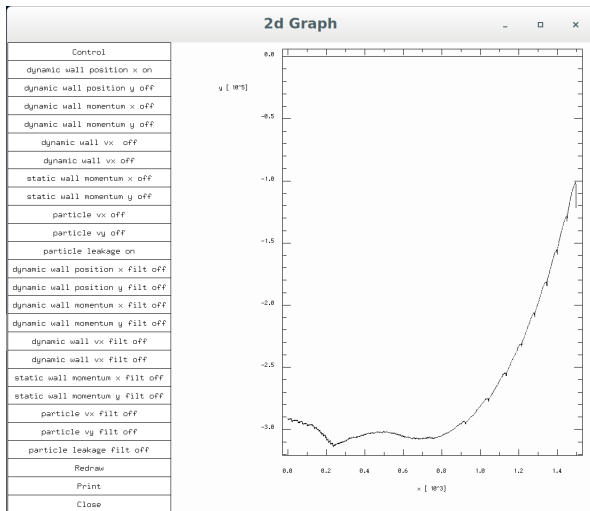


Figure 5:

## Method 2

In more detail, the probability that

$$pr * \text{particle density}$$

number of particles will be moved is

$$pr = \frac{\text{Wall } V_x}{1 - (\text{real}(\text{Wall } x) - \text{int}(\text{Wall } x))}$$

.

# Results

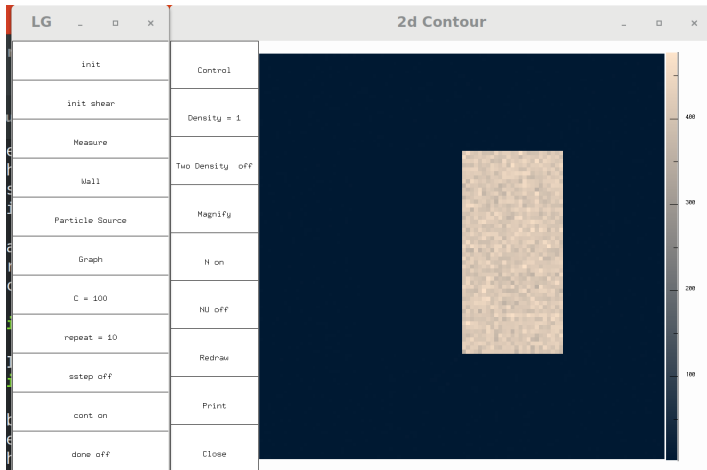


Figure 6:

# Results

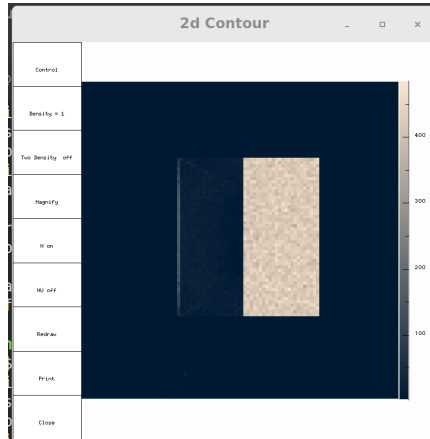


Figure 7:

# Results

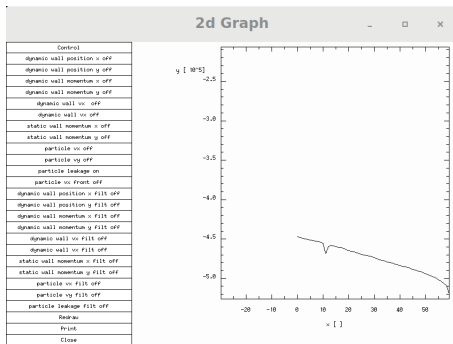


Figure 8:

# Results

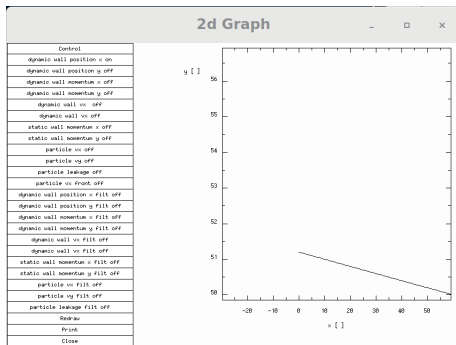


Figure 9:

## Method 3

$$\frac{\partial \rho}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial(\rho u_i)}{\partial x_i} = \nabla(\rho) + v * \nabla(\nabla(U) + (\nabla(U)T)) \quad (1)$$

The partial for  $\rho$  and  $\rho u_i$  can be set to zero. This gives us:

$$0 = \nabla(\rho) + v * \nabla(\nabla(U) + (\nabla(U)T)) \quad (2)$$

$$\nabla(\rho) = F$$

$$0 = F + v * \nabla(\nabla(U_x)) \quad (3)$$

Solving the differential equation for

$$U_x$$

(mean velocity) above gives us:

$$U_x = \frac{F}{2 * v} * (x(x-L)) \text{ Where } L \text{ is the length of the tube in Lattice sites} \quad (4)$$



# Results

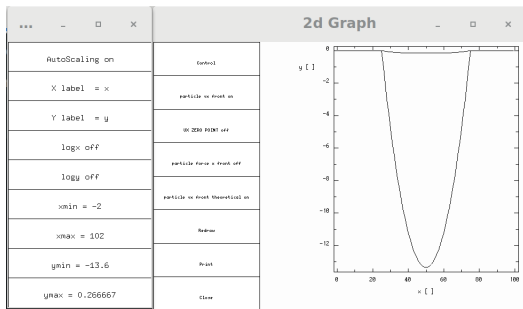


Figure 10:

itext<sub>i</sub>

# Results

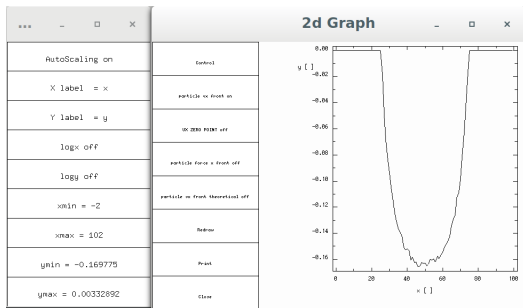


Figure 11:

itext<sub>i</sub>

# Results

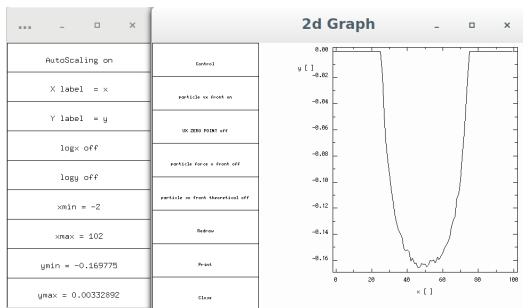


Figure 12:

$j_{\text{text}}j$

# Conclusions and Final thoughts

- ▶ significant leakage for most walls
- ▶ partially working
- ▶ problem depth and complexity
- ▶ Approach 3 Issue might be solvable