CHRIST UNIVERSITY, BENGALURU - 560029

End Semester Examination September/October - 2016 Bachelor of Science CMS V SEMESTER

Code: STA531 Max.Marks: 100
Subject: DESIGN OF EXPERIMENTS AND RESEARCH METHODOLOGY Duration: 3Hrs

SECTION A

Answer any TEN questions.

10X3=30

- 1 Name the main characteristics of R software.
- Write the command in R software for drawing the box plot of the "eruption duration" variable in the data set faithful. Explain each step in brief.
- 3 Write all steps for conducting t-test using R software.
- What are the various types of brackets used in R? Explain in brief.
- 5 Mention the advantages of sampling over complete census.
- 6 Can we apply stratified sampling to study student's achievements in different schools of a district? Explain in brief.
- 7 Define "experimental error" and give two examples.
- 8 Give three reasons for missing observations in experimental designs.
- 9 Define crude birth rate and age specific fertility rate.
- 10 Define "Curate expectation of life" and "Complete expectation of life".
- 11 Distinguish between "concept" and "construct" in research with examples.
- What are the various steps in formulation of research problem?

SECTION B

Answer any Five questions.

5X6=30

- 13 Define "paste", "rep" "for loop"and "while loop" in R and give examples.
- Differentiate between SRS with and without replacement. Show that the probability of selecting a specified unit of the population at any given draw is equal to the probability of it being selected at the first draw.
- 15 Define RBD. What are its applications and advantages?
- What is a treatment contrast? When are two such contrasts said to be orthogonal? Show that in a 22 factorial experiment the main effects and the interaction effects are mutually orthogonal.
- What is Pearle's vitality index? Define GRR and NRR mathematically.
- 18 Define "Central mortality rate" and derive it's expression.

SECTION C

Answer any FOUR questions.

4X10=40

- 19 (i) Name and explain the in-built functions in R for normal distribution.
 - (ii) Write R code for the following:
 - (a) Create a sequence of numbers between -10 and 10 incrementing by 0.1.
 - (b) Choose the mean as 2.5 and standard deviation as 0.5.
 - (c) Give the chart file a name.
- 20 Write the steps and R code for the following. Write the code only.Do not solve it.
 - (a) An insurance company is reviewing its current policy rates. When originally setting the rates they believed that the average claim amount was 1, 800\$. They are concerned that the true mean is actually higher than this, because they could potentially lose a lot of money. They randomly select 40 claims, and calculate a sample mean of 1, 950\$. Assuming that the standard deviation of claims is 500\$, and set $\alpha = 0.05$, test to see if the insurance company should be concerned using an appropriate test statistic.
 - (b) How do you analyze this data?

A drug company tested three formulations of a pain relief medicine for migraine headache sufferers. For the experiment 27 volunteers were selected and 9 were randomly assigned to one of three drug formulations. The subjects were instructed to take the drug during their next migraine headache episode and to report their pain on a scale of 1 to 10 (10 being most pain).

Drug A 4 5 4 3 2 4 3 4 4

Drug B 6 8 4 5 4 6 5 8 6 Drug C 6 7 6 6 7 5 6 5 5

- How do you allocate sample sizes in proportional and optimal allocation? Give the relationship between SRS, Neyman and proportional allocation after defining each one. (Write all formulae with notations)
- 22 Statistically analyze the completely randomized design.
- 23 Statistically analyze the 2³ factorial experiment.
- 24 Complete the following table:

X	0	1	2	3	4	5	6
lx	100	90	80	75	60	30	0

If X,Y,Z are three rabbits of age1, 2 and 3 years respectively, find the probability that

- 1. at least one of them will be alive for one year more.
- 2. X,Y,Z will be alive for two years time.

Explain all columns clearly