Fitting A Linear Regression Model

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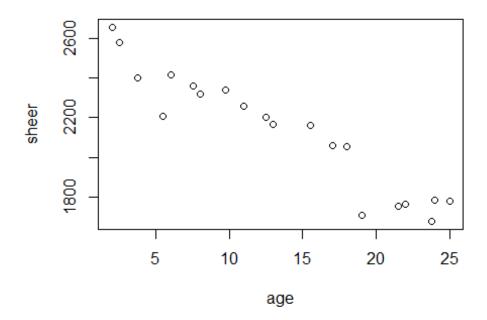
A rocket motor is manufactured by bonding together two types of propellants, an igniter and a sustainer. The shear strength of the bond (Y) is thought to be a linear function of the age of the propellant (X) when the motor is cast.

Fit a simple linear regression to the data that involving the following steps by using R.

- a) Plot the scatter diagram for the data.
- b) Estimate the parameters of a simple linear regression model.
- c) Obtain the fitted values of the model.
- d) Show that the sum of fitted values and sum of observed values of Y are equal.
- e) Obtain the residuals and show that the sum of residuals is zero.

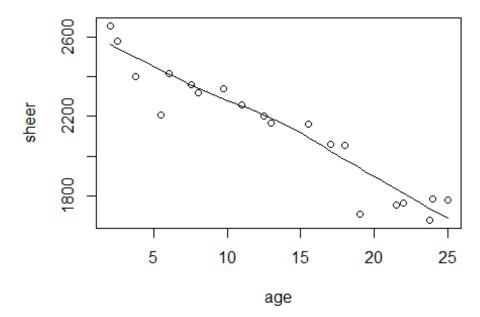
```
library(readx1)
## Warning: package 'readx1' was built under R version 3.5.2
lab1 <- read_excel("C:/Users/Jeevan/Desktop/Christ
University/Statistics/Linear Regression/lab1.xlsx")
View(lab1)
attach(lab1)
plot(age, sheer, main="Scatter Plot")</pre>
```

Scatter Plot



scatter.smooth(age,sheer,main = "Fitted Linear Scatter Plot")

Fitted Linear Scatter Plot



The above figure shows a scatter plot for the data with a fitted linear regression model.

```
model=lm(sheer~age)
model

##

## Call:
## lm(formula = sheer ~ age)
##

## Coefficients:
## (Intercept) age
## 2627.82 -37.15
```

We fit a linear model to the variables which gives us the slope intercept.

```
fit = fitted.values(model)
fit
##
          1
                    2
                             3
                                      4
                                                5
                                                         6
                                                                   7
## 2051.942 1745.425 2330.594 1996.211 2423.478 1921.904 1736.136 2534.938
                  10
                            11
                                      12
                                               13
                                                        14
                                                                  15
## 2349.170 2219.133 2144.826 2488.496 1698.983 2265.575 1810.443 1959.058
         17
                  18
                            19
## 2404.901 2163.402 2553.515 1829.020
These are the fitted values of the model.
res=resid(model)
sum(res)
## [1] -1.367795e-13
sum(fit)
## [1] 42627.15
sum(sheer)
## [1] 42627.15
Here we see that the sum of residuals in nearly zero.
Also the sum of fitted values and sum of observed values of Y are equal.
```