UNIVERSITY SCHOOL OF AUTOMATION & ROBOTICS (USAR)



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NATUAL LANGUAGE PROCESSING LAB (ARD 352)

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LAB1 Introduction to NLTK

NLTK is Python's API library for performing an array of tasks in human language. It can perform a variety of operations on textual data, such as classification, tokenization, stemming, tagging, Leparsing, semantic reasoning, etc.

Installation: NLTK can be installed simply using pip or by running the following code.

```
! pip install nltk

Requirement already satisfied: nltk in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (3.8.1)
Requirement already satisfied: click in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from nltk)
(8.1.7) Requirement already satisfied: joblib in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages
(from nltk) (1.4.0)
Requirement already satisfied: regex>=2021.8.3 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from nltk) (2023.12.25)
Requirement already satisfied: tqdm in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from nltk) (4.66.2)
```

Accessing Additional Resources:

To incorporate the usage of additional resources, such as recourses of languages other than English – you can run the following in a python script. It has to be done only once when you are running it for the first time in your system.

?

```
import nltk
nltk.download('all')
    [nltk data]
                 Unzipping corpora/
    stopwords.zip. [nltk_data] | Downloading
    package subjectivity to [nltk_data]
    /root/nltk_data...
    [nltk_data]
                     Unzipping corpora/subjectivity.zip.
                   | Downloading package swadesh to /root/
    [nltk data]
    nltk_data... [nltk_data]
                                         Unzipping corpora/
    swadesh.zip.
    [nltk_data]
                  | Downloading package switchboard to /root/
    nltk_data... [nltk_data]
                                         Unzipping corpora/
    switchboard.zip.
    [nltk_data] | Downloading package tagsets to /root/
    nltk data... [nltk data]
                                         Unzipping help/
    tagsets.zip.
    [nltk_data]
                   Downloading package timit to /root/nltk_data...
                     Unzipping corpora/timit.zip.
    [nltk_data]
    [nltk_data]
                    Downloading package toolbox to /root/
    nltk_data... [nltk_data]
                                         Unzipping corpora/
    toolbox.zip.
    [nltk_data]
                  | Downloading package treebank to /root/
    nltk_data... [nltk_data]
                                         Unzipping corpora/
    treebank.zip.
    [nltk_data]
                    Downloading package twitter samples to
    [nltk data]
                        /root/nltk data...
    [nltk_data]
                      Unzipping corpora/twitter samples.zip.
                   | Downloading package udhr to /root/
    [nltk data]
    nltk_data... [nltk_data]
                                         Unzipping corpora/
    udhr.zip.
    [nltk_data]
                   | Downloading package udhr2 to /root/nltk_data...
    [nltk data]
                      Unzipping corpora/udhr2.zip.
    [nltk data]
                    Downloading package unicode_samples
    to [nltk_data]
                        /root/nltk data...
    [nltk data]
                      Unzipping corpora/
                                         Downloading
    unicode_samples.zip. [nltk_data]
    package universal_tagset to [nltk_data]
                   /root/nltk_data...
    [nltk_data]
                     Unzipping taggers/universal_tagset.zip.
    [nltk data]
                   | Downloading package
    universal_treebanks_v20 to [nltk_data]
    root/nltk_data...
    [nltk_data]
                 | Downloading package vader_lexicon
    to [nltk_data] | /root/nltk_uucu...

[nltk_data] | Downloading package verbnet to /root/

| Unginping corpora
    nltk_data... [nltk_data]
                                         Unzipping corpora/
    verbnet.zip.
    [nltk data]
                   Downloading package verbnet3 to /root/nltk data...
    [nltk_data]
                     Unzipping corpora/verbnet3.zip.
    [nltk_data]
                   Downloading package webtext to /root/
    nltk_data... [nltk_data]
                                         Unzipping corpora/
    webtext.zip.
    [nltk_data]
                  Downloading package wmt15_eval to /root/
    nltk_data... [nltk_data]
                                         Unzipping models/
    wmt15_eval.zip.
                   | Downloading package word2vec_sample to
    [nltk data]
    [nltk data]
                       /root/nltk data...
                      Unzipping models/word2vec_sample.zip.
    [nltk data]
                   | Downloading package wordnet to /root/nltk_data...
    [nltk data]
                      Downloading package wordnet2021 to
    [nltk data]
```

nltk_data... [nltk_data] | Downloading package wordnet2022 to /

```
root/nltk_data... [nltk_data] | Unzipping corpora/
wordnet2022.zip.
[nltk_data] | Downloading package wordnet31 to /root/
nltk_data... [nltk_data] | Downloading package wordnet_ic
to /root/nltk_data... [nltk_data] | Unzipping corpora/
wordnet_ic.zip.
[nltk_data] | Downloading package words to /root/
nltk_data... [nltk_data] | Unzipping corpora/
words.zip.
[nltk_data] | Downloading package ycoe to /root/
nltk_data... [nltk_data] | Unzipping corpora/
ycoe.zip.
[nltk_data] | Unzipping corpora/
ycoe.zip.
[nltk_data] |
[nltk_data] |
[nltk_data] Done downloading collection
all True
```

Tokenization:

Tokenization is the process of breaking text into individual words or sentences. NLTK provides various tokenizers for this purpose.

```
import nltk
from nltk.tokenize import word_tokenize, sent_tokenize
text = "NLTK is a leading platform for building Python programs to work with human
language data." words = word_tokenize(text)
sentences =
sent_tokenize(text)
print("Word tokens:", words)
print("Sentence tokens:", sentences)

Word tokens: ['NLTK', 'is', 'a', 'leading', 'platform', 'for', 'building', 'Python', 'programs', 'to', 'work', 'with',
    'human', 'la Sentence tokens: ['NLTK is a leading platform for building Python programs to work with human language
    data.']
```

Part-of-speech Tagging:

Part-of-speech tagging assigns a grammatical category (such as noun, verb, adjective, etc.) to each word in a sentence.

Lemmatization:

Lemmatization is similar to stemming but aims to return the base or dictionary form of a word, which is known as the lemma.

Named Entity Recognition (NER):

NER identifies named entities such as persons, organizations, and locations in text.

```
from nltk import ne_chunk
from nltk.tokenize import word_tokenize
text = "Steve Jobs was the CEO of Apple Inc. located in
California." words = word_tokenize(text)
pos_tags = pos_tag(words)
named entities = ne chunk(pos tags)
print("Named entities:", named_entities)
     Named entities: (S
       (PERSON Steve/NNP)
       (PERSON Jobs/NNP)
       was/
      VBD
       the/DT
       (ORGANIZATION CEO/NNP)
       of/IN
       (ORGANIZATION Apple/NNP Inc./NNP)
       located/VBD
      in/IN
       (GPE California/NNP)
       ./.)
```

LAB2 Implement morphological parser to accept and reject given string.

```
import nltk
from
         nltk.tokenize
                             import
word_tokenize from nltk.stem import
WordNetLemmatizer from nltk.corpus
import words
from nltk.metrics.distance import edit_distance
class MorphologicalParser:
   def init(self):
       self.accepted_suffixes = ["ing", "ed",
        "s","ies"] self.accepted_prefixes = ["un",
       "re"]
       self.lexicon = set(words.words()) # English word lexicon
       self.lemmatizer = WordNetLemmatizer()
   def parse_word(self,
       word): prefix = ""
       suffix = ""
       # Tokenize the word
       tokens = word_tokenize(word)
       # Check if the word has an accepted
       prefix for p in
       self.accepted_prefixes:
           if tokens[0].startswith(p):
              prefix = p
               tokens[0] = tokens[0][len(p):]
       # Check if the word has an accepted
       suffix for s in
       self.accepted suffixes:
           if tokens[-1].endswith(s):
              suffix = s
              tokens[-1] = tokens[-1][:-
              len(s)] break
       # Lemmatize the remaining word
       lemmatized word = self.lemmatizer.lemmatize(tokens[-1])
       # Check if the lemmatized word is in the
       lexicon if lemmatized_word.lower() in
       self.lexicon:
           # Apply spelling rules
              self._is_spelled_correctly(lemmatized_w
               ord): # Apply orthographic rules
              lemmatized_word = self._apply_capitalization(lemmatized_word, word)
               # Check if the remaining word is
              acceptable if len(lemmatized word) > 1:
                  return f"Accepted: {prefix}{lemmatized_word}
       {suffix}" return "Rejected"
    def _is_spelled_correctly(self, word):
       # Check if the word is spelled
       correctly return word.lower() in
       self.lexicon
   def _apply_capitalization(self, lemmatized_word,
       original_word): # Apply capitalization based on the
       original word
       if original_word.islower():
          return
       lemmatized_word.lower() elif
       original_word.isupper():
          return
       lemmatized_word.upper() elif
       original_word.istitle():
          return lemmatized word.capitalize()
       else:
          return lemmatized word
if name == "main":
   nltk.download('punkt')
   nltk.download('wordnet')
   nltk.download('words')
   parser = MorphologicalParser()
   # Test some example words
   words_to_test = ["running", "unhappy", "restarted", "JUMPED", "sit", "ed",
    "unseen", "ladys"] for word in words_to_test:
       result = parser.parse_word(word)
       print(f"{word}: {result}")
```

```
[nltk_data] Downloading package punkt to /root/
nltk_data... [nltk_data] Package punkt is already
up-to-date!
[nltk_data] Downloading package wordnet to /root/
nltk_data... [nltk_data] Package wordnet is already
up-to-date!
[nltk_data] Downloading package words to /root/nltk_data...
```

```
[nltk_data] Package words is already up-to-date! running: Rejected unhappy: Accepted: unhappy restarted: Accepted: restarted JUMPED: Rejected sit: Accepted: sit ed: Rejected unseen: Accepted: unseen ladys: Accepted: ladys
```

[7] LAB3 Implement stemming and lemmatization for a corpus.

```
import nltk
from nltk.corpus import reuters
from nltk.tokenize import word_tokenize
from nltk.stem import PorterStemmer, WordNetLemmatizer
# Download WordNet resource if not already downloaded
nltk.download('wordnet')
# Initialize stemmer and lemmatizer
stemmer = PorterStemmer()
lemmatizer = WordNetLemmatizer()
# Sample text from the Reuters corpus
sample_text = reuters.raw('test/14826')
# Tokenize the text
words = word_tokenize(sample_text)
# Perform stemming
stemmed_words = [stemmer.stem(word) for word in words]
# Perform lemmatization
lemmatized_words = [lemmatizer.lemmatize(word) for word in words]
# Print results
print("Original words:", words)
print("Stemmed words:", stemmed_words)
print("Lemmatized words:", lemmatized words)
    [nltk_data] Downloading package wordnet to /root/
    nltk_data... [nltk_data]
                                Package wordnet is already
    up-to-date!
    Original words: ['ASIAN', 'EXPORTERS', 'FEAR', 'DAMAGE', 'FROM', 'U.S.-JAPAN', 'RIFT', 'Mounting', 'trade', 'friction',
    Stemmed words: ['asian', 'export', 'fear', 'damag', 'from', 'u.s.-japan', 'rift', 'mount', 'trade', 'friction', 'between',
    Lemmatized words: ['ASIAN', 'EXPORTERS', 'FEAR', 'DAMAGE', 'FROM', 'U.S.-JAPAN', 'RIFT', 'Mounting', 'trade', 'friction',
     'between
    C
```

LAB4 Perform and analyse POS tagging -HMM

```
import nltk
from nltk.corpus import
brown # Step 1: Prepare
Training Data
tagged_sentences =
brown.tagged_sents(tagset='universal') # Split the
data into training and testing sets
train_data = tagged_sentences[:int(0.8 *
len(tagged_sentences))] test_data =
tagged_sentences[int(0.8 * len(tagged_sentences)):] # Step
2: Train the HMM
hmm_tagger =
nltk.HiddenMarkovModelTagger.train(train_data) # Step
3: POS Tagging
sentence = "The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy
dog." tokenized_sentence =
nltk.word tokenize(sentence)
pos_tags = hmm_tagger.tag(tokenized_sentence)
print("Predicted POS tags:")
print(pos tags)
# Step 4: Evaluation
accuracy = hmm_tagger.evaluate(test_data)
print("Accuracy:", accuracy)
    Predicted POS tags:
    [('The', 'DET'), ('quick', 'ADJ'), ('brown', 'ADJ'), ('fox', 'NOUN'), ('jumps', 'VERB'), ('over', 'ADP'), ('the', 'DET'), ('lazy',
```

<ipython-input-11-62f2ff4fad9e>:17: DeprecationWarning:
 Function evaluate() has been deprecated. Use
 accuracy(gold) instead.
 accuracy =
hmm_tagger.evaluate(test_data) Accuracy:
0.9363852687473148

0

LAB5 Implement a Viterbi algorithm using python or nltk

```
import numpy as np
class HMM POS Tagging:
   def init(self, states, observations, transition_probs, emission_probs, start_probs):
       self.states = states
       self.observations = observations
       self.transition_probs = transition_probs
       self.emission_probs = emission_probs
       self.start_probs = start_probs
   def viterbi(self,
       sequence): T =
       len(sequence)
       N = len(self.states)
       # Initialize the Viterbi matrix
       viterbi = np.zeros((N, T))
       backpointer = np.zeros((N, T), dtype=int)
       # Initialization step
       for s in range(N):
           viterbi[s, 0] = self.start_probs[s] * self.emission_probs[s, self.observations.index(sequence[0])]
       # Recursion step
       for t in range(1, T):
           for s in range(N):
              prob_list = [viterbi[s_prev, t-1] * self.transition_probs[s_prev, s] * self.emission_probs[s,
              self.observations.index(s viterbi[s, t] = max(prob_list)
              backpointer[s, t] = np.argmax(prob_list)
       # Termination step
       best_path_prob = np.max(viterbi[:, T-1])
       best_final_state = np.argmax(viterbi[:, T-1])
       # Backtrace to get the best path
       best_path = [best_final_state]
       for t in range(T-1, 0, -1):
           best_final_state = backpointer[best_final_state, t]
           best_path.append(best_final_state)
       best_path.reverse()
       return best_path,
best_path_prob # Example usage
states = ['Noun', 'Verb', 'Adjective']
observations = ['I', 'am', 'happy']
transition_probs = np.array([[0.4, 0.3, 0.3],
                           [0.2, 0.5, 0.3],
                           [0.1, 0.2, 0.7]])
  emission_probs = np.array([[0.1, 0.9,
                                   0.01,
                        [0.8, 0.2, 0.0],
                        [0.0, 0.0, 1.0]])
start_probs = np.array([0.2, 0.3, 0.5])
hmm = HMM_POS_Tagging(states, observations, transition_probs, emission_probs, start_probs)
best_path, best_path_prob = hmm.viterbi(observations)
print("POS Tags:", [states[i] for i in best_path], "with probability:", best_path_prob)
    POS Tags: ['Verb', 'Noun', 'Adjective'] with probability: 0.01296000000000001
Start coding or ge_nerate with AI.
```

LAB6 Implement a bigram model using 3 sentences in python orNLTK

```
import nltk
from nltk import bigrams
from nltk.tokenize import word_tokenize

# Sample sentences
sentences = [
    "This is the first sentence.",
    "Here comes the second
    sentence.", "And finally, the
    third sentence."
]
```

Tokenize the sentences

```
tokenized_sentences = [word_tokenize(sentence.lower()) for sentence in sentences]
# Compute bigrams for each sentence
bigram_list = [list(bigrams(sentence)) for sentence in tokenized_sentences]
# Count occurrences of each bigram
bigram_freq = {}
for bigrams_in_sentence in
    bigram list: for bigram in
    bigrams_in_sentence:
         if bigram in bigram_freq:
             bigram_freq[bigram] += 1
         else:
             bigram_freq[bigram] = 1
# Print the bigrams and their
frequencies print("Bigrams and their
frequencies:") for bigram, freq in
bigram_freq.items():
    print(bigram, ":", freq)
     Bigrams and their frequencies:
     ('this', 'is'): 1
('is', 'the'): 1
('the', 'first'): 1
('first', 'sentence'): 1
('sentence', '.'): 3
     ('here', 'comes') : 1
('comes', 'the') : 1
('the', 'second') : 1
     ('second', 'sentence') : 1
('and', 'finally') : 1
     ('finally', ',') : 1
     (',', 'the') : 1
('the', 'third') : 1
('third', 'sentence') : 1
```

[7] LAB7 Text classification using Naïve Bayes Classifier

```
import nltk
from nltk.corpus import movie_reviews
from nltk.tokenize import
word_tokenize
from nltk.classify import
NaiveBayesClassifier from nltk.classify.util
import accuracy
# Prepare the dataset (Movie Reviews corpus in NLTK)
documents = [(list(movie_reviews.words(fileid)),
   category) for category in
   movie reviews.categories()
   for fileid in movie_reviews.fileids(category)]
import random
random.shuffle(documents)
# Define feature extractor
function def
document_features(document):
   words = set(document)
   features = {}
   for word in word_features:
     features[word] = (word in words)
   return features
all words = nltk.FreqDist(w.lower() for w in movie reviews.words())
word_features = list(all_words.keys())[:2000] # Select top 2000 words as features
featuresets = [(document_features(d), c) for (d,c) in documents]
train_set, test_set = featuresets[:1600], featuresets[1600:]
classifier = NaiveBayesClassifier.train(train_set)
print("Accuracy:", accuracy(classifier, test_set))
new_text = "This movie is great!"
new_text_features = document_features(word_tokenize(new_text))
print("Classification:", classifier.classify(new_text_features))
    Accuracy: 0.7925
    Classification: neg
```

```
import pandas as
pd # Train Data
trainData = pd.read_csv("https://raw.githubusercontent.com/Vasistareddy/sentiment_analysis/master/data/
train.csv") # Test Data
testData = pd.read_csv("https://raw.githubusercontent.com/Vasistareddy/sentiment_analysis/master/data/test.csv")
from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import TfidfVectorizer
vectorizer = TfidfVectorizer(min_df=5, max_df=0.8, sublinear_tf=True, use_idf=True)
train_vectors = vectorizer.fit_transform(trainData['Content'])
test vectors = vectorizer.transform(testData['Content'])
import time
from sklearn import svm
from sklearn.metrics import classification_report
# Perform classification with SVM, kernel=linear
classifier_linear = svm.SVC(kernel='linear')
t0 = time.time()
classifier_linear.fit(train_vectors,
trainData['Label']) t1 = time.time()
prediction_linear =
classifier_linear.predict(test_vectors) t2 =
time.time()
time_linear_train = t1 - t0
time_linear_predict = t2 - t1
print("Training time: %fs; Prediction time: %fs" % (time_linear_train,
time_linear_predict)) report = classification_report(testData['Label'],
prediction_linear, output_dict=True)
print('positive: ', report['pos'])
print('negative: ', report['neg'])
    Training time: 13.019269s; Prediction time: 1.140995s positive: {'precision': 0.9191919191919192, 'recall': 0.91, 'f1-score': 0.9145728643216081, 'support': 100} negative: {'precision': 0.910891089109, 'recall': 0.92, 'f1-score': 0.9154228855721394, 'support': 100}
review = """SUPERB, I AM IN LOVE IN THIS PHONE"""
review_vector = vectorizer.transform([review]) # Vectorizing
print(classifier_linear.predict(review_vector))
     ['pos']
\texttt{review} = \texttt{"""Do not purchase this product. My cell phone blasted when I switched the charger"""}
review_vector = vectorizer.transform([review]) # Vectorizing
print(classifier_linear.predict(review_vector))
     ['neg']
```

Double-click (or enter) to edit

```
import numpy as np # linear algebra
import pandas as pd # data processing, CSV file I/O (e.g. pd.read csv)
```

import os

for dirname, _, filenames in os.walk('/kaggle/input'): for filename in filenames:

print(os.path.join(dirname, filename))

/kaggle/input/spam-email-classification/email.csv data =

pd.read_csv("/kaggle/input/spam-email-classification/email.csv")

data.head()

	Category		Message
1.	ham	Go until jurong point, crazy Available only	
2.	ham	Ok lar Joking wif u oni	
3.	spam	Free entry in 2 a wkly comp to win FA Cup fina	
4.	ham	U dun say so early hor U c already then say	
5.		Nah I don't think he goes to usf, he lives aro	

data['Message'][2]

"Free entry in 2 a wkly comp to win FA Cup final tkts 21st May 2005. Text FA to 87121 to receive entry question(std txt rate)T&C's apply 08452810075over18's"

data.isna().sum()

Category 0 Message 0 dtype: int64 data.tail()

Category Message

5568 home?	ham	Will ü b going to esplanade fr
5569 5570		Pity, * was in mood for that. Soany other s The guy did some bitching but I acted like i'd
5571	ham	Rofl. Its true to its
5572 {"mode":"full"		

isActive:false}

data.drop(data.tail(1).index, inplace=True)

```
data.tail()
data['Category'].value_counts()/len(data) # Inbalanced Dataset
```

Data Preprocessing

```
ham = data[data['Category']=='ham'] spam
= data[data['Category']=='spam']
ham.shape,spam.shape
ham = ham.sample(spam.shape[0])
ham.shape,spam.shape
((747, 2), (747, 2))
data = pd.concat([ham, spam], ignore_index=True) data.shape
(1494, 2)
data['Category'].value_counts()#Balanced Dataset
Category ham
747 spam 747
Name: count, dtype: int64
data.head()
```

Ca	tegory 0	ham	Messa Yep, by the pretty sculpto	
1	ham	Thankyou so	much for the call. I appreciate y	0
2	ham		I'm at work. Please o	all
3 4	ha m ha m		Yar lor How u noe? U used dat route to Yesterday its with me only . Now am going hor	

Text Preprocessing

```
#Convert to lowercase data['Message']=data['Message'].apply(lambda
x:str(x).lower()) data['Message'][0]
'yep, by the pretty sculpture'
#Remove stopwords
import nltk
```

```
from nltk.corpus import stopwords
stop words = set(stopwords.words('english')) def
remove stopwords(text):
     words = str(text).split() new_text=[]
for word in words:
          if word not in stop_words: new_text.append(word)
     return " ".join(new_text)
data['Message']=data['Message'].apply(lambda x:remove stopwords(x)) data['Message'][0]
'yep, pretty sculpture'
#Remove Punctuation
from string import punctuation def
clean_punctuation(text):
     translator = str.maketrans(",",punctuation) return
     text.translate(translator)
data['Message']=data['Message'].apply(lambda x:clean punctuation(x)) data['Message'][0]
'yep pretty sculpture'
X = data['Message'] Y
= data['Category']
from sklearn.feature extraction.text import TfidfVectorizer tf =
TfidfVectorizer()
X = tf.fit transform(X)
Split into train and test
from sklearn.model selection import train test split
x_train,x_test,y_train,y_test =
train_test_split(X,Y,test_size=0.3,random_state=42,
                                                                shuffle=True)
x_train.shape,y_train.shape,x_test.shape ((1045, 4849),
```

(1045,), (449, 4849))

Model Building

```
import tensorflow
from tensorflow import keras
from keras.models import Sequential from
keras.layers import Dense, Dropout
2024-05-04 11:50:28.665760: E
external/local xla/xla/stream_executor/cuda/cuda_dnn.cc:9261] Unable to register
cuDNN factory: Attempting to register factory for plugin cuDNN when one has already
been registered 2024-05-04 11:50:28.665879: E
external/local_xla/xla/stream_executor/cuda/cuda_fft.cc:607] Unable to register
cuFFT factory: Attempting to register factory for plugin cuFFT when one has already
been registered 2024-05-04 11:50:28.792478: E
external/local_xla/xla/stream_executor/cuda/cuda_blas.cc:1515] Unable to register
cuBLAS factory: Attempting to register factory for plugin cuBLAS when one has already
been registered
model = Sequential()
x train.shape[1:] (4849,)
model.add(Dense(units=20,activation='relu',input shape=x train.shape[1
model.add(Dropout(0.5)) model.add(Dense(30,
activation='relu')) model.add(Dropout(0.5))
model.add(Dense(1, activation='sigmoid'))
model.summary()
Model: "sequential"
                                             | Output Shape
            ce)
Param # |
          (Dense)
                                               (None, 20)
97,000
    ropout (Dropout)
                                              (None, 20)
0
```

```
I dense 1 (Dense)
                                                 | (None, 30)
630 I
    ropout_1 (Dropout)
                                                   (None, 30)
0 |
      nse 2 (Dense)
                                                   (None, 1)
31
Total params: 97,661 (381.49 KB)
 Trainable params: 97,661 (381.49 KB)
 Non-trainable params: 0 (0.00 B)
model.compile(optimizer='adam', loss='binary crossentropy', metrics=['accuracy'])
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
# Initialize LabelEncoder
label_encoder = LabelEncoder()
# Fit label encoder and transform target variables
y_train_encoded = label_encoder.fit_transform(y_train)
y test encoded = label encoder.transform(y test)
from tensorflow.keras.callbacks import EarlyStopping early stopping =
EarlyStopping(monitor='val_loss', patience=3, verbose=1)
history = model.fit(x_train, y_train_encoded, epochs=100, validation_data=(x_test, y_test_encoded), callbacks=[early_stopping])
Epoch 1/100
33/33 -

    3s 16ms/step - accuracy: 0.5061

- loss: 0.6973 - val_accuracy: 0.4833 - val_loss: 0.6933
Epoch 2/100
33/33 -
                                                      Os 7ms/step - accuracy: 0.4641 -
loss: 0.6987 - val_accuracy: 0.4833 - val_loss: 0.6932
Epoch 3/100
                                                       - 0s 6ms/step - accuracy: 0.4930 -
loss: 0.6944 - val_accuracy: 0.4833 - val_loss: 0.6933 Epoch 4/100
33/33 -

    Os 6ms/step - accuracy: 0.5117 -

loss: 0.6918 - val_accuracy: 0.4833 - val_loss: 0.6934
Epoch 5/100
33/33 -

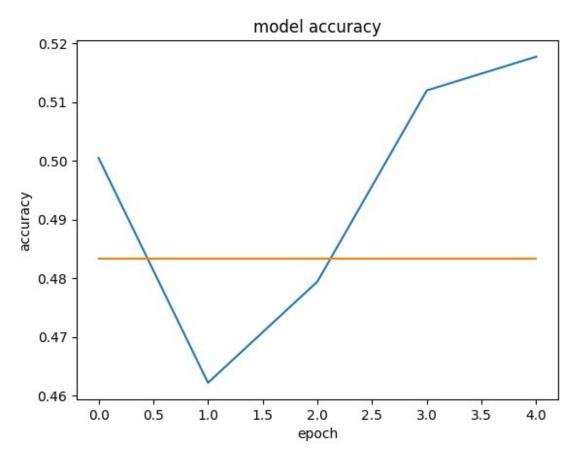
    Os 6ms/step - accuracy: 0.5291 -

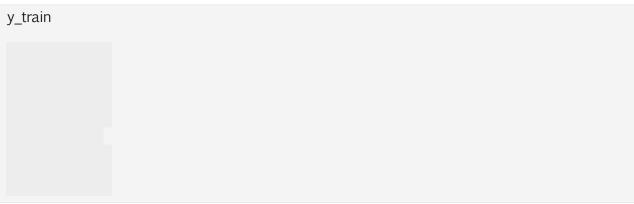
loss:
```

```
0.6928 - val_accuracy: 0.4833 - val_loss: 0.6932 Epoch 5: early stopping

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
plt.plot(history.history['accuracy'])
plt.plot(history.history['val_accuracy'])
plt.title('model accuracy') plt.ylabel('accuracy')
plt.xlabel('epoch')

Text(0.5, 0, 'epoch')
```





```
1459
   spam
1126
   spam
Name: Category, Length: 1045, dtype: object
y train encoded #spam-1 ham-0
array([0, 0, 0, ..., 1, 1, 1])
x test
<449x4849 sparse matrix of type '<class 'numpy.float64'>'
  with 5332 stored elements in Compressed Sparse Row format>
y_pred = model.predict(x_test)
15/15
8ms/step np.argmax(y_pred, axis=1)
0,
  0,
  0,
  0,
  0,
  0,
  0,
  0,
  0,
  0,
  0,
  0,
  0,
  0,
  0,
  0.
```

```
0,
       0,
       0,
       0,
       0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0]
model.evaluate(x_test,y_test_encoded)
15/15 -
                                        - 0s 1ms/step - accuracy: 0.4962 -
loss: 0.6932
[0.6932110786437988, 0.4832962155342102]
predict_msg = ["Free entry in 2 a wkly comp to win FA Cup final tkts 21st May 2005. Text FA to 87121 to receive entry question(std txt rate)T&C's apply 08452810075over18's"]
text = tf.fit_transform(predict_msg) if
(model.predict(text))>0.5:
    print("Spam")
else:
    print("Not Spam")
1/1
                                   0s
46ms/step Not Spam
```

10. Mini Project based on NLP Applications.

Chatbot

```
import pickle import
numpy as np
with open("train qa.txt", 'rb') as f: train data=pickle.load(f)
with open("test ga.txt", 'rb') as f: test data=pickle.load(f)
for story, question, answer in all_data: vocab=vocab.union(set(story))
  vocab=vocab.union(set(question))
vocab.add('no')
vocab.add('yes')
all_story_lens=[len(data[0]) for data in all_data] max_story_len=max(all_story_lens)
max_question_len=max([len(data[1]) for data in all_data]) max_question_len
6
# We have Reserve 0 for keras pad sequences
vocab size = len(vocab) + 1
from keras.preprocessing.sequence import pad_sequences from
keras.preprocessing.text import Tokenizer tokenizer =
Tokenizer(filters=[]) tokenizer.fit_on_texts(vocab)
tokenizer.word_index
{'in': 1,
'left': 2,
 'discarded': 3,
'to': 4,
'daniel': 5,
 'down': 6,
'went': 7,
'office': 8,
'is': 9,
'football': 10,
 'moved': 11,
```

```
'up': 12,
 'travelled': 13,
 'kitchen': 14,
'no': 15,
'picked': 16,
'?': 17,
 'put': 18,
 'grabbed': 19,
'yes': 20,
 'took': 21,
 'bathroom': 22,
 'got': 23,
 'back': 24,
 'dropped': 25,
 'garden': 26,
'hallway': 27,
'.': 28,
'there': 29,
 'bedroom': 30,
 'john': 31,
 'apple': 32,
 'the': 33,
 'mary': 34,
 'sandra': 35,
 'milk': 36,
 'journeyed': 37}
train_story_text = [] train_question_text
= [] train_answers = []
for story, question, answer in train_data:
     train_story_text.append(story)
     train_question_text.append(question)
train_story_seq = tokenizer.texts_to_sequences(train_story_text) len(train_story_text)
10000
len(train_story_seq)
10000
def vectorize_stories(data, word_index=tokenizer.word_index,
max_story_len=max_story_len,max_question_len=max_question_len):
     X = []
```

```
Xq = []
     Y = []
     for story, query, answer in data:
          x = [word_index[word.lower()] for word in story] xq =
          [word_index[word.lower()] for word in query]
          y = np.zeros(len(word_index) + 1)
          y[word index[answer]] = 1
          X.append(x)
          Xq.append(xq)
          Y.append(y)
     return (pad_sequences(X, maxlen=max_story_len),pad_sequences(Xq,
maxlen=max_question_len), np.array(Y))
inputs_train, queries_train, answers_train =
vectorize_stories(train_data)
inputs_test, queries_test, answers_test = vectorize_stories(test_data) inputs_test
    array([[ 0,
                  0,
                       0,
                                  33,
                                       30,
                                             28],
          [ 0,
                  0,
                       0,
                                  33,
                                       26,
                                             28],
          [ 0,
                  0,
                       0,
                                  33,
                                       26,
                                             28],
                                       32,
                                             28],
          [ 0,
                  0,
                       0,
                                  33,
          [ 0,
                  0,
                       0,
                                  33,
                                       26,
                                             28],
         [ 0,
                 0,
                       0, ..., 32, 29, 28]], dtype=int32)
queries_test
                                       17],
    array([[ 9,
                 31,
                       1,
                           33,
                                 14,
          [ 9,
                 31,
                       1,
                           33,
                                 14,
                                       17],
          [ 9,
                           33,
                 31,
                       1,
                                 26,
                                       17],
          [ 9,
                           33,
                 34,
                       1,
                                 30,
                                       17],
          [ 9,
                       1, 33,
                                       17],
                 35,
                                 26,
         [ 9, 34,
                      1, 33, 26, 17]], dtype=int32)
```

```
answers_test
     array([[0.,
                   0.,
                         0.,
                                            0.,
                                                  0.],
                                      0.,
            [0.,
                   0.,
                         0.,
                                            0.,
                                                  0.],
                                      0.,
            [0.,
                   0.,
                         0.,
                                      0.,
                                            0.,
                                                  0.],
            [0.,
                   0.,
                         0.,
                                            0.,
                                                  0.],
                                      0.,
            [0.,
                   0.,
                         0.,
                                            0.,
                                                  0.],
                                      0.,
          [0., 0., 0., ..., 0., 0., 0.]
sum(answers test)
array([
                                                                                     0.,
             0.,
                      0.,
                               0.,
                                        0.,
                                                 0.,
                                                          0.,
                                                                   0.,
                                                                            0.,
                                                                                              0.,
0.,
                                        0., 503.,
             0.,
                      0.,
                               0.,
                                                          0.,
                                                                   0.,
                                                                            0.,
                                                                                     0., 497.,
0.,
             0.,
                      0.,
                               0.,
                                        0.,
                                                 0.,
                                                          0.,
                                                                   0.,
                                                                            0.,
                                                                                     0., 0.,
0.,
             0.,
                      0.,
                               0.,
                                        0.,
                                                 0.]
tokenizer.word index['yes'] 20
tokenizer.word index['no'] 15
from keras.models import Sequential, Model from
keras.layers import Embedding
from keras.layers import Input, Activation, Dense, Permute, Dropout from keras.layers
import add, dot, concatenate
from keras.layers import LSTM
input_sequence = Input((max_story_len,)) question =
Input((max question len,))
input_encoder_m = Sequential()
input_encoder_m.add(Embedding(input_dim=vocab_size,output_dim=64))
input encoder m.add(Dropout(0.3))
input_encoder_c = Sequential()
input_encoder_c.add(Embedding(input_dim=vocab_size,output_dim=max_ques
input_encoder_c.add(Dropout(0.3))
                                                                                              tion len))
question_encoder = Sequential() question_encoder.add(Embedding(input_dim=vocab_size,
                                              output_dim=64,
```

```
input_length=max_question_len))
question encoder.add(Dropout(0.3))
input_encoded_m = input_encoder_m(input_sequence)
input_encoded_c = input_encoder_c(input_sequence)
question_encoded = question_encoder(question)
match = dot([input_encoded_m, question_encoded], axes=(2, 2)) match =
Activation('softmax')(match)
response = add([match, input_encoded_c]) response =
Permute((2, 1))(response)
answer = concatenate([response, question encoded]) answer
<KerasTensor: shape=(None, 6, 220) dtype=float32 (created by layer 'concatenate')>
answer=concatenate([response,question_encode]) answer =
LSTM(32)(answer)
answer = Dropout(0.5)(answer) answer =
Dense(vocab_size)(answer)
answer = Activation('softmax')(answer)
model = Model([input sequence, question], answer) model.compile(optimizer='rmsprop',
loss='categorical_crossentropy',
metrics=['accuracy'])
model.summary()
Model: "model"
Layer (type)
Param # Connected to
                                          Output Shape
                                                                                                    input_4 (InputLayer)
                                           [(None, 156)]
                                                                                    0
  input_5 (InputLayer)
                                           [(None, 6)]
```

sequential_2 (Sequential) ['input_4[0][0]']	(None, None, 64)	
sequential_4 (Sequential) 2432 ['input_5[0][0]']	(None, 6, 64)	
dot (Dot) ['sequential_2[0][0]', 'sequential_4[0][0]']	(None, 156, 6)	0
activation (Activation) 0['dot[0][0]']	(None, 156, 6)	
sequential_3 (Sequential) 228 ['input_4[0][0]']	(None, None, 6)	
add (Add) ['activation[0][0]',	(None, 156, 6)	0
'sequential_3[0][0]']		
permute (Permute) ['add[0][0]']	(None, 6, 156)	0
concatenate (Concatenate) 0['permute[0][0]', 'sequential_4[0][0]']	(None, 6, 220)	
lstm (LSTM) ['concatenate[0][0]']	(None, 32)	32384
dropout_5 (Dropout) ['lstm[0][0]']	(None, 32)	0
dense (Dense) ['dropout_5[0][0]']	(None, 38)	

```
activation 1 (Activation)
             (None, 38)
                          0
['dense[0][0]']
Total params: 38730 (151.29 KB)
Trainable params: 38730 (151.29 KB) Non-
trainable params: 0 (0.00 Byte)
history = model.fit([inputs train, queries train],
answers_train,batch_size=32,epochs=200,validation_data=([inputs_test, queries_test],
answers_test))
Epoch 1/120
accuracy: 0.4931 - val_loss: 0.6935 - val_accuracy: 0.4970 Epoch
- accuracy: 0.5006 - val_loss: 0.6954 - val_accuracy: 0.4970 Epoch
```

```
accuracy: 0.4963 - val loss: 0.6951 - val accuracy: 0.4970 Epoch
- accuracy: 0.4977 - val_loss: 0.6934 - val_accuracy: 0.4970 Epoch
accuracy: 0.4997 - val loss: 0.6957 - val accuracy: 0.4970 Epoch
accuracy: 0.5003 - val_loss: 0.6957 - val_accuracy: 0.5030 Epoch
- accuracy: 0.4977 - val loss: 0.6932 - val accuracy: 0.5030 Epoch
accuracy: 0.5026 - val_loss: 0.6961 - val_accuracy: 0.4970 Epoch
- accuracy: 0.4945 - val_loss: 0.6961 - val_accuracy: 0.4970 Epoch
accuracy: 0.4877 - val loss: 0.6932 - val accuracy: 0.5030 Epoch
accuracy: 0.5080 - val_loss: 0.6934 - val_accuracy: 0.4970 Epoch
accuracy: 0.5031 - val_loss: 0.6947 - val_accuracy: 0.5030 Epoch
- accuracy: 0.4995 - val_loss: 0.6931 - val_accuracy: 0.5030 Epoch
- accuracy: 0.5004 - val_loss: 0.6932 - val_accuracy: 0.4970 Epoch
accuracy: 0.4968 - val_loss: 0.6942 - val_accuracy: 0.5030 Epoch
- accuracy: 0.4921 - val_loss: 0.6968 - val_accuracy: 0.5030 Epoch
- accuracy: 0.4963 - val_loss: 0.6934 - val_accuracy: 0.4970
```

```
Epoch 28/120
accuracy: 0.4988 - val loss: 0.6932 - val accuracy: 0.4910 Epoch
accuracy: 0.5040 - val_loss: 0.6932 - val_accuracy: 0.5040 Epoch
accuracy: 0.4960 - val_loss: 0.6942 - val_accuracy: 0.4970 Epoch
- accuracy: 0.5100 - val loss: 0.6934 - val accuracy: 0.5030 Epoch
- accuracy: 0.4945 - val_loss: 0.6932 - val_accuracy: 0.5030 Epoch
- accuracy: 0.4933 - val_loss: 0.6933 - val_accuracy: 0.4970 Epoch
- accuracy: 0.4961 - val loss: 0.6943 - val accuracy: 0.5030 Epoch
accuracy: 0.4966 - val loss: 0.6932 - val accuracy: 0.5030 Epoch
- accuracy: 0.5075 - val loss: 0.6936 - val accuracy: 0.5030 Epoch
- accuracy: 0.4950 - val_loss: 0.6952 - val_accuracy: 0.4970 Epoch
- accuracy: 0.4912 - val_loss: 0.6932 - val_accuracy: 0.5030 Epoch
- accuracy: 0.5005 - val loss: 0.6941 - val accuracy: 0.4970 Epoch
- accuracy: 0.4987 - val_loss: 0.6938 - val_accuracy: 0.5030 Epoch
- accuracy: 0.5043 - val loss: 0.6934 - val accuracy: 0.4940 Epoch
- accuracy: 0.5068 - val loss: 0.6941 - val accuracy: 0.5030 Epoch
44/120
```

```
accuracy: 0.5014 - val_loss: 0.6939 - val accuracy: 0.4970 Epoch
           ========= ] - 6s 20ms/step - loss: 0.6935
accuracy: 0.5198 - val_loss: 0.6974 - val_accuracy: 0.4930 Epoch
accuracy: 0.5254 - val loss: 0.6977 - val accuracy: 0.4690 Epoch
accuracy: 0.5222 - val_loss: 0.6969 - val_accuracy: 0.4740 Epoch
               =======] - 6s 19ms/step - loss: 0.6929
accuracy: 0.5265 - val_loss: 0.6966 - val_accuracy: 0.5090 Epoch
accuracy: 0.5351 - val_loss: 0.6975 - val_accuracy: 0.4940 Epoch
          accuracy: 0.5349 - val_loss: 0.6967 - val_accuracy: 0.5030 Epoch
accuracy: 0.5422 - val_loss: 0.7049 - val_accuracy: 0.5130 Epoch
accuracy: 0.5621 - val loss: 0.6825 - val accuracy: 0.5470 Epoch
accuracy: 0.6290 - val loss: 0.6430 - val accuracy: 0.6420 Epoch
accuracy: 0.6524 - val_loss: 0.6213 - val_accuracy: 0.6580 Epoch
60/120
```

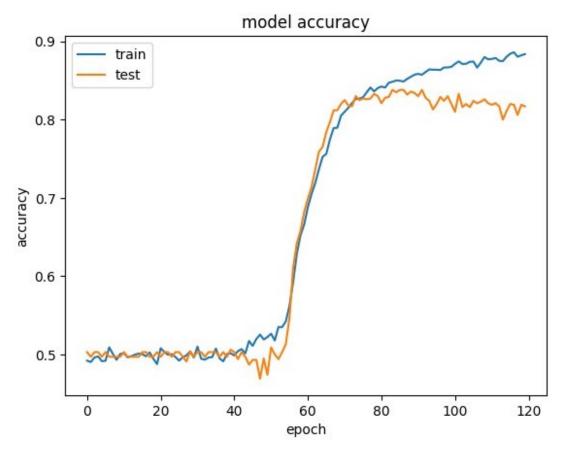
```
- accuracy: 0.6662 - val_loss: 0.6022 - val_accuracy: 0.6820 Epoch
accuracy: 0.6884 - val_loss: 0.5810 - val_accuracy: 0.6990 Epoch
accuracy: 0.7190 - val_loss: 0.5354 - val_accuracy: 0.7360 Epoch
accuracy: 0.7525 - val_loss: 0.5036 - val_accuracy: 0.7650 Epoch
            accuracy: 0.7562 - val loss: 0.4746 - val accuracy: 0.7840 Epoch
accuracy: 0.7749 - val_loss: 0.4525 - val_accuracy: 0.7970 Epoch
accuracy: 0.7893 - val_loss: 0.4656 - val_accuracy: 0.8120 Epoch
            ========= ] - 7s 21ms/step - loss: 0.4685
 accuracy: 0.7896 - val loss: 0.4345 - val accuracy: 0.8120 Epoch
           accuracy: 0.8101 - val_loss: 0.4231 - val_accuracy: 0.8250 Epoch
72/120
313/313 |
             ========= ] - 5s 17ms/step - loss: 0.4391
- accuracy: 0.8269 - val_loss: 0.4134 - val_accuracy: 0.8250 Epoch
- accuracy: 0.8287 - val_loss: 0.4021 - val_accuracy: 0.8270
```

```
Epoch 77/120
accuracy: 0.8350 - val_loss: 0.4127 - val_accuracy: 0.8260 Epoch
accuracy: 0.8361 - val_loss: 0.3945 - val_accuracy: 0.8330 Epoch
- accuracy: 0.8404 - val loss: 0.4228 - val accuracy: 0.8300 Epoch
- accuracy: 0.8423 - val_loss: 0.4088 - val_accuracy: 0.8210 Epoch
- accuracy: 0.8410 - val_loss: 0.3963 - val_accuracy: 0.8280 Epoch
- accuracy: 0.8472 - val_loss: 0.3924 - val_accuracy: 0.8290 Epoch
- accuracy: 0.8484 - val loss: 0.3919 - val accuracy: 0.8380 Epoch
accuracy: 0.8500 - val_loss: 0.4163 - val_accuracy: 0.8350 Epoch
- accuracy: 0.8497 - val_loss: 0.3892 - val_accuracy: 0.8380 Epoch
- accuracy: 0.8487 - val_loss: 0.4074 - val_accuracy: 0.8380 Epoch
- accuracy: 0.8522 - val_loss: 0.3900 - val_accuracy: 0.8320 Epoch
- accuracy: 0.8548 - val loss: 0.3891 - val accuracy: 0.8360 Epoch
accuracy: 0.8575 - val_loss: 0.3935 - val_accuracy: 0.8340 Epoch
- accuracy: 0.8585 - val loss: 0.3983 - val accuracy: 0.8300 Epoch
- accuracy: 0.8574 - val_loss: 0.3980 - val_accuracy: 0.8380 Epoch
93/120
```

```
- accuracy: 0.8609 - val loss: 0.4123 - val accuracy: 0.8280 Epoch
- accuracy: 0.8642 - val loss: 0.4209 - val accuracy: 0.8240 Epoch
accuracy: 0.8638 - val_loss: 0.3953 - val_accuracy: 0.8130 Epoch
accuracy: 0.8638 - val loss: 0.4247 - val accuracy: 0.8200 Epoch
- accuracy: 0.8634 - val loss: 0.4075 - val accuracy: 0.8290 Epoch
- accuracy: 0.8667 - val_loss: 0.4028 - val_accuracy: 0.8240 Epoch
- accuracy: 0.8667 - val_loss: 0.4184 - val_accuracy: 0.8300 Epoch
- accuracy: 0.8675 - val_loss: 0.3950 - val_accuracy: 0.8200 Epoch
- accuracy: 0.8713 - val_loss: 0.4068 - val_accuracy: 0.8100 Epoch
- accuracy: 0.8744 - val_loss: 0.4121 - val_accuracy: 0.8330 Epoch
- accuracy: 0.8711 - val_loss: 0.4059 - val_accuracy: 0.8160 Epoch
- accuracy: 0.8714 - val_loss: 0.4106 - val_accuracy: 0.8200 Epoch
- accuracy: 0.8739 - val_loss: 0.4081 - val_accuracy: 0.8160 Epoch
- accuracy: 0.8742 - val_loss: 0.4080 - val_accuracy: 0.8240 Epoch
accuracy: 0.8665 - val_loss: 0.4148 - val_accuracy: 0.8210 Epoch
- accuracy: 0.8729 - val loss: 0.4053 - val accuracy: 0.8230 Epoch
```

```
- accuracy: 0.8800 - val_loss: 0.4276 - val_accuracy: 0.8260 Epoch
accuracy: 0.8771 - val loss: 0.4535 - val accuracy: 0.8210 Epoch
accuracy: 0.8776 - val_loss: 0.4194 - val_accuracy: 0.8190 Epoch
accuracy: 0.8788 - val_loss: 0.4362 - val_accuracy: 0.8210 Epoch
accuracy: 0.8752 - val_loss: 0.4241 - val_accuracy: 0.8170 Epoch
accuracy: 0.8748 - val loss: 0.4211 - val accuracy: 0.8000 Epoch
accuracy: 0.8804 - val loss: 0.4322 - val accuracy: 0.8110 Epoch
accuracy: 0.8842 - val_loss: 0.4380 - val_accuracy: 0.8200 Epoch
accuracy: 0.8861 - val loss: 0.4436 - val accuracy: 0.8190 Epoch
accuracy: 0.8804 - val loss: 0.4553 - val accuracy: 0.8060 Epoch
accuracy: 0.8822 - val loss: 0.4356 - val accuracy: 0.8190 Epoch
accuracy: 0.8837 - val_loss: 0.4348 - val accuracy: 0.8170
filename = 'chatbot.h5'
model.save(filename)
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/keras/src/engine/ training.py:3103: UserWarning: You are saving your model as an HDF5 file via model.save(). This file format is considered legacy. We recommend using instead the native Keras format, e.g. model.save('my_model.keras').
 saving api.save model(
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
%matplotlib inline print(history.history.keys())
```

```
plt.plot(history.history['accuracy'])
plt.plot(history.history['val_accuracy']) plt.title('model
accuracy') plt.ylabel('accuracy') plt.xlabel('epoch')
plt.legend(['train', 'test'], loc='upper left') plt.show()
dict_keys(['loss', 'accuracy', 'val_loss', 'val_accuracy'])
```



```
'John',
'moved',
'to',
'the',
'bedroom',
'.']

story =' '.join(word for word in test_data[0][0]) print(story)

Mary got the milk there . John moved to the bedroom .

query = ''.join(word for word in test_data[0][1]) print(query)

Is John in the kitchen ?

print("True Test Answer from Data is:",test_data[0][2]) True Test Answer

from Data is: no
```