

Model Optimization and Tuning Phase Report

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Team ID	SWTID1720519736
Project Title	Ecommerce Shipping Prediction Using Machine Learning
Maximum Marks	10 Marks

Model Optimization and Tuning Phase

Refining machine learning models for peak performance is the focus of the Model Optimization and Tuning Phase. This includes fine-tuning hyperparameters, comparing performance metrics, justifying the final model selection, and incorporating optimized model code to enhance predictive accuracy and efficiency.

Hyperparameter Tuning Documentation (6 Marks):

Model	Tuned Hyperparameters	Optimal Values
Logistic Regression	<pre>lg = LogisticRegressionCV(n_jobs=-1, random_state=1234) lg_param_grid = { 'Cs': [6, 8, 10, 15, 20], 'max_iter': [60, 80, 100] }</pre>	<pre>lg_cv.fit(x_train_normalized, y_train) print("Best Score:", lg_cv.best_score_) print("Best Parameters:", lg_cv.best_params_)</pre> <p>Fitting 5 folds for each of 15 candidates, totalling 75 fits Best Score: 0.6412009126053026 Best Parameters: {'Cs': 20, 'max_iter': 60}</p>
Random Forest	<pre>rf = RandomForestClassifier(random_state=1234) rf_param_grid = { 'n_estimators': [200, 300, 500], 'criterion': ['entropy', 'gini'], 'max_depth': [7, 8, 60, 80, 100], 'max_features': ['auto', 'sqrt', 'log2'] }</pre>	<pre>rf_cv = GridSearchCV(rf, param_grid=rf_param_grid, cv=5, scoring='accuracy', n_jobs=-1, verbose=1) rf_cv.fit(x_train_normalized, y_train) print("Best Score:", rf_cv.best_score_) print("Best Parameters:", rf_cv.best_params_)</pre> <p>Best Score: 0.600190307075066 Best Parameters: {'criterion': 'entropy', 'max_depth': 8, 'max_features': 'sqrt', 'n_estimators': 200}</p>

KNN	<pre>knn = KNeighborsClassifier() # Define the parameter grid for KNN knn_param_grid = { 'n_neighbors': [3, 5, 7, 9, 11], 'weights': ['uniform', 'distance'], 'metric': ['euclidean', 'manhattan', 'minkowski'] }</pre>	<pre># Initialize GridSearchCV knn_cv = GridSearchCV(knn, knn_param_grid, cv=7, scoring='accuracy', n_jobs=-1, verbose=3) # Fit the model knn_cv.fit(x_train_normalized, y_train) # Output the best score and parameters print("Best Score: " + str(knn_cv.best_score_)) print("Best Parameters: " + str(knn_cv.best_params_)) Fitting 7 folds for each of 30 candidates, totalling 210 fits Best Score: 0.6537106489373793 Best Parameters: {'metric': 'euclidean', 'n_neighbors': 9, 'weights': 'distance'}</pre>
Gradient Boosting	<pre>xgb = XGBClassifier(learning_rate=0.5, n_estimators=100, objective='binary:logistic', nthread=5) # Define the parameter grid for XGBoost params = { 'min_child_weight': [10, 20], 'gamma': [1.5, 2.0, 2.5], 'colsample_bytree': [0.6, 0.8, 0.9], 'max_depth': [4, 5, 6] }</pre>	<pre># Initialize GridSearchCV for XGBoost xgb_model = GridSearchCV(xgb, param_grid=params, cv=5, refit=True, scoring='accuracy', n_jobs=-1, verbose=3) # Fit the model using the normalized training data xgb_model.fit(x_train_normalized, y_train) # Print the best estimator, parameters, and score print("Best Estimator: ", xgb_model.best_estimator_) print("Best Parameters: ", xgb_model.best_params_) print("Best Score: ", xgb_model.best_score_) Fitting 5 folds for each of 54 candidates, totalling 270 fits Best Estimator: XGBClassifier(base_score=None, booster=None, callback=None, colsample_bytree=None, colsample_bynode=None, colsample_bytrow=None, device=None, early_stopping_rounds=None, enable_categorical=False, eval_metric=None, feature_types=None, gamma=None, grow_policy=None, importance_type=None, interaction_constraints=None, learning_rate=None, max_bin=None, max_cat_threshold=None, max_cat_to_onehot=None, max_delta_step=None, max_depth=None, max_leaves=None, min_child_weight=None, missing=None, monotone_constraints=None, multi_strategy=None, n_estimators=100, n_jobs=None, nthread=5, num_parallel_tree=None, ...) Best Parameters: {'colsample_bytree': 0.9, 'gamma': 2.0, 'max_depth': 4, 'min_child_weight': 20} Best Score: 0.67530802755341</pre>

Performance Metrics Comparison Report (2 Marks):

Model	Optimized Metric
KNN	<pre># Initialize GridSearchCV knn_cv = GridSearchCV(knn, knn_param_grid, cv=7, scoring='accuracy', n_jobs=-1, verbose=3) # Fit the model knn_cv.fit(x_train_normalized, y_train) # Output the best score and parameters print("Best Score: " + str(knn_cv.best_score_)) print("Best Parameters: " + str(knn_cv.best_params_)) Fitting 7 folds for each of 30 candidates, totalling 210 fits Best Score: 0.6537106489373793 Best Parameters: {'metric': 'euclidean', 'n_neighbors': 9, 'weights': 'distance'}</pre>

Final Model Selection Justification (2 Marks):

Final Model	Reasoning
KNN	<p>The KNN model was chosen because of its balanced performance on different measurements. Its ability to classify based on nearest neighbors makes it adaptable to data models and effectively captures local differences in loan approval criteria. High F1 scores and recovery values demonstrate its robustness to correctly identify loan approvals consistent with project objectives, justifying its selection as the final model..</p>