CHAPTER-1

Introduction to HTML

STATIC VS. DYNAMIC WEB PAGE

- WHAT IS STATIC WEB PAGE DEVELOPMENT?
 - STATIC means "CONSTANT"
 - WEB PAGE which remains unchanged
- WHAT IS DYNAMIC WEB PAGE DEVELOPMENT?
 - DYNAMIC means "CHANGING"
 - WEBPAGE WHICH CHANGES

WHAT IS HTML??

- •Hyper Text Markup Language
- •Used to **create** web pages
- Standard html-static web pages
- Contains Hyper Text (text, image or link)
- •Markup language (tags) defines how web page will be displayed

STRUCTURE OF HTML

</html>

```
<html>
             Define start & end of document
            Header section of HTML page (javascript, styles, meta etc.)
<head>
       <title>give any title</title>
                                   Title of HTML document
</head>
<body>Main part which defines what should be displayed on the browser
       web page code
</body>
```

BASIC TAGS OF HTML

- •Paragraph Tag: ...
- •Header Tags: <h1>..</h1> to <h6>..</h6>
- •Bold Text:
- •Italic Text: <i></i>
- Underlined Text: <u></u>
- •Horizontal Rule: <hr/>
- •Align text to center: <center></center>
- •Scroll text horizontally or vertically: <marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></marquee></m
- •Display link (Anchor Tag): name of link
- •Embed audio and video on web page: <embed src="path"/>

There are many more tags which we will be seen as and when needed in the program.

IMAGE IN HTML

• tag is used to display image on web page.

•Example:

```
<img
src="source of the image"
height="20px"
width="20px"
alt="alternative text"/>
```

LIST IN HTML

- 2 types of lists are available in HTML:
 - ORDERED LIST
 - UNORDERED LIST
- ORDERED LIST:
 - Tag used:
 - ! used to display list item
 - Type: 1,i,l,A,a
 - Reversed: descending list
 - Start: specifies initial number of list

LIST IN HTML

ORDERED LIST:

• Example:

```
     vadodara
     surat
     rajkot
```

LIST IN HTML

• UNORDERED LIST:

```
• Tag used:
```

- ! used to display list item
- Type: disc, square, circle
- Example:

```
vadodarasuratrajkot
```

TABLE IN HTML

- : used to display table on web page.
- : table row
- : table header
- : table data
- Main Attributes:
 - Width: width of the table
 - Border: border of the table
 - Bgcolor: background color of the table
 - Rowspan: merge rows
 - Colspan: merge columns

DIVISION IN HTML

- <div>: used to create division or section on web page
- Example:

```
<div>
div>
division 1
</div>
<div>
div>
division 2
</div>
```

SPECIAL CHARACTERS

Sr. No.	Result	Description	Entity Name
1		non-breaking space	
2	<	less than	<
3	>	greater than	>
4	&	ampersand	&
5	¢	cent	¢
6	£	pound	£
7	¥	yen	¥
8	€	euro	€
9	©	copyright	&сору;
10	®	registered trademark	®

HTML 4.0 VS. HTML 5.0

HTML 4.0

- Common structure
- flash player is used to embed audiovideo
- inaccurate syntax cannot handled
- works with all browsers

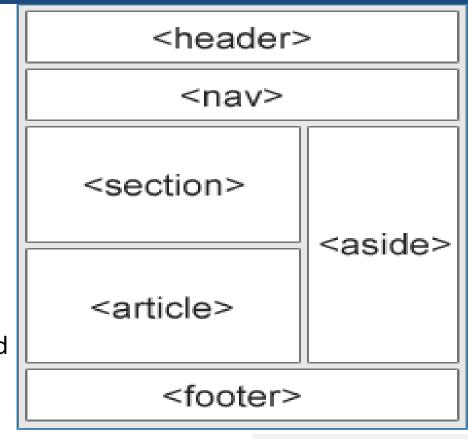


HTML 5.0

- New structure
- <audio>, <video> tag is used to embed audio-video
- inaccurate syntax can handled
- works with few browsers

HTML 5.0

- Structure of HTML 5.0
- Header
 - Generally used for Headings
- Nav
 - Used for Navigation Links
- Section
 - Main content of webpage
- Aside
 - Used to show extra information
- Article
 - New entry or news related information
- Footer
 - Contact us, copyright information



AUDIO AND VIDEO IN HTML5

- <audio>: used to embed audio on web page
- <video>: used to embed video on web page
- Main Attributes:
 - Src: source of audio or video
 - Autoplay: used to auto play video or audio
 - Type: specifies type
 - Controls: specifies the related content should be displayed

AUDIO AND VIDEO IN HTML5

<audio> example:

```
<audio controls autoplay>
  <source src="horse.ogg" type="audio/ogg">
   Your browser does not support the audio tag.
</audio>
```

video> example:

```
<video controls autoplay>
  <source src="hello.mp4" type="audio/mp4">
   Your browser does not support the video tag.
</video>
```

FORMS IN HTML

- •<form> tag is used to get inputs from user.
- •It contains input elements like text, radio button, textarea, submit buttons etc.

•Atrributes:

- Name
- Method
- Action
- •<input> tag is used to display different input type elements on web page.
- •Example:<form name="f" method="post" action="#"><input type="text"/></form>

HTML5 FORM INPUT TYPES

- Number: <input type="number" name="quantity" min="1" max="5">
- Date: <input type="date" name="bday">
- Color: <input type="color" name="favcolor">
- Range: <input type="range" name="points" min="0" max="10">
- Month: <input type="month" name="bdaymonth">
- Week: <input type="week" name="week_year">
- Time: <input type="time" name="usr_time">

HTML5 FORM INPUT TYPES

- Datetime: <input type="datetime" name="bdaytime">
- Datetime-local: <input type="datetime-local" name="bdaytime">
- Email: <input type="email" name="email">
- Search: <input type="search" name="googlesearch">
- Tel: <input type="tel" name="usrtel">
- url: <input type="url" name="homepage">

DATALIST

<datalist> tag is used to display dropdown list of already defined options.

• Example:

```
<input list="cars" name="cars">
<datalist id="cars">
  <option value="Baleno">
  <option value="Duster">
  <option value="i10">
  <option value="i20">
  </datalist>
```

KEYGEN

- <keygen>: used for authentication purpose
- It generates encryption key public and private.
- Private key is stored in user's storage locally.
- Public key is sent to the server which will be used to authenticate user.
- Syntax: <keygen name="encrypt">

OUTPUT

- <output> tag is used for calculation.
- For example: sum, sub etc.

- Name: name of output element
- For: id of element used for calculation

