

Assignment – 2

write a program which implements threads with locks by using synchronized keyword ,

```
package internship;
```

```
class Table {
    synchronized void printTable(int n) { // synchronized method
        for (int i = 1; i <= 5; i++) {
            System.out.println(n * i);
            try {
                Thread.sleep(400);
            } catch (Exception e) {
                System.out.println(e);
            }
        }
    }
}

class MyThread1 extends Thread {
    Table t;

    MyThread1(Table t) {
        this.t = t;
    }

    public void run() {
        t.printTable(5);
    }
}

class MyThread2 extends Thread {
    Table t;

    MyThread2(Table t) {
        this.t = t;
    }

    public void run() {
        t.printTable(100);
    }
}

public class demo {
    public static void main(String args[]) {
        Table obj = new Table(); // only one object
        MyThread1 t1 = new MyThread1(obj);
        MyThread2 t2 = new MyThread2(obj);
        t1.start();
        t2.start();
    }
}
```



write a program which elaborates the concept of producer consumer problem using wait() ,notify()
& all required functionalities in it.

```
package Section3;

class Utility {
    int i;
    boolean bool = false;

    public synchronized void set(int i) throws InterruptedException {
        while (bool) {
            wait();
        }
        this.i = i;
        bool = true;
        System.out.println("Producer " + i);
        notify();
    }

    public synchronized void get() throws InterruptedException {
        while (!bool) {
            wait();
        }

        bool = false;
        System.out.println("Consumer " + i);
        notify();
    }
}

class Consumer implements Runnable {
    private Utility utility;

    public Consumer(Utility utility) {
        this.utility = utility;
        Thread consumer = new Thread(this, "Consumer");
        consumer.start();
    }

    public void run() {
        while (true) {
            try {
                utility.get();
                Thread.sleep(500);
            } catch (InterruptedException e) {
                e.printStackTrace();
            }
        }
    }
}

class Producer implements Runnable {
    private Utility utility;

    public Producer(Utility utility) {
        this.utility = utility;
        Thread producer = new Thread(this, "Producer");
        producer.start();
    }

    public void run() {
        int i = 0;
        while (true) {
            try {
                utility.set(i++);
                Thread.sleep(1000);
            } catch (InterruptedException e) {
                e.printStackTrace();
            }
        }
    }
}

public class ProducerConsumer {

    public static void main(String[] args) {
        // TODO Auto-generated method stub
        Utility u = new Utility();
        new Producer(u);
        new Consumer(u);
    }
}
```





Write a program with data structure ,use atomic methods like get(),incrementAndGet(),decrementAndGet(),compareAndSet(),etc ,also use all other functionalities to make the program more responsive.

```
package Section3;

import java.util.concurrent.atomic.AtomicInteger;

public class Assignment3 {

    public static void main(String[] args) {
        AtomicInteger val = new AtomicInteger(4);

        System.out.println("\nGet\n" + val.get());

        System.out.println("Increment and get");
        System.out.println("Previous value: " + val);
        int res = val.incrementAndGet();
        System.out.println("Current value: " + res);

        System.out.println("\nDecrement and get");
        System.out.println("Previous value: " + val);
        res = val.decrementAndGet();
        System.out.println("Current value: " + res);

        System.out.println("\nCompare And Set");
        System.out.println("\nWhen expected value match");
        val.compareAndSet(4, 77);
        System.out.println("the updated number: " + val);
        System.out.println("\nWhen expected value don't match");
        val.compareAndSet(4, 88);
        System.out.println("the updated number: " + val);

    }

}
```



