## 12-08-2022

August 12, 2022

# 0.1 numpy version and initialisaion

```
[3]: import numpy import numpy as np print(np.__version__)
```

1.21.5

## 0.2 new array using arange and converting it to integer

```
[3]: arr=np.zeros(5, dtype=np.int64) print(arr)
```

[0 0 0 0 0]

## 0.3 array shape

```
[4]: ones_array = np.ones( (2, 4), dtype=np.int64 )
    print(ones_array)
    print(ones_array.shape)
```

```
[[1 1 1 1]
[1 1 1 1]]
(2, 4)
```

## 0.4 converting an array from 1D to 2D and D

```
[16]: array1 = np.arange( 12 )
    print(array1)
    new = array1.reshape(4, 3)shape
    print("array in 2D is: \n",new)
    new1 = array1.reshape(2, 3, 2)
    print("array in 3D is:\n",new1)
```

```
[ 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11]
array in 2D is:
  [[ 0 1 2]
  [ 3 4 5]
  [ 6 7 8]
  [ 9 10 11]]
array in 3D is:
  [[[ 0 1]
  [ 2 3]
  [ 4 5]]

[[ 6 7]
  [ 8 9]
  [ 10 11]]]
```

## 0.5 resizing an array

```
[17]: a = np.arange( 12 )
    print(a)
    a.resize(4,4)
    print(a)

[ 0  1  2  3  4  5  6  7  8  9 10 11]
    [[ 0  1  2  3]
      [ 4  5  6  7]
      [ 8  9 10 11]
      [ 0  0  0  0]]
```

## 0.6 Slicing

```
[26]: arra = np.arange(15)
    print(arra)
    print(arra[1:5])
    print(arra[2:])
    print(arra[:10])
    print(arra[-3:-1])
    print(arra[0:10:2])
    print(arra[1:-3])

[ 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14]
    [1 2 3 4]
    [2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9]
    [12 13]
    [0 2 4 6 8]
    [1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11]
```

- 0.7 1. Write a mumpy program to create an array with values ranging from 1 to 15 and do the following operations.
- 0.7.1 a) Find size of the array
- 0.7.2 b) Update its 8th element
- 0.7.3 c) Reverse the array
- 0.7.4 d) Convert it into 7 x 2 matrix

```
[7]: ar = np.arange(1,16)
    print(ar)
    #a
    print("size of the array is: ",ar.size)
    #b
    ar[7]=19
    print(ar)
    #cshape
    print("array in reverse order: ",ar[::-1])
    #d
    ar.resize(7,2)
    print("array after resizing: \n",ar)
```

```
[ 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15]
size of the array is: 15
[ 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 19 9 10 11 12 13 14 15]
array in reverse order: [15 14 13 12 11 10 9 19 7 6 5 4 3 2 1]
array after resizing:
  [[ 1 2]
  [ 3 4]
  [ 5 6]
  [ 7 19]
  [ 9 10]
  [11 12]
  [13 14]]
```

0.8 2. Write a numpy program to create a 5 x 4 matrix with values ranging from 12 to 32. Print its shape, type and data type

```
[8]: a1 = np.arange(12,32)
    a1.resize(5,4)
    print("array is: \n",a1)
    print("array shape is: ",a1.shape)
    print("array type is: ",type(a1))
    print("array data type is: ",a1.dtype)
```

```
array is:
  [[12 13 14 15]
  [16 17 18 19]
  [20 21 22 23]
  [24 25 26 27]
  [28 29 30 31]]
array shape is: (5, 4)
array type is: <class 'numpy.ndarray'>
array data type is: int64
```