

```
In [3]: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns

import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings('ignore')

%matplotlib inline
```

```
In [4]: df = pd.read_csv('C:\\Users\\jeeva\\OneDrive\\Documents\\bank-additional.csv', delimiter=';')
df.rename(columns={'y': 'deposit'}, inplace=True)
df.head()
```

```
Out[4]:
```

	age	job	marital	education	default	housing	loan	contact	month	day_of_week
0	30	blue-collar	married	basic.9y	no	yes	no	cellular	may	fri
1	39	services	single	high.school	no	no	no	telephone	may	fri
2	25	services	married	high.school	no	yes	no	telephone	jun	wed
3	38	services	married	basic.9y	no	unknown	unknown	telephone	jun	fri
4	47	admin.	married	university.degree	no	yes	no	cellular	nov	mon

5 rows × 11 columns

```
In [5]: df.tail()
```

```
Out[5]:
```

	age	job	marital	education	default	housing	loan	contact	month	day_of_week
4114	30	admin.	married	basic.6y	no	yes	yes	cellular	jul	thu
4115	39	admin.	married	high.school	no	yes	no	telephone	jul	fri
4116	27	student	single	high.school	no	no	no	cellular	may	mon
4117	58	admin.	married	high.school	no	no	no	cellular	aug	fri
4118	34	management	single	high.school	no	yes	no	cellular	nov	wed

5 rows × 11 columns

```
In [6]: df.shape
```

```
Out[6]: (4119, 11)
```

```
In [7]: df.columns
```

```
Out[7]: Index(['age', 'job', 'marital', 'education', 'default', 'housing', 'loan',
              'contact', 'month', 'day_of_week', 'duration', 'campaign', 'pdays',
              'previous', 'poutcome', 'emp.var.rate', 'cons.price.idx',
              'cons.conf.idx', 'euribor3m', 'nr.employed', 'deposit'],
              dtype='object')
```

```
In [8]: df.dtypes
```

```
Out[8]: age                int64
job                object
marital            object
education          object
default            object
housing            object
loan               object
contact            object
month              object
day_of_week        object
duration           int64
campaign           int64
pdays             int64
previous           int64
poutcome           object
emp.var.rate       float64
cons.price.idx     float64
cons.conf.idx      float64
euribor3m          float64
nr.employed        float64
deposit            object
dtype: object
```

```
In [9]: df.dtypes.value_counts()
```

```
Out[9]: object      11
int64              5
float64            5
Name: count, dtype: int64
```

```
In [10]: df.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 4119 entries, 0 to 4118
Data columns (total 21 columns):
#   Column                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   age                   4119 non-null  int64
1   job                   4119 non-null  object
2   marital               4119 non-null  object
3   education             4119 non-null  object
4   default               4119 non-null  object
5   housing               4119 non-null  object
6   loan                  4119 non-null  object
7   contact               4119 non-null  object
8   month                 4119 non-null  object
9   day_of_week           4119 non-null  object
10  duration              4119 non-null  int64
11  campaign              4119 non-null  int64
12  pdays                 4119 non-null  int64
13  previous              4119 non-null  int64
14  poutcome              4119 non-null  object
15  emp.var.rate          4119 non-null  float64
16  cons.price.idx        4119 non-null  float64
17  cons.conf.idx         4119 non-null  float64
18  euribor3m             4119 non-null  float64
19  nr.employed           4119 non-null  float64
20  deposit               4119 non-null  object
dtypes: float64(5), int64(5), object(11)
memory usage: 675.9+ KB
```

```
In [11]: df.duplicated().sum()
```

```
Out[11]: 0
```

```
In [12]: df.isna().sum()
```

```
Out[12]: age                0
job                  0
marital             0
education           0
default             0
housing             0
loan                0
contact             0
month               0
day_of_week         0
duration            0
campaign            0
pdays             0
previous            0
poutcome            0
emp.var.rate        0
cons.price.idx      0
cons.conf.idx       0
euribor3m           0
nr.employed         0
deposit             0
dtype: int64
```

```
In [13]: cat_cols = df.select_dtypes(include='object').columns
print(cat_cols)

num_cols = df.select_dtypes(exclude='object').columns
print(num_cols)
```

```
Index(['job', 'marital', 'education', 'default', 'housing', 'loan', 'contact',
      'month', 'day_of_week', 'poutcome', 'deposit'],
      dtype='object')
Index(['age', 'duration', 'campaign', 'pdays', 'previous', 'emp.var.rate',
      'cons.price.idx', 'cons.conf.idx', 'euribor3m', 'nr.employed'],
      dtype='object')
```

```
In [14]: df.describe()
```

```
Out[14]:
```

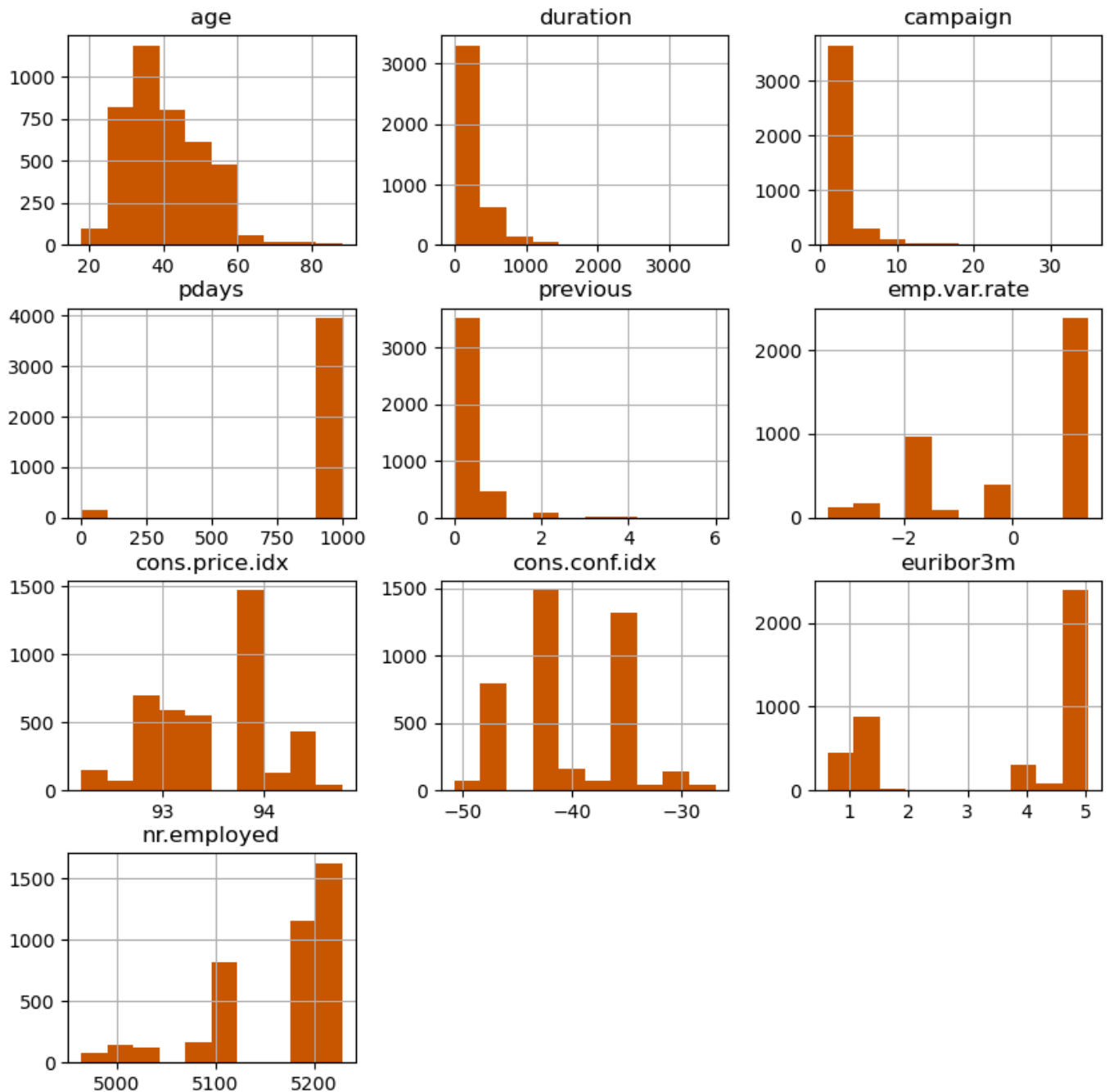
	age	duration	campaign	pdays	previous	emp.var.rate	cons.price.idx	cons.conf.idx	euribor3m	nr.employed	deposit
count	4119.000000	4119.000000	4119.000000	4119.000000	4119.000000	4119.000000	4119.000000	4119.000000	4119.000000	4119.000000	4119.000000
mean	40.113620	256.788055	2.537266	960.422190	0.190337	0.084972	93.579704	93.579704	0.000000	10.000000	0.000000
std	10.313362	254.703736	2.568159	191.922786	0.541788	1.563114	0.579349	0.579349	0.000000	10.000000	0.000000
min	18.000000	0.000000	1.000000	0.000000	0.000000	-3.400000	92.201000	92.201000	0.000000	10.000000	0.000000
25%	32.000000	103.000000	1.000000	999.000000	0.000000	-1.800000	93.075000	93.075000	0.000000	10.000000	0.000000
50%	38.000000	181.000000	2.000000	999.000000	0.000000	1.100000	93.749000	93.749000	0.000000	10.000000	0.000000
75%	47.000000	317.000000	3.000000	999.000000	0.000000	1.400000	93.994000	93.994000	0.000000	10.000000	0.000000
max	88.000000	3643.000000	35.000000	999.000000	6.000000	1.400000	94.767000	94.767000	0.000000	10.000000	0.000000

```
In [15]: df.describe(include='object')
```

Out[15]:

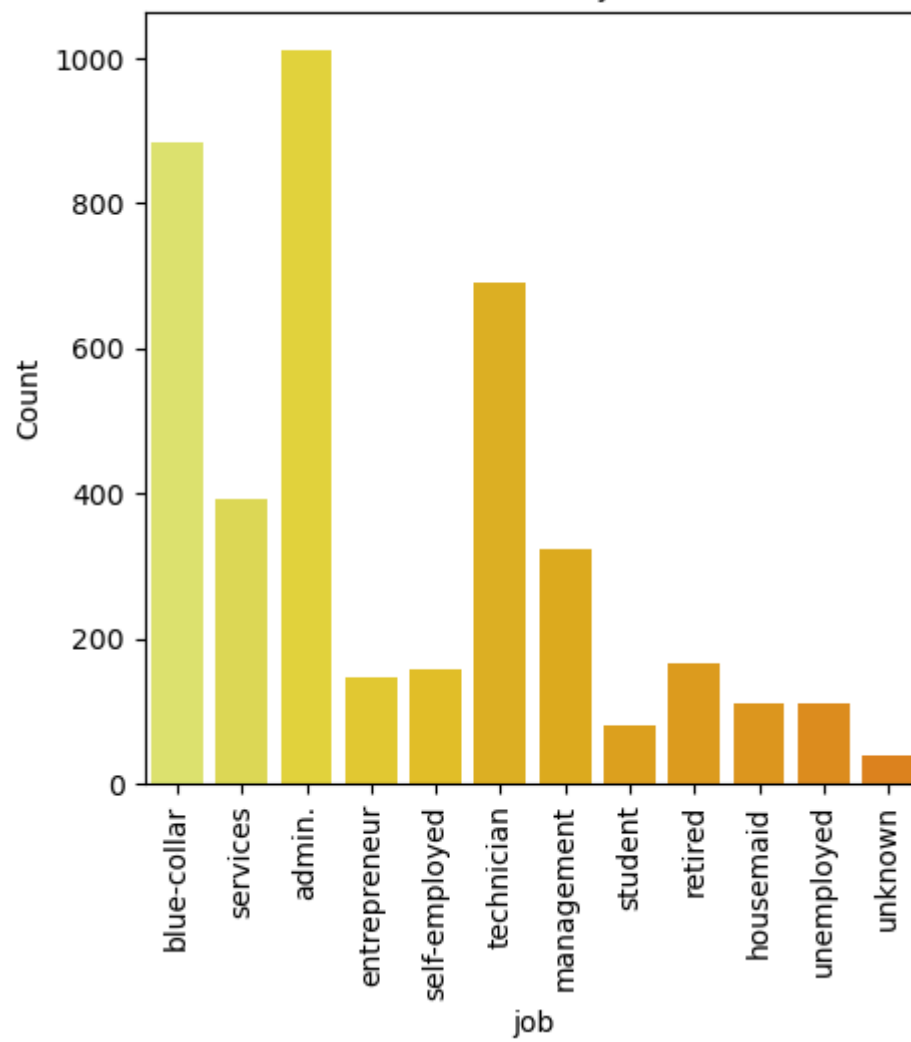
	job	marital	education	default	housing	loan	contact	month	day_of_week	pou
count	4119	4119	4119	4119	4119	4119	4119	4119	4119	
unique	12	4	8	3	3	3	2	10	5	
top	admin.	married	university.degree	no	yes	no	cellular	may	thu	none
freq	1012	2509	1264	3315	2175	3349	2652	1378	860	

In [16]: `df.hist(figsize=(10,10),color='#cc5500')
plt.show()`

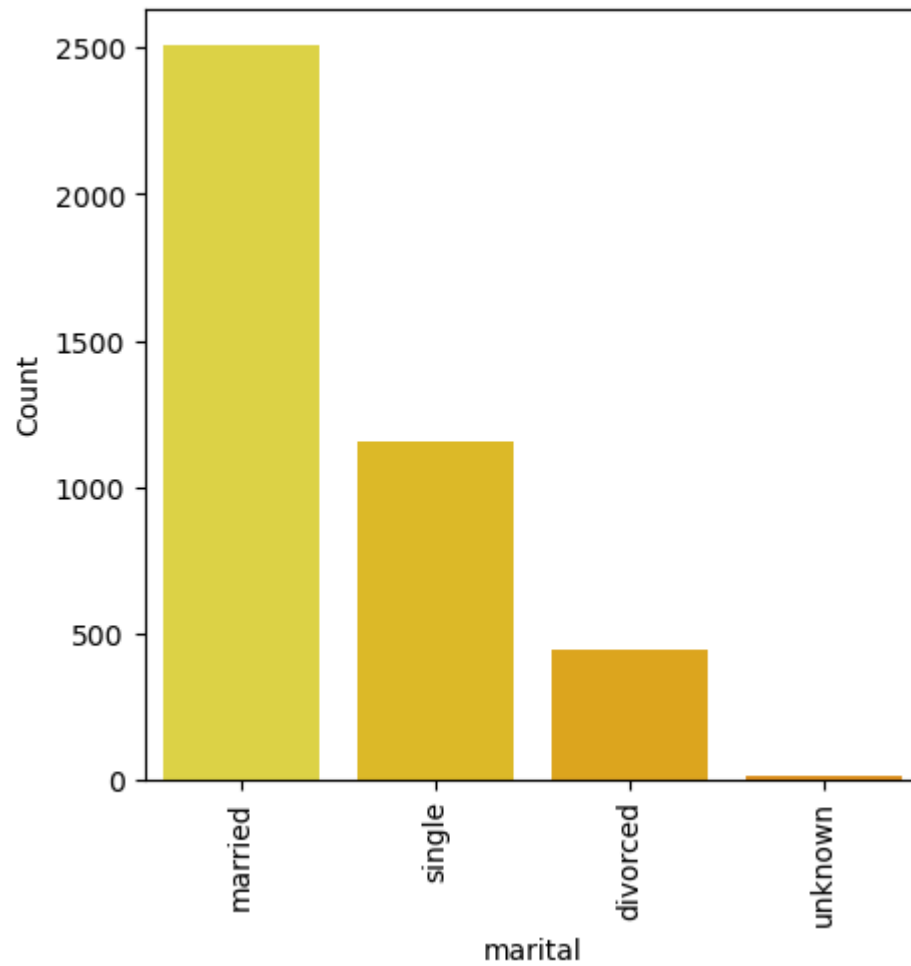


In [17]: `for feature in cat_cols:
 plt.figure(figsize=(5,5)) # Adjust the figure size as needed
 sns.countplot(x=feature, data=df, palette='Wistia')
 plt.title(f'Bar Plot of {feature}')
 plt.xlabel(feature)
 plt.ylabel('Count')
 plt.xticks(rotation=90)
 plt.show()`

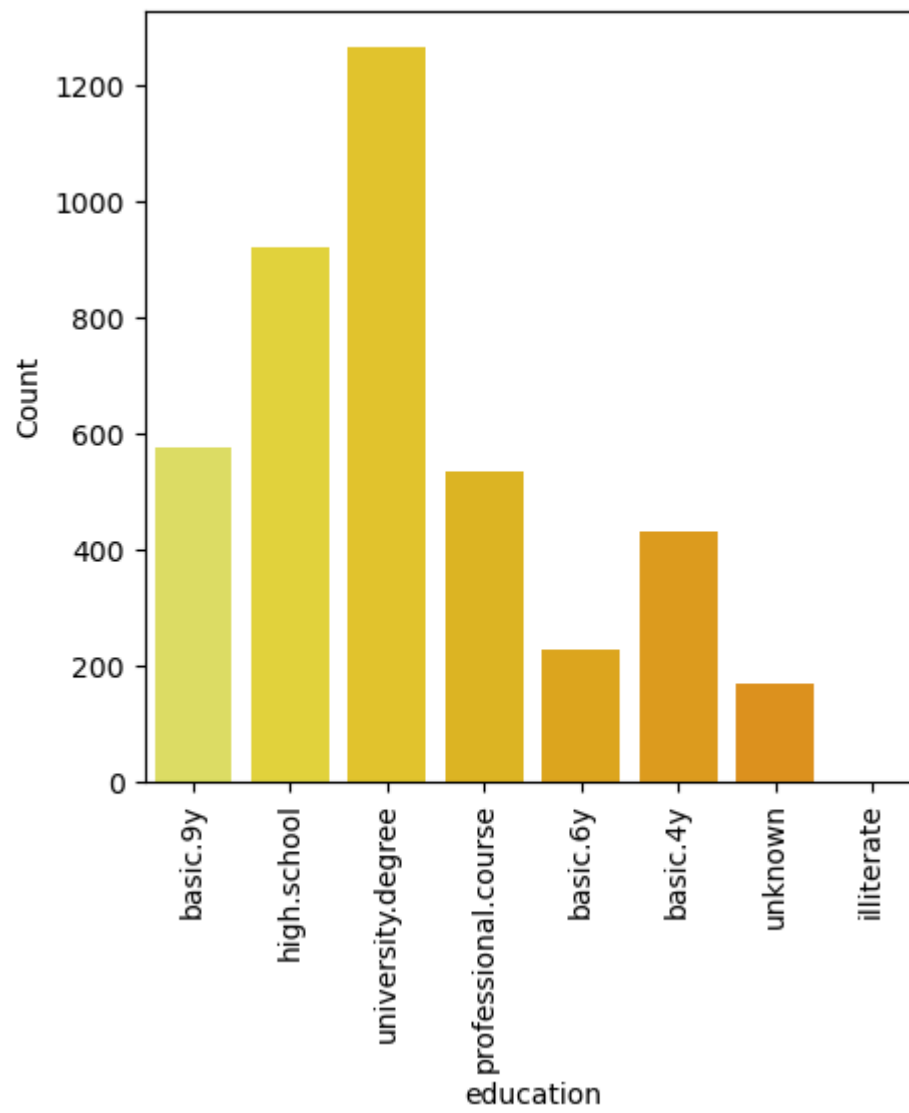
Bar Plot of job



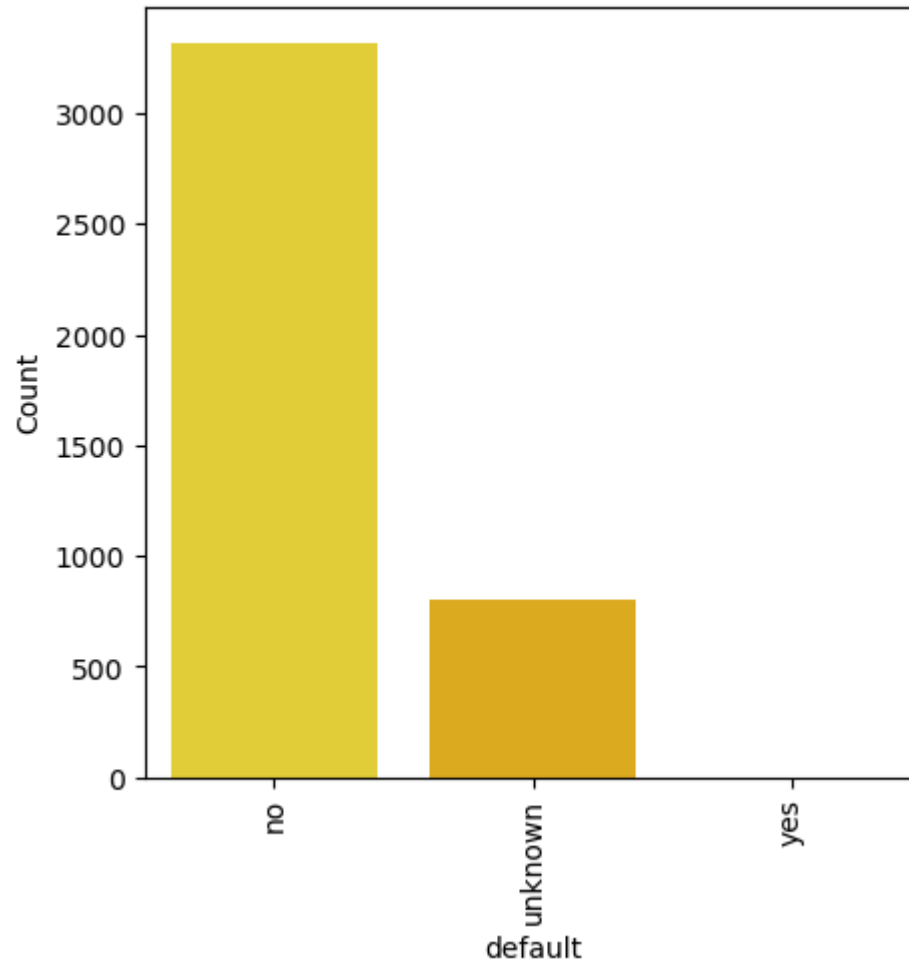
Bar Plot of marital



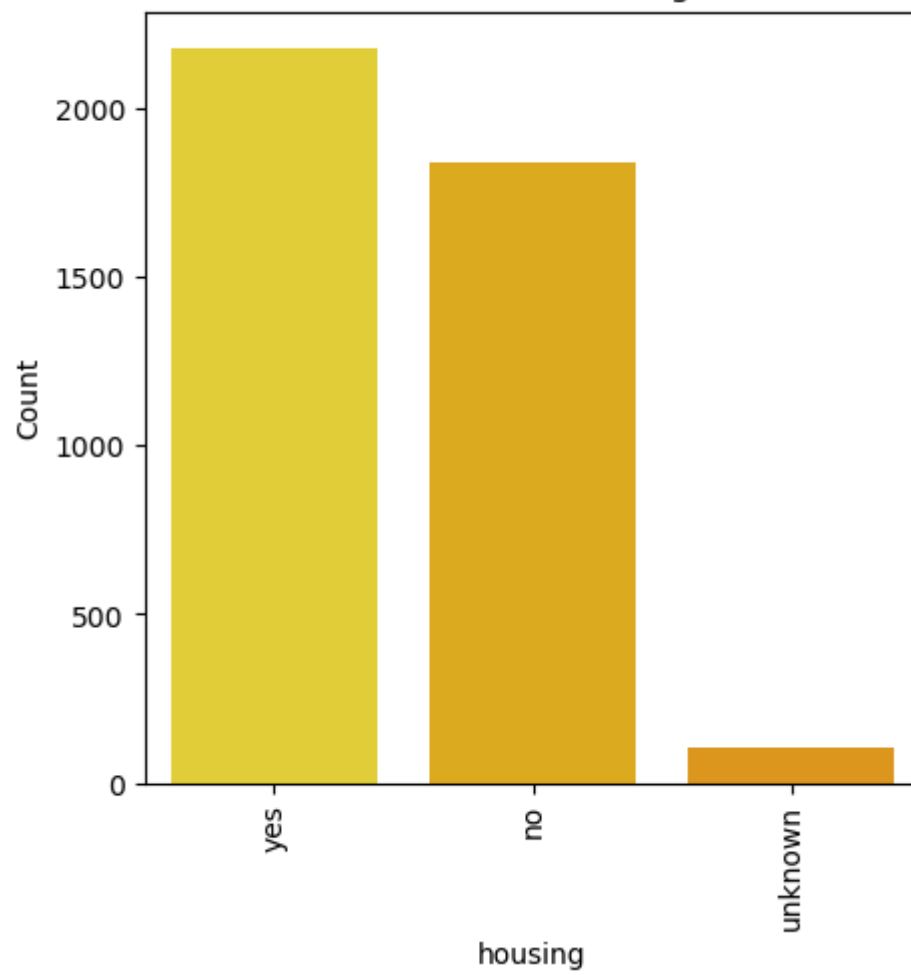
Bar Plot of education



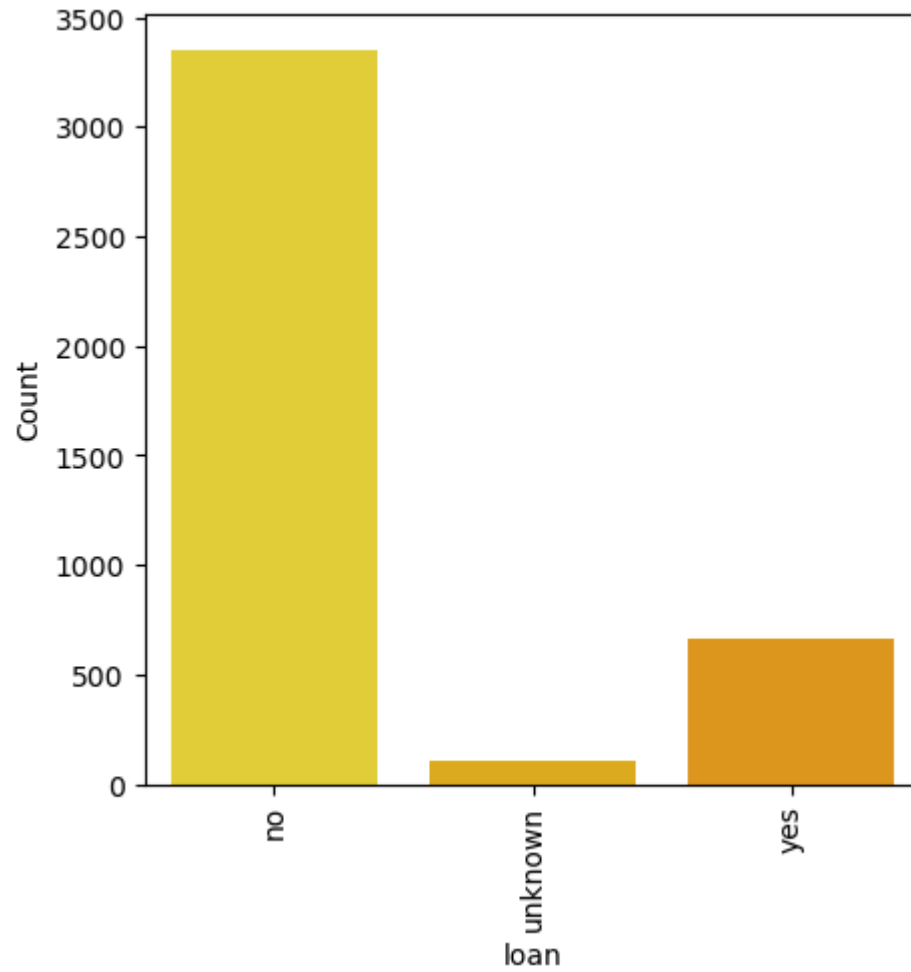
Bar Plot of default



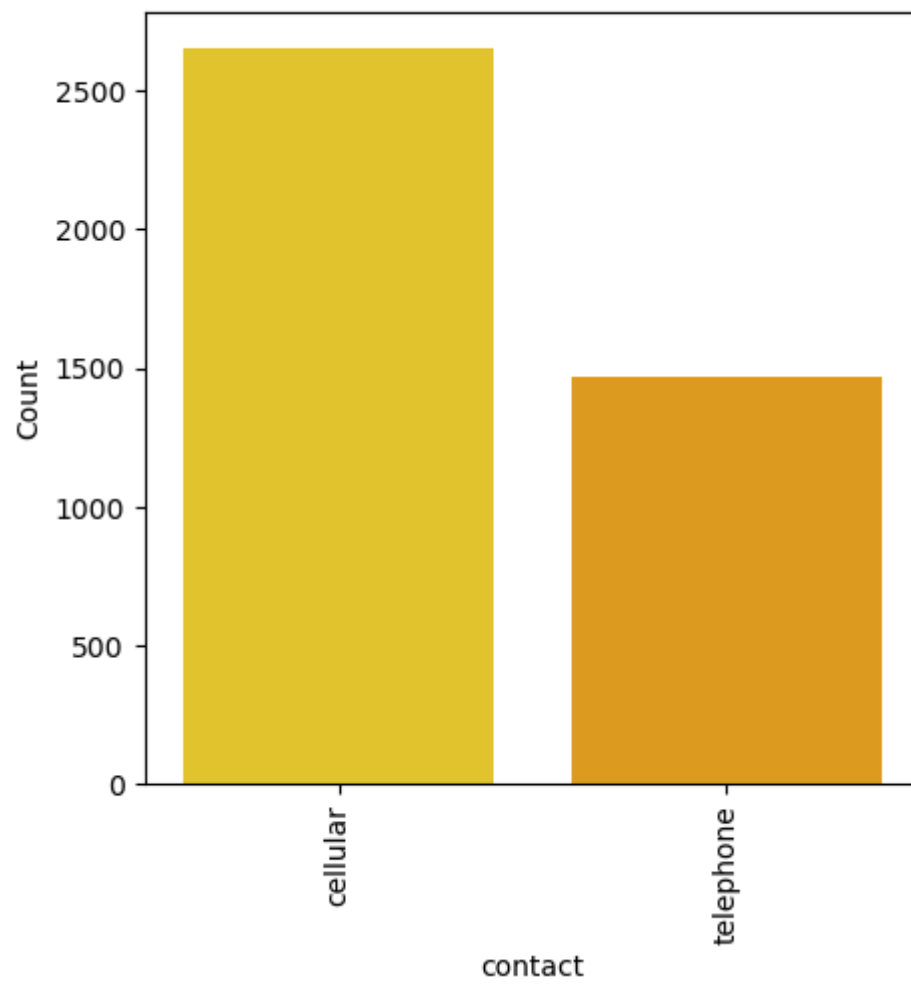
Bar Plot of housing



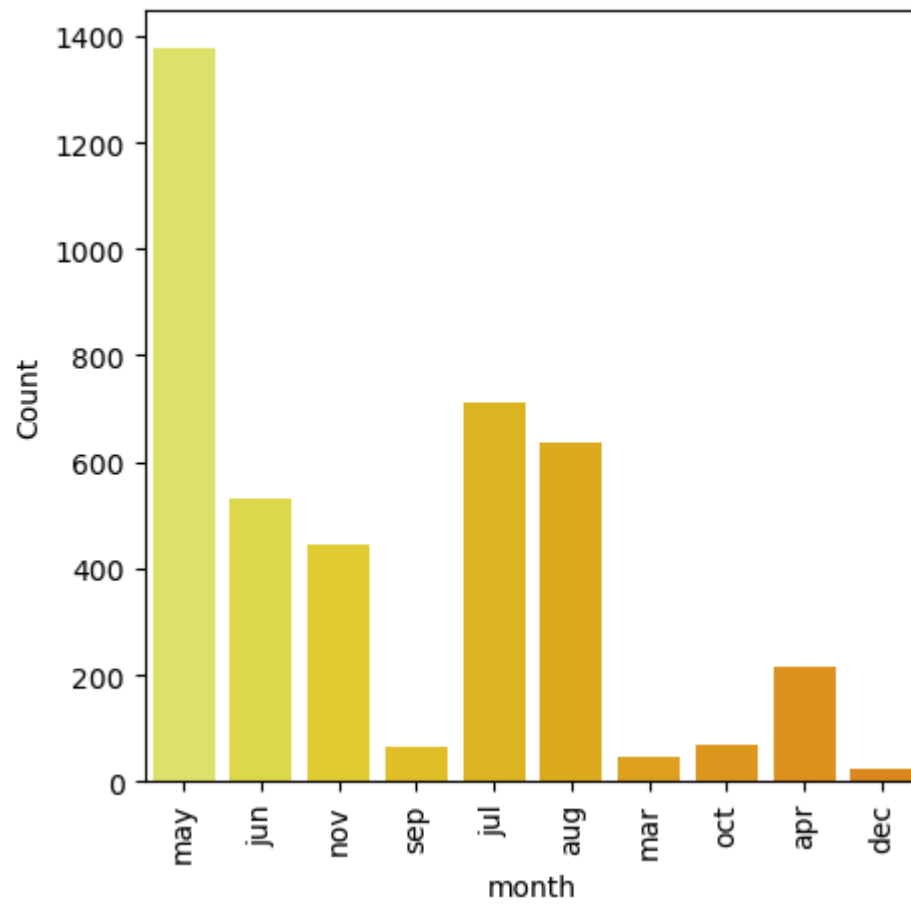
Bar Plot of loan



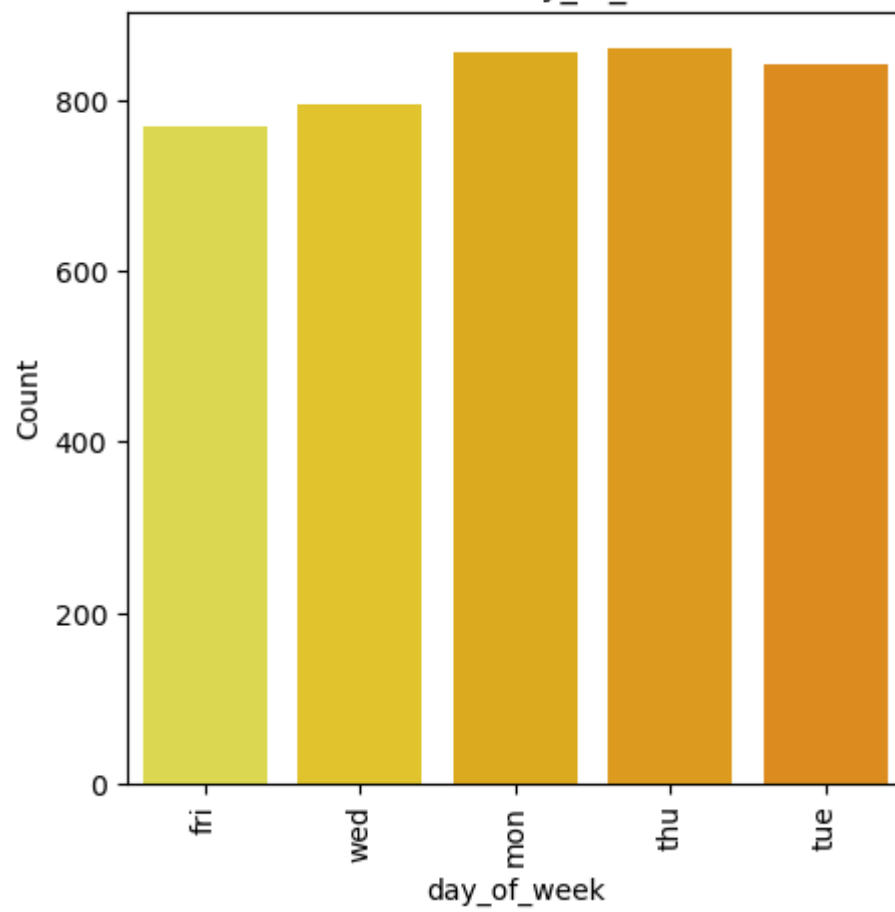
Bar Plot of contact



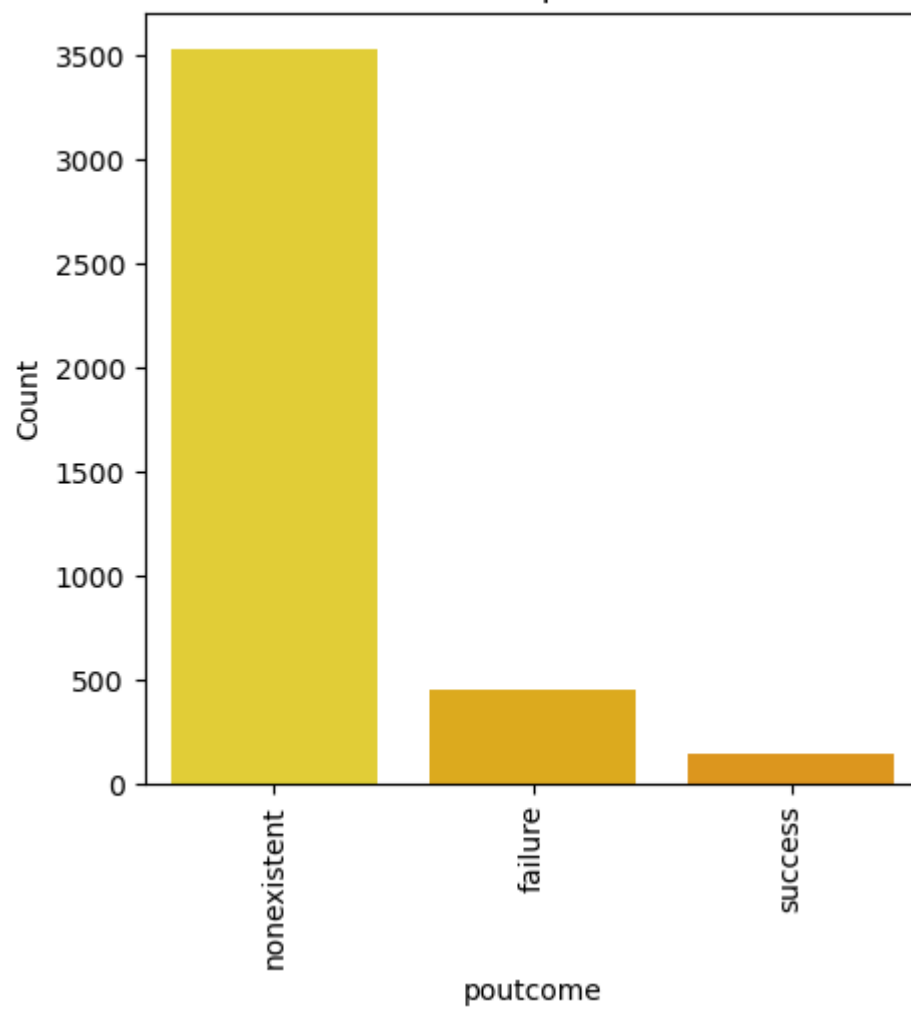
Bar Plot of month



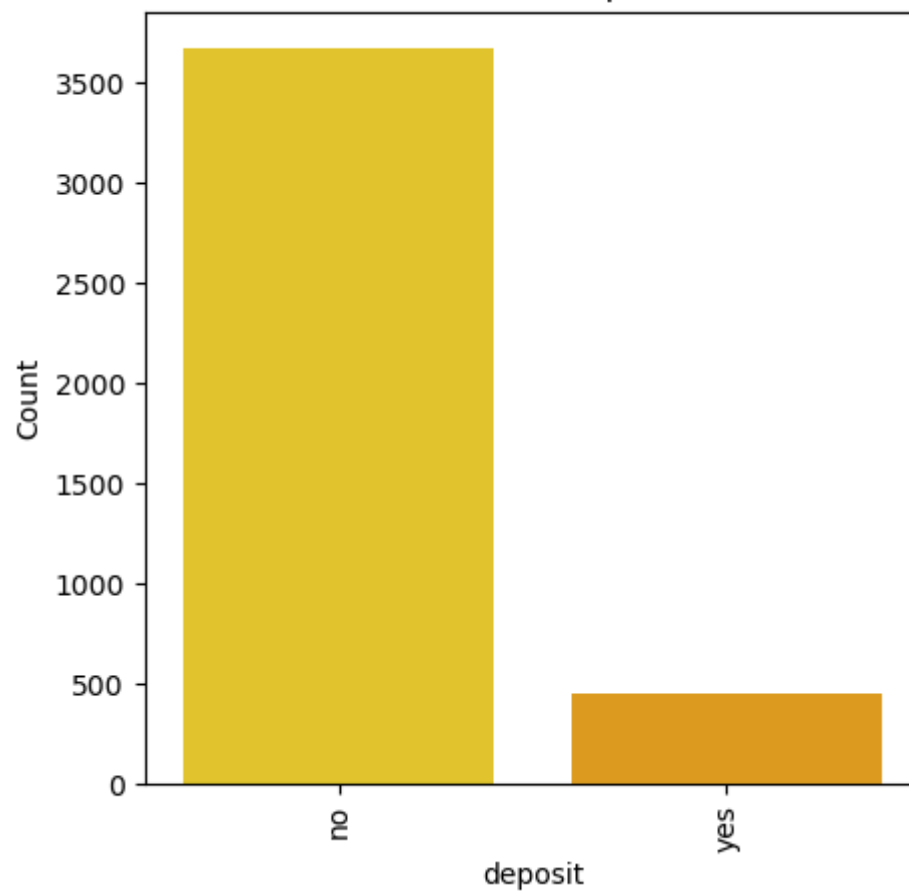
Bar Plot of day_of_week



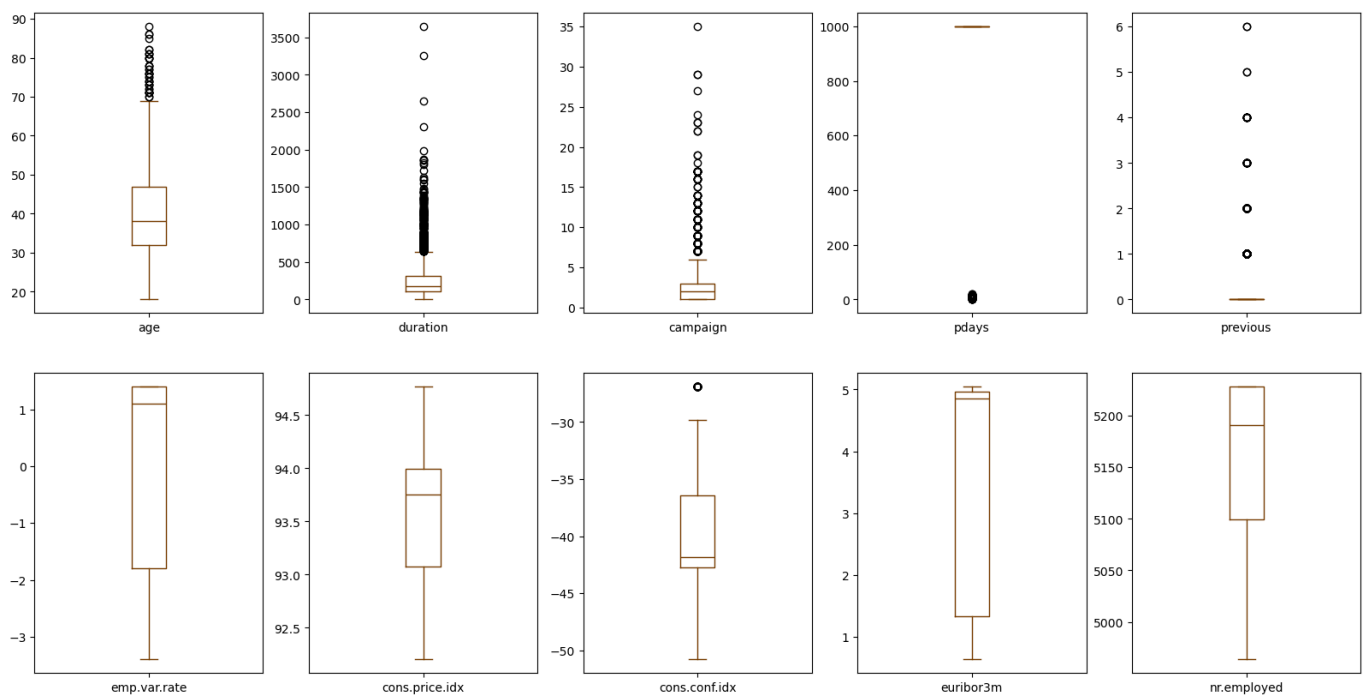
Bar Plot of poutcome



Bar Plot of deposit

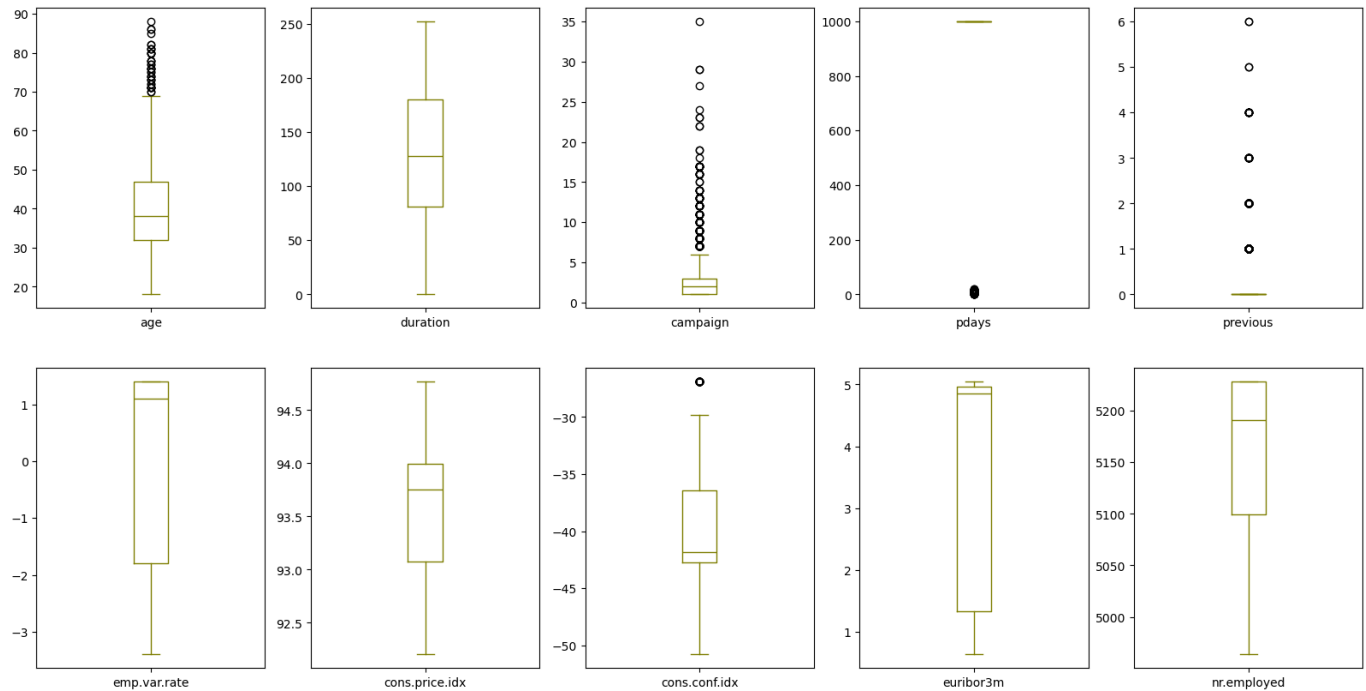


```
In [18]: df.plot(kind='box', subplots=True, layout=(2,5),figsize=(20,10),color='#7b3f00')
plt.show()
```



```
In [19]: column = df[['age','campaign','duration']]
q1 = np.percentile(column, 25)
q3 = np.percentile(column, 75)
iqr = q3 - q1
lower_bound = q1 - 1.5 * iqr
upper_bound = q3 + 1.5 * iqr
df[['age','campaign','duration']] = column[(column > lower_bound) & (column < upper_bound)]
```

```
In [20]: df.plot(kind='box', subplots=True, layout=(2,5),figsize=(20,10),color='#808000')
plt.show()
```



```
In [22]: high_corr_cols = ['emp.var.rate', 'euribor3m', 'nr.employed']
```

```
In [23]: df1 = df.copy()
df1.columns
```

```
Out[23]: Index(['age', 'job', 'marital', 'education', 'default', 'housing', 'loan',
               'contact', 'month', 'day_of_week', 'duration', 'campaign', 'pdays',
               'previous', 'poutcome', 'emp.var.rate', 'cons.price.idx',
               'cons.conf.idx', 'euribor3m', 'nr.employed', 'deposit'],
              dtype='object')
```

```
In [24]: df1.drop(high_corr_cols, inplace=True, axis=1) # axis=1 indicates columns
df1.columns
```

```
Out[24]: Index(['age', 'job', 'marital', 'education', 'default', 'housing', 'loan',
               'contact', 'month', 'day_of_week', 'duration', 'campaign', 'pdays',
               'previous', 'poutcome', 'cons.price.idx', 'cons.conf.idx', 'deposit'],
              dtype='object')
```

```
In [25]: df1.shape
```

```
Out[25]: (4119, 18)
```

```
In [26]: from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
lb = LabelEncoder()
df_encoded = df1.apply(lb.fit_transform)
df_encoded
```

Out[26]:

	age	job	marital	education	default	housing	loan	contact	month	day_of_week	duration
0	12	1	1	2	0	2	0	0	6	0	250
1	21	7	2	3	0	0	0	1	6	0	250
2	7	7	1	3	0	2	0	1	4	4	224
3	20	7	1	2	0	1	1	1	4	0	14
4	29	0	1	6	0	2	0	0	7	1	55
...
4114	12	0	1	1	0	2	2	0	3	2	50
4115	21	0	1	3	0	2	0	1	3	0	216
4116	9	8	2	3	0	0	0	0	6	1	61
4117	40	0	1	3	0	0	0	0	1	0	250
4118	16	4	2	3	0	2	0	0	7	4	172

4119 rows × 18 columns



In [27]: `df_encoded['deposit'].value_counts()`

Out[27]: deposit
0 3668
1 451
Name: count, dtype: int64

In [28]: `x = df_encoded.drop('deposit',axis=1) # independent variable`
`y = df_encoded['deposit'] # dependent variable`
`print(x.shape)`
`print(y.shape)`
`print(type(x))`
`print(type(y))`

(4119, 17)
(4119,)
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
<class 'pandas.core.series.Series'>

In [29]: `from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split`
`print(4119*0.25)`

1029.75

In [30]: `x_train,x_test,y_train,y_test = train_test_split(x,y,test_size=0.25,random_state=1)`
`print(x_train.shape)`
`print(x_test.shape)`
`print(y_train.shape)`
`print(y_test.shape)`

(3089, 17)
(1030, 17)
(3089,)
(1030,)

In [31]: `from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix,classification_report,accuracy_score`
`def eval_model(y_test,y_pred):`
`acc = accuracy_score(y_test,y_pred)`
`print('Accuracy_Score',acc)`

```

cm = confusion_matrix(y_test,y_pred)
print('Confusion Matrix\n',cm)
print('Classification Report\n',classification_report(y_test,y_pred))

def mscore(model):
    train_score = model.score(x_train,y_train)
    test_score = model.score(x_test,y_test)
    print('Training Score',train_score)
    print('Testing Score',test_score)

```

In [32]: `from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier`

```

dt = DecisionTreeClassifier(criterion='gini',max_depth=5,min_samples_split=10)
dt.fit(x_train,y_train)

```

Out[32]: `DecisionTreeClassifier`
`DecisionTreeClassifier(max_depth=5, min_samples_split=10)`

In [33]: `mscore(dt)`

Training Score 0.9148591777274199
Testing Score 0.8990291262135922

In [34]: `ypred_dt = dt.predict(x_test)`
`print(ypred_dt)`

[0 0 1 ... 0 0 0]

In [35]: `eval_model(y_test,ypred_dt)`

Accuracy_Score 0.8990291262135922
Confusion Matrix
[[905 25]
[79 21]]
Classification Report

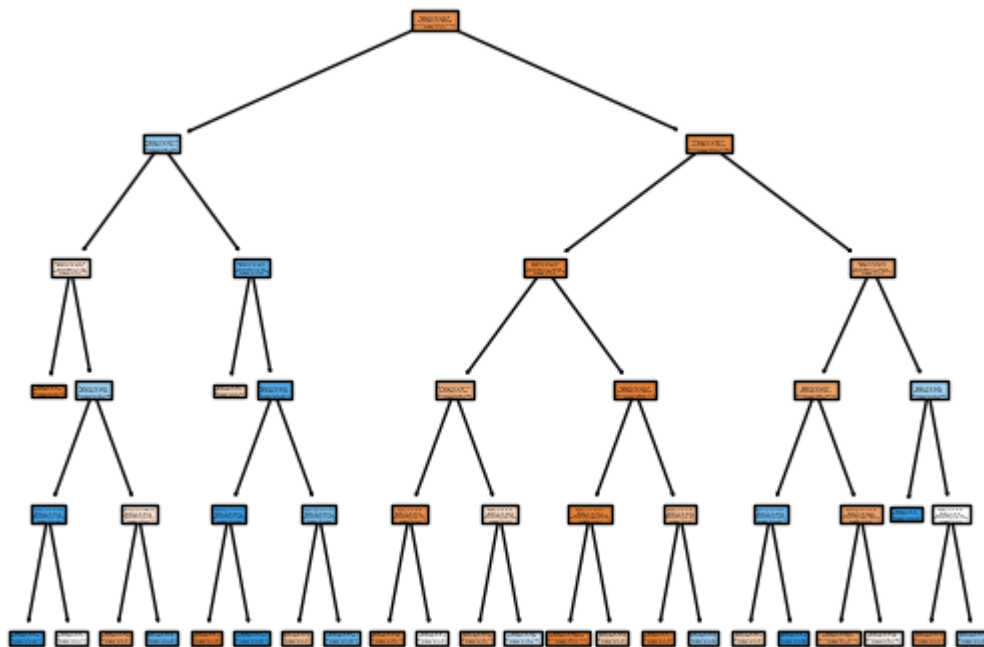
	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.92	0.97	0.95	930
1	0.46	0.21	0.29	100
accuracy			0.90	1030
macro avg	0.69	0.59	0.62	1030
weighted avg	0.87	0.90	0.88	1030

In [36]: `from sklearn.tree import plot_tree`

In [37]: `cn = ['no','yes']`
`fn = x_train.columns`
`print(fn)`
`print(cn)`

Index(['age', 'job', 'marital', 'education', 'default', 'housing', 'loan',
'contact', 'month', 'day_of_week', 'duration', 'campaign', 'pdays',
'previous', 'poutcome', 'cons.price.idx', 'cons.conf.idx'],
dtype='object')
['no', 'yes']

In [38]: `plot_tree(dt,class_names=cn,filled=True)`
`plt.show()`



```
In [39]: dt1 = DecisionTreeClassifier(criterion='entropy',max_depth=4,min_samples_split=15)
dt1.fit(x_train,y_train)
```

```
Out[39]: ▼ DecisionTreeClassifier
DecisionTreeClassifier(criterion='entropy', max_depth=4, min_samples_split=15)
```

```
In [40]: mscore(dt1)
```

Training Score 0.9080608611201036
Testing Score 0.9048543689320389

```
In [41]: ypred_dt1 = dt1.predict(x_test)
```

```
In [42]: eval_model(y_test,ypred_dt1)
```

Accuracy_Score 0.9048543689320389

Confusion Matrix

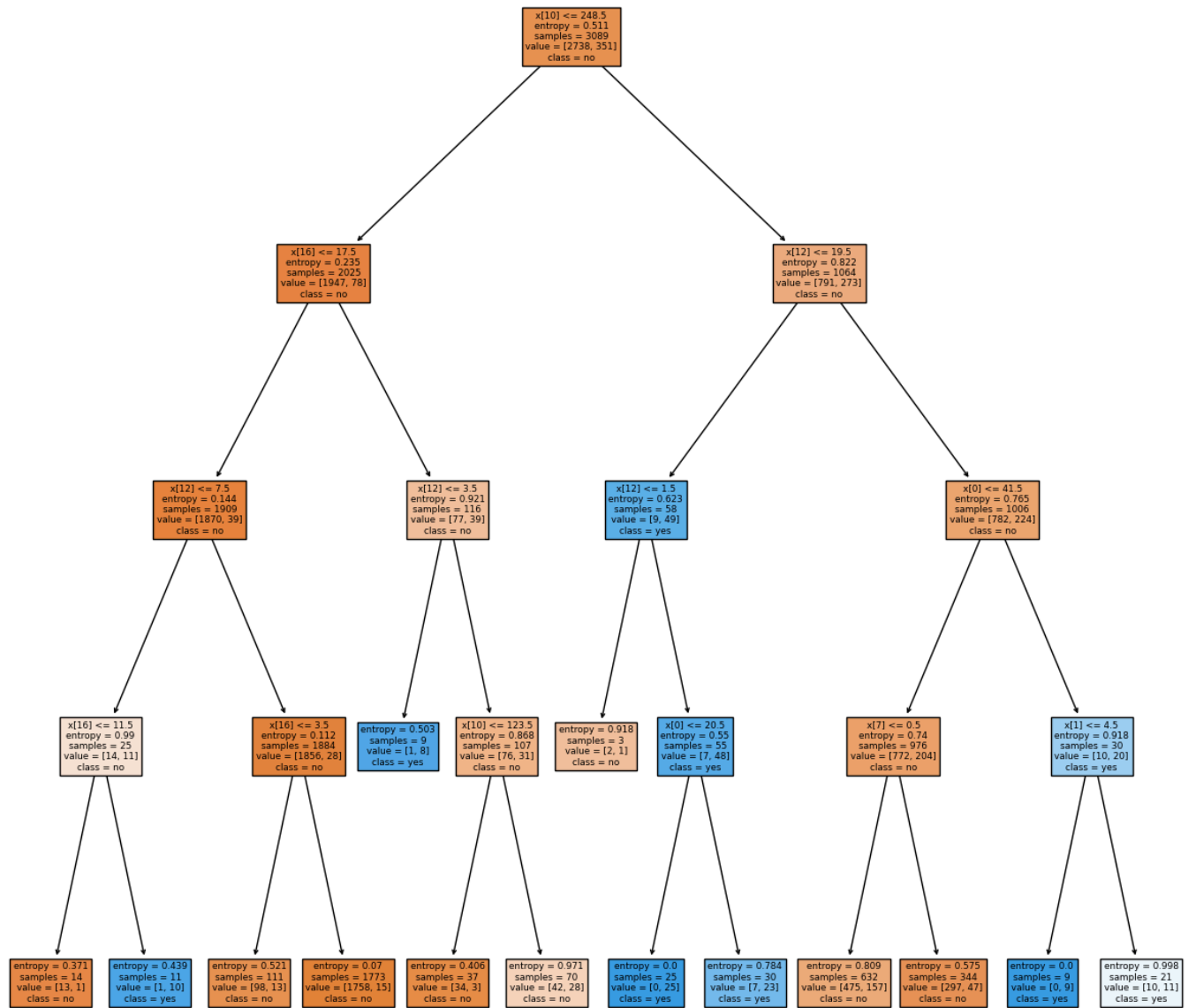
```
[[915 15]
```

```
[ 83 17]]
```

Classification Report

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.92	0.98	0.95	930
1	0.53	0.17	0.26	100
accuracy			0.90	1030
macro avg	0.72	0.58	0.60	1030
weighted avg	0.88	0.90	0.88	1030

```
In [43]: plt.figure(figsize=(15,15))
plot_tree(dt1,class_names=cn,filled=True)
plt.show()
```



In []: