Ex.No.11

TRIGGERS

AIM

To implement and demonstrate the use of database triggers to perform and control INSERT, UPDATE, and DELETE function.

CREATE TABLE

SQL>CREATE TABLE students (student_id NUMBER PRIMARY KEY, name VARCHAR2(50), department VARCHAR2(30));

Table created.

INSERT VALUES TO TABLE

SQL> INSERT INTO students (student id, name, department) VALUES (1, 'Kavin', 'ECE');

1 row created.

SQL> INSERT INTO students (student_id, name, department) VALUES (2, 'Shangav', 'Mechanical');

1 row created.

SQL> INSERT INTO students (student id, name, department) VALUES (3, 'Jegan', 'EEE');

1 row created.

CREATE TABLE student_audit_log (student_id NUMBER, action_time DATE, action_type VARCHAR2(10));

Table created.

SQL> CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER trg insert student

AFTER INSERT ON students

FOR EACH ROW

BEGIN

INSERT INTO student audit log(student id, action time, action type)

VALUES(:NEW.student id, SYSDATE, 'INSERT');

END;

/

```
Trigger created.
SQL> INSERT INTO students (student id, name, department) VALUES (4, 'Kavin',
'Mechanical');
1 row created.
SQL> SELECT * FROM student_audit_log;
STUDENT_ID ACTION_TI ACTION_TYP
    4 06-MAY-25 INSERT
SQL> CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER trg_update_student
AFTER UPDATE ON students
FOR EACH ROW
BEGIN
  INSERT INTO student audit log(student id, action time, action type)
  VALUES(:NEW.student id, SYSDATE, 'UPDATE');
END;
/
Trigger created.
SQL> UPDATE students SET department = 'ECE' WHERE student id = 2;
1 row updated.
SQL> SELECT * FROM student audit log;
STUDENT ID ACTION TI ACTION TYP
    4
               06-MAY-25 INSERT
    2
               06-MAY-25 UPDATE
```

```
SQL> CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER trg_delete_student

AFTER DELETE ON students

FOR EACH ROW

BEGIN

INSERT INTO student_audit_log(student_id, action_time, action_type)

VALUES(:OLD.student_id, SYSDATE, 'DELETE');

END;

/

Trigger created.

SQL> DELETE FROM students WHERE student_id = 3;

1 row deleted.

SQL> SELECT * FROM student_audit_log;

STUDENT_ID ACTION_TI ACTION_TYP
```

STODENT_ID ACTION_IT		ACTION_III
4	06-MAY-25	INSERT
2	06-MAY-25	UPDATE
3	06-MAY-25	DELETE

EXAMPLE 1

INSERT, UPDATE, DELETE ON STUDENTS TABLE

SQL> CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER trg_student_all_actions
AFTER INSERT OR UPDATE OR DELETE ON students
FOR EACH ROW
BEGIN

```
IF INSERTING THEN
    INSERT INTO student audit log(student id, action time, action type)
    VALUES(:NEW.student_id, SYSDATE, 'INSERT');
  ELSIF UPDATING THEN
    INSERT INTO student_audit_log(student_id, action_time, action_type)
    VALUES(:NEW.student id, SYSDATE, 'UPDATE');
  ELSIF DELETING THEN
    INSERT INTO student audit log(student id, action time, action type)
    VALUES(:OLD.student id, SYSDATE, 'DELETE');
  END IF;
END;
Trigger created.
SQL>INSERT INTO students (student id, name, department) VALUES (5, 'Shangav',
'ECE');
1 row created.
SQL>UPDATE students SET department = 'EEE' WHERE student id = 1;
1 row created.
SQL>DELETE FROM students WHERE student id = 2;
1 row deleted.
SQL> SELECT * FROM student_audit_log;
```

STUDENT_ID	ACTION_TI	ACTION_TYP
4	06-MAY-25	INSERT
2	06-MAY-25	UPDATE
3	06-MAY-25	DELETE
5	06-MAY-25	INSERT

5	06-MAY-25	INSERT
1	06-MAY-25	UPDATE
1	06-MAY-25	UPDATE
2	06-MAY-25	DELETE
2	06-MAY-25	DELETE

9 rows selected.

EXAMPLE 2

PREVENT NULL VALUE FOR DEPARTMENT

SQL> CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER trg_prevent_null_dept

BEFORE UPDATE ON students

FOR EACH ROW

BEGIN

IF: NEW.department IS NULL THEN

RAISE_APPLICATION_ERROR(-20002, 'Department cannot be set to NULL.');

END IF;

END;

/

Trigger created

UPDATE students SET department = NULL WHERE student_id = 1;

ERROR at line 1:

ORA-20002: Department cannot be set to NULL.

ORA-06512: at "SYSTEM.TRG_PREVENT_NULL_DEPT", line 3

ORA-04088: error during execution of trigger 'SYSTEM.TRG_PREVENT_NULL_DEPT'

CONTENTS	MARKS ALLOTED	MARKS OBTAINED
Aim,Algorithm,SQL,PL/SQL	30	
Execution and Result	20	
Viva	10	
Total	60	

RESULT

The experiment effectively demonstrated the use of database triggers in enforcing business rules and automatically maintaining audit trails.