Sudo apt-get update – Update the packagesSudo apt-get upgrade – Install the updated packages

Process Management

P	C	
		ı

ps -f → Process runnin with full information

KILL

kill pid → kill process with process id

TOP

top → all information about process memory usage statistics

Memory Usage Commands

free

/proc/meminfo

vmstat

top

Free command

free -m -- is the most simple and easy to use command to check memory usage on linux.

/proc/meminfo

cat /proc/meminfo -- virtual files that contain dynamic information about the kernel and the

system.

Vmstat

vmstat -s -- lays out memory information in statistics.

Top command

top -- memory usage and cpu usage

DF

Amount of disk space available on the file system.

DU

Amount of disk space available on the file system.

du -a -h -c * -- print sizes in -a -> all files, -h -> human readable, -c -> with total size

CHMOD command

Update permission to a file or directory.

Command:

chmod [reference] [operator] [mode] file

Reference	Operator	Mode
u – user	+ - add these mode	rwx
g – group	remove these modes	r- read
o – others	= - assign similar mode	w - write
a – all		x - execute

Find Command

Command operations	man find
To find all files and directories under the current directory	find .
To find all directories and file below a directory	find <directory_name></directory_name>
To find all directories and subdirectories in the current directory	findtype d
To find all files under the current directory	findtype f
To find a specific file under the current directory	findtype f -name "filename.txt"

To find a file whose name is partially known	find . type f -name "partiallyknownname*"
case insensitive:	find . type f -iname "partiallyknownname*"
To find a files with certain extension	find . type f -iname "*.txt"
To find files that were modified minutes ago	findtype f -mmin - <minutes></minutes>
to find files that were modified more than 10 mins ago	findtype f -mmin +10
file modifies more than 1 min ago but less than 5 mins	find . type f -mmin +1 -mmin -5
to find files that were modified certain days ago	find . type -f -mtime -20
To find files over a certain memory Below 5MB	findtype f -size -5M k-KB , G-GB
To find all files that are empty	findempty
Find all files with certain permission To find files with all permissions	findperm 777

GREP Command

Searches for a pattern and outputs all lines matching the pattern.

grep [options] pattern [files]

example:

grep -w "search_string" <filename.txt> -- Only exact words will be listed
grep -wi "search_string" <filename.txt> -- Case insensitive
grep -n "search_string" <filename.txt> -- Line numbers

grep "search_string" <filename.txt> -- Results will be listed out, even if the search string is a substring

grep -n -B4 "search_string" <filename.txt> -- displays 4 lines before match. A for after

grep -irnw "search pattern" * -- Searches for pattern recursively in directories and sub dir

grep -irnw -m1 "search patter" * -- same as above, but checks only for 1st match in all files.

Sed Command

sed -e 'nd' <filename> -- deletes nth line of the file.

sed -e 'a,bd' <filename> -- deletes over a file range from a to b

sed -e 'n,\$d' <filename> -- delete from nth line to last line of the file.

sed 's/text1/text2/g' filename -- searches for all occurrence of text1 and replaces with text2

if specials character there then add a \ before every special char

if g not specified replaces only first occurrence. Nth occurrence

can be mentioned instead of g.

sed '1,3 s/unix/linux/' <filename> -- replaces over 1 2 and 3rd line.

AWK Command

Manipulating data and generating reports

awk '{print}' <filename> -- Print all lines in the file

awk '/<pattern>/ {print}' <filename> -- Print all lines matching the pattern.

awk '{print \$1,\$4}' <filename> -- print first word and 4th word of every line

awk '{print NR,\$0}' <filename> -- Print all lines with line number

awk '{print \$1,\$NF}' <filename> -- Print first and last field

awk 'NR==3, NR==6 {print NR,\$0}' <filename> -- Print form line 3 to line 6

awk 'END { print NR }' <filename> -- Print No of line in the file

LS command

List all files

Is -a | wc -l -- count of all files present

WGET

To download a file from the internet

Downloading by passing credentials

wget --user <username> --password <password> <URL including https>

SSH command

ssh username@<ip-address> -i private_key

without paraphrase: ssh-keygen -f ubuntu -t rsa -N "

with supplied paraphrase: ssh-keygen -f ubuntu -t rsa -N '12345'

IFCONFIG

Check the ip address and configuration assigned to the system.

Traceroute

Displays the routers the packet passes on its path to the destination.

DIG command

Returns the answers returned by DNS records

```
jeevan@jeevan-VirtualBox:~$ dig google.com
; <<>> DiG 9.9.5-3ubuntu0.18-Ubuntu <<>> google.com
;; global options: +cmd
;; Got answer:
;; ->>HEADER<<- opcode: QUERY, status: NOERROR, id: 12259
;; flags: qr rd ra; QUERY: 1, ANSWER: 1, AUTHORITY: 0, ADDITIONAL: 1
;; OPT PSEUDOSECTION:
; EDNS: version: 0, flags:; udp: 512
;; QUESTION SECTION:
;google.com.
                            IN
                                     Α
;; ANSWER SECTION:
                      42 IN A 216.58.194.174
google.com.
;; Query time: 40 msec
;; SERVER: 127.0.1.1#53(127.0.1.1)
;; WHEN: Mon Feb 04 13:23:54 PST 2019
;; MSG SIZE rcvd: 55
```

Telnet

To check connectivity between two hosts.

telnet hostname portno

NSLOOKUP

To find entries on the DNS servers

```
jeevan@jeevan-VirtualBox:~$ nslookup google.com
Server: 127.0.1.1
Address: 127.0.1.1#53

Non-authoritative answer:
Name: google.com
Address: 172.217.6.78

jeevan@jeevan-VirtualBox:~$
```

NETSTAT

Summary of all ports connected and their status

W

Summary of current activity on the host

```
jeevan@jeevan-VirtualBox:~$ w
14:31:41 up 1:21, 2 users, load average: 0.20, 0.16, 0.11
USER
        TTY
                 FROM
                                LOGIN@
                                         IDLE
                                              JCPU PCPU WHAT
jeevan
        :0
                 :0
                                 13:11
                                        ?xdm?
                                                9:03 0.90s init --user
        pts/13
                :0
                                 13:12
                                        5.00s 0.41s 0.02s w
jeevan
jeevan@jeevan-VirtualBox:~$
```

NMAP

Checks the open ports on the server

```
jeevan@jeevan-VirtualBox:~$ nmap 10.0.0.246
Starting Nmap 6.40 ( http://nmap.org ) at 2019-02-04 14:47 PST
Nmap scan report for 10.0.0.246
Host is up (1.0s latency).
Not shown: 995 closed ports
PORT
        STATE
                 SERVICE
25/tcp filtered smtp
110/tcp filtered pop3
135/tcp open
                 msrpc
139/tcp open netbios-ssn
445/tcp open microsoft-ds
                 microsoft-ds
Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 25.38 seconds
jeevan@jeevan-VirtualBox:~$
```

https://www.tecmint.com/nmap-command-examples/

IFUP / IFDOWN

To enable or disable a network interface.

Example

Ifup eth0

Ifdown eth0

SCP

Secure copy files from other hosts in the network

ARP command

ARP table on the host machine

```
jeevan@jeevan-VirtualBox:~$ arp
Address HWtype HWaddress Flags Mask Iface
10.0.2.2 ether 52:54:00:12:35:02 C eth0
jeevan@jeevan-VirtualBox:~$
```

Route Command

Routing table on the host machine

```
jeevan@jeevan-VirtualBox:~$ route
Kernel IP routing table
Destination Gateway
                              Genmask
                                             Flags Metric Ref
                                                                Use Iface
              10.0.2.2
default
                              0.0.0.0
                                                   0
                                                         0
                                                                  0 eth0
                                             UG
10.0.2.0
                              255.255.255.0
                                             U
                                                         0
                                                                  0 eth0
jeevan@jeevan-VirtualBox:~$
```

Adding a default gateway

route add -net <ipaddress> gw <gateway ipaddress>

default gateway

route add default gw <gateway ip address>

HOST Command

```
jeevan@jeevan-VirtualBox:~$ host www.google.com
www.google.com has address 216.58.194.196
www.google.com has IPv6 address 2607:f8b0:4005:804::2004
jeevan@jeevan-VirtualBox:~$
```

Security commands

Checksum – used to validate integrity of our files

Command: cksum <filename.txt>

Output → checksum , size in bytes, filename