

IFCONFIG

Check the ip address and configuration assigned to the system.

Traceroute

Displays the routers the packet passes on its path to the destination.

DIG command

Returns the answers returned by DNS records

```
jeevan@jeevan-VirtualBox:~$ dig google.com

; <<>> DiG 9.9.5-3ubuntu0.18-Ubuntu <<>> google.com
;; global options: +cmd
;; Got answer:
;; ->>HEADER<<- opcode: QUERY, status: NOERROR, id: 12259
;; flags: qr rd ra; QUERY: 1, ANSWER: 1, AUTHORITY: 0, ADDITIONAL: 1

;; OPT PSEUDOSECTION:
; EDNS: version: 0, flags:; udp: 512
;; QUESTION SECTION:
;google.com.                IN      A

;; ANSWER SECTION:
google.com.                 42      IN      A      216.58.194.174

;; Query time: 40 msec
;; SERVER: 127.0.1.1#53(127.0.1.1)
;; WHEN: Mon Feb 04 13:23:54 PST 2019
;; MSG SIZE rcvd: 55
```

Telnet

To check connectivity between two hosts.

telnet **hostname** **portno**

NSLOOKUP

To find entries on the DNS servers

```
jeevan@jeevan-VirtualBox:~$ nslookup google.com
Server:          127.0.1.1
Address:         127.0.1.1#53

Non-authoritative answer:
Name:   google.com
Address: 172.217.6.78

jeevan@jeevan-VirtualBox:~$
```

NETSTAT

Summary of all ports connected and their status

W

Summary of current activity on the host

```
jeevan@jeevan-VirtualBox:~$ w
14:31:41 up 1:21, 2 users, load average: 0.20, 0.16, 0.11
USER      TTY      FROM          LOGIN@      IDLE        JCPU       PCPU WHAT
jeevan    :0        :0            13:11       ?xdm?       9:03       0.90s init --user
jeevan    pts/13    :0            13:12       5.00s       0.41s       0.02s w
jeevan@jeevan-VirtualBox:~$
```

NMAP

Checks the open ports on the server

```
jeevan@jeevan-VirtualBox:~$ nmap 10.0.0.246

Starting Nmap 6.40 ( http://nmap.org ) at 2019-02-04 14:47 PST
Nmap scan report for 10.0.0.246
Host is up (1.0s latency).
Not shown: 995 closed ports
PORT      STATE      SERVICE
25/tcp    filtered  smtp
110/tcp   filtered  pop3
135/tcp   open      msrpc
139/tcp   open      netbios-ssn
445/tcp   open      microsoft-ds

Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 25.38 seconds
jeevan@jeevan-VirtualBox:~$
```

<https://www.tecmint.com/nmap-command-examples/>

IFUP / IFDOWN

To enable or disable a network interface.

Example

Ifup eth0

Ifdown eth0

SCP

Secure copy files from other hosts in the network

ARP command

ARP table on the host machine

```
jeevan@jeevan-VirtualBox:~$ arp
Address                  HWtype  HWaddress           Flags Mask            Iface
10.0.2.2                  ether    52:54:00:12:35:02    C                    eth0
jeevan@jeevan-VirtualBox:~$
```

Route Command

Routing table on the host machine

```
jeevan@jeevan-VirtualBox:~$ route
Kernel IP routing table
Destination      Gateway         Genmask         Flags Metric Ref    Use Iface
default          10.0.2.2       0.0.0.0         UG    0      0        0 eth0
10.0.2.0         *              255.255.255.0   U      1      0        0 eth0
jeevan@jeevan-VirtualBox:~$
```

Adding a default gateway

```
route add -net <ipaddress> gw <gateway ipaddress>
```

default gateway

```
route add default gw <gateway ip address>
```

HOST Command

Name to ip and Ip to name

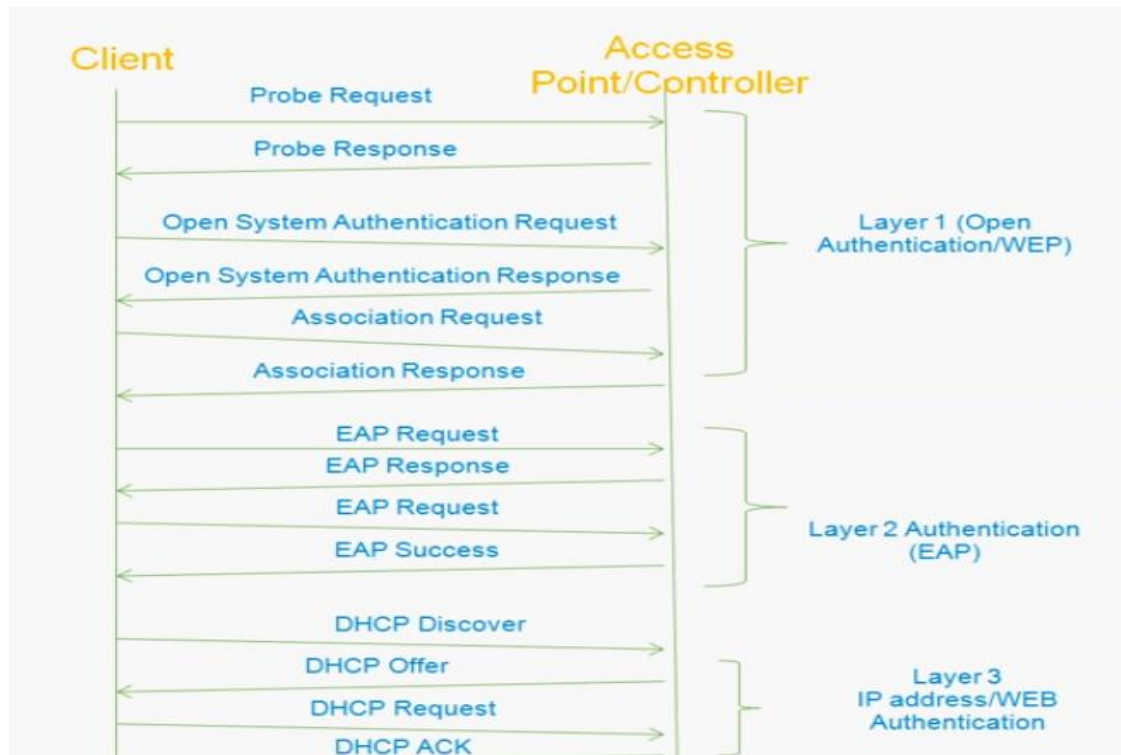
```
jeevan@jeevan-VirtualBox:~$ host www.google.com
www.google.com has address 216.58.194.196
www.google.com has IPv6 address 2607:f8b0:4005:804::2004
jeevan@jeevan-VirtualBox:~$
```

Checking Network Connectivity Issues

1. Check LAN and WAN connections
2. Verify wireless adapter
3. Verify AP and router settings.
 - a. Verify SSID details (network parameters)
 - b. Identify the subnet and whether the client has the ip address.
 - c. Verify if the ip address of your desktop is assigned by the router.
4. Verify TCP/IP setting in the desktop.
5. Use ping to verify connectivity.
6. Check wireless specifications issue whether standards.

Client Connectivity Issues

Normal Connection Proceedure



Layer 1 Authentication: To find all the available SSIDs or Available wireless networks over the air. After the response. Association request is sent. Agreeing to IEEE formats 802.1 or any.

Layer 2 Authentication: Authentication over data link layer.

Possible problems:

Wrong EAP authentication,

Layer 3: To get an IP address.

Possible problems:

DHCP proxy enable or disable

SSID mismatch

Troubleshooting Client:

3 commands:

1. `debug client <MAC address>`

2. show debug → Policy manager state important one that gives status
3. debug disable-all

Client details

Show client <Mac address>

Client Connectivity

<https://community.cisco.com/t5/wireless-mobility-videos/troubleshooting-client-connection-issue-on-cisco-wireless/ba-p/3102725>