

Rajalakshmi Engineering College

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NeoColab_REC_CS23231_DATA STRUCTURES

REC_DS using C_Week 5_COD_Question 4

Attempt : 1
Total Mark : 10
Marks Obtained : 10

Section 1 : Coding

1. Problem Statement

John, a computer science student, is learning about binary search trees (BST) and their properties. He decides to write a program to create a BST, display it in post-order traversal, and find the minimum value present in the tree.

Help him by implementing the program.

Input Format

The first line of input consists of an integer N, representing the number of elements to insert into the BST.

The second line consists of N space-separated integers data, which is the data to be inserted into the BST.

Output Format

The first line of output prints the space-separated elements of the BST in post-order traversal.

The second line prints the minimum value found in the BST.

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: 3

5 10 15

Output: 15 10 5

The minimum value in the BST is: 5

Answer

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
#include <stdlib.h>
```

```
struct Node {  
    int data;  
    struct Node* left;  
    struct Node* right;  
};
```

```
struct Node* createNode(int data) {  
    struct Node* newNode = (struct Node*)malloc(sizeof(struct Node));  
    newNode->data = data;  
    newNode->left = newNode->right = NULL;  
    return newNode;  
}
```

```
#include <iostream>  
using namespace std;
```

```
class Node {  
public:  
    int data;  
    Node* left;  
    Node* right;
```

```

Node(int value) {
    data = value;
    left = right = nullptr;
}
};

class BST {
private:
    Node* root;

public:
    BST() {
        root = nullptr;
    }

    void insert(int value) {
        root = insertNode(root, value);
    }

    Node* insertNode(Node* root, int value) {
        if (!root) return new Node(value);
        if (value < root->data) root->left = insertNode(root->left, value);
        else root->right = insertNode(root->right, value);
        return root;
    }

    void postorder(Node* root) {
        if (!root) return;
        postorder(root->left);
        postorder(root->right);
        cout << root->data << " ";
    }

    int findMin(Node* root) {
        while (root->left) {
            root = root->left;
        }
        return root->data;
    }

    void displayPostorder() {

```

```

        postorder(root);
        cout << endl;
    }

    void displayMinValue() {
        cout << "The minimum value in the BST is: " << findMin(root) << endl;
    }
};

int main() {
    BST tree;
    int N, value;

    // Read the number of elements in BST
    cin >> N;

    // Insert elements into BST
    for (int i = 0; i < N; i++) {
        cin >> value;
        tree.insert(value);
    }

    // Perform post-order traversal
    tree.displayPostorder();

    // Print the minimum value
    tree.displayMinValue();

    return 0;
}

int main() {
    struct Node* root = NULL;
    int n, data;
    scanf("%d", &n);

    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        scanf("%d", &data);
        root = insert(root, data);
    }

    displayTreePostOrder(root);
    printf("\n");
}

```

```
int minValue = findMinValue(root);  
printf("The minimum value in the BST is: %d", minValue);  
  
return 0;  
}
```

Status : Correct

Marks : 10/10