

DSA PRACTICE QUESTIONS- DAY 9

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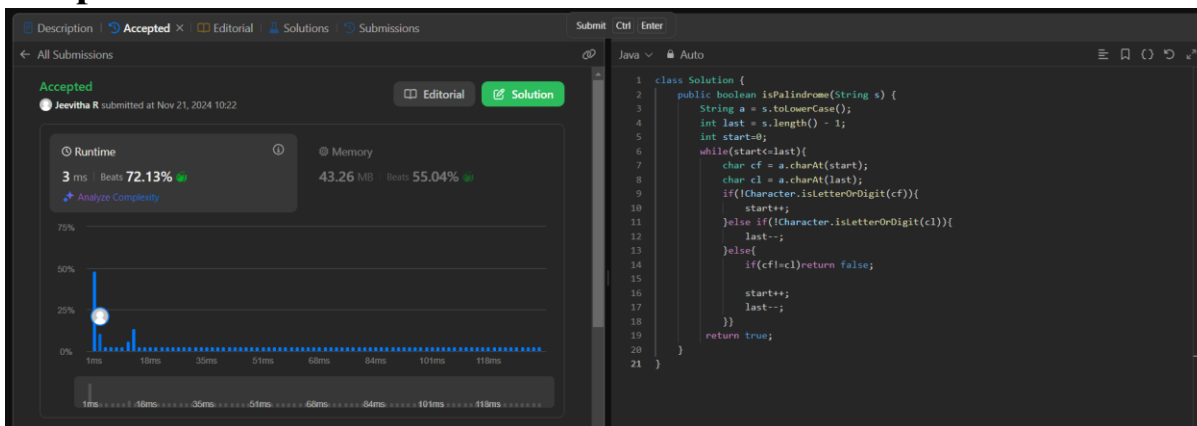
REG NO: 22IT040

DATE: 21/11/2024

1. Valid Palindrome

```
class Solution {  
    public boolean isPalindrome(String s) {  
        String a = s.toLowerCase();  
        int last = s.length() - 1;  
        int start=0;  
        while(start<=last){  
            char cf = a.charAt(start);  
            char cl = a.charAt(last);  
            if(!Character.isLetterOrDigit(cf)){  
                start++;  
            }else if(!Character.isLetterOrDigit(cl)){  
                last--;  
            }else{  
                if(cf!=cl)return false;  
            }  
            start++;  
            last--;  
        }  
        return true;  
    }  
}
```

Output



Time complexity: $O(n)$

Space complexity: $O(1)$

2. Is Subsequence

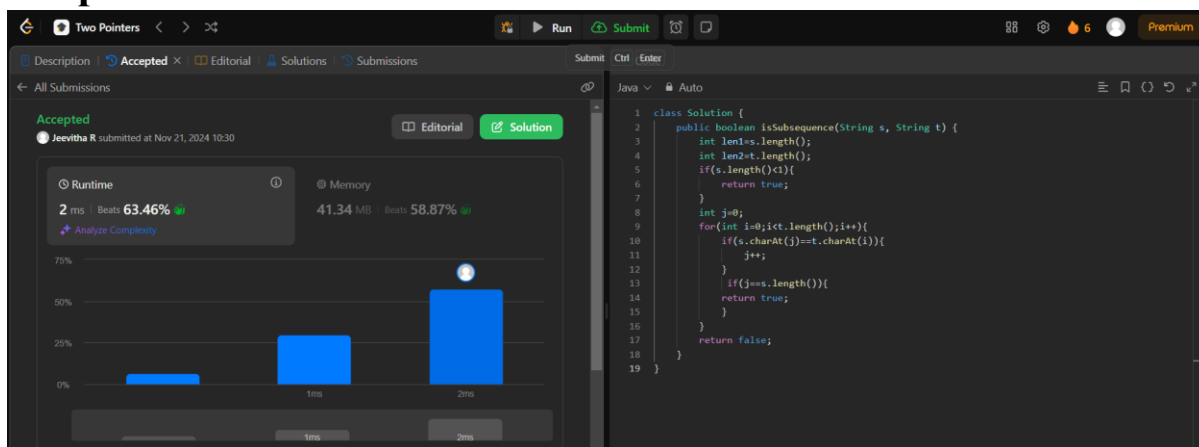
Code Solution

```

class Solution {
    public boolean isSubsequence(String s, String t) {
        int len1=s.length();
        int len2=t.length();
        if(s.length()<1){
            return true;
        }
        int j=0;
        for(int i=0;i<t.length();i++){
            if(s.charAt(j)==t.charAt(i)){
                j++;
            }
            if(j==s.length()){
                return true;
            }
        }
        return false;
    }
}

```

Output



Time complexity: $O(n)$

Space complexity: $O(1)$

3. Two Sum II- Input Array is Sorted

```

class Solution {
    public int[] twoSum(int[] numbers, int target) {
        int[] res= new int[2];
        int n= numbers.length;
        int h= n-1;
        int i=0;
        while(h>i){

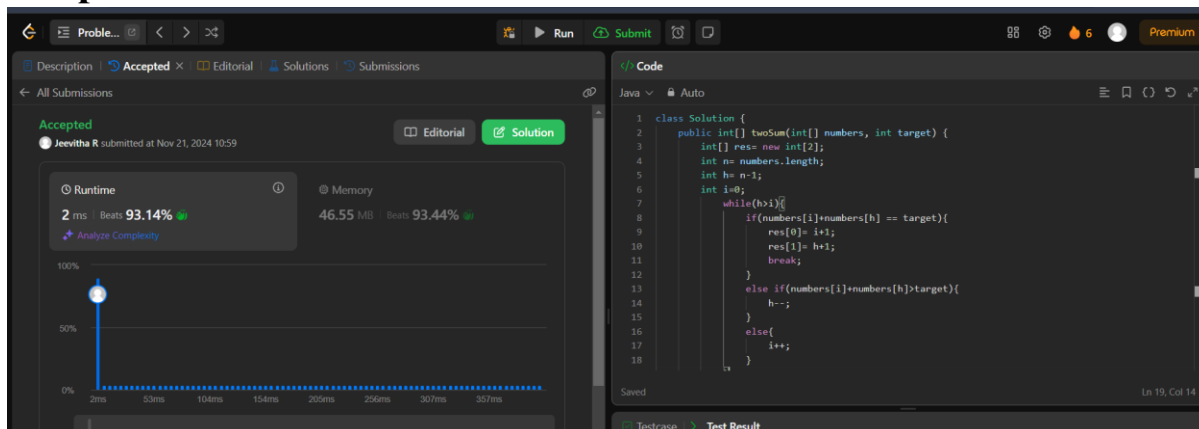
```

```

        if(numbers[i]+numbers[h] == target){
            res[0]= i+1;
            res[1]= h+1;
            break;
        }
        else if(numbers[i]+numbers[h]>target){
            h--;
        }
        else{
            i++;
        }
    }
    return res;
}
}

```

Output



Time complexity: $O(n)$

Space complexity: $O(1)$

4. Container with most water

```

class Solution {
    public int maxArea(int[] height) {
        int left=0;
        int right=height.length-1;
        int maxArea=0;
        int area=0;
        while(left<right){
            area=Math.min(height[left], height[right])*(right-left);
            maxArea=Math.max(area,maxArea);
            if(height[left]<height[right])
                left++;
        }
    }
}

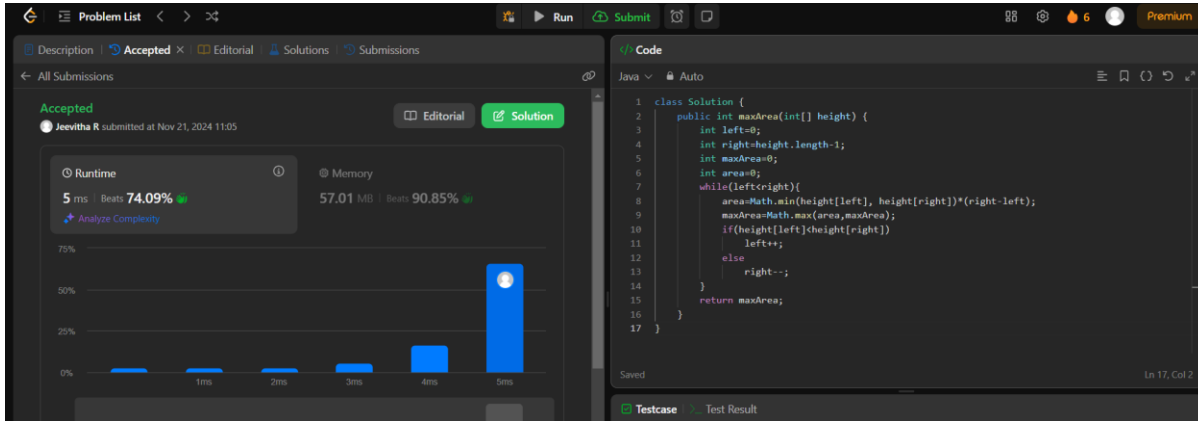
```

```

        else
            right--;
    }
    return maxArea;
}
}

```

Output



Time complexity: $O(n)$

Space complexity: $O(1)$

5. 3Sum

```

class Solution {
    public List<List<Integer>> threeSum(int[] nums) {
        List<List<Integer>> res = new ArrayList<>();
        Arrays.sort(nums);
        for (int i=0; i<nums.length; i++){
            if (i>0 && nums[i] == nums[i-1]){
                continue;
            }
            int j= i+1;
            int k= nums.length-1;
            while(j<k){
                int total= nums[i]+nums[j]+nums[k];
                if (total>0){
                    k--;
                } else if(total<0) {
                    j++;
                } else{
                    res.add(Arrays.asList(nums[i], nums[j], nums[k]));
                    j++;
                    while(nums[j] == nums[j-1] && j<k){
                        j++;
                    }
                    while(nums[k] == nums[k-1] && j<k){

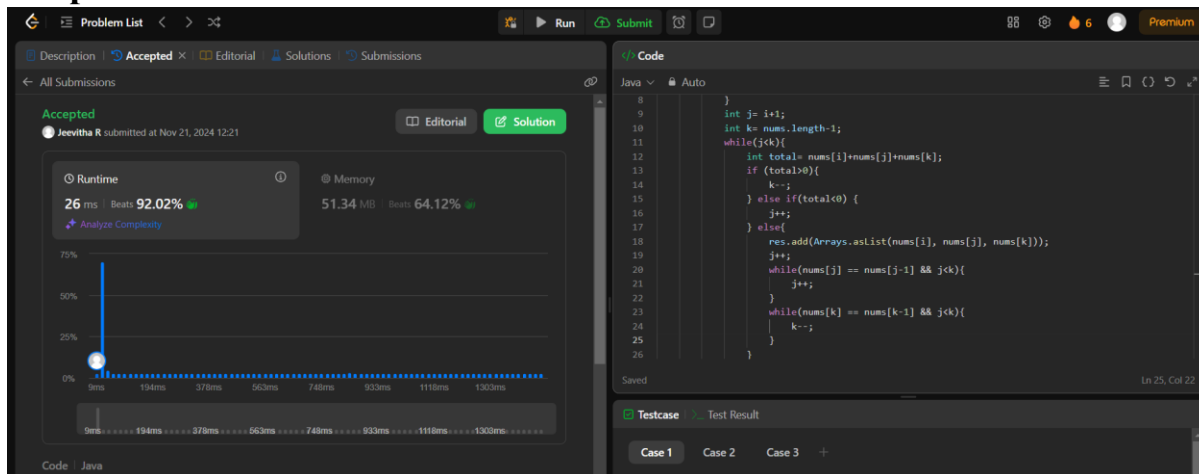
```

```

        k--;
    }
}
}
}
return res;
}
}

```

Output



Time complexity: $O(n^2)$

Space complexity: $O(n)$

6. Minimum Size Subarray Sum

```

class Solution {
    public int minSubArrayLen(int target, int[] nums) {
        int minLen= Integer.MAX_VALUE;
        int l=0;
        int currSum=0;
        for(int r=0;r<nums.length;r++){
            currSum+=nums[r];
            while(currSum>=target){
                if(minLen > r-l+1){
                    minLen=r-l+1;
                }
                currSum-=nums[l];
                l++;
            }
        }
        if(minLen==Integer.MAX_VALUE){
            return 0;
        }
    }
}

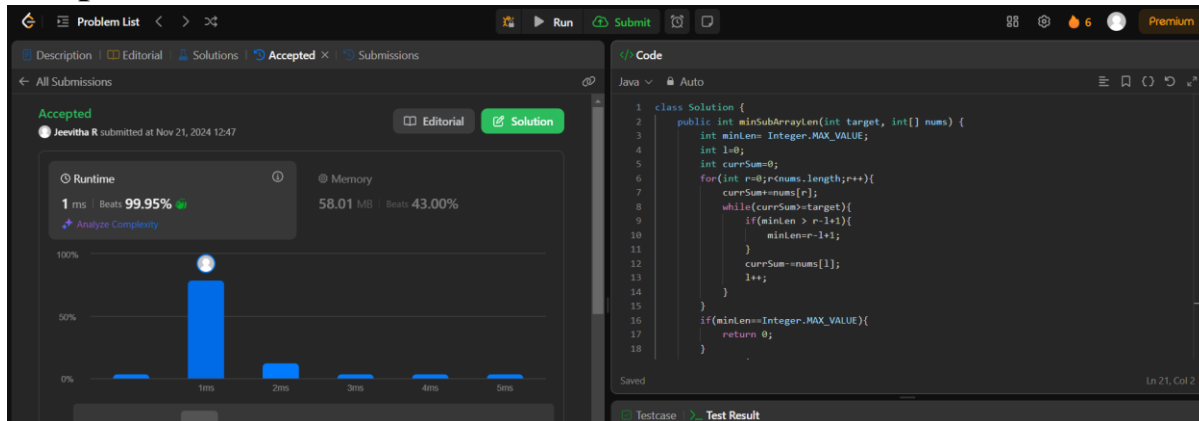
```

```

        return minLen;
    }
}

```

Output



Time complexity: $O(n)$

Space complexity: $O(1)$

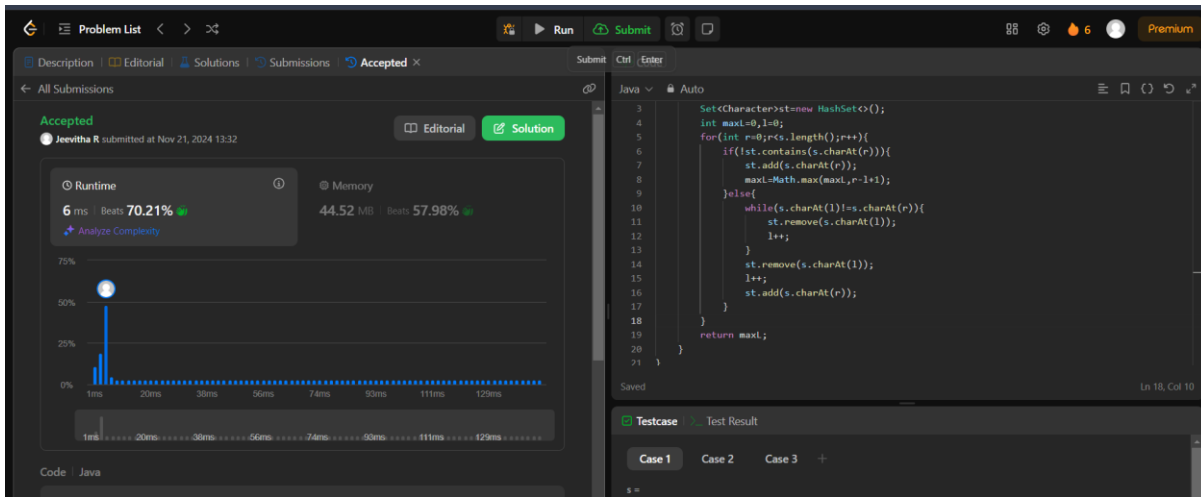
7. Longest Substring without repeating characters

```

class Solution{
    public int lengthOfLongestSubstring(String s){
        Set<Character>st=new HashSet<>();
        int maxL=0,l=0;
        for(int r=0;r<s.length();r++){
            if(!st.contains(s.charAt(r))){
                st.add(s.charAt(r));
                maxL=Math.max(maxL,r-l+1);
            }else{
                while(s.charAt(l)!=s.charAt(r)){
                    st.remove(s.charAt(l));
                    l++;
                }
                st.remove(s.charAt(l));
                l++;
                st.add(s.charAt(r));
            }
        }
        return maxL;
    }
}

```

Output



Time complexity: $O(n)$
Space complexity: $O(n)$

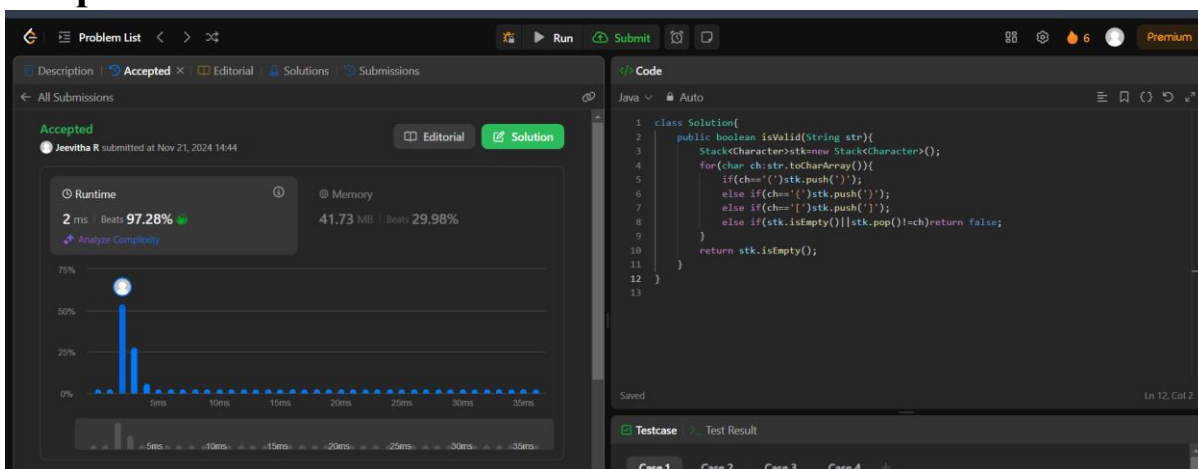
8. Valid Parantheses

```

class Solution{
    public boolean isValid(String str){
        Stack<Character>stk=new Stack<Character>();
        for(char ch:str.toCharArray()){
            if(ch=='(')stk.push('(');
            else if(ch=='{')stk.push('{');
            else if(ch=='[')stk.push('[');
            else if(stk.isEmpty()||stk.pop()!=(ch))return false;
        }
        return stk.isEmpty();
    }
}

```

Output

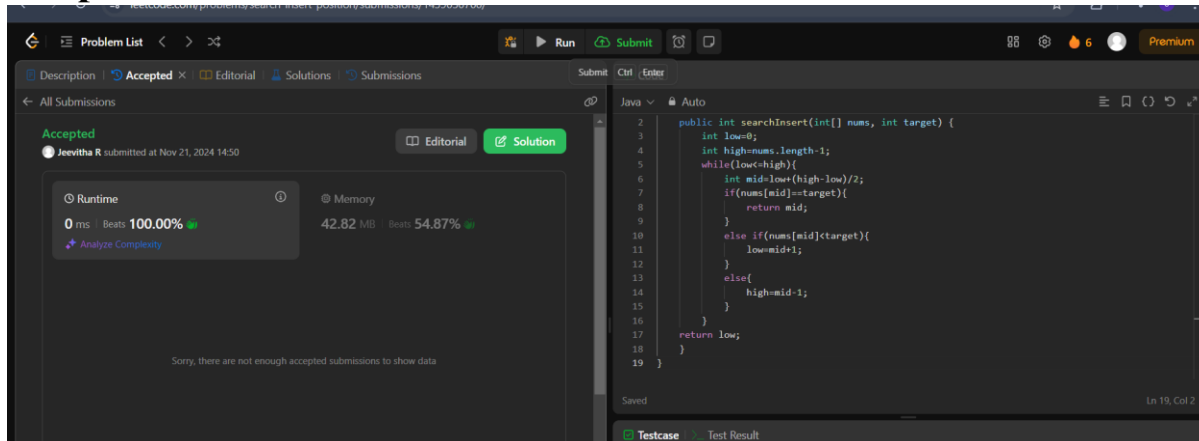


Time complexity: $O(n)$
Space complexity: $O(n)$

9. Search Insert Position

```
class Solution {
    public int searchInsert(int[] nums, int target) {
        int low=0;
        int high=nums.length-1;
        while(low<=high){
            int mid=low+(high-low)/2;
            if(nums[mid]==target){
                return mid;
            }
            else if(nums[mid]<target){
                low=mid+1;
            }
            else{
                high=mid-1;
            }
        }
        return low;
    }
}
```

Output



Time complexity: $O(\log n)$

Space complexity: $O(1)$

10. Search in 2D matrix

```
class Solution {
    public boolean searchMatrix(int[][] matrix, int target) {
        int top=0;
        int bot=matrix.length-1;
        while(top <= bot){
            int mid = (top + bot)/2;
```

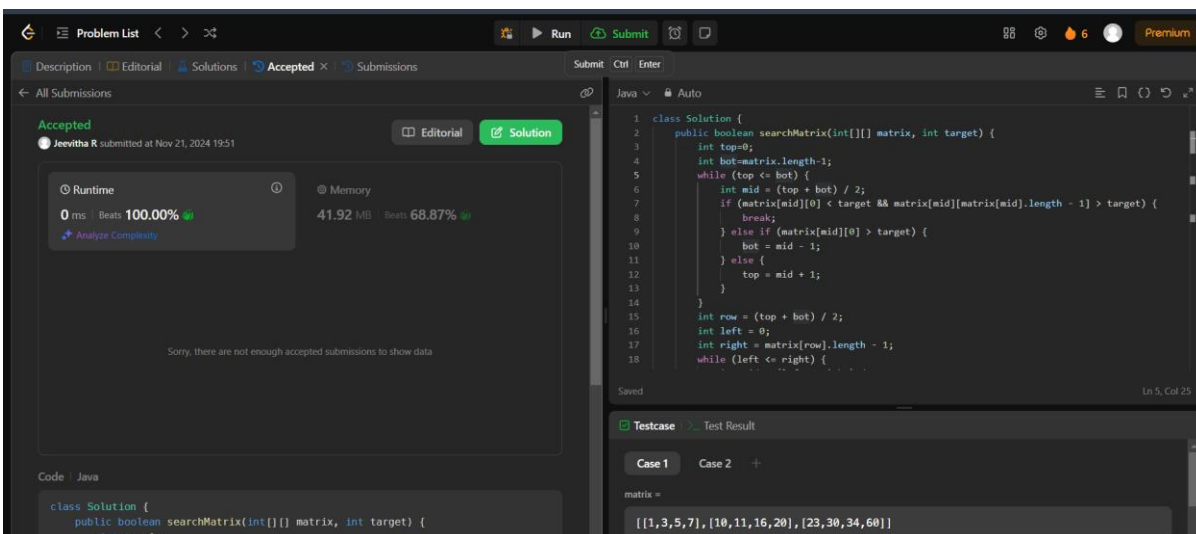


```

        if(matrix[mid][0] < target && matrix[mid][matrix[mid].length - 1] > target){
            break;
        }else if(matrix[mid][0] > target){
            bot = mid-1;
        }else{
            top = mid + 1;
        }
    }
    int row =(top+bot)/2;
    int left = 0;
    int right = matrix[row].length-1;
    while(left<=right){
        int mid =(left+right)/2;
        if (matrix[row][mid] == target){
            return true;
        }else if(matrix[row][mid] > target){
            right = mid-1;
        }else{
            left = mid + 1;
        }
    }
    return false;
}
}

```

Output



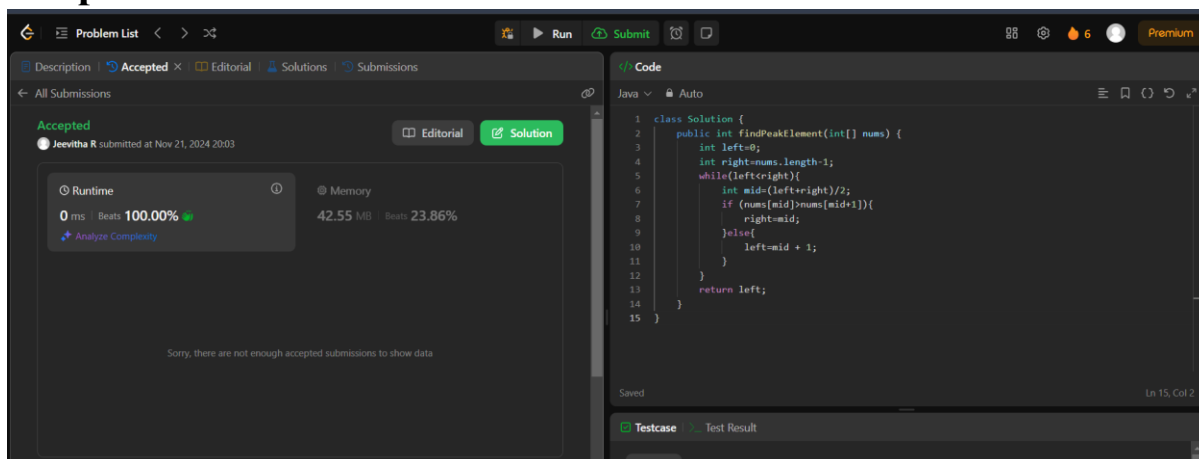
Time complexity: $O(\log(m*n))$

Space complexity: $O(1)$

11. Find Peak Element

```
class Solution {
    public int findPeakElement(int[] nums) {
        int left=0;
        int right=nums.length-1;
        while(left<right){
            int mid=(left+right)/2;
            if (nums[mid]>nums[mid+1]){
                right=mid;
            }else{
                left=mid + 1;
            }
        }
        return left;
    }
}
```

Output



Time complexity: $O(\log N)$

Space complexity: $O(1)$

12. Search in rotated sorted array

```
class Solution {
    public int search(int[] nums, int target) {
        int l=0;
        int r=nums.length-1;
        while(l<=r){
            int mid=l+(r-l)/2;
            if(nums[mid]==target)return mid;
            else if(nums[l]<=nums[mid]){
                if(nums[l]<=target && target<=nums[mid]){

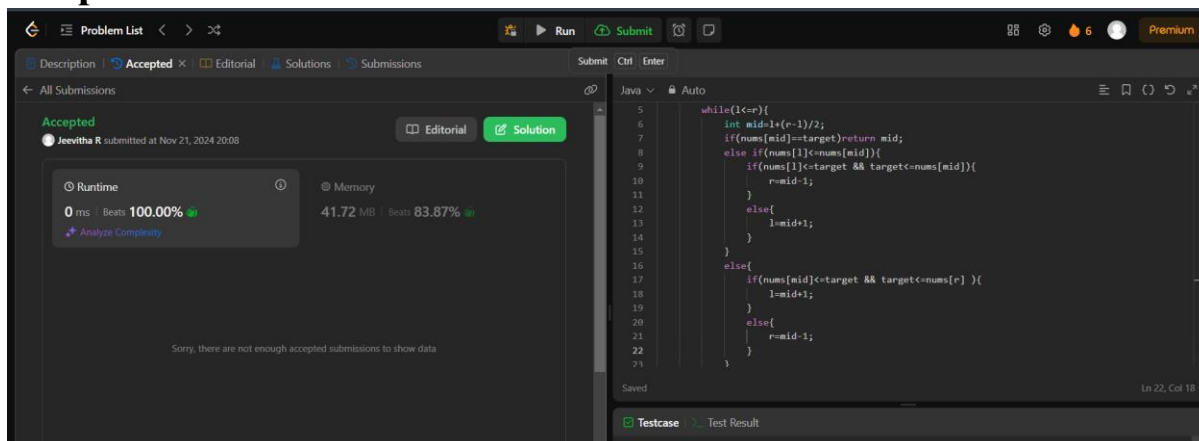
```

```

        r=mid-1;
    }
    else{
        l=mid+1;
    }
}
else{
    if(nums[mid]<=target && target<=nums[r] ){
        l=mid+1;
    }
    else{
        r=mid-1;
    }
}
}
return -1;
}
}

```

Output



Time complexity: $O(\log n)$

Space complexity: $O(1)$

13. Find the first and last position of an element in the sorted array

```

class Solution {
    public int[] searchRange(int[] nums, int target) {
        int start=-1;
        int end=-1;
        int n=nums.length;
        int[] result=new int[2];
        if(nums.length==0)
            return new int[] {start,end};
    }
}

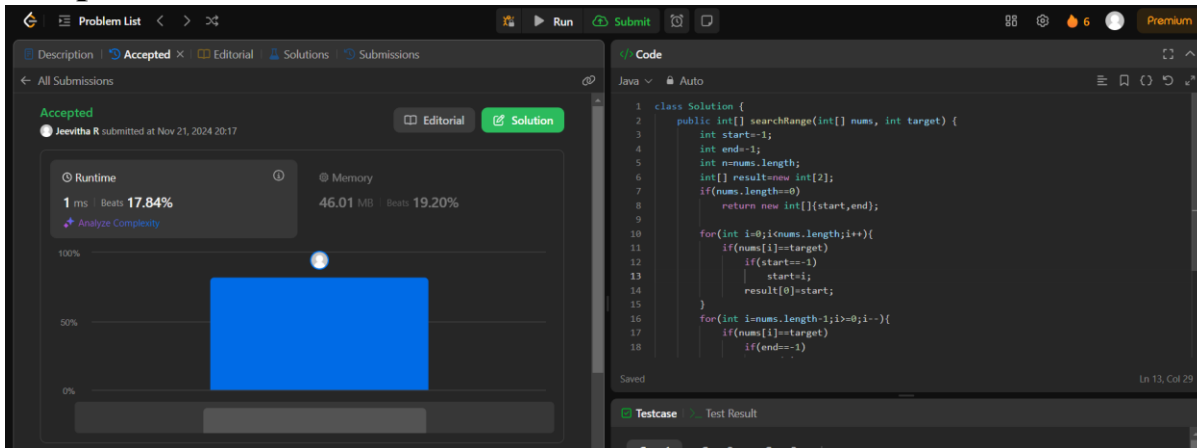
```

```

for(int i=0;i<nums.length;i++){
    if(nums[i]==target)
        if(start==-1)
            start=i;
    result[0]=start;
}
for(int i=nums.length-1;i>=0;i--){
    if(nums[i]==target)
        if(end==-1)
            end=i;
    result[1]=end;
}return result;
}
}

```

Output



Time complexity: $O(n)$

Space complexity: $O(1)$

14. Find minimum in rotated sorted array

```

class Solution {
    public int findMin(int[] nums) {
        int l=0;
        int r=nums.length-1;
        while(l<r){
            int mid = (r+l)/2;
            if(nums[mid]>nums[r]){
                l= mid+1;
            }
            else{
                r= mid;
            }
        }
    }
}

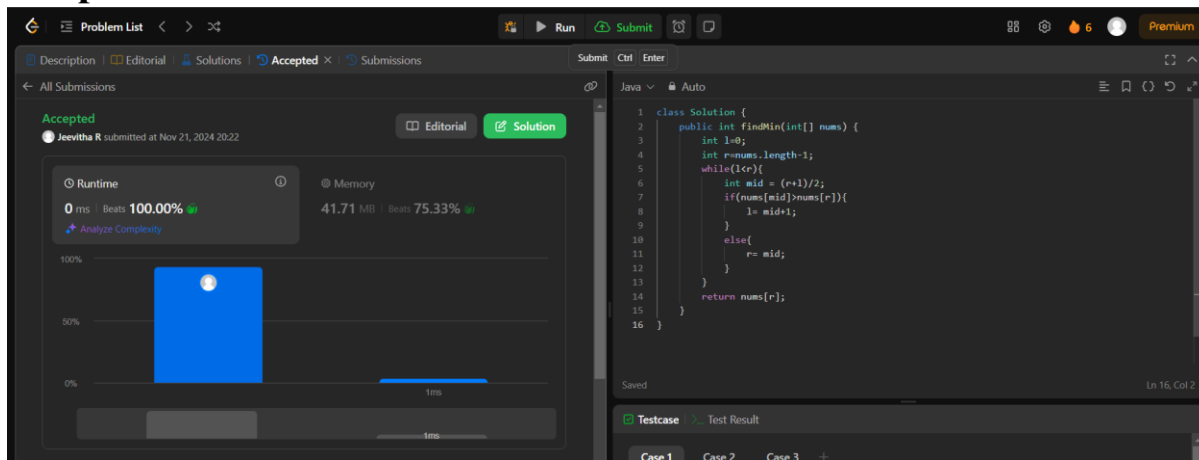
```

```

    }
    return nums[r];
}
}

```

Output



Time complexity: $O(\log n)$

Space complexity: $O(1)$

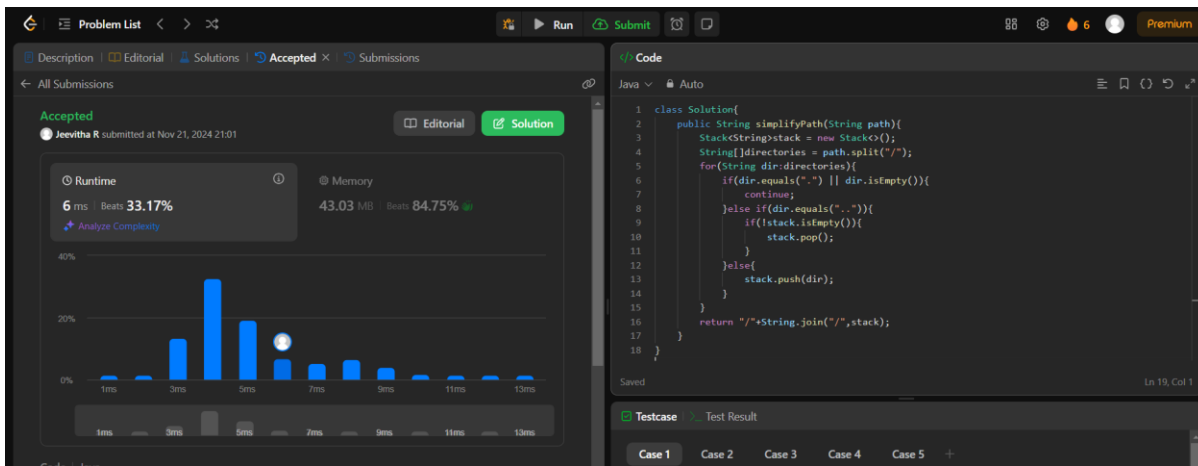
15. Simplify Path

```

class Solution{
    public String simplifyPath(String path){
        Stack<String>stack = new Stack<>();
        String[]directories = path.split("/");
        for(String dir:directories){
            if(dir.equals(".") || dir.isEmpty()){
                continue;
            }else if(dir.equals("..")){
                if(!stack.isEmpty()){
                    stack.pop();
                }
            }else{
                stack.push(dir);
            }
        }
        return "/" +String.join("/",stack);
    }
}

```

Output



Time complexity: $O(n)$

Space complexity: $O(n)$

16. Min stack

```

class MinStack {
    private List<int[]> st;

    public MinStack() {
        st = new ArrayList<>();
    }

    public void push(int val) {
        int[] top;
        if (st.isEmpty()) {
            top = new int[] { val, val };
        } else {
            top = st.get(st.size() - 1);
        }
        int min_val = top[1];
        if (min_val > val) {
            min_val = val;
        }
        st.add(new int[] { val, min_val });
    }

    public void pop() {
        st.remove(st.size() - 1);
    }

    public int top() {
        if (st.isEmpty()) {
            return -1;
        } else {

```

```

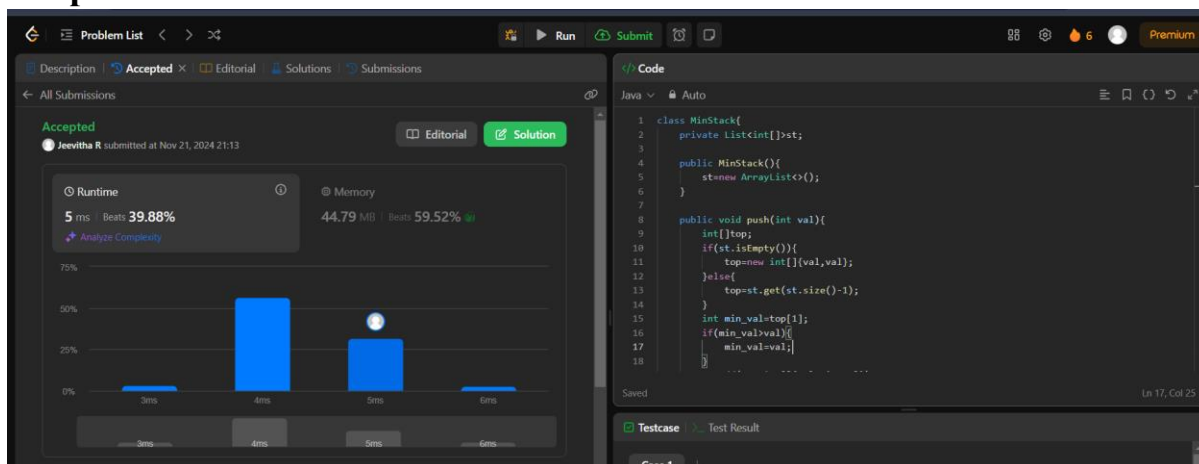
        return st.get(st.size()-1)[0];
    }
}

public int getMin(){
    if(st.isEmpty()){
        return -1;
    }else{
        return st.get(st.size()-1)[1];
    }
}
}

/**
 * Your MinStack object will be instantiated and called as such:
 * MinStack obj = new MinStack();
 * obj.push(val);
 * obj.pop();
 * int param_3 = obj.top();
 * int param_4 = obj.getMin();
 */

```

Output



Time complexity: $O(1)$

Space complexity: $O(n)$

17. Basic Calculator

```

class Solution {
    public int calculate(String s){
        Stack<Integer>stack=new Stack<Integer>();
        int result=0;
        int number=0;
        int sign=1;
        for(int i=0;i<s.length();i++){
            char c=s.charAt(i);

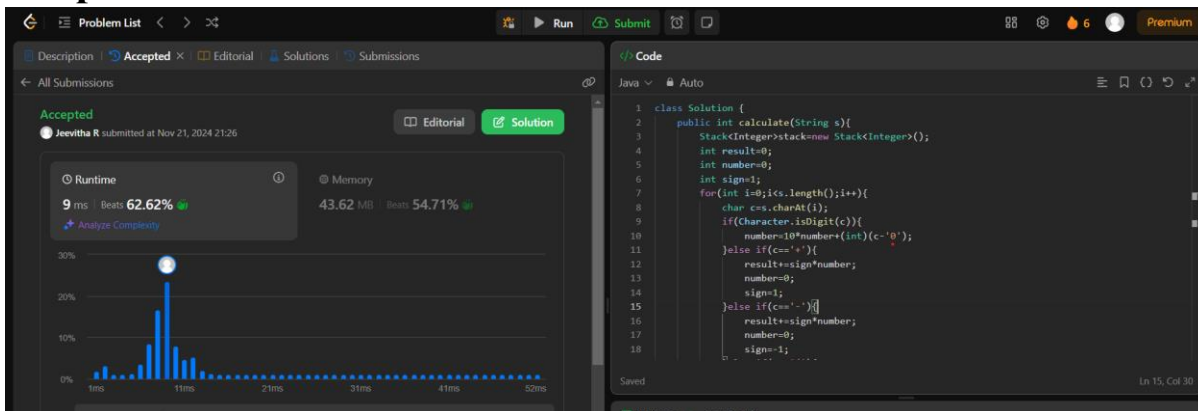
```

```

    if(Character.isDigit(c)){
        number=10*number+(int)(c-'0');
    }else if(c=='+'){
        result+=sign*number;
        number=0;
        sign=1;
    }else if(c=='-'){
        result+=sign*number;
        number=0;
        sign=-1;
    }else if(c=='('){
        stack.push(result);
        stack.push(sign);
        sign=1;
        result=0;
    }else if(c==')'){
        result+=sign*number;
        number=0;
        result*=stack.pop();
        result+=stack.pop();
    }
}
if(number!=0) result+=sign*number;
return result;
}
}

```

Output



Time complexity: $O(n)$

Space complexity: $O(n)$