

HW5

# 임상시험자료분석 II

182STG27

임지연

# Data

Trial 자료를 이용하여 분석하시오.

	TRT	CENTER	PAT	SEX	AGE	SCORE
1	A		1	101	M	55
2	A		1	107	F	44
3	A		1	112	F	31
4	A		1	118	F	39
5	A		1	123	F	57
6	A		1	128	F	48
7	A		1	135	M	27
8	A	2	203	M	42	22
9	A	2	210	F	35	25
10	A	2	216	F	42	15

## Analysis

1) AGE가 SCORE와 선형관계가 있는지 분석하여라. (Treatment group간 차이는 고려하지 않는다)

R	SAS																																																			
1. CODE																																																				
<pre>library(ggplot2); library(gridExtra) library(tidyverse); library(dplyr) library(HH); library(lsmmeans)  trial = read_csv("C:/Users/jeeyeon/Desktop/data/ex3-1.csv") mylm1 = lm(SCORE ~ AGE, data = trial) summary(mylm1) anova(mylm1)</pre>	<pre>data TRIAL; infile "C:\Users\Wjeeyeon\Desktop\data\ex3-1.csv" DELIMITER=',' FIRSTOBS=2; input TRT \$ CENTER PAT SEX \$ AGE SCORE;run;  PROC SORT DATA= TRIAL; BY TRT AGE SCORE; PROC PRINT DATA=TRIAL; VAR PAT AGE SCORE;RUN;  PROC GLM DATA=TRIAL; MODEL SCORE = AGE / P CLM SS1; RUN;</pre>																																																			
2. OUPUT																																																				
<pre>Call: lm(formula = SCORE ~ AGE, data = trial)  Residuals:     Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max -40.665 -26.164  -4.015  20.491  64.228  Coefficients:             Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(&gt; t ) (Intercept)  15.5811    10.5473   1.477   0.143 AGE           0.3919     0.2385   1.643   0.103  Residual standard error: 28.51 on 98 degrees of freedom Multiple R-squared:  0.02682,    Adjusted R-squared:  0.01689 F-statistic: 2.701 on 1 and 98 DF,  p-value: 0.1035</pre>	<div>The GLM Procedure</div> <div>Dependent Variable: SCORE</div> <table><tr><th>Source</th><th>DF</th><th>Sum of Squares</th><th>Mean Square</th><th>F Value</th><th>Pr &gt; F</th></tr><tr><td>Model</td><td>1</td><td>2196.18275</td><td>2196.18275</td><td>2.70</td><td>0.1035</td></tr><tr><td>Error</td><td>98</td><td>79681.52725</td><td>813.07681</td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Corrected Total</td><td>99</td><td>81877.71000</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr></table> <div><div>R-Square</div><div>Coeff Var</div><div>Root MSE</div><div>SCORE Mean</div><div>0.026823</div><div>88.36226</div><div>28.51450</div><div>32.27000</div></div> <table><tr><th>Source</th><th>DF</th><th>Type I SS</th><th>Mean Square</th><th>F Value</th><th>Pr &gt; F</th></tr><tr><td>AGE</td><td>1</td><td>2196.182746</td><td>2196.182746</td><td>2.70</td><td>0.1035</td></tr></table> <div><table><tr><th>Parameter</th><th>Estimate</th><th>Standard Error</th><th>t Value</th><th>Pr &gt;  t </th></tr><tr><td>Intercept</td><td>15.58112135</td><td>10.54726104</td><td>1.48</td><td>0.1428</td></tr><tr><td>AGE</td><td>0.39194173</td><td>0.23848060</td><td>1.64</td><td>0.1035</td></tr></table></div>	Source	DF	Sum of Squares	Mean Square	F Value	Pr > F	Model	1	2196.18275	2196.18275	2.70	0.1035	Error	98	79681.52725	813.07681			Corrected Total	99	81877.71000				Source	DF	Type I SS	Mean Square	F Value	Pr > F	AGE	1	2196.182746	2196.182746	2.70	0.1035	Parameter	Estimate	Standard Error	t Value	Pr >  t	Intercept	15.58112135	10.54726104	1.48	0.1428	AGE	0.39194173	0.23848060	1.64	0.1035
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R, SAS 결과 AGE의 P-value = 0.103 > 0.05 로 AGE 변수의 효과가 없다는 것을 알 수 있다. 따라서 AGE 변수는 SCORE에 유의한 영향을 준다고 할 증거가 없다.																																																				

2) AGE와 SCORE의 선형관계에서 Treatment group간에 slope는 같다고 가정할 때 intercept의 차이가 있는가를 분석하여라. 이 모형에서 age로 보정했을 때의 각 treatment group의 평균 반응을 추정하시오.

R

SAS

1. CODE

```
mylm2 = lm(SCORE ~ AGE + TRT, data = trial)
summary(mylm2)
anova(mylm2)
```

```
trial = trial %>% mutate(TRT = as.factor(TRT))
ancova(SCORE ~ TRT + AGE, data=trial)
```

```
PROC PLOT VPERCENT= 45 DATA = TRIAL;
PLOT AGE*SCORE = TRT;RUN;
```

```
PROC MEANS MEAN STD N DATA=TRIAL;
BY TRT;
VAR SCORE AGE;RUN;
```

```
PROC GLM DATA = TRIAL;
CLASS TRT;
MODEL SCORE = TRT AGE / SS3; RUN;
```

```
PROC GLM DATA=TRIAL;
CLASS TRT;
MODEL SCORE = TRT AGE / SOLUTION;
LSMEANS TRT / PDIFF STDERR; RUN;
```

2. OUPUT

Call:  
lm(formula = SCORE ~ AGE + TRT, data = trial)

Residuals:

	Min	1Q	Median	3Q	Max
	-41.301	-22.468	-4.153	21.470	71.221

Coefficients:

	Estimate	Std. Error	t value	Pr(> t )
(Intercept)	7.2035	10.9739	0.656	0.5131
AGE	0.4452	0.2348	1.896	0.0609 .
TRTB	12.7276	5.6191	2.265	0.0257 *

Signif. codes: 0 '\*\*\*' 0.001 '\*\*' 0.01 '\*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

Residual standard error: 27.93 on 97 degrees of freedom  
Multiple R-squared: 0.07571, Adjusted R-squared: 0.05665  
F-statistic: 3.973 on 2 and 97 DF, p-value: 0.02196

Analysis of Variance Table

Response: SCORE

	Df	Sum Sq	Mean Sq	F value	Pr(>F)
TRT	1	3394	3393.6	4.3497	0.03964 *
AGE	1	2805	2805.3	3.5957	0.06091 .
Residuals	97	75679	780.2		

Signif. codes: 0 '\*\*\*' 0.001 '\*\*' 0.01 '\*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

TRT=A

변수	평균	표준편차	N
SCORE	26.6730769	26.9507329	52
AGE	43.7307692	12.2187824	52

TRT=B

변수	평균	표준편차	N
SCORE	38.3333333	29.6937083	48
AGE	41.3333333	11.7949382	48

The GLM Procedure

Dependent Variable: SCORE

Source	DF	Sum of Squares	Mean Square	F Value	Pr > F
Model	2	6198.94404	3099.47202	3.97	0.0220
Error	97	75678.76596	780.19346		
Corrected Total	99	81877.71000			

R-Square	Coeff Var	Root MSE	SCORE Mean
0.075710	86.55700	27.93194	32.27000

Source	DF	Type III SS	Mean Square	F Value	Pr > F
TRT	1	4002.761295	4002.761295	5.13	0.0257
AGE	1	2805.343015	2805.343015	3.60	0.0609

The GLM Procedure  
Least Squares Means

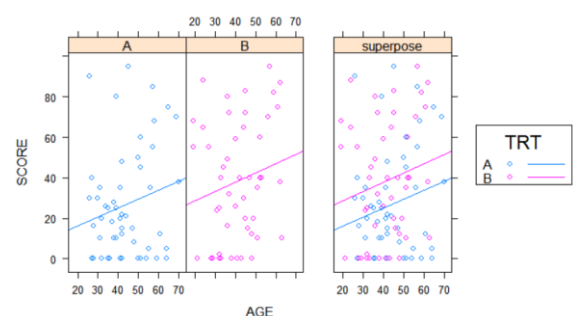
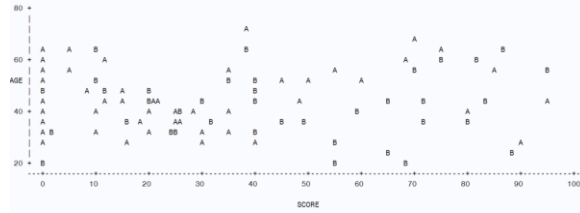
TRT	SCORE LSMEAN	Standard Error	H0:LSMEAN=0 Pr >  t	H0:LSMean1=LSMean2 Pr >  t
A	26.1607366	3.8828755	<.0001	0.0257
B	38.8883687	4.0422402	<.0001	

3. RESULT

AGE와 SCORE의 선형관계에서 Treatment group간에 slope는 같다고 가정할 때 intercept의 차이가 있는가를 분석해 본 결과, TRT 변수의 P-value값은 0.0257 (< 0.05) 이므로 효과가 있다고 할 수 있다. 따라서 **intercept에 차이가 있다고** 할 수 있다.

또한 age로 보정했을 때의 각 treatment group p-value < 0.05로 유의하다고 할 수 있다. 따라서 age로 보정했을 때 trt의 효과가 있다고 할 수 있다.

3) AGE와 SCORE의 선형관계에서 Treatment group 간에 slope가 같은지를 분석하시오.

1. CODE																																																																																																
<pre>mylm3 = lm(SCORE ~ AGE * TRT, data =trial) summary(mylm3) anova(mylm3)</pre>	<pre>PROC PLOT VPERCENT= 45 DATA = TRIAL; PLOT AGE*SCORE = TRT; RUN;  PROC GLM DATA = TRIAL; CLASS TRT; MODEL SCORE = TRT AGE TRT * AGE / SS3; RUN;</pre>																																																																																															
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<div><p><b>SCORE ~ TRT * AGE</b></p><p>Call: lm(formula = SCORE ~ AGE * TRT, data = trial)</p><p>Residuals:</p><table><tr><th></th><th>Min</th><th>1Q</th><th>Median</th><th>3Q</th><th>Max</th></tr><tr><td></td><td>-41.36</td><td>-22.38</td><td>-4.14</td><td>21.48</td><td>71.08</td></tr></table><p>Coefficients:</p><table><tr><th></th><th>Estimate</th><th>Std. Error</th><th>t value</th><th>Pr(&gt; t )</th></tr><tr><td>(Intercept)</td><td>7.54548</td><td>14.59968</td><td>0.517</td><td>0.606</td></tr><tr><td>AGE</td><td>0.43739</td><td>0.32176</td><td>1.359</td><td>0.177</td></tr><tr><td>TRTB</td><td>12.00917</td><td>20.86974</td><td>0.575</td><td>0.566</td></tr><tr><td>AGE:TRTB</td><td>0.01693</td><td>0.47338</td><td>0.036</td><td>0.972</td></tr></table><p>Residual standard error: 28.08 on 96 degrees of freedom Multiple R-squared: 0.07572, Adjusted R-squared: 0.04684 F-statistic: 2.622 on 3 and 96 DF, p-value: 0.05509</p></div>		Min	1Q	Median	3Q	Max		-41.36	-22.38	-4.14	21.48	71.08		Estimate	Std. Error	t value	Pr(> t )	(Intercept)	7.54548	14.59968	0.517	0.606	AGE	0.43739	0.32176	1.359	0.177	TRTB	12.00917	20.86974	0.575	0.566	AGE:TRTB	0.01693	0.47338	0.036	0.972	<div><p><b>The GLM Procedure</b> Dependent Variable: SCORE</p><table><tr><th>Source</th><th>DF</th><th>Sum of Squares</th><th>Mean Square</th><th>F Value</th><th>Pr &gt; F</th></tr><tr><td>Model</td><td>3</td><td>6199.95214</td><td>2066.65071</td><td>2.62</td><td>0.0551</td></tr><tr><td>Error</td><td>96</td><td>75677.75786</td><td>788.30998</td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Corrected Total</td><td>99</td><td>81877.71000</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr></table><table><tr><th></th><th>R-Square</th><th>Coeff Var</th><th>Root MSE</th><th>SCORE Mean</th></tr><tr><td></td><td>0.075722</td><td>87.00607</td><td>28.07686</td><td>32.27000</td></tr></table><table><tr><th>Source</th><th>DF</th><th>Type III SS</th><th>Mean Square</th><th>F Value</th><th>Pr &gt; F</th></tr><tr><td>TRT</td><td>1</td><td>261.029209</td><td>261.029209</td><td>0.33</td><td>0.5663</td></tr><tr><td>AGE</td><td>1</td><td>2797.206368</td><td>2797.206368</td><td>3.55</td><td>0.0626</td></tr><tr><td>AGE*TRT</td><td>1</td><td>1.008101</td><td>1.008101</td><td>0.00</td><td>0.9715</td></tr></table></div>	Source	DF	Sum of Squares	Mean Square	F Value	Pr > F	Model	3	6199.95214	2066.65071	2.62	0.0551	Error	96	75677.75786	788.30998			Corrected Total	99	81877.71000					R-Square	Coeff Var	Root MSE	SCORE Mean		0.075722	87.00607	28.07686	32.27000	Source	DF	Type III SS	Mean Square	F Value	Pr > F	TRT	1	261.029209	261.029209	0.33	0.5663	AGE	1	2797.206368	2797.206368	3.55	0.0626	AGE*TRT	1	1.008101	1.008101	0.00	0.9715
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Slope가 같은지 살펴보기 위해서 AGE*TRT 항을 본 결과 P-value = 0.972 ( >0.05)로 효과가 없는 것으로 나타났다. 따라서 trt 간의 slope가 같다고 할 수 있다.																																																																																																

4) AGE와 study center에 대해 보정한 후 Treatment group간 차이를 분석하여라. (단, interaction은 없다고 가정한다.)

1. CODE																
<pre>mylm4 = lm(SCORE ~ AGE + TRT + CENTER , data = trial) summary(mylm4) anova(mylm4)  lsmeans(mylm4, ~TRT)</pre>	<pre>PROC GLM DATA = TRIAL; CLASS TRT; MODEL SCORE = TRT CENTER / SS3; RUN;  PROC GLM DATA=TRIAL; CLASS TRT; MODEL SCORE = TRT CENTER / SOLUTION; LSMEANS TRT / PDIFF STDERR; RUN;</pre>															
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<pre>TRT    lsmean      SE df lower.CL upper.CL A      26.09517  3.888272 96 18.37701 33.81332 B      38.95940  4.047921 96 30.92435 46.99446  Confidence level used: 0.95</pre>	<div>The GLM Procedure Least Squares Means</div> <table><tr><th>TRT</th><th>SCORE LSMEAN</th><th>Standard Error</th><th>H0:LSMEAN=0 Pr &gt;  t </th><th>H0:LSMean1=LSMean2 Pr &gt;  t </th></tr><tr><td>A</td><td>26.5260154</td><td>3.9180449</td><td>&lt;.0001</td><td>0.0370</td></tr><tr><td>B</td><td>38.4926500</td><td>4.0781993</td><td>&lt;.0001</td><td></td></tr></table>	TRT	SCORE LSMEAN	Standard Error	H0:LSMEAN=0 Pr >  t	H0:LSMean1=LSMean2 Pr >  t	A	26.5260154	3.9180449	<.0001	0.0370	B	38.4926500	4.0781993	<.0001	
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AGE와 study center에 대해 보정한 후 Treatment group간 차이를 살펴본 결과 p-value= 0.037(<0.05)로 trt효과가 있다고 할 수 있다. 따라서 우리의 y 변수인 score는 trt 그룹에 따라 score의 차이가 있다는 결론을 낼 수 있다.																