
点句成金：非谓语来增色

@托福写作黎老师

非谓语来增色

- 1. 对于名词的修饰

特殊：该名词是主语,可放到句首

- 2. 对于句子的修饰（句子的小尾巴）

非谓语来增色：对于名词的修饰

任何名词：n + ving / ved

特殊：当该n为主语时，可以
ving / ved, 主语

非谓语句来增色：对于名词的修饰

- 竞争在市场上非常激烈，因为市场上有很多人才和专家。
- 竞争在市场上非常激烈(fierce)，因为市场上有很多(be saturated with)人才(talents)和专家。

非谓语来增色：对于名词的修饰

- 竞争在市场上非常激烈(fierce), 因为市场上有很多(be saturated with)人才(talents)和专家。
- Competition is fierce in the market, saturated with talents and experts.

非谓语来增色：对于名词的修饰

- 每个人都渴望亲密并和谐的人际关系，这样的关系是可以通过各种这样的方法建立并维系的。
- 每个人都渴望(crave)亲密(intimate)并和谐的(harmonious) 人际关系，这样的关系是可以通过各种方法建立(establish)并维系(maintain)的。

非谓语来增色：对于名词的修饰

- 每个人都渴望(crave)亲密(intimate)并和谐的(harmonious) 人际关系，这样的关系是可以通过各种方法建立(establish)并维系(maintain)的。
- Everyone craves an intimate and harmonious relationship, usually established and maintained with various methods.

非谓语来增色：对于名词的修饰

- 从网上买的东西的价格比从商场里买的便宜。
- 从网上买的东西的价格比从商场(commercial stores)里买的便宜。

非谓语来增色：对于名词的修饰

- 从网上买的东西比从商场(commercial stores)里买的便宜。
- Goods, purchased from the Internet, can be cheaper than those from commercial stores.

特殊：该名词是主语

- 被老板的开明所鼓励，Google的员工会投入工作的项目。
- 被老板的开明(open-mindedness)所鼓励(be motivated and stimulated)，Google的员工会投入工作的(show their depth of commitment in)项目。

特殊：该名词是主语

- 被老板的开明(open-mindedness)所鼓励(be motivated and stimulated), Google的员工会投入工作的(show their depth of commitment in)项目。
- Motivated and stimulated by their superior's open-mindedness, workers in Google will show their depth of commitment in projects.
- = Workers in Google, motivated and stimulated by their superior's open-mindedness, will show their depth of commitment in projects.

特殊：该名词是主语

- 城市里面有很多作为人们建立友谊平台的健身房
- 城市里面有很多作为(serve as)人们建立(establish)友谊平台的健身房

特殊：该名词是主语

- 城市里面有很多作为(serve as)人们建立(establish)友谊平台的健身房。
- Gyms, serving as platforms for establishing new connections, are countless in cities.
- = Serving as platforms for establishing new connections, gyms are countless in cities.

特殊：该名词是主语

- 充满挑战的旅途对学生来说是一笔财富.
- 充满挑战(be brimmed with)的旅途对学生来说是一笔财富(fortune).

特殊：该名词是主语

- 充满挑战(brimmed with)的旅途对学生来说也是一笔财富(fortune).
- A journey, brimmed with challenges, is a fortune to students.
- = Brimmed with challenges, a journey is a fortune to students.

特殊：该名词是主语

- 老师如果因为错误被学生挑战，会沮丧。
- 老师如果因为错误被学生挑战(be challenged)，会沮丧(undergo / experience depression)。

特殊：该名词是主语

- 老师如果因为错误被学生挑战(be challenged), 会沮丧(undergo / experience depression)。
- A teacher, challenged by students due to his mistake, will undergo / experience depression.
- = Challenged by students due to his mistake, a teacher will undergo / experience depression.

特殊：该名词是主语

- 通过运动建立的广泛的朋友圈能减少压力。
- 通过运动建立的广泛的朋友圈(a wide friend circle)能减少压力(alter one's stress level).

特殊：该名词是主语

- 在运动中建立的广泛的朋友圈(a wide friend circle)能减少压力(alter one's stress level).
- A wide friend circle, established in doing exercises, can alter one's stress level.
- = Established in doing exercises, a wide friend circle can alter one's stress level.

对于句子的修饰（句子的小尾巴）

- 做不同的作业能让学生学到不同领域的知识，这样使得学生受益。
- 做不同的(diversified)作业能让学生学到不同领域的知识(acquire knowledge)，这样使得学生受益。

对于句子的修饰（句子的小尾巴）

- 做不同的(diversified)作业能让学生学到不同领域的知识(acquire knowledge)，这使得学生受益。
- Doing diversified assignments can function as an effective approach for students to acquire knowledge in various fields, placing them as beneficiaries.
- = Doing diversified assignments can function as an effective approach for students to acquire knowledge in various fields, which places them as beneficiaries.

对于句子的修饰（句子的小尾巴）

- 当地人能在超市买到吃和其他的必需品，满足了他们的基本需求。
- 当地人(local residents)能在超市买到吃和其他的必需品(necessities)，满足了他们的基本需求。

对于句子的修饰（句子的小尾巴）

- 当地人(local residents)能在超市买到吃和其他的必需品(necessities), 满足了他们的基本需求。
- Local residents can purchase food and other necessities in supermarkets, satisfying their basic need and desire.

对于句子的修饰（句子的小尾巴）

- 人们可以在健身房经常交流，这使得人们减少生活和工作中的压力。
- 人们可以在健身房经常交流，这使得人们减少生活和工作中的(in personal and professional life)压力。

对于句子的修饰（句子的小尾巴）

- 人们可以在健身房经常交流，这使得人们减少生活和工作中的(in personal and professional life)压力。
- Frequent communication can be accessible in a gym, enabling people to reduce their pressure in personal and professional life.

练习1

- 一个人展示出来的友好和热情会吸引别人帮助他。
- 一个人展示出来的友好和热情(friendliness and warmth)会吸引(invite sb to do)别人帮助他(render assistance)。

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- 一个人展示出来的友好和热情(friendliness and warmth)会吸引(invite sb to do)别人帮助他(render assistance)。
 - Friendliness and warmth, demonstrated and presented by a person, will invite others to render assistance to him .

练习2

- 每一个运动都能让我们忘掉生活的烦恼, 这突出了运动的重要性。
- 每一个运动都能让我们忘掉生活的烦恼(distract sb from sth), 这突出了运动的重要性(highlight the significance of)。

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- 每一个运动都能让我们忘掉生活的烦恼(distract sb from sth), 这突出了经常运动的重要性(highlight the significance of)。
 - Every sport can distract people from daily worries and concerns, highlighting the the significance of doing exercise frequently.

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- 现代人缺少改善社区的知识，这降低了他们参与相关活动的积极性。
 - 现代人缺少 (lack) 改善 (better) 社区的知识，这降低了他们参与相关活动 (relevant activities) 的积极性 (motivation)。

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- 现代人缺少(lack)改善(better)社区的知识，这降低了他们参与相关活动(relevant activities)的积极性(motivation)。
 - Modern residents lack the expertise and knowledge required in bettering a community, decreasing their motivation in attending some relevant activities.

练习4

- 教学中的错误，被学生改正后，会使得学生能学到正确的知识，这确保了一个高质量的教学。
- 教学中的错误，被学生改正(rectify)后，会使得学生能学到准确(accurate and precise)的知识，这确保了(ensure)一个高质量(a high-quality)的教学。

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- 教学中的错误，被学生改正 (rectify) 后，会使得学生能学到准确 (accurate and precise) 的知识，这确保了 (ensure) 一个高质量 (a high-quality) 的教学。
 - Errors in teaching, rectified by students, will ensure an accurate and precise understanding of knowledge imparted to them, contributing to a high-quality teaching.

Thanks!

@托福写作黎老师

点句成金：妙用形容词短语

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形容词短语后置定语

- n + 形容词短语
- (该名词可以是句子的任何成分)

和定语从句的关系

- **非谓语**和定语从句可以替换

This is a bag, which is sold in a mall.

= This is a bag, sold in a mall.

This is a bag, which is attractive for its design.

= This is a bag, being attractive for its design.

- **形容词短语**和定语从句可以替换

This is a bag, which is attractive for its design.

= This is a bag attractive for its design.

非谓语句和形容词短语的区别

- 非谓语句 --- 动词

This is a bag, which is sold in a mall.

= This is a bag, sold in a mall.

This is a bag, which is attractive for its design.

= This is a bag, being attractive for its design.

- 形容词短语 --- 形容词

This is a bag, which is attractive for its design.

= This is a bag attractive for its design.

形容词短语后置定语 --- 逗号?

- 托福写作建议把逗号都加上
- 复习：非谓语有没有逗号？
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- 托福写作建议把逗号都加上

形容词短语后置定语

- n + 形容词短语
- (该名词可以是句子的任何成分)

n + 形容词短语

- 人们缺少可以用在社区活动的知识。
- 人们缺少(lack)可以用在(applicable)社区活动(community activities)的知识。

n + 形容词短语

- 人们缺少(lack)可以用在(applicable)社区活动(community activities)的知识。
- People lack expertise, applicable in community activities.

n + 形容词短语

- 在学生竞争力中很重要的品质现在被重视。
- 在学生竞争力(competitiveness)中很重要的品质现在被重视(be valued and highlighted)。

n + 形容词短语

- 在学生竞争力(competitiveness)中很重要的品质现在被重视(be valued and highlighted)。
- Qualities, significant in the competitiveness of a student, have been valued and highlighted currently.

n + 形容词短语

- 顾客觉得购买充满新鲜元素的产品很满意。
- 顾客觉得购买充满(be abundant with)新鲜元素(elements of novelty and freshness)的产品很满意。

n + 形容词短语

- 顾客觉得购买充满(be abundant with)新鲜元素(elements of novelty and freshness)的产品很满意。
- Consumers find it satisfying to purchase products, abundant with elements of novelty and freshness.

n + 形容词短语

- 雇佣擅长多任务处理能力的员工对于公司是一个财富。
- 雇佣擅长多任务处理能力(multi-tasking)的员工对于公司是一个财富(a fortune)。

n + 形容词短语

- 雇佣擅长多任务处理能力(multi-tasking)的员工对于公司是一个财富(a fortune)。
- Hiring employees, proficient in multi-tasking, can be a fortune for a corporation.

n + 形容词短语

- 在大城市可以接触到的公共交通确保了居民的高质量生活。
- 在大城市可以接触到的(accessible)公共交通(mass transit)确保了居民的高质量生活。

n + 形容词短语

- 在大城市可以接触到的(accessible)公共交通(mass transit)确保了居民的高质量生活。
- Mass transit, accessible in metropolises, ensures a quality life for dwellers there.

n + 形容词短语

- 确保效率很重要的时间管理能力应该被训练。
- 确保效率很重要的时间管理能力(time management skills)应该被训练(practice and hone)。

n + 形容词短语

- 确保效率很重要的时间管理能力(time management skills)应该被训练(practice and hone)。
- Time management skills, essential in ensuring productivity, should be practiced and honed.

Thanks!

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