

Operator Norm

Definition: Operator Norm

Let $\|\cdot\|$ be a vector norm on \mathbb{C}^n and $A \in M_n$. The vector-induced matrix norm with respect to $\|\cdot\|$ is given by:

$$|||A||| = \max_{\|\vec{x}\|=1} \{\|A\vec{x}\|\}$$

This norm is often called the *operator norm*.

Check the five properties to make sure that the operator norm is in fact a proper matrix norm:

1). Nonnegativity

Assume $A \in M_n$

Assume $\vec{x} \in \mathbb{C}^n$ such that $\|\vec{x}\| = 1$

By nonnegativity of the vector norm, $\|A\vec{x}\| \geq 0$

So $\max_{\|\vec{x}\|=1} \{\|A\vec{x}\|\} \geq 0$

$\therefore |||A||| \geq 0$

2). Positivity

\implies Assume $A \neq 0$

$\exists \vec{y} \in \mathbb{C}^n, \|\vec{y}\| = 1$ and $A\vec{y} \neq 0$

$|||A||| = \max_{\|\vec{x}\|=1} \{\|A\vec{x}\|\} \geq \|A\vec{y}\| > 0$

$\therefore |||A||| \neq 0$

\Longleftarrow Assume $A = 0$

Assume $\vec{x} \in \mathbb{C}^n, \|\vec{x}\| = 1$

$A\vec{x} = \vec{0}$

$\|A\vec{x}\| = \|\vec{0}\| = 0$

$\max_{\|\vec{x}\|=1} \{\|A\vec{x}\|\} = 0$

$\therefore |||A||| = 0$

3). Homogeneity Assume $c \in \mathbb{C}$:

$$\begin{aligned} |||cA||| &= \max_{\|\vec{x}\|=1} \{\|cA\vec{x}\|\} \\ &= \max_{\|\vec{x}\|=1} \{|c| \|A\vec{x}\|\} \\ &= |c| \max_{\|\vec{x}\|=1} \{\|A\vec{x}\|\} \\ &= |c| |||A||| \end{aligned}$$

4). Subadditivity

$$\begin{aligned}
 |||A + B||| &= \max_{\|\vec{x}\|=1} \{ \|(A + B)\vec{x}\| \} \\
 &= \max_{\|\vec{x}\|=1} \{ \|A\vec{x} + B\vec{x}\| \} \\
 &\leq \max_{\|\vec{x}\|=1} \{ \|A\vec{x}\| + \|B\vec{x}\| \} \\
 &\leq \max_{\|\vec{x}\|=1} \{ \|A\vec{x}\| \} + \max_{\|\vec{x}\|=1} \{ \|B\vec{x}\| \} \\
 &= |||A||| + |||B|||
 \end{aligned}$$

5). Submultiplicativity

Assume $A, B \in M_n$

Assume $\vec{x} \in \mathbb{C}^n, \|\vec{x}\| = 1$

Assume $B\vec{x} \in \mathbb{C}^n$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \left\| A \frac{B\vec{x}}{\|B\vec{x}\|} \right\| &\leq |||A||| \\
 \|A(B\vec{x})\| &\leq |||A||| \|B\vec{x}\| \\
 \|(AB)\vec{x}\| &\leq |||A||| \|B\vec{x}\|
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 |||AB||| &= \max_{\|\vec{x}\|=1} \{ \|(AB)\vec{x}\| \} \\
 &\leq \max_{\|\vec{x}\|=1} \{ |||A||| \|B\vec{x}\| \} \\
 &= |||A||| \max_{\|\vec{x}\|=1} \{ \|B\vec{x}\| \} \\
 &= |||A||| |||B|||
 \end{aligned}$$