## **Zeros**

$$f^{(n)}(a) = 0 \Longrightarrow f(z) = 0$$
  $f(z)$  analytic  $f^{(n)}(a) \le \frac{Mn!}{r^n}$   $f(z)$  entire/bounded  $\Longrightarrow f(z)$  constant (Liouville)  $f(z)$  constant (Liouville)

f(z) = g(z) in E and AP  $z_0$  then f(z) = g(z)

f(z) compact then finite zeros

## Newton

$$\sum_{k=0}^{n} a_k = -\frac{a_{n-1}}{a_n}$$

## Cauchy

$$|z| = 1 + \max\{|a_k| \mid 0 \le k \le n\}$$

# **Argument Principle**

$$N = \frac{1}{2\pi i} \int_{\gamma} \frac{f'(z)}{f(z)} dz$$
$$\frac{1}{2\pi i} \int_{\gamma} z \frac{f'(z)}{f(z)} dz = -\frac{a_{n-1}}{a_n}$$

### Rouche's Theorem

$$f(x),g(x)$$
 analytic  $|g|<|f|$  on  $\gamma$  Zeros of  $f+g=$  zeros of  $f$  in  $\gamma$   $|f-g|<|f|$  on  $\gamma$  Zeros of  $f=$  zeros of  $g$  in  $\gamma$ 

#### **Enestrome Theorem**

$$0 < a_{k-1} < a_k < a_n$$
  
Zeros of  $p(x)$  inside  $|z| = 1$ 

#### **Extended Plane**

$$\begin{array}{ll} \int_C f(z) dz &=& 2\pi i \sum_{k=1}^n \mathrm{Res}[f,z_k] &=\\ -2\pi i \, \mathrm{Res}[f,\infty] &=& \mathrm{Res}[f,\infty] =& \mathrm{rcoeff} \ \mathrm{of} \ w \ \mathrm{in} \ f(\frac{1}{w}) \end{array}$$

# Schwarz's Lemma

$$\begin{array}{l} |f(z)| \leq |z| \frac{M}{R} \\ |f'(0)| \leq \frac{M}{R} \end{array}$$
 Equality at  $f(z) = cz \frac{M}{R}, |c| = 1$ 

## **Conformal Mappings**

Regular=CD and 
$$f'(z) \neq 0$$
  
 $J = |f'(z)|^2$   
 $f(z)$  analytic iff conformal

$$\begin{array}{l} (z_1,z_2,z_3,z_4) = \frac{(z_1-z_3)(z_2-z_4)}{(z_1-z_4)(z_2-z_3)} \\ \Delta = ad-bc \\ s(z_1)-s(z_2) = \frac{\Delta(z_1-z_2)}{(cz_1+d))(cz_2+d)} \\ (z_1,z_2,z_3,z_4) = (w_1,w_2,w_3,w_4) \\ z \neq -\frac{d}{c} \implies s(z) \text{ conformal} \\ (z_1,z_2,z_3,z_4) \in \mathbb{R} \iff z_1,z_2,z_3,z_4 \text{ on circle} \\ \text{LFT maps circle (or line) to circle (or line)} \\ \overline{(z_1,z_2,z_3,z_4)} = (\overline{(z_1)},\overline{(z_2)},\overline{(z_3)},\overline{(z_4)}) \end{array}$$

## Symmetry

$$z^* = \frac{R^2}{(z-a)} + a$$

$$(z^* - a)((z) - (a)) = R^2$$

$$(z, z_1, z_2, z_3) = (z^*, z_1, z_2, z_3)$$

$$(s(z), s(z_1), s(z_2), s(z_3)) = (s(z^*), s(z_1), s(z_2), s(z_3))$$