

Math-19 Section 1

Homework #3

Due: 6/24/2019 9:00am

Reading

Sections 1.8–1.12

Problems

1. The amount of heat energy (Q) needed to change the temperature of an object (without going through a phase change like melting or boiling) is jointly proportional to the mass of the object (m) and the *change* in temperature (ΔT).
 - (a) Write an equation that models this physical phenomenon. Use c for the constant of proportionality.
 - (b) The MKS unit for heat energy is the Joule (J). The constant of proportionality is specific to the substance being heated and is referred to as the *specific heat* of the substance. If Q is measured in Joules (J), m is measured in grams (g), and temperature is measured in Kelvin (K), what are the units of c ?
 - (c) In the lab, it is found that $41790J$ of heat energy raises the temperature of $1L$ of water by $10K$. What is the specific heat of water? (1L of water=1000g)
2. Consider the equation:

$$y = x^2 + 2x - 5$$

For each of the parts below, use the graphing functions from your TI-84 *calc* menu to find the answers and submit a screen-shot from your calculator that shows the correct answer.

- (a) Find the y -value when $x = 1.3$ using the *value* function.
- (b) Find the x -intercepts using the *zero* function.
- (c) Determine the minimum value using the *minimum* function.
- (d) Determine the x -values for $y = 5$ using the *intersect* function. Note that you will need to add something to your graph to do this. Also note that there are multiple answers.
- (e) Now graph the function $y = x^2 + 11$. Huh!? Nothing seems to appear! Why, and how can you fix this? Submit a screen shot that uses your fix.