Math-19 Homework #6

Problems

1). Solve for x. For full credit you must include a graph, a test point table or a list of multiplicity decisions, and the final answer in interval notation.

$$\frac{(6-x-x^2)(3-x)^2}{(x-2)(x^2+3x-5)} \ge 0$$

- 2). We want a circle whose diameter is the line segment between the points (5,4) and (-3,-2). Using the distance and midpoint formulas:
 - a). Determine the center of the circle.
 - b). Determine the radius of the circle.
 - c). What is the equation of the circle in standard form?
 - d). What is the equation of the circle in general form?
- 3). Find the equation of the line containing the diameter in question (2):
 - a). In point/slope form.
 - b). In slope-intercept form.
 - c). In general form.
 - d). Find the equation of the line through the center of the circle and perpendicular to the line containing the stated diameter.
- 4). The amount of heat energy (Q) needed to change the temperature of an object (without going through a phase change like melting or boiling) is jointly proportional to the mass of the object (m) and the *change* in temperature (ΔT) .
 - a). Write an equation that models this physical phenomenon. Use c for the constant of proportionality.
 - b). The MKS unit for heat energy is the Joule (J). The constant of proportionality is specific to the substance being heated and is referred to as the *specific heat* of the substance. If Q is measured in Joules (J), m is measured in grams (g), and temperature is measured in Kelvin (K), what are the units of c?
 - c). In the lab, it is found that 41790J of heat energy raises the temperature of 1L of water by 10K. What is the specific heat of water? (1L of water=1000g)

5). Consider the equation:

$$y = x^2 + 2x - 5$$

For each of the parts below, use the graphing functions under the *math* (TI-89) or *calc* (TI-83/84) menus to find the answer and submit a screen-shot from your calculator that shows the correct answer.

- a). Find the y-value when x = 1.3 using the *value* function.
- b). Find the *x*-intercepts using the *zero* function.
- c). Determine the minimum value using the *minimum* function.
- d). Determine the x-values for y=5 using the *intersect* function. Note that you will need to add something to your graph to do this. Also note that there are multiple answers.
- e). Now graph the function $y=x^2+11$. Huh!? Nothing seems to appear! Why, and how can you fix this? Submit a screen shot that uses your fix.