第二章 背景知識

Like this [1, 2] and fade out.

2.1 背景知識

2.2 深層類神經網路

2.2.1 简介

深層類神經網路是 McColloh 在 1950 年提出的計算模型,其概念取法自連結主意學派,旨在用計算模型模擬生物神經連結的現象。類神經網路最基本的單元為一個神經元 (neuron),來自 1960 年 Rosenblatt 提出的感知器 (Perceptron)模型,旨在根據輸入訊號給出的線性分類器,其數學是可以表達成:

$$x = 3$$
 $y = 57$ $z = 4$

Like these. 像這樣子

ook

参考文獻

- [1] Y. Lecun, L. Bottou, Y. Bengio, and P. Haffner, "Gradient-based learning applied to document recognition," *Proceedings of the IEEE*, vol. 86, no. 11, pp. 2278–2324, 1998.
- [2] A. Baevski, Y. Zhou, A. Mohamed, and M. Auli, "wav2vec 2.0: A framework for self-supervised learning of speech representations," Advances in neural information processing systems, vol. 33, pp. 12449–12460, 2020.