



Note: This is a modified view of the original table produced by the U.S. Census Bureau.

Note: This download or printed version may have missing information from the original table.

TYPES OF INTERNET SUBSCRIPTIONS BY SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS

Survey/Program:

American Community Survey

Year:

2018

Estimates:

1-Year

Table ID:

S2802

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2018 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities, and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties.

The category "With a broadband Internet subscription" refers to those who said "Yes" to at least one of the following types of Internet subscriptions: Broadband such as cable, fiber optic, or DSL; a cellular data plan; satellite; or a fixed wireless subscription. The category "Without an Internet subscription" includes those who accessed the Internet without a subscription and also those with no Internet access at all.

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see ACS Technical Documentation). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

Data about computer and Internet use were collected by asking respondents to select "Yes" or "No" to each type of computer and each type of Internet subscription. Therefore, respondents were able to select more than one type of computer and more than one type of Internet subscription.

The category "Has a computer" includes those who said "Yes" to at least one of the following types of computers: Desktop or laptop; smartphone; tablet or other portable wireless computer; or some other type of computer. The category "No computer" consists of those who said "No" to all of these types of computers.

An Internet "subscription" refers to a type of service that someone pays for to access the Internet such as a cellular data plan, broadband such as cable, fiber optic or DSL, or other type of service. This will normally refer to a service that someone is billed for directly for Internet alone or sometimes as part of a bundle.

Caution should be used when comparing data for computer and Internet use before and after 2016. Changes in 2016 to the questions involving the wording as well as the response options resulted in changed response patterns in the data. Most noticeable are increases in overall computer ownership or use, the total of Internet subscriptions, satellite subscriptions, and cellular data plans for a smartphone or other mobile device. For more detailed information about these changes, see the 2016 American Community Survey Content Test Report for Computer and Internet Use located at

<https://www.census.gov/programs-surveys/acs/methodology/content-test.htm> or the user note regarding changes in the 2016 questions located at <https://www.census.gov/programs-surveys/acs/technical-documentation/user-notes.html> .

While the 2018 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the July 2015 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) delineations of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas, in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB delineations due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural populations, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2010 data. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Explanation of Symbols:

- An "*" entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.
- An "-" entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution, or the margin of error associated with a median was larger than the median itself.
- An "-" following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.
- An "+" following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
- An "***" entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.
- An "*****" entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.
- An "N" entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.
- An "(X)" means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.

Supporting documentation on code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Technical Documentation section.

Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Methodology section.

Minnesota						
	Total	With a computer		Percent no computer in household		
	Estimate	Percent Broadband Internet Subscription	Percent without an Internet Subscription	Estimate	Broadband Internet Subscription	Without an Internet Subscription
		Estimate	Estimate		Estimate	Estimate
✓ Total population in households	5,479,901	90.7%	4.8%	4.2%	4,969,900	
✓ AGE						
Under 18 years	1,298,698	95.3%	3.6%	1.1%	1,237,679	
18 to 64 years	3,327,991	93.0%	4.6%	2.2%	3,094,958	
65 years and over	853,212	74.7%	7.6%	16.7%	637,263	
✓ RACE AND HISPANIC OR LATINO ORIGIN						
White alone	4,529,840	90.8%	4.5%	4.4%	4,112,736	
Black or African American alone	350,160	88.9%	7.0%	4.1%	311,367	
American Indian and Alaska Native alone	58,021	81.2%	9.5%	9.1%	47,094	

Characteristic	Count	Percentage	Percentage	Percentage	Count	Percentage
Asian alone	267,186	93.0%	4.8%	2.0%	248,512	
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander alone	2,303	57.6%	34.5%	7.9%	1,326	
Some other race alone	101,361	85.8%	11.6%	2.7%	86,942	
Two or more races	171,030	94.7%	2.9%	2.2%	161,923	
Hispanic or Latino origin (of any race)	301,661	86.6%	9.7%	3.6%	261,135	
White alone, not Hispanic or Latino	4,360,148	91.0%	4.3%	4.4%	3,966,928	
▼ EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT						
▼ Household population 25 years and over	3,733,039	88.9%	5.0%	5.7%	3,319,913	
Less than high school graduate or equivalency	240,100	70.7%	11.8%	17.3%	169,663	
High school graduate (includes equivalency), some college	2,105,086	86.6%	5.8%	7.0%	1,823,238	
Bachelor's degree or higher	1,387,853	95.6%	2.6%	1.6%	1,327,012	
▼ EMPLOYMENT STATUS						
▼ Civilian population 16 years and over	4,320,512	89.5%	5.1%	5.1%	3,866,579	
▼ In labor force	3,036,253	93.7%	4.2%	1.9%	2,844,701	
Employed	2,935,808	93.8%	4.1%	1.8%	2,754,937	
Unemployed	100,445	89.4%	5.9%	4.7%	89,764	
Not in labor force	1,284,259	79.6%	7.3%	12.4%	1,021,878	