國立台灣科技大學電子工程系 基於深度學習之影像辨識 期末報告

人臉生成 with DCGAN

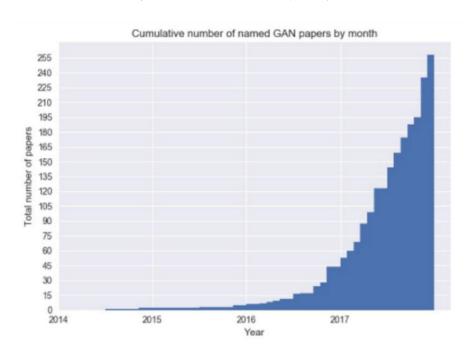
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中華民國 111 年 12 月 28 日

一、摘要

GAN(Generative Adversarial Network)在前幾年與近期都是非常熱門的領域,從下圖歷年論文數量可以觀察出來。



參考自 G. Ian et al., "Generative adversarial networks,"

Communications of the ACM, vol. 63, no. 11, pp. 139–144, 2020.,而這邊我的實作是 DCGAN(Deep Convolutional Generative Adversarial Networks),顧名思義該神經網路模型採用的是深度捲積網路,由多層捲積層堆疊而成,它的好處在於可以提升 GAN 訓練的穩定性及生成結果的質量。

二、簡介

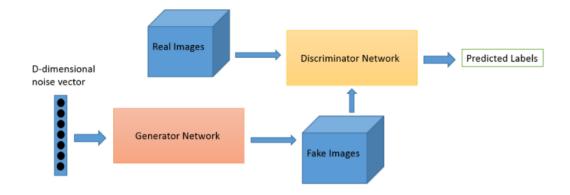
生成對抗網路的概念非常簡單,就像一個遊戲有兩個角色,一個是偽造者(counterfeiter),他負責製造假鈔,而另一個角色則是警察,需要不斷從偽造者那邊拿到假鈔並判斷究竟是真是假,然後偽造者會根據警察判斷的結果回饋不斷改良假鈔的品質,最後假鈔的品質被改良到和真鈔很相似,因而很難辨別。

硬體規格:

CPU:i7-12700 GPU:RTX 3090

三、設計原理

GAN 分成兩個網路,Generator 跟 Discriminator,而我的期末報告是做人臉生成,因此我的 Generator 要不斷製造出假的人臉,而 Discriminator 則要負責去判斷到底是 fake image 還是 real image,而 Generator 會根據反饋不斷修正並製造 fake image,最後得出來的人 臉就像是真的一樣,但其實那個人並不真實存在,一切都只是由 random noise 經過 Generator 製造出來的虛幻人物而已。



Generator model:

```
Generator(
  (main): Sequential(
   (0): ConvTranspose2d(100, 512, kernel_size=(4, 4), stride=(1, 1), bias=False)
   (1): BatchNorm2d(512, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True, track_running_stats=True)
   (2): ReLU(inplace=True)
   (3): ConvTranspose2d(512, 256, kernel_size=(4, 4), stride=(2, 2), padding=(1, 1), bias=False)
   (4): BatchNorm2d(256, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True, track_running_stats=True)
   (5): ReLU(inplace=True)
   (6): ConvTranspose2d(256, 128, kernel_size=(4, 4), stride=(2, 2), padding=(1, 1), bias=False)
    (7): BatchNorm2d(128, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True, track_running_stats=True)
    (8): ReLU(inplace=True)
    (9): ConvTranspose2d(128, 64, kernel_size=(4, 4), stride=(2, 2), padding=(1, 1), bias=False)
    (10): BatchNorm2d(64, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True, track_running_stats=True)
   (11): ReLU(inplace=True)
   (12): ConvTranspose2d(64, 3, kernel_size=(4, 4), stride=(2, 2), padding=(1, 1), bias=False)
    (13): Tanh()
```

Discriminator model:

```
Discriminator(
  (main): Sequential(
    (0): Conv2d(3, 64, kernel_size=(4, 4), stride=(2, 2), padding=(1, 1), bias=False)
    (1): LeakyReLU(negative_slope=0.2, inplace=True)
    (2): Conv2d(64, 128, kernel_size=(4, 4), stride=(2, 2), padding=(1, 1), bias=False)
    (3): BatchNorm2d(128, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True, track_running_stats=True)
    (4): LeakyReLU(negative_slope=0.2, inplace=True)
    (5): Conv2d(128, 256, kernel_size=(4, 4), stride=(2, 2), padding=(1, 1), bias=False)
    (6): BatchNorm2d(256, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True, track_running_stats=True)
    (7): LeakyReLU(negative_slope=0.2, inplace=True)
    (8): Conv2d(256, 512, kernel_size=(4, 4), stride=(2, 2), padding=(1, 1), bias=False)
    (9): BatchNorm2d(512, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True, track_running_stats=True)
    (10): LeakyReLU(negative_slope=0.2, inplace=True)
    (11): Conv2d(512, 1, kernel_size=(4, 4), stride=(1, 1), bias=False)
    (12): Sigmoid()
)
```

Dataset:

使用網路上的 Large-scale CelebFaces Attributes (CelebA)

Dataset,這個資料集共有 202,599 張面部圖像,收錄了 10,177 位知名人物,並且該數據集中涵蓋了巨大的姿態變化和背景雜訊,這個資料集除了拿來訓練 GAN 模型之外,也可以拿來做為臉部辨識或是臉部偵測的訓練或測試資料集,下圖皆為範例圖片。

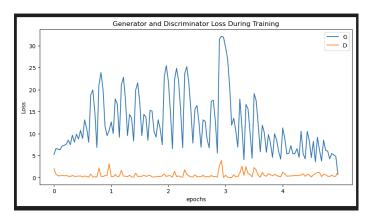


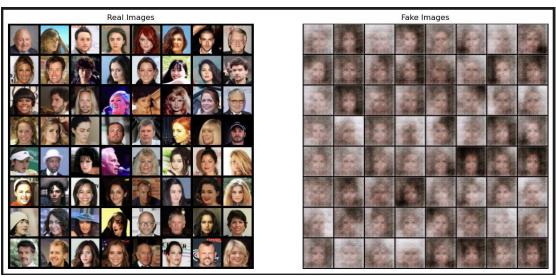
四、實驗成果

我做了很多組實驗,分別使用不同的 epochs 與不同的 batch size 和 learning rate 並分別把它們記錄下來。

Batch size = 128, Epochs = 5, Learning Rate = 0.0002

```
... Starting Training Loop...
[0/5][0/28] Loss_D: 2.0722 Loss_G: 5.2568 D(x): 0.4722 D(G(z)): 0.6326 / 0.0078
[1/5][0/28] Loss_D: 0.2588 Loss_G: 12.6711 D(x): 0.9797 D(G(z)): 0.1855 / 0.0000
[2/5][0/28] Loss_D: 0.4460 Loss_G: 21.8817 D(x): 0.7986 D(G(z)): 0.0000 / 0.0000
[3/5][0/28] Loss_D: 0.5167 Loss_G: 29.6986 D(x): 0.8039 D(G(z)): 0.0000 / 0.0000
[4/5][0/28] Loss_D: 1.2115 Loss_G: 11.2988 D(x): 0.9599 D(G(z)): 0.5839 / 0.0001
```





可以看出經過5個 epochs後,從原本的 random noise 已經漸漸有 一點人臉的輪廓。

Batch size = 128, Epochs = 10, Learning Rate = 0.0002

```
*** Starting Training Loop...

[0/10][0/28] Loss D: 2.0722 Loss G: 5.2567 D(x): 0.4722 D(G(z)): 0.6326 / 0.0078

[1/10][0/28] Loss D: 0.8028 Loss G: 18.4099 D(x): 0.9846 D(G(z)): 0.4647 / 0.0000

[2/10][0/28] Loss D: 0.2333 Loss G: 10.0259 D(x): 0.9677 D(G(z)): 0.1397 / 0.0001

[3/10][0/28] Loss D: 0.8398 Loss G: 20.5674 D(x): 0.9399 D(G(z)): 0.4162 / 0.0000

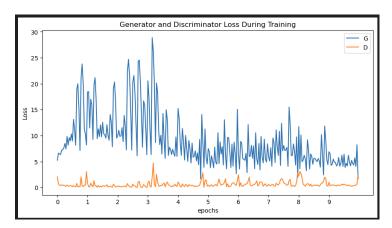
[4/10][0/28] Loss D: 1.0563 Loss G: 15.2354 D(x): 0.9563 D(G(z)): 0.4299 / 0.0000

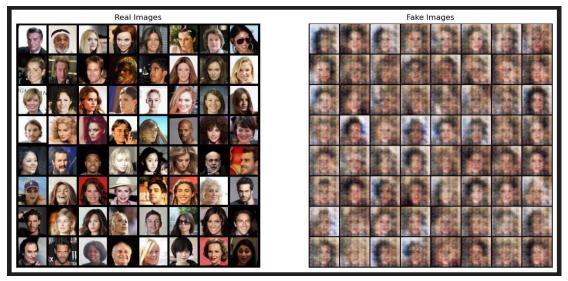
[5/10][0/28] Loss D: 0.4594 Loss G: 7.5027 D(x): 0.9790 D(G(z)): 0.3057 / 0.0015

[6/10][0/28] Loss D: 2.4790 Loss G: 6.4899 D(x): 0.2710 D(G(z)): 0.0020 / 0.0136

[7/10][0/28] Loss D: 2.2355 Loss G: 11.7234 D(x): 0.9178 D(G(z)): 0.7084 / 0.0001

[9/10][0/28] Loss D: 1.0205 Loss G: 6.8938 D(x): 0.9690 D(G(z)): 0.4207 / 0.0054
```

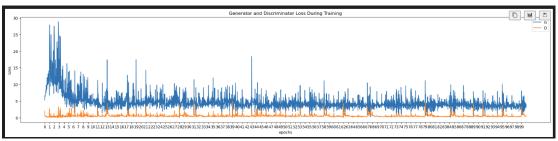


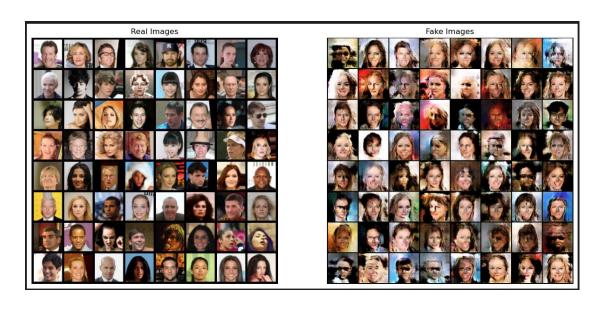


Generator 的 loss 隨著 epochs 數目慢慢下降。

Batch size = 128, Epochs = 100, Learning Rate = 0.0002

```
Output exceeds the size limit. Open the full output data in a text editor
Starting Training Loop...
[0/100][0/28] Loss_D: 2.0722 Loss_G: 5.2566 D(x): 0.4722
                                                             D(G(z)): 0.6326 / 0.0078
[1/100][0/28] Loss_D: 2.6923 Loss_G: 24.7116 D(x): 0.9891
                                                             D(G(z)): 0.8790 / 0.0000
              Loss_D: 0.2255 Loss_G: 25.3161 D(x): 0.8786
                                                             D(G(z)): 0.0000 / 0.0000
             Loss_D: 0.2066 Loss_G: 10.5084 D(x): 0.9348
                                                             D(G(z)): 0.1769 / 0.0018
[7/100][0/28]
[8/100][0/28]
              Loss D: 2.2249 Loss G: 13.1141 D(x): 0.9646
                                                             D(G(z)): 0.7776 / 0.0000
[9/100][0/28]
              Loss D: 1.3330 Loss G: 4.4361 D(x): 0.4548
                                                             D(G(z)): 0.0093 / 0.0566
[10/100][0/28] Loss_D: 1.1526 Loss_G: 7.2297 D(x): 0.8753
[11/100][0/28] Loss_D: 3.0837 Loss_G: 11.3218 D(x): 0.9888
                                                             D(G(z)): 0.8525 / 0.0001
                                                             D(G(z)): 0.0291 / 0.1069
[12/100][0/28] Loss D: 0.9804 Loss G: 3.7104 D(x): 0.5164
[13/100][0/28] Loss D: 4.2826 Loss G: 2.5567 D(x): 0.0880
                                                             D(G(z)): 0.0003 / 0.2559
[14/100][0/28] Loss D: 1.0059 Loss G: 5.7475 D(x): 0.9442
                                                             D(G(z)): 0.4671 / 0.0217
[15/100][0/28] Loss D: 0.6190 Loss G: 8.0287 D(x): 0.9251
                                                             D(G(z)): 0.3562 / 0.0010
[16/100][0/28] Loss D: 0.3446 Loss G: 6.0492 D(x): 0.9319
                                                             D(G(z)): 0.1930 / 0.0069
[17/100][0/28] Loss D: 0.5325 Loss G: 5.6548 D(x): 0.7726
                                                             D(G(z)): 0.1407 / 0.0102
[18/100][0/28] Loss D: 0.5556 Loss G: 4.1307 D(x): 0.8870
                                                             D(G(z)): 0.2521 / 0.0358
[19/100][0/28] Loss D: 2.7596 Loss G: 6.7652 D(x): 0.2153
                                                             D(G(z)): 0.0047 / 0.0271
[20/100][0/28] Loss D: 1.1223 Loss G: 8.7262 D(x): 0.9319
                                                             D(G(z)): 0.5685 / 0.0009
[21/100][0/28] Loss D: 2.7603 Loss G: 14.3044 D(x): 0.9642
                                                             D(G(z)): 0.8699 / 0.0002
[22/100][0/28] Loss D: 0.8788 Loss G: 7.7616 D(x): 0.9328
                                                             D(G(z)): 0.4173 / 0.0017
[23/100][0/28] Loss D: 0.4654 Loss G: 4.0891 D(x): 0.7560
                                                             D(G(z)): 0.0689 / 0.0569
[96/100][0/28] Loss D: 0.5529 Loss G: 5.4246 D(x): 0.9472
                                                             D(G(z)): 0.3262 / 0.0122
[97/100][0/28] Loss D: 1.2658 Loss G: 6.6875 D(x): 0.9548
                                                             D(G(z)): 0.5331 / 0.0029
[98/100][0/28] Loss D: 0.2353 Loss G: 4.0446 D(x): 0.9533
                                                             D(G(z)): 0.1548 / 0.0272
[99/100][0/28] Loss D: 3.3328 Loss G: 8.0434 D(x): 0.9970
                                                             D(G(z)): 0.8887 / 0.0026
```



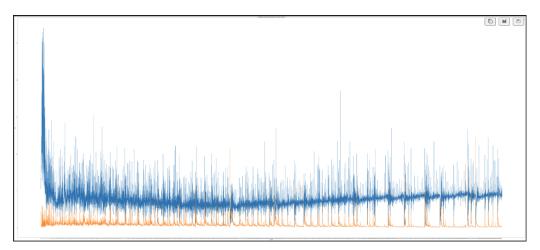


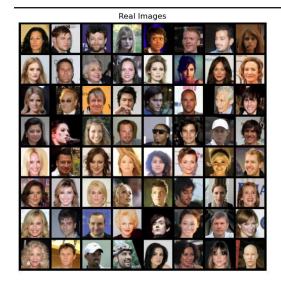
經過 100 次 epochs 後,可以明顯看出 generator 產生的 fake image 基本上已經看得出男女與一些特徵像頭髮顏色等.....,但是

五官細節還沒有到非常清楚。

Batch size = 128, Epochs = 400, Learning Rate = 0.0002

```
Output exceeds the size limit. Open the full output data in a text editor
Starting Training Loop...
[0/400][0/28] Loss_D: 2.0722 Loss_G: 5.2564 D(x): 0.4722
                                                                              D(G(z)): 0.6326 / 0.0078
                 Loss D: 0.0284 Loss G: 7.5673 D(x): 0.9793
                                                                             D(G(z)): 0.0030 / 0.0013
[1/400][0/28]
[2/400][9/28] Loss D: 0.1725 Loss G: 7.9746 D(x): 0.9496
[3/400][0/28] Loss D: 0.3260 Loss G: 16.2008 D(x): 0.8797
                                                                             D(G(z)): 0.0652 / 0.0017
                                                                             D(G(z)): 0.0001 / 0.0000
[4/400][0/28] Loss_D: 0.6842 Loss_G: 4.4837 D(x): 0.7180
[5/400][0/28] Loss_D: 0.4974 Loss_G: 1.7328 D(x): 0.7992
                                                                             D(G(z)): 0.0914 / 0.2864
[6/400][0/28] Loss_D: 1.1975 Loss_G: 3.5966 D(x): 0.5057 [7/400][0/28] Loss_D: 3.0604 Loss_G: 13.2817 D(x): 0.9908 [8/400][0/28] Loss_D: 1.4099 Loss_G: 8.2310 D(x): 0.9281 [9/400][0/28] Loss_D: 0.5145 Loss_G: 5.8372 D(x): 0.8113 [10/400][0/28] Loss_D: 0.8261 Loss_G: 2.4659 D(x): 0.5842
                                                                             D(G(z)): 0.5788 / 0.0009
                                                                             D(G(z)): 0.1676 / 0.0071
                                                                          D(G(z)): 0.0984 / 0.1165
[11/400][0/28] Loss_D: 1.8333 Loss_G: 11.6687 D(x): 0.9850 D(G(z)): 0.7382 / 0.0001 [12/400][0/28] Loss_D: 0.3852 Loss_G: 5.1070 D(x): 0.9043 D(G(z)): 0.2025 / 0.0228
[13/400][0/28] Loss_D: 3.4930 Loss_G: 6.2092 D(x): 0.9836 D(G(z)): 0.8749 / 0.0154 [14/400][0/28] Loss_D: 2.0229 Loss_G: 7.6743 D(x): 0.9622 D(G(z)): 0.7107 / 0.0108
[15/400][0/28] Loss_D: 0.7357 Loss_G: 3.5745 D(x): 0.6980
[16/400][0/28] Loss_D: 0.9289 Loss_G: 3.3970 D(x): 0.6167
[17/400][0/28] Loss_D: 0.8026 Loss_G: 5.8738 D(x): 0.9040
                                                                             D(G(z)): 0.3404 / 0.0082
[18/400][0/28] Loss_D: 0.5578 Loss_G: 5.2229 D(x): 0.9066
[19/400][0/28] Loss_D: 0.4598 Loss_G: 4.0819 D(x): 0.7930
[20/400][0/28] Loss D: 0.3599 Loss G: 4.2459 D(x): 0.8418
                                                                             D(G(z)): 0.1327 / 0.0257
[21/400][0/28] Loss D: 2.3300 Loss G: 14.1743 D(x): 0.9816
[22/400][0/28] Loss_D: 0.9257 Loss_G: 2.0608 D(x): 0.6276
[23/400][0/28] Loss D: 0.3272 Loss G: 2.8012 D(x): 0.8365
                                                                             D(G(z)): 0.0953 / 0.1146
[396/400][0/28] Loss_D: 2.1372 Loss_G: 10.6567 D(x): 0.9991
                                                                              D(G(z)): 0.7416 / 0.0002
[397/400][0/28] Loss_D: 1.3772 Loss_G: 9.3329 D(x): 0.9766
[399/400][0/28] Loss_D: 0.1819 Loss_G: 5.2480 D(x): 0.9912
                                                                              D(G(z)): 0.1452 / 0.0086
```





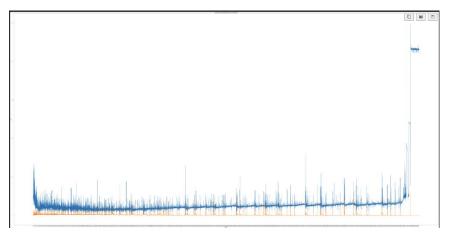


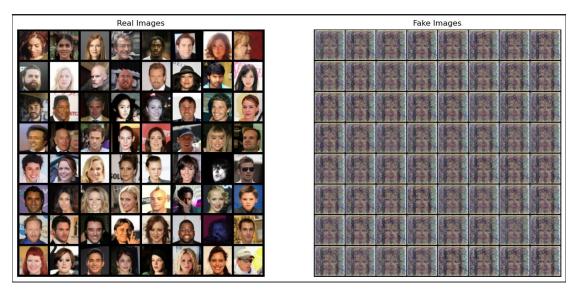
有幾張照片的五官已經非常清晰了,有無戴眼鏡或是有無鬍子, 也都能看的出來,可是只有幾張照片而已,有些還是不能精確辨認出 該照片的明顯特徵,而且 generator 的 loss 也似乎開始在悄悄上升, 這邊有影片紀錄從第 1 個 epoch 到第 400 個的變化過程。



Batch size = 128, Epochs = 800, Learning Rate = 0.0002

```
Output exceeds the <u>size limit</u>. Open the full output data <u>in a text editor</u>
Starting Training Loop.
                Loss_D: 1.0333 Loss_G: 17.8370 D(x): 0.9936 Loss_D: 0.0695 Loss_G: 9.4241 D(x): 0.9588
[2/800][0/28]
                                                                     D(G(z)): 0.0053 / 0.0004
                Loss_D: 0.5214 Loss_G: 4.7777 D(x): 0.7612
Loss_D: 1.5593 Loss_G: 8.3328 D(x): 0.6082
                                                                     D(G(z)): 0.0959 /
                                                                                         0.0269
                                                                     D(G(z)): 0.3935 /
                                                                                         0.0005
[11/800][0/28] Loss D: 3.2811 Loss G: 6.9405 D(x): 0.9922
                                                                     D(G(z)): 0.9065 /
                                                                                         0.0086
                                                                     D(G(z)): 0.3242 /
[16/800][0/28] Loss D: 0.5195 Loss G: 5.7921 D(x): 0.8118
                                                                     D(G(z)): 0.1468 /
                                                                                         0.0080
                                                                     D(G(z)): 0.2970 /
                                                                                         0.0300
[20/800][0/28] Loss D: 0.5023 Loss G: 7.4408 D(x): 0.9069
                                                                     D(G(z)): 0.2435 / 0.0026
[21/800][0/28] Loss_D: 0.7940 Loss_G: 3.1732 D(x): 0.6871
                                                                     D(G(z)): 0.2008 / 0.1033
[22/800][0/28] Loss_D: 0.4760 Loss_G: 5.6257 D(x): 0.8855
[796/800][0/28] Loss D: 0.0000 Loss G: 86.3499 D(x): 1.0000
                                                                     D(G(z)): 0.0000 / 0.0000
[797/800][0/28] Loss D: 0.0000 Loss G: 86.0833 D(x): 1.0000
[798/800][0/28] Loss_D: 0.0000 Loss_G: 86.6799 D(x): 1.0000
                                                                     D(G(z)): 0.0000 / 0.0000
```



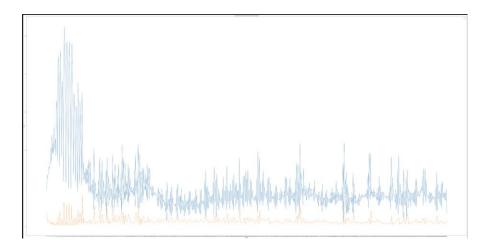


Generator 的 loss 直接爆長,以至於即使 epochs 數目很高也得不

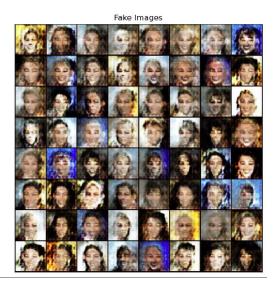
出理想的 fake image,每張圖像甚至有一樣的結果,或許可能是 discriminator 訓練的太好了導致 generator 怎麼樣都會被抓包,因此無 法一直進步。

Batch size = 2048, Epochs = 400, Learning Rate = 0.0002

```
Starting Training Loop
[0/400][0/2] Loss_D
                     Loss D: 1.9682 Loss G: 4.7933 D(x): 0.4662
                      D(G(z)): 0.1593 / 0.0010
                      Loss_D: 0.2978 Loss_G: 8.5592 D(x): 0.8884
Loss_D: 0.2972 Loss_G: 9.5552 D(x): 0.8683
[5/400][0/2]
                                                                                             D(G(z)): 0.0550 /
                                                                                             D(G(z)): 0.0148 /
[6/400][0/2]
                      Loss_D: 0.2006 Loss_G: 10.4702 D(x): 0.9115
Loss_D: 0.2753 Loss_G: 11.4971 D(x): 0.9356
[8/400][0/2]
                                                                                             D(G(z)): 0.0092 /
[9/400][0/2]
                      Loss_D: 0.1552 Loss_G: 8.5349 D(x): 0.9275 Loss_D: 0.3409 Loss_G: 22.3306 D(x): 0.8404
[11/400][0/2]
                                                                                             D(G(z)): 0.0026 /
                      Loss D: 0.3474 Loss G: 23.0745 D(x): 0.8428
[14/400][0/2]
                                                                                             D(G(z)): 0.0000
                      Loss_D: 0.2682 Loss_G: 19.0750 D(x): 0.8807
Loss_D: 0.1402 Loss_G: 5.8880 D(x): 0.9409
[17/400][0/2]
                      Loss_D: 0.1807 Loss_G: 14.9547 D(x): 0.9176
Loss_D: 2.8557 Loss_G: 20.9148 D(x): 0.9710
                                                                                             D(G(z)): 0.0000
                                                                                             D(G(z)): 0.8997 /
[20/400][0/2]
[22/400][0/2] Loss_D: 0.1610 Loss_G: 4.9632 D(x): 0.9352 [23/400][0/2] Loss_D: 0.5645 Loss_G: 24.3075 D(x): 0.7540
                                                                                             D(G(z)): 0.0132 / 0.0119
                                                                                             D(G(z)): 0.0000 /
                                                                                             D(G(z)): 0.2580 / 0.0220
D(G(z)): 0.2093 / 0.0220
D(G(z)): 0.2429 / 0.0194
[396/400][0/2] Loss_D: 0.4758 Loss_G: 4.4719 D(x): 0.8962 [397/400][0/2] Loss_D: 0.4466 Loss_G: 4.3238 D(x): 0.8491 [398/400][0/2] Loss_D: 0.4434 Loss_G: 4.4555 D(x): 0.8833
[399/400][0/2] Loss_D: 0.5169 Loss_G: 4.8613 D(x): 0.8711
```







Batch size = 2048, Epochs = 2000, Learning Rate = 0.0002

```
Output exceeds the <u>size limit</u>. Open the full output data <u>in a text editor</u>

Starting Training Loop...

[0/2000][0/2] Loss_D: 1.9682 Loss_G: 4.7932 D(x): 0.4662 D(G(z)): 0.5937 / 0.0147

[1/2000][0/2] Loss_D: 0.6391 Loss_G: 6.7177 D(x): 0.9006 D(G(z)): 0.3392 / 0.0024

[2/2000][0/2] Loss_D: 0.8018 Loss_G: 6.7177 D(x): 0.9006 D(G(z)): 0.3392 / 0.0024

[2/2000][0/2] Loss_D: 0.8018 Loss_G: 7.5115 D(x): 0.8600 D(G(z)): 0.3119 / 0.0017

[3/2000][0/2] Loss_D: 0.3913 Loss_G: 8.2888 D(x): 0.8868 D(G(z)): 0.1276 / 0.0005

[5/2000][0/2] Loss_D: 0.2984 Loss_G: 8.5694 D(x): 0.8867 D(G(z)): 0.1283 / 0.0001

[6/2000][0/2] Loss_D: 0.2982 Loss_G: 9.5819 D(x): 0.8677 D(G(z)): 0.0144 / 0.0001

[7/2000][0/2] Loss_D: 0.2982 Loss_G: 9.5822 D(x): 0.9152 D(G(z)): 0.0111 / 0.0001

[8/2000][0/2] Loss_D: 0.2985 Loss_G: 9.6222 D(x): 0.9133 D(G(z)): 0.0111 / 0.0001

[8/2000][0/2] Loss_D: 0.1987 Loss_G: 10.2604 D(x): 0.9133 D(G(z)): 0.0111 / 0.0001

[8/2000][0/2] Loss_D: 0.1531 Loss_G: 10.5531 D(x): 0.9224 D(G(z)): 0.0565 / 0.0001

[11/2000][0/2] Loss_D: 0.1531 Loss_G: 10.05277 D(x): 0.9330 D(G(z)): 0.0111 / 0.0001

[11/2000][0/2] Loss_D: 0.1849 Loss_G: 13.3643 D(x): 0.9093 D(G(z)): 0.0007 / 0.0000

[13/2000][0/2] Loss_D: 0.3557 Loss_G: 13.3643 D(x): 0.9093 D(G(z)): 0.0007 / 0.0000

[13/2000][0/2] Loss_D: 0.3557 Loss_G: 12.6869 D(x): 0.9944 D(G(z)): 0.0007 / 0.0000

[14/2000][0/2] Loss_D: 0.3557 Loss_G: 12.6129 D(x): 0.9568 D(G(z)): 0.17729 / 0.0000

[15/2000][0/2] Loss_D: 0.4087 Loss_G: 12.6209 D(x): 0.9568 D(G(z)): 0.1471 / 0.0000

[15/2000][0/2] Loss_D: 0.4682 Loss_G: 12.6129 D(x): 0.9508 D(G(z)): 0.0000 / 0.0000

[15/2000][0/2] Loss_D: 0.4686 Loss_G: 25.6590 D(x): 0.9779 D(G(z)): 0.0000 / 0.0000

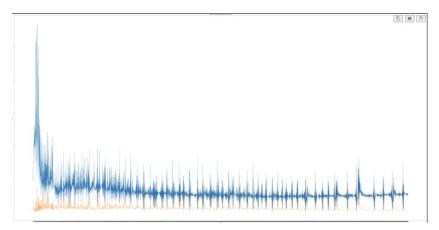
[12/2000][0/2] Loss_D: 0.4687 Loss_G: 26.6590 D(x): 0.9799 D(G(z)): 0.0000 / 0.0000

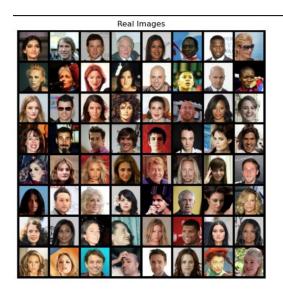
[12/2000][0/2] Loss_D: 0.2566 Loss_G: 26.6590 D(x): 0.9779 D(G(z)): 0.0000 / 0.0000

[22/2000][0/2] Loss_D: 0.2580 Loss_G: 26.6590 D(x): 0.9980 D(G(z)): 0.0000 / 0.0000

[22/2000][0/2] Loss_D: 0.0580 Loss_G: 27.6244 D(x): 0.9998 D(G(z)): 0.9587 / 0.0000

[22
```







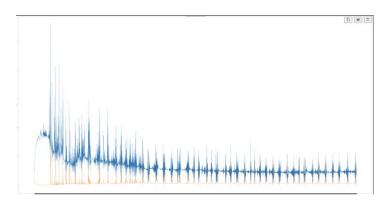
調高 batch size 後,fake image 看起來像是畫作,不過也蠻接近真實圖像的。

Batch size = 4096, Epochs = 5000, Learning Rate = 0.0001

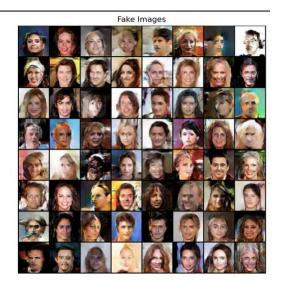
```
Output exceeds the <u>size limit</u>. Open the full output data <u>in a text editor</u>

Starting Training Loop...

[0/5000][0/1] Loss_D: 1.3760 Loss_G: 2.3245 D(x): 0.4652 D(G(z)): 0.5930 / 0.1428 [1/5000][0/1] Loss_D: 0.9654 Loss_G: 2.3906 D(x): 0.8608 D(G(z)): 0.6347 / 0.0850 [2/5000][0/1] Loss_D: 0.9654 Loss_G: 3.5524 D(x): 0.8608 D(G(z)): 0.4847 / 0.0860 [3/5000][0/1] Loss_D: 0.9654 Loss_G: 3.5524 D(x): 0.8643 D(G(z)): 0.4847 / 0.0466 [3/5000][0/1] Loss_D: 0.5955 Loss_G: 4.0986 D(x): 0.8396 D(G(z)): 0.3304 / 0.0323 [4/5000][0/1] Loss_D: 0.5955 Loss_G: 4.0986 D(x): 0.8360 D(G(z)): 0.3272 / 0.0302 [6/5000][0/1] Loss_D: 0.5955 Loss_G: 4.0127 D(x): 0.8566 D(G(z)): 0.2722 / 0.0302 [6/5000][0/1] Loss_D: 0.6023 Loss_G: 4.1017 D(x): 0.8566 D(G(z)): 0.2722 / 0.0302 [6/5000][0/1] Loss_D: 0.59848 Loss_G: 4.4929 D(x): 0.8714 D(G(z)): 0.2834 / 0.0192 [8/5000][0/1] Loss_D: 0.59848 Loss_G: 4.4929 D(x): 0.8723 D(G(z)): 0.2272 / 0.0124 [10/5000][0/1] Loss_D: 0.5961 Loss_G: 4.9066 D(x): 0.8673 D(G(z)): 0.2272 / 0.0124 [10/5000][0/1] Loss_D: 0.4998 Loss_G: 5.5020 D(x): 0.8673 D(G(z)): 0.2272 / 0.0124 [10/5000][0/1] Loss_D: 0.4118 Loss_G: 5.64906 D(x): 0.8675 D(G(z)): 0.1637 / 0.0072 [11/5000][0/1] Loss_D: 0.4118 Loss_G: 5.4678 D(x): 0.8872 D(G(z)): 0.1698 / 0.0084 [13/5000][0/1] Loss_D: 0.3705 Loss_G: 5.7467 D(x): 0.9010 D(G(z)): 0.1698 / 0.0084 [15/5000][0/1] Loss_D: 0.3542 Loss_G: 5.7845 D(x): 0.9010 D(G(z)): 0.1637 / 0.0072 [14/5000][0/1] Loss_D: 0.3543 Loss_G: 5.7845 D(x): 0.9040 D(G(z)): 0.1419 / 0.0054 [15/5000][0/1] Loss_D: 0.3215 Loss_G: 6.60302 D(x): 0.9081 D(G(z)): 0.1419 / 0.0054 [15/5000][0/1] Loss_D: 0.3215 Loss_G: 6.60302 D(x): 0.9081 D(G(z)): 0.1419 / 0.0054 [15/5000][0/1] Loss_D: 0.3215 Loss_G: 6.60302 D(x): 0.9081 D(G(z)): 0.1419 / 0.0061 [15/5000][0/1] Loss_D: 0.3215 Loss_G: 6.60302 D(x): 0.9081 D(G(z)): 0.1227 / 0.0033 [20/5000][0/1] Loss_D: 0.3254 Loss_G: 6.7805 D(x): 0.9081 D(G(z)): 0.1227 / 0.0033 [20/5000][0/1] Loss_D: 0.2504 Loss_G: 6.6390 D(x): 0.9179 D(G(z)): 0.1227 / 0.0033 [20/5000][0/1] Loss_D: 0.2504 Loss
```







五、心得

我覺得訓練模型是一件很難的事,因為你永遠不知道怎模樣可以得到最好的結果,它中間涉及的變因太多了不管是 optimizer 的選擇或是 learning rate 的調整甚至是模型的組成架構。因此我以 loss 與輸出的結果來調整 model 看看怎樣可以獲得完美的 fake image,據我所知有一個叫做 optuna 的工具可以幫忙找出最適合的 hyperparameters,以後可以使用這個工具,把我得 GAN 模型 train 的更完美,訓練模型的過程除了花時間之外,更重要的是適時調整模型與不斷地觀察 loss 等,看是否有梯度消失或是梯度爆炸甚至是 overfitting 的問題,因此我認為把一個模型訓練得很好,其實不是一件很容易的事。

根據我的實驗,我認為在(Batch size = 128, Epochs = 400, Learning

Rate = 0.0002)和(Batch size = 2048, Epochs = 2000, Learning Rate = 0.0002)的時候生成出的 fake image 挺接近 real image 的。

這裡我提交的 ipynb 檔只有跑過 5 個 epochs 的紀錄,剩下的實驗是用實驗室的 server 來跑的,因為規格好非常多,可以節省非常多的時間。