

# License

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# is-extendable npm package 1.0.1

*Returns true if a value is any of the object types: array, regexp, plain object, function or date. This is useful for determining if a value can be extended, e.g. “can the value have keys?”*

## Install

Install with [npm](#)

```
$ npm i is-extendable --save
```

## Usage

```
var isExtendable = require('is-extendable');
```

Returns true if the value is any of the following:

- array
- regexp
- plain object
- function
- date

- error

## Notes

All objects in JavaScript can have keys, but it's a pain to check for this, since we either need to verify that the value is not null or undefined and:

- the value is not a primitive, or
  - that the object is an object, function
- Also note that an extendable object is not the same as an [extensible object](#), which is one that (in es6) is not sealed, frozen, or marked as non-extensible using preventExtensions.

## Related projects

- [assign-deep](#): Deeply assign the enumerable properties of source objects to a destination object.
- [extend-shallow](#): Extend an object with the properties of additional objects. node.js/javascript util.
- [isobject](#): Returns true if the value is an object and not an array or null.
- [is-plain-object](#): Returns true if an object was created by the Object constructor.
- [is-equal-shallow](#): Does a shallow comparison of two objects, returning false if the keys or values differ.

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- [kind-of](#): Get the native type of a value.

## Running tests

Install dev dependencies:

```
$ npm i -d && npm test
```

## Contributing

Pull requests and stars are always welcome. For bugs and feature requests, [please create an issue](#)

## Author

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