

# bcp-47

 main no status

Parse and stringify [BCP 47](#) language tags.

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```
import * as bcp47 from 'https://cdn.skypack.dev/bcp-47@2?dt=14.14+, or 16.0+), install with npm:
```

In Deno with [SkyPack](#):

```
npm install bcp-47
```

This package is [ESM only](#). In Node.js (version 12.20+,  
14.14+, or 16.0+), install with [npm](#):

## Install

want to check (`l1m`) or manipulate tags.

You can use this package if you need to access the data stored in BCP 47 language tags. You can also use this package if you want to check (`l1m`) or manipulate tags.

## When should I use this?

tags.

BCP 47 tags and can emit warnings about problems in incorrect language tags. It supports a forgiving mode to handle incorrect object representing them, and serialize those objects back into ISO 15924 codes. This is a package that can parse BCP 47 language tags to an ISO 639-3 codes.

## What is this?

- [ISO-3166](#) — ISO 3166 codes
- [ISO-639-2](#) — ISO 639-2 codes
- [ISO-639-3](#) — ISO 639-3 codes
- [ISO-15924](#) — ISO 15924 codes
- [UN-M49](#) — UN M49 codes

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## License

Yes please! See [How to Contribute to Open Source](#).

## Contribute

## Types

This package is fully typed with [TypeScript](#). It exports additional Schema, Extension, Warning, and Options types that model their respective interfaces.

## Compatibility

This package is at least compatible with all maintained versions of Node.js. As of now, that is Node.js 12.20+, 14.14+, and 16.0+. It also works in Deno and modern browsers.

## Security

This package is safe.

## Related

- [wooorm/bcp-47-match](#) — match BCP 47 language tags with language ranges per RFC 4647
- [wooorm/bcp-47-normalize](#) — normalize, canonicalize, and format BCP 47 tags

In browsers with [Skypack](#):

```
<script type="module">
  import * as bcp47 from 'https://
    cdn.skypack.dev/bcp-47@2?min'
</script>
```

## Use

```
import {parse, stringify} from 'bcp-47'

const schema = parse('hy-Latn-IT-
  arevela')

console.log(schema)
console.log(stringify(schema))
```

Yields:

```
{ language: 'hy',
  extendedLanguageSubtags: [],
  script: 'Latn',
  region: 'IT',
  variants: ['arevela'],
  extensions: [],
  privateuse: [],
  irregular: null,
  regular: null }
'hy-Latn-IT-arevela'
```

code reason	Warnings	Parameters	offset)	called when an error occurs.	function warning(reason, code,	offset)	reason for failure	code (number) —	occurred in the tag
I									
2									
3									
4									
5									
6									

This package exports the following identifiers: `parse` and `stringify`. There is no default export.

```
parse(tags, options])
```

Parse a BCP 4/ tag into a language schema. Note that the algorithm is case insensitive.

Whether to normalize legacy tags when possible (lean), default: true). For example, i-Klingon does not match the BCP 47 language algorithm but is considered valid by BCP 47 nonetheless. It is suggested to use tlh instead (the ISO 639-3 code for Klingon). When normalize is true, passing in -Klingon or other deprecated tags, is handled as if their

options. forgiving

By default, when an error is encountered, an empty object is returned. When in forgiving mode, all found values up to the point returned. When in forgiving mode, all found values up to the point of the error are included (`boolearn`, `default: false`). So, for example, where by default `en-GB-abcdfeghi` an empty object is returned (as the language variant is too long), in forgiving mode it is returned as `en-GB-abcdfeghi`.

- no-nyn
- zh-guoyu
- zh-hakka
- zh-min
- zh-min-nan
- zh-xiang

`schema.irregular`

One of the `irregular` tags (`string`): tags that are seen as invalid by the algorithm). Valid values are:

- en-GB-oed
- i-ami
- i-bnn
- i-default
- i-enochian
- i-hak
- i-klingon
- i-lux
- i-mingo
- i-navajo
- i-pwn
- i-tao
- i-tay
- i-tsu
- sgn-BE-FR
- sgn-BE-NL
- sgn-CH-DE

mode the `language` of `schema` is populated with `en` and the `region` is populated with `GB`.

`options.warning`

When given, `warning` is called when an error is encountered ([Function](#)).

#### Returns

Parsed BCP 47 language tag ([Schema](#)).

#### Throws

When `tag` is `null` or `undefined`.

## `stringify(schema)`

Compile a `schema` to a BCP 47 language tag.

#### Returns

BCP 47 language tag (`string`).

## Schema

A schema represents a language tag. A schema is deemed empty when it has neither `language`, `irregular`, `regular`,

Two alphabetical character ISO 3166-1 code or three digit UN  
M49 code (string). For example, CN in Cmn-Hans-CN  
(Mandarin Chinese, Simplified script, as used in China) or 419 in  
ES-419 (Spanish as used in Latin America and the Caribbean).

scheme.registration

Latin script, as used in Italy).  
Four character ISO 15924 script code (string), such as  
Latn in hy-Latn-IT-arevela (Eastern Armenian written in  
Latin script, as used in Italy).

scheme.script

Hong Kong SAR).  
Selected three-character ISO 639 codes (array<string>),  
such as yue in zh-yue-HK (Chinese, Cantonese, as used in  
Germany, using German phonebook sort order), where u is the  
singleton and co and phonetic are its extensions.  
List of private-use subtags (array<string>), where each  
subtag must be between one and eight (inclusive) characters.

scheme.extendedlanguageSubtags

Mandarin Chinese).  
Two or three character ISO 639 language code, four character  
reserved language code, or 5 to 8 (inclusive) characters registered  
language subtag (string). For example, en (English) or cmn  
such as slovian. The variants are handled as no privateuse as well).

scheme.language

nor privateuse (where an empty privateuse array is  
handled as no privateuse as well).

scheme.variants

5 to 8 (inclusive) character language variants  
(array<string>), such as rozaj and biske in sl-  
rozaj-biske (San Giorgio dialect of Resian dialect of  
Slovenian).  
List of extensions (array<object>), each an object  
containing a one character singleton, and a list of  
extensions (string). Singleton cannot be x (case  
insensitive) and extensions must be between two and eight  
(inclusive) characters. For example, an extension would be u-  
co-phonetic in de-DE-U-CO-phonetic (German, as used in  
Germany, using German phonebook sort order), where u is the  
singleton and co and phonetic are its extensions.  
List of private-use subtags (array<string>), such as  
scheme.privateuse

subtag must be between one and eight (inclusive) characters.  
List of private-use subtags (array<string>), where each  
subtag must be between one and eight (inclusive) characters.

One of the regular tags (string): tags that are seen as  
something different by the algorithm. Valid values are:  
• art-lojban  
• cel-gaulish  
• no-bok  
• schema.regular