

Inclusive jets in p - Pb and measuring Bjorken x distributions (+ towards R_{pPb})

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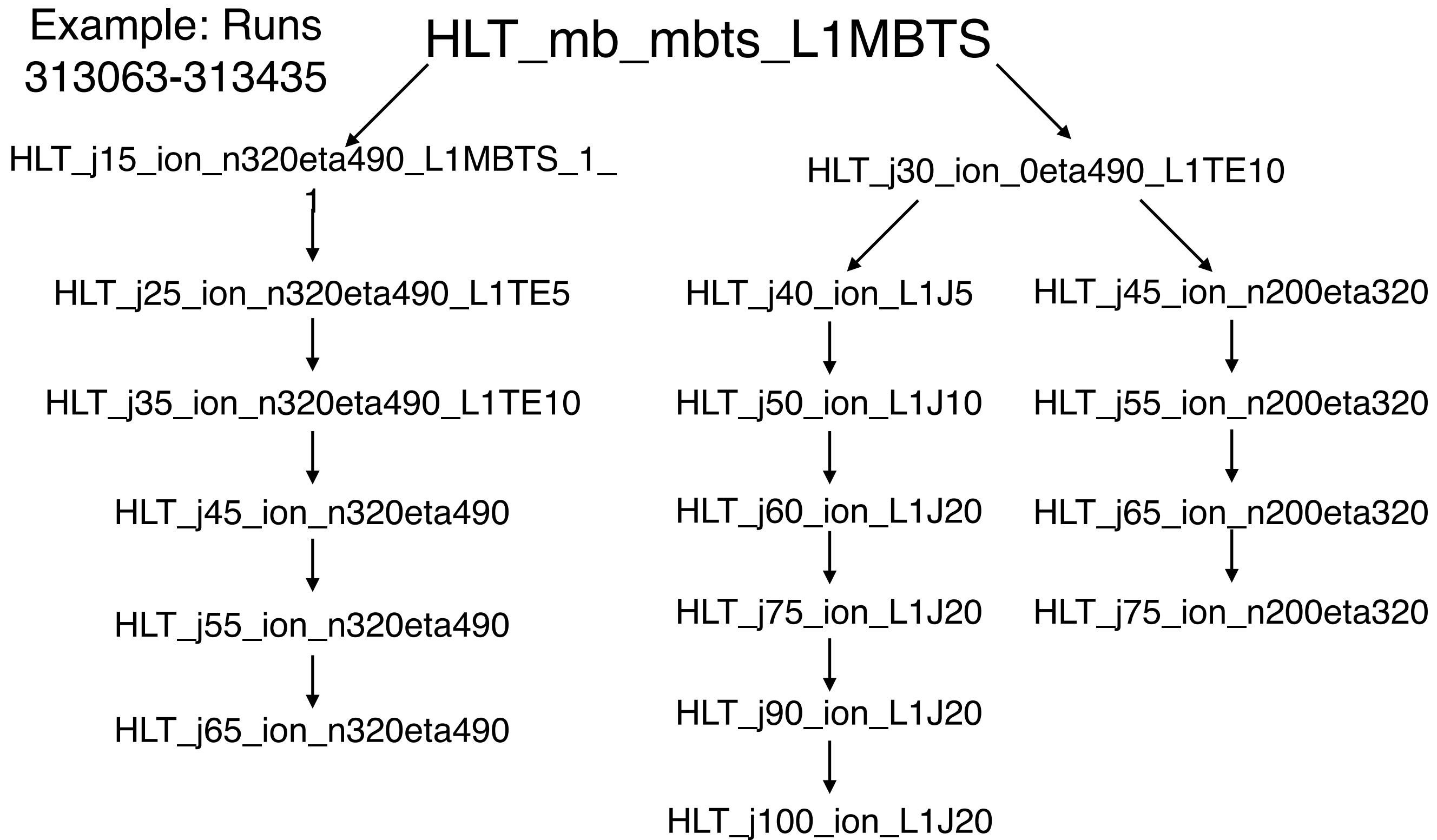
Last Time

- All triggers now acquired/ being used in analysis
 - trigger inefficiencies were avoided by assuming 100% above $p_T + 10\text{GeV}$
 - trigger efficiency analysis now performed, now being used to set trigger thresholds for individual triggers (somewhat arbitrarily, comments appreciated)
 - dividing by efficiency when jet satisfies imposed P_t cut
- Triggers were prescale weighted and luminosity was “uniform”
 - now using lumis from lumicalc (thanks to Martin - this helped a lot)
- Trigger selection now based on most prescale-corrected luminosity instead of most raw counts - should be less biased

Bootstrapping Efficiencies

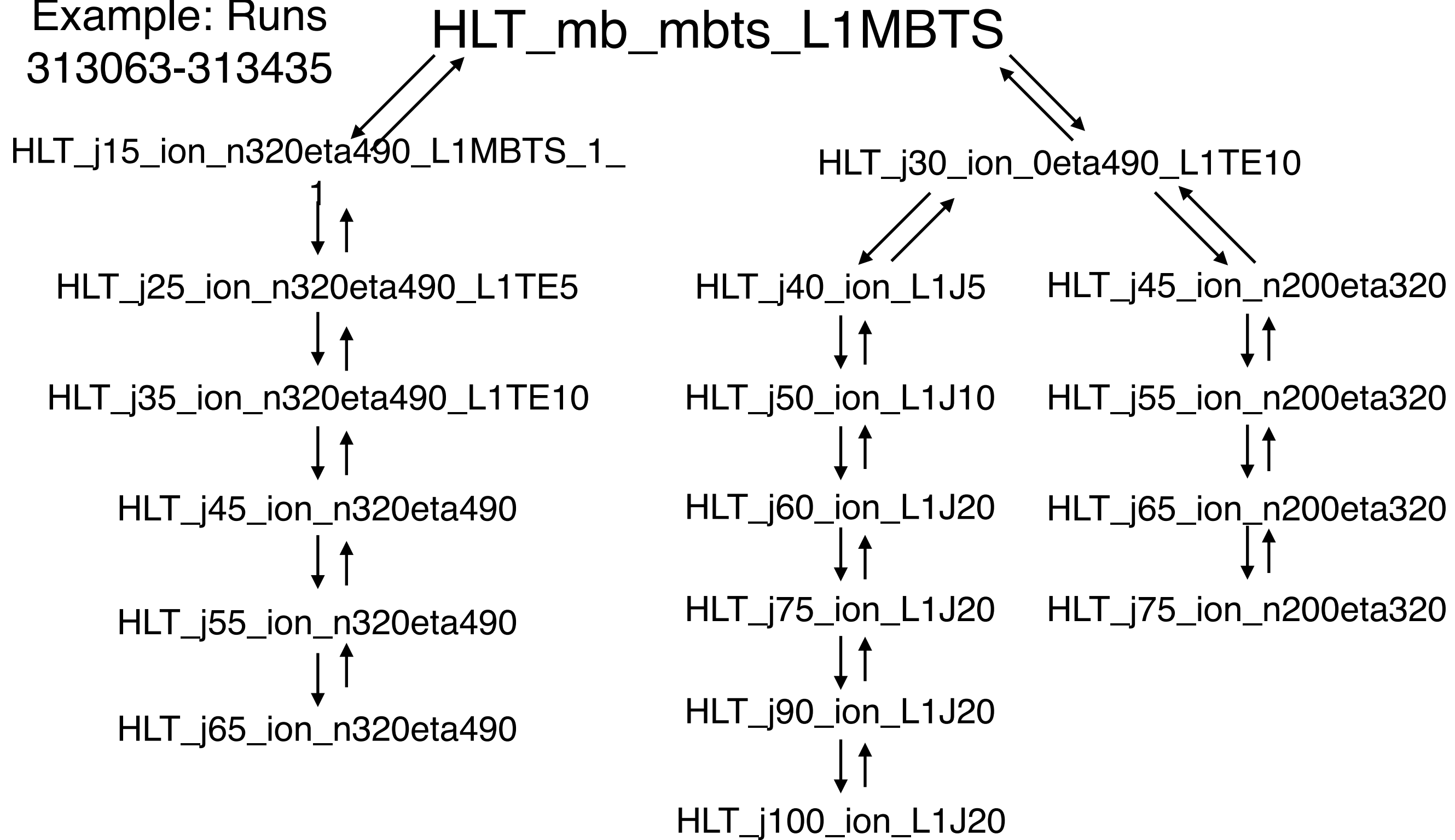
- Trigger efficiencies calculated with bootstrap method
- HLT_mb_mbts_L1MBTS used for minbias sample to maximize # minbias events
- Lots of triggers → long trigger bootstrap chains
- Length of bootstrap chains reduced by which ones are relevant to each run, separation in η requirements, etc.

Example: Runs
313063-313435



$$\varepsilon_{\text{trig}}(p_T) = \frac{\text{Times fired}}{\text{Total times}} \sim \varepsilon_{\text{ref}}(p_T) \times \frac{\text{Times fired}}{\text{Times reference fired}}$$

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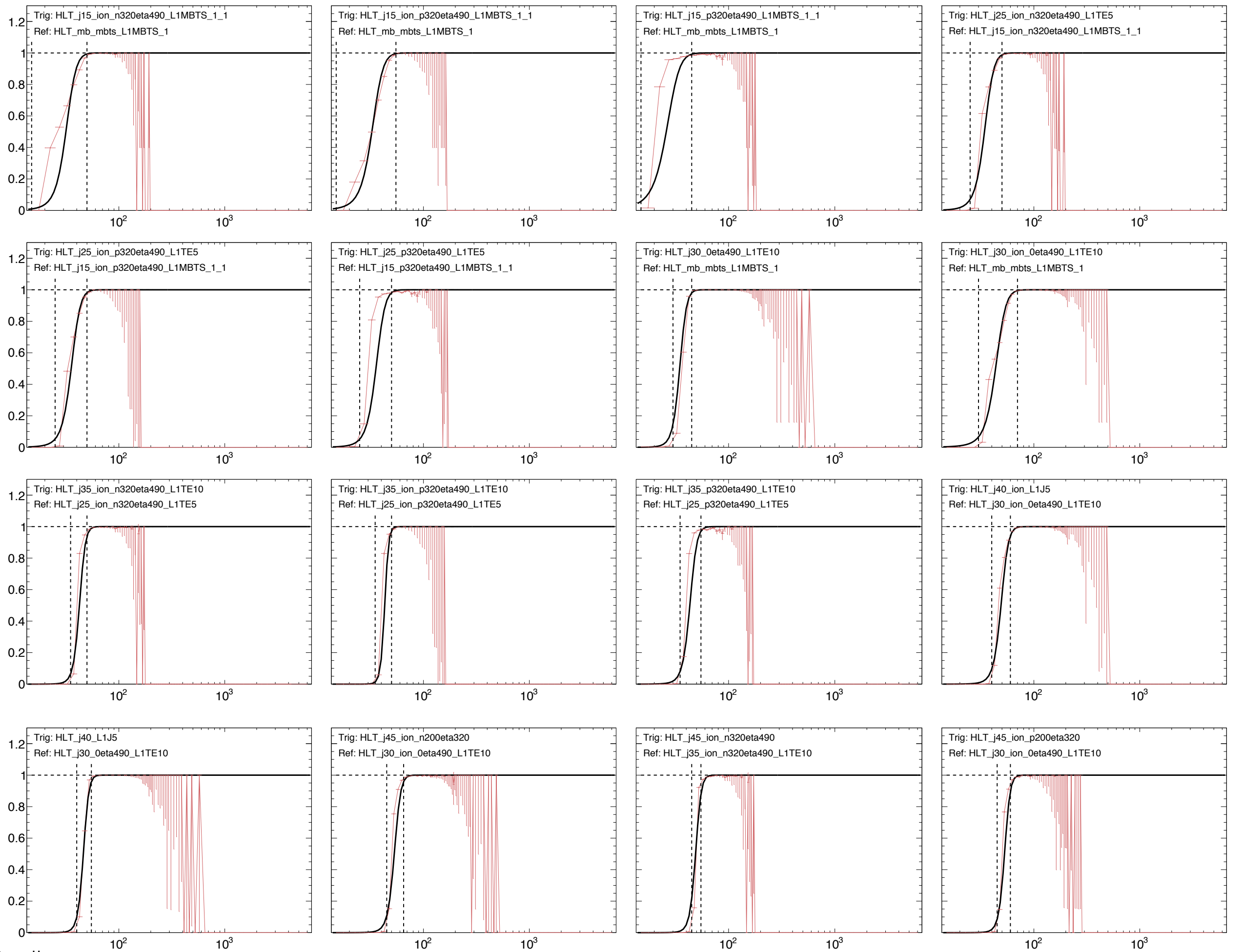


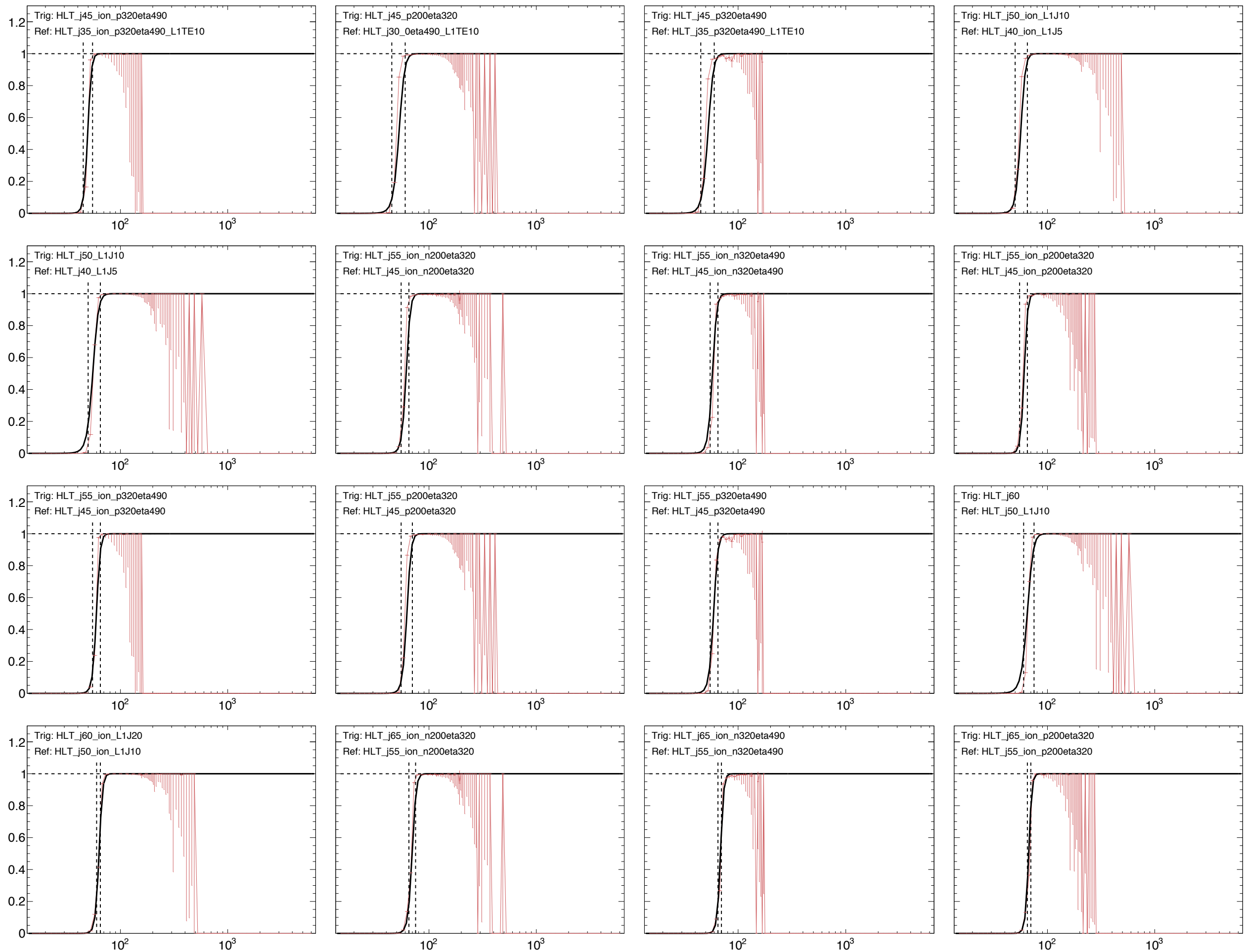
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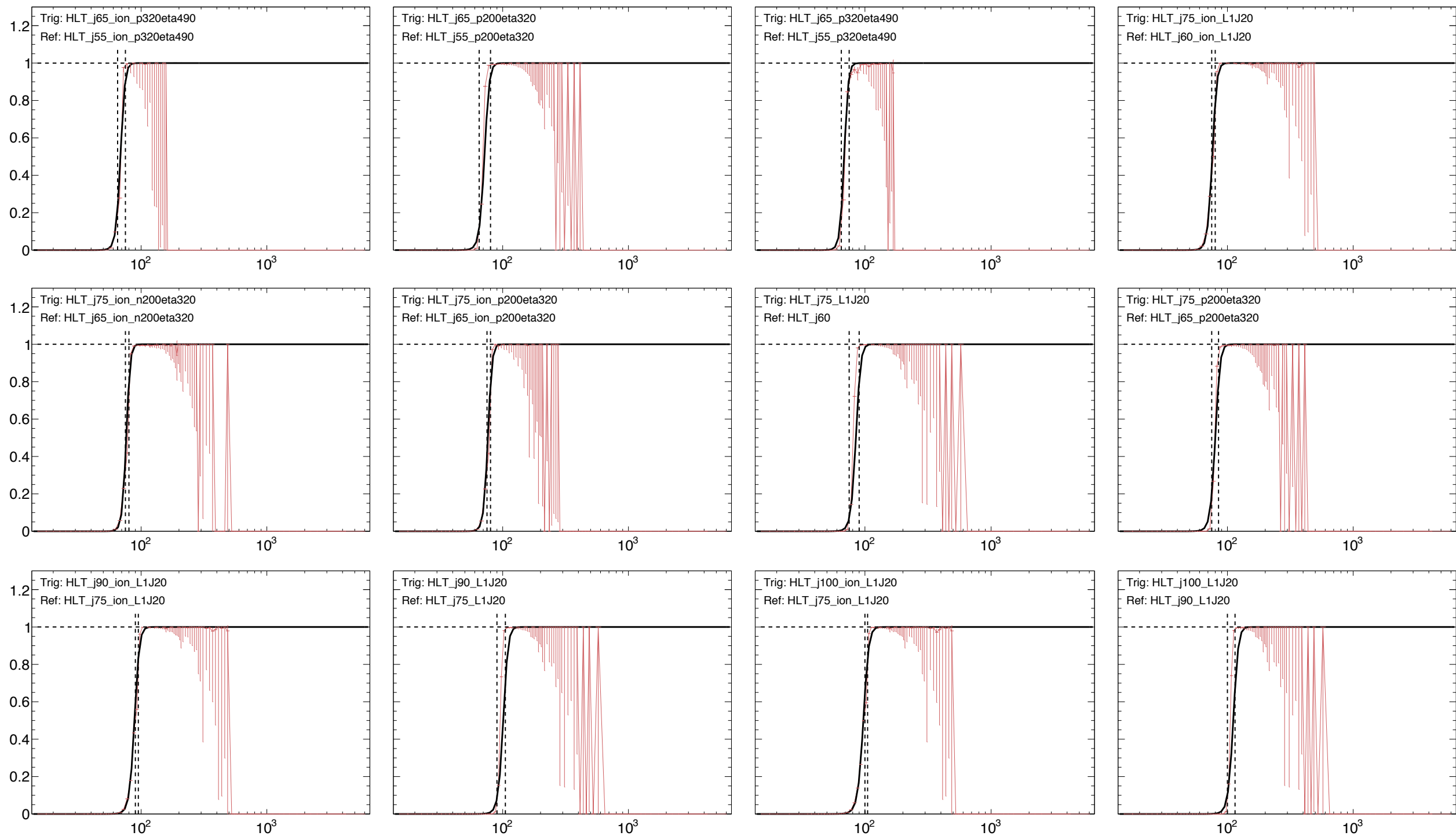
- Shown are bootstrapped efficiencies from 15-6000 GeV (for convenience with remainder of analysis)
- Left line = listed trigger threshold
- Right line = additional threshold required in analysis
- Fitted curve is a Fermi-Dirac-esque distribution with parameters λ , p_0

$$\varepsilon_{\text{trig}}(p_T) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{\lambda(p_0 - p_T)}}$$

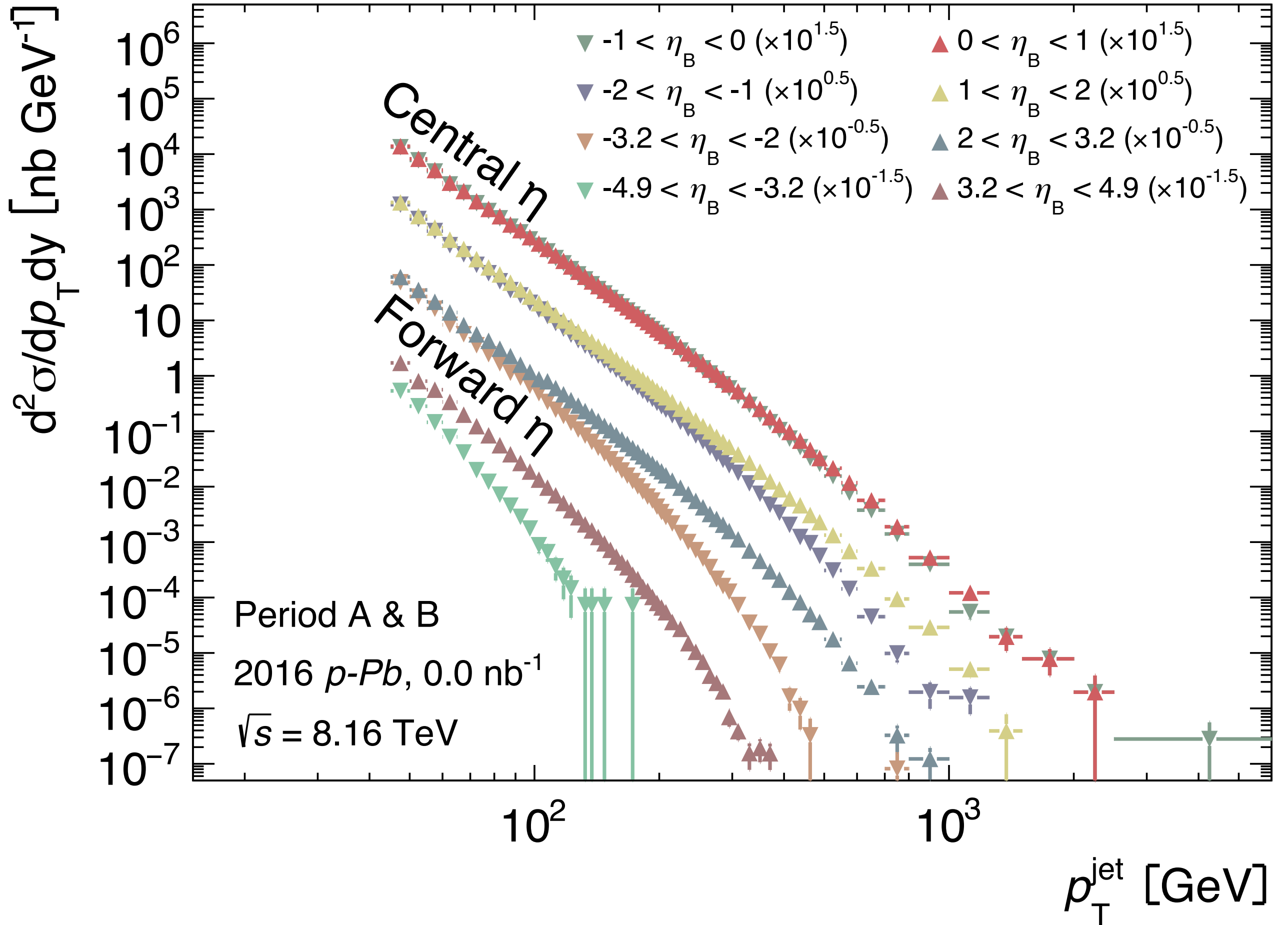
- Also tried a Gaussian error function, but the fits often missed the turn on region



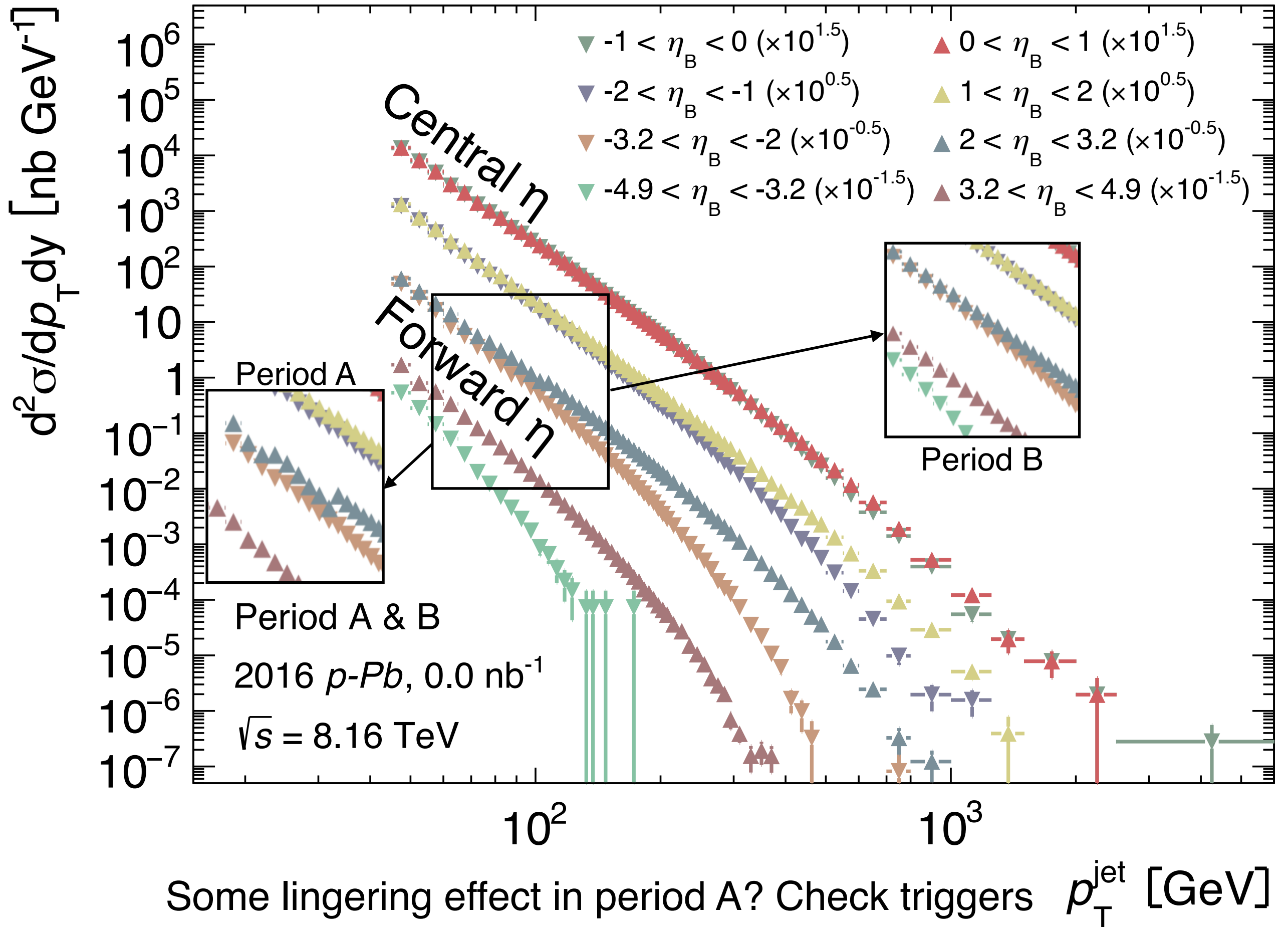


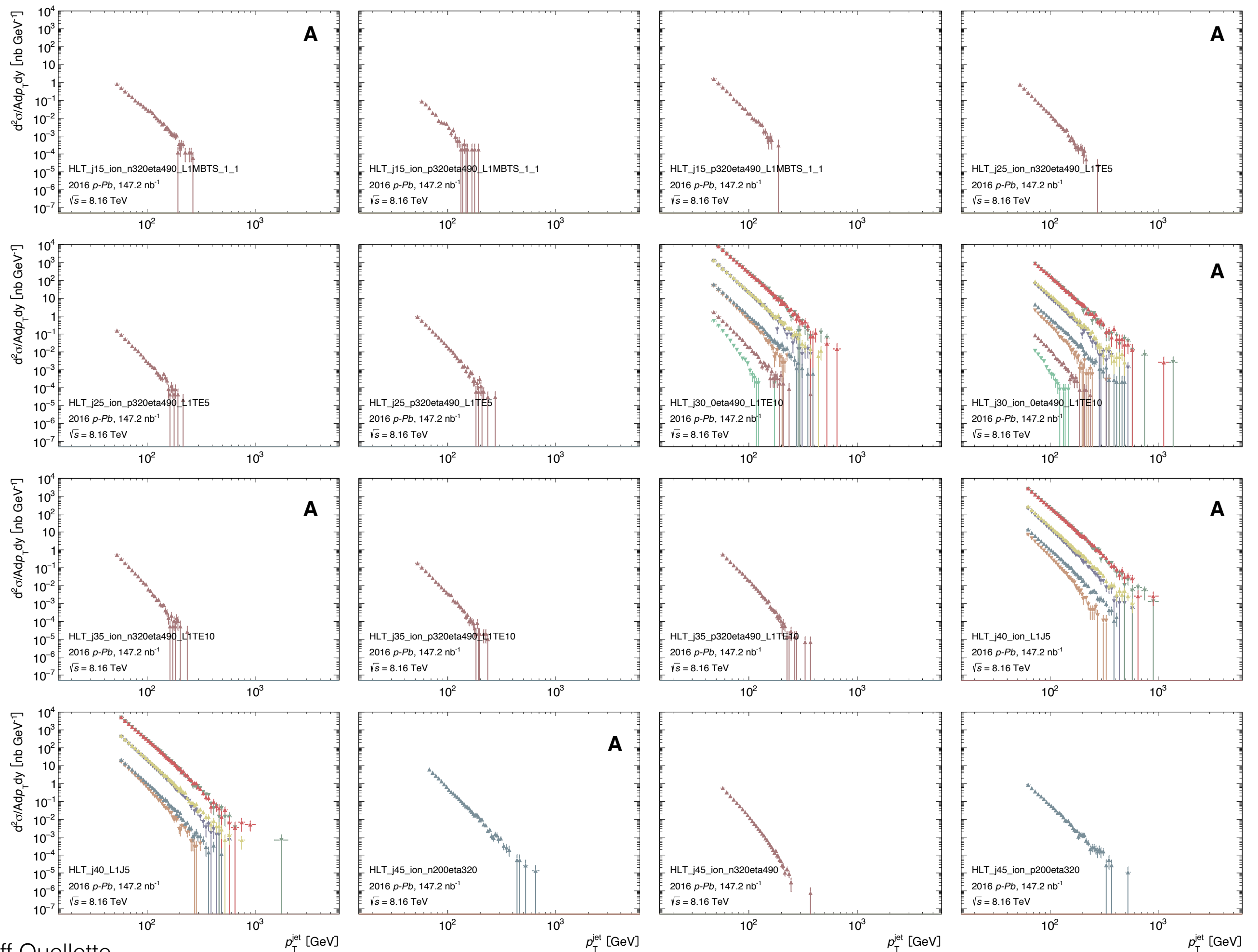


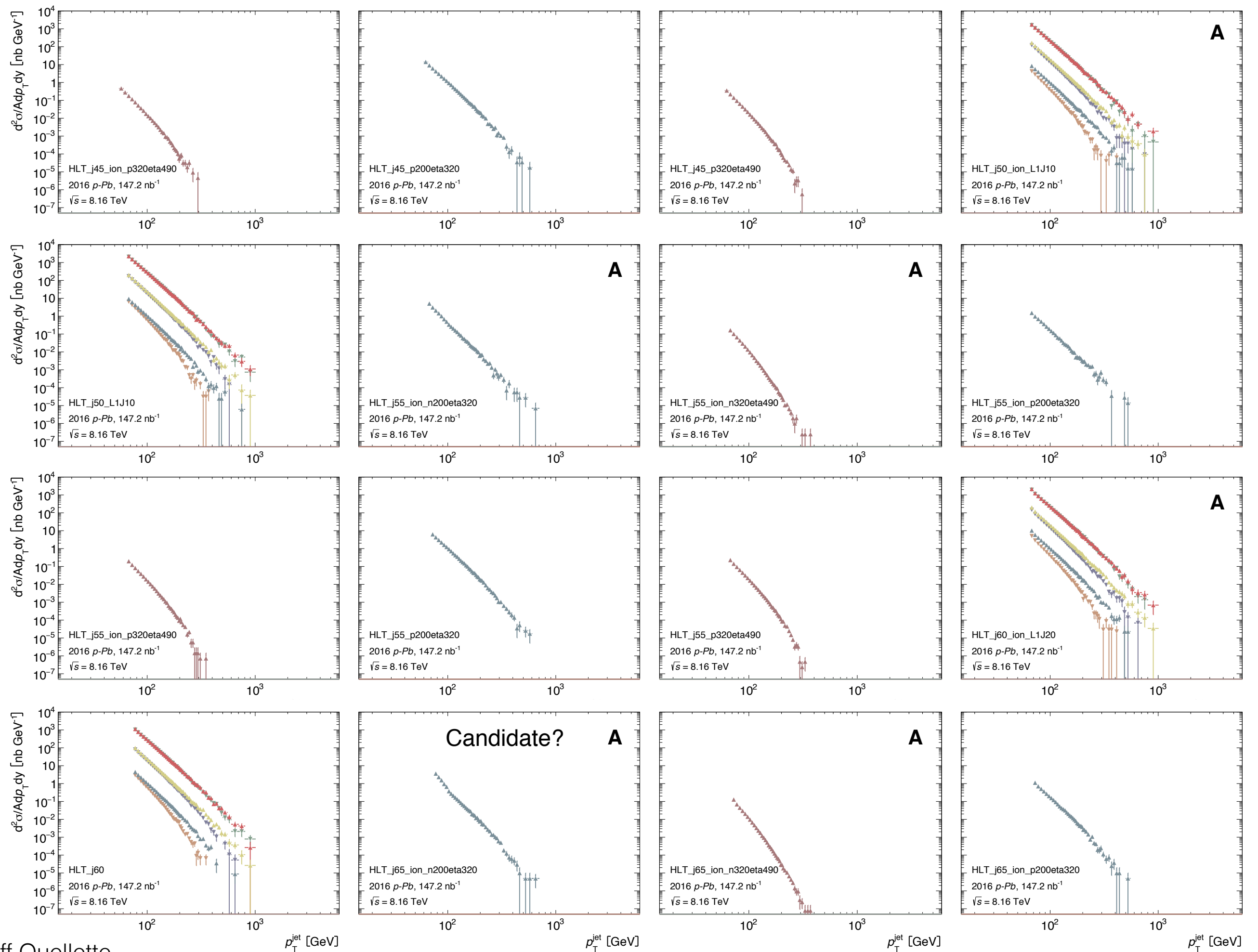
Updated Inclusive Pt Spectrum

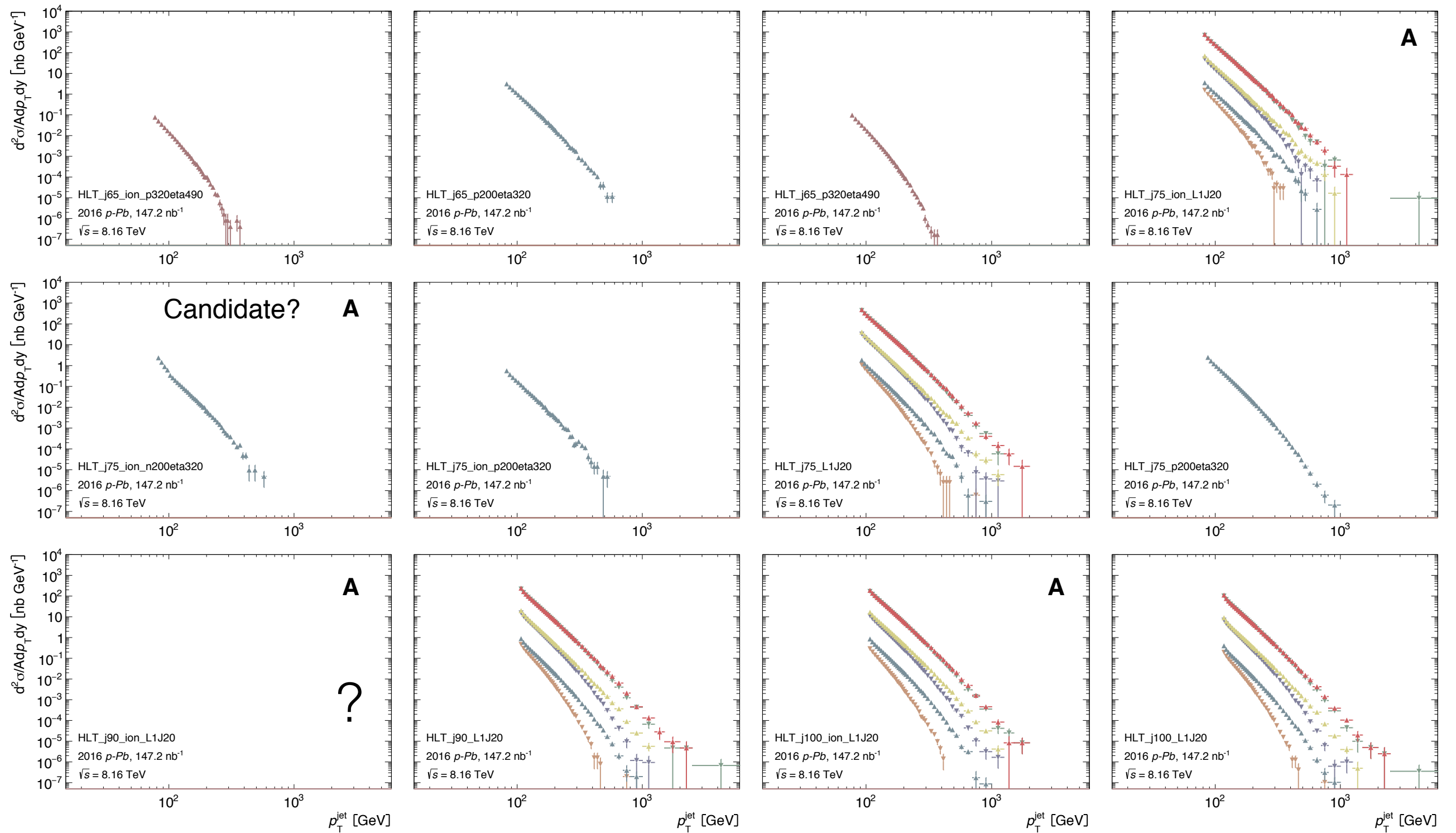


Updated Inclusive Pt Spectrum



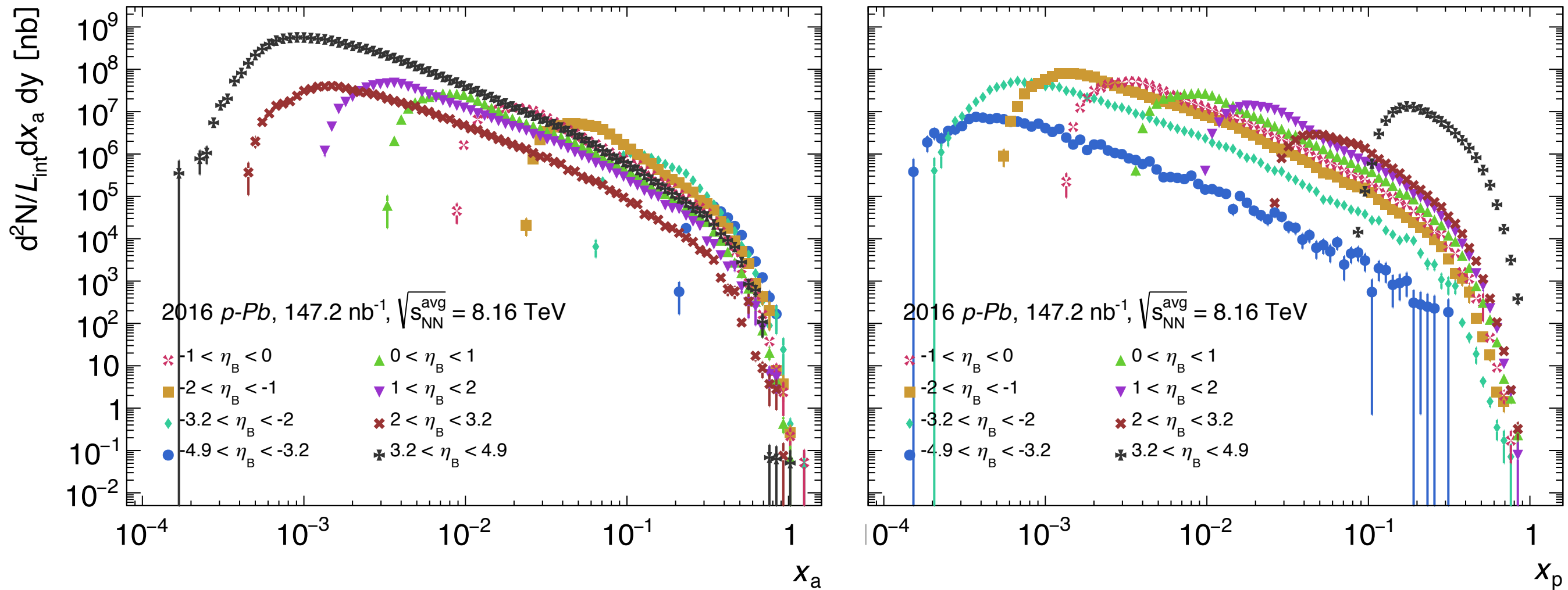






HLT_j65_n200eta320 seems like the culprit? Efficiency fit could be better.
 → Leads to need for systematic threshold selection. Method needs to account for:
 (1) error in the turn-on area, and
 (2) non-vanishing derivative of functional fit around/above threshold region

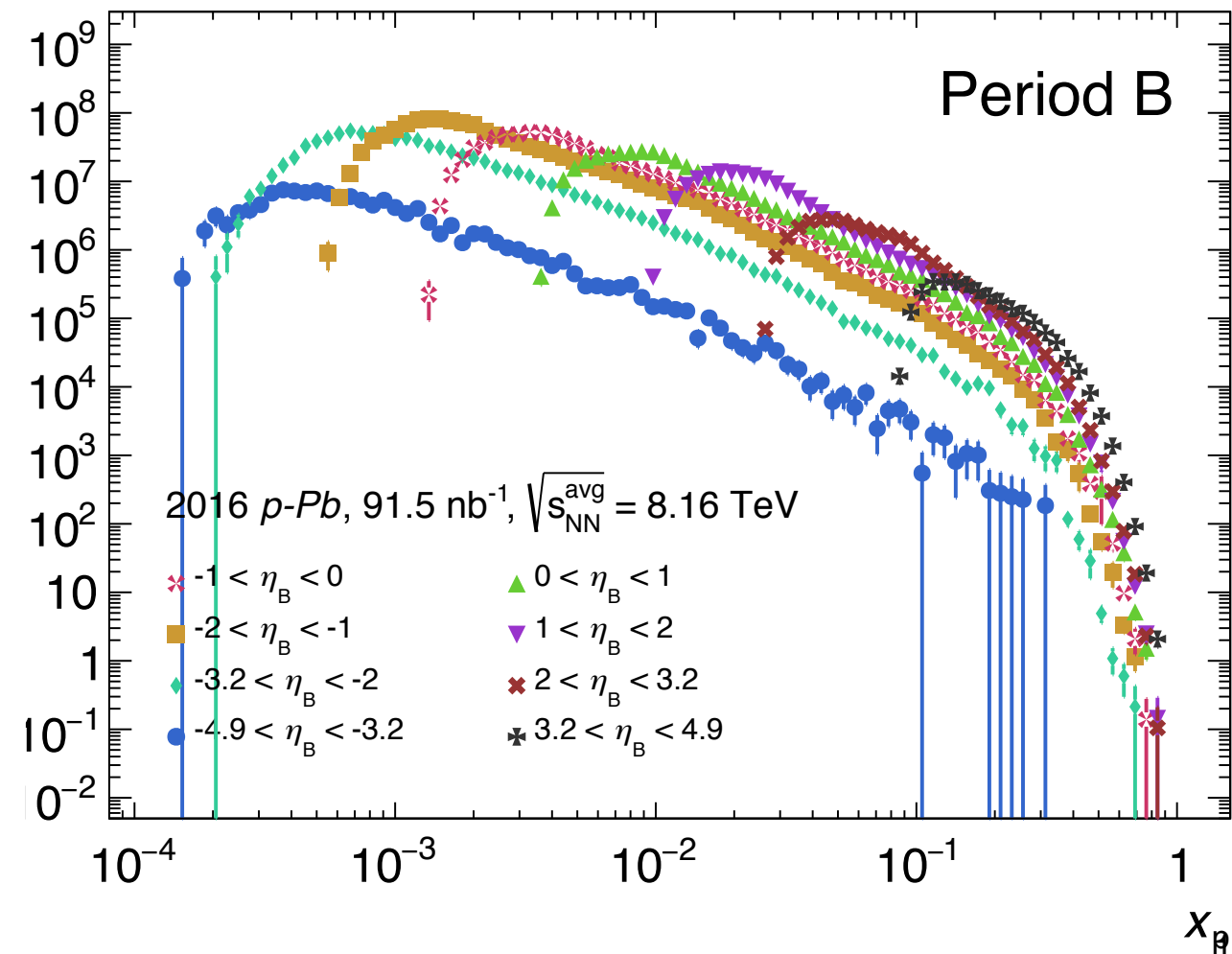
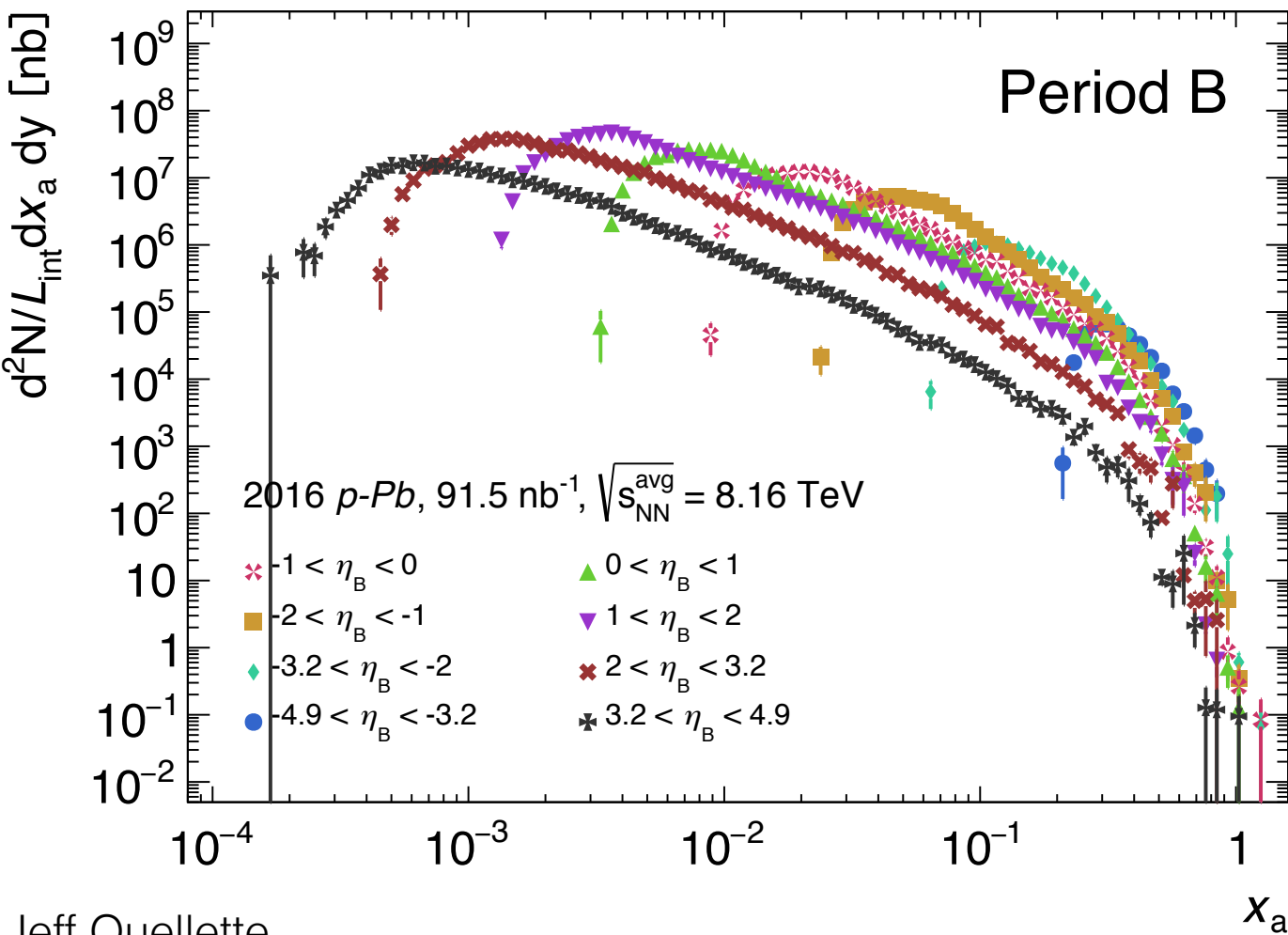
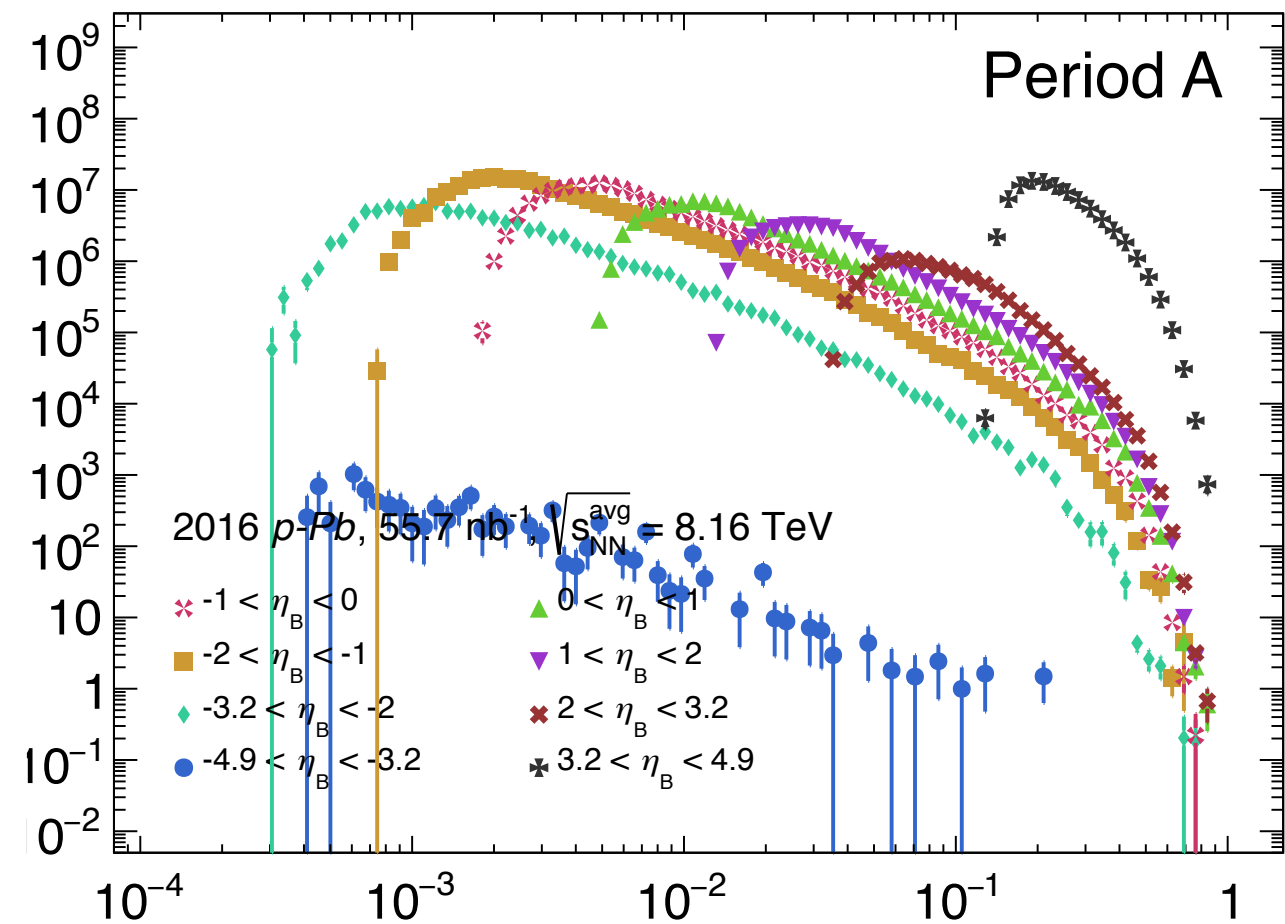
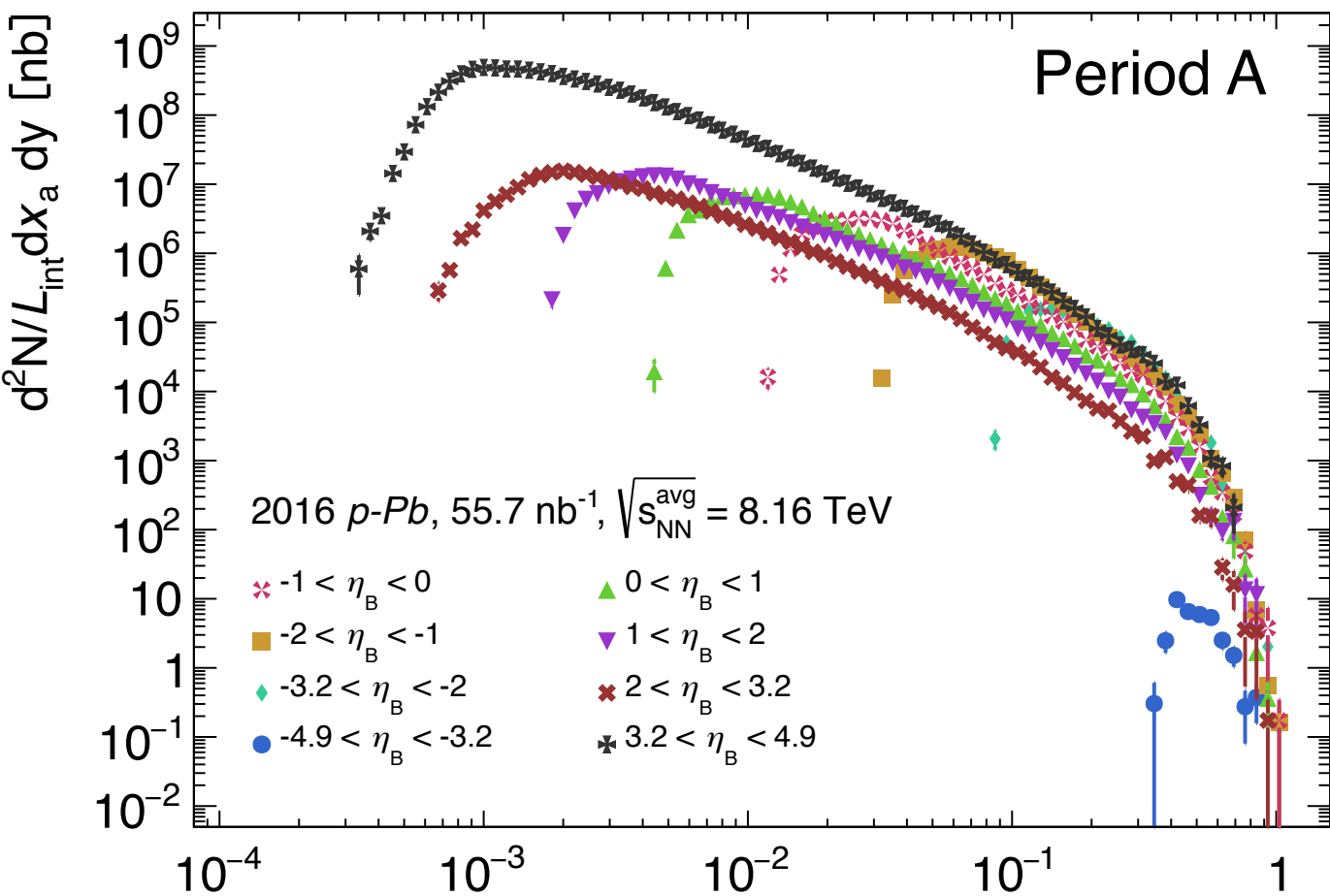
Bjorken x's binned by pseudorapidity



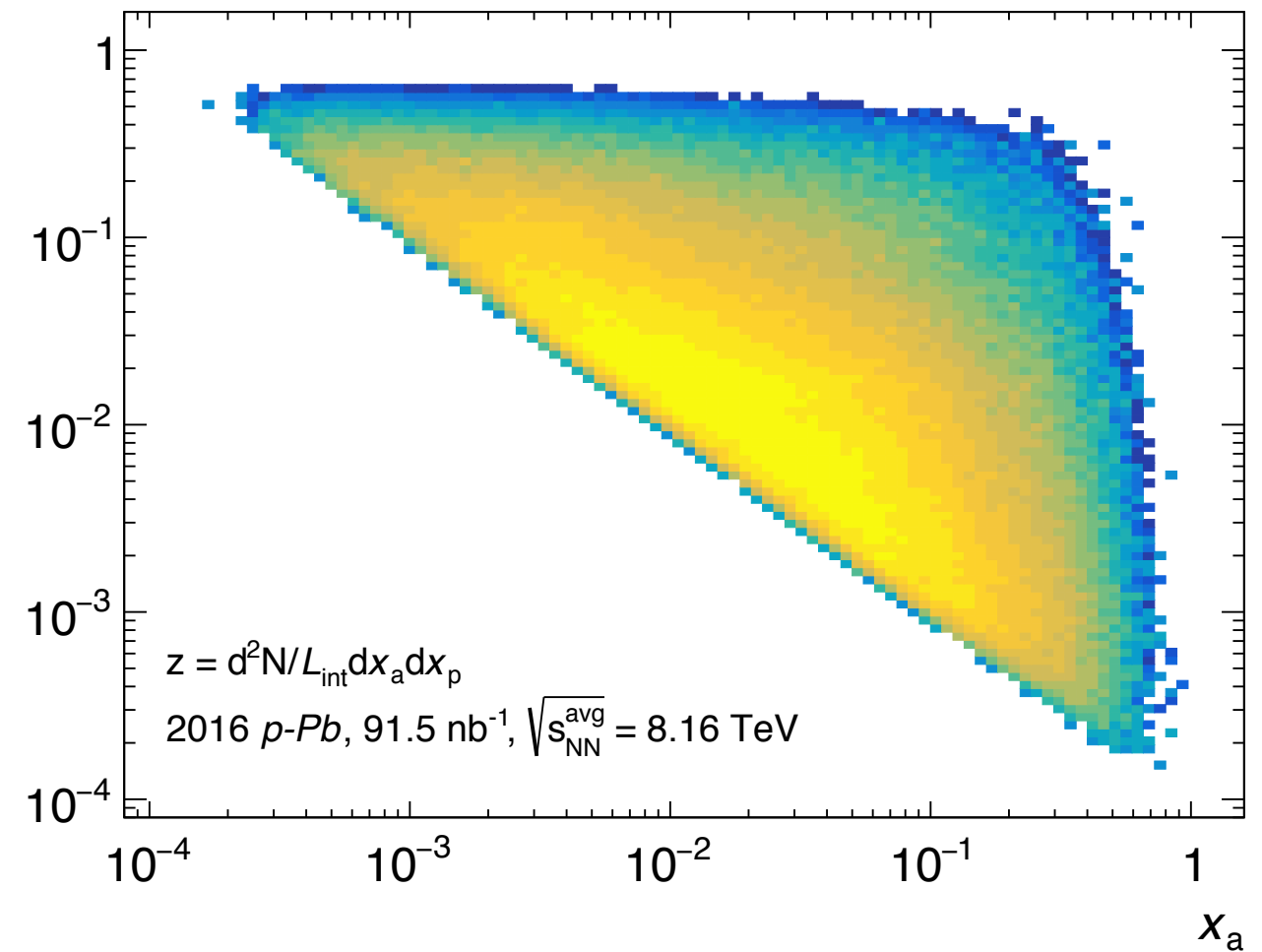
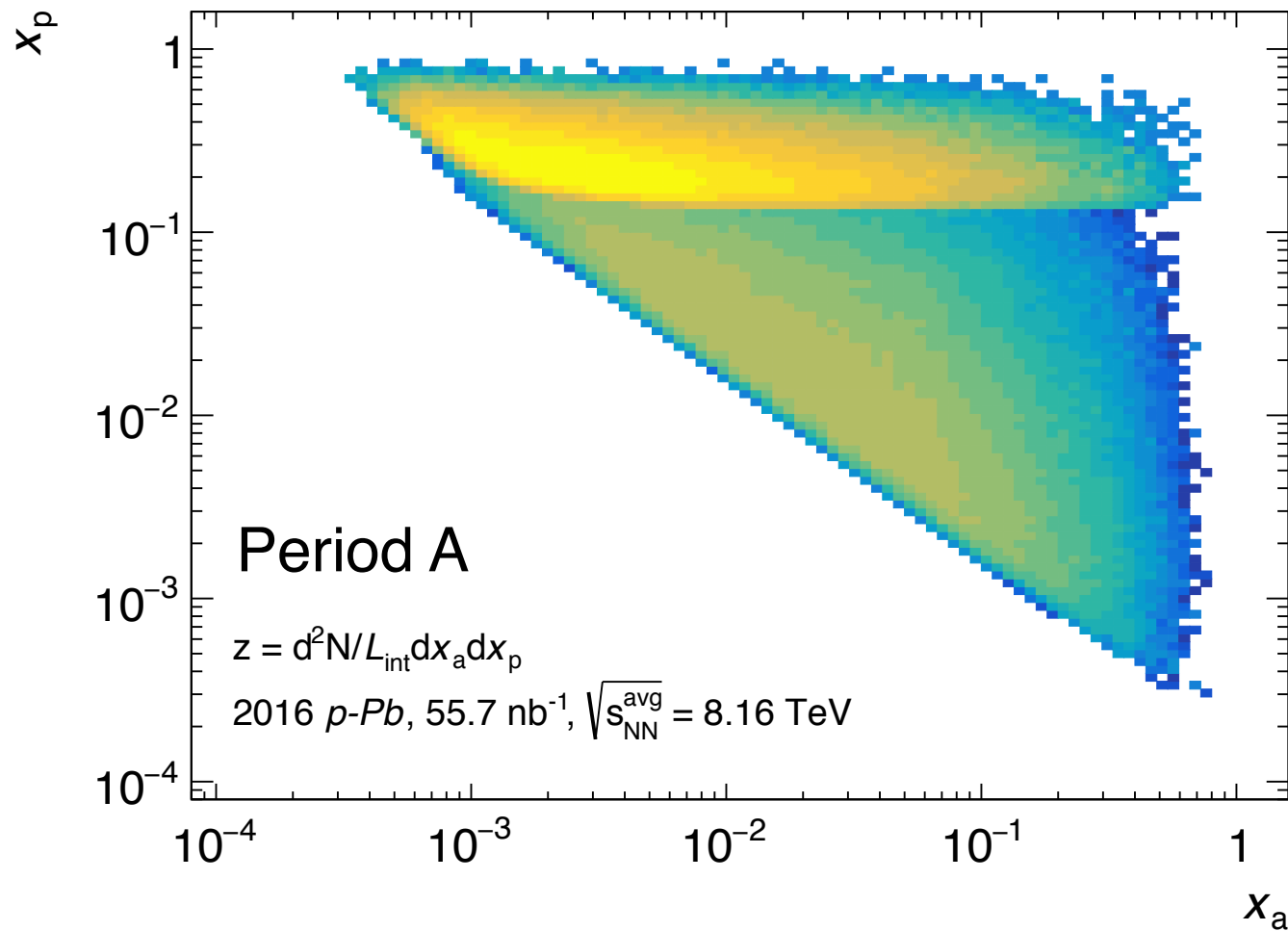
Event selection: Dijet ratio ≥ 0.7 ,
leading jet trigger

Fill by leading jet, weighted by
 $1/(\text{luminosity} * \text{efficiency})$

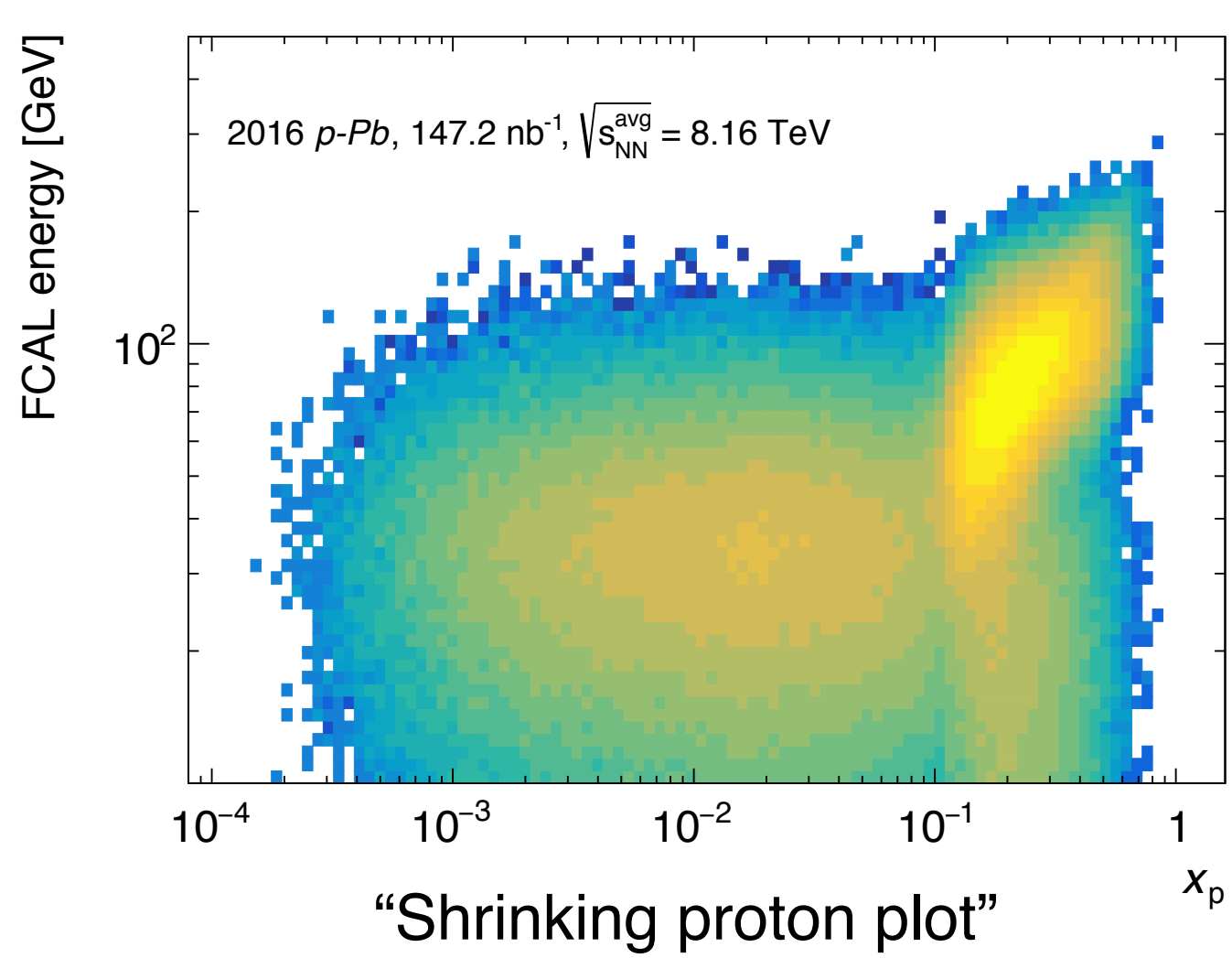
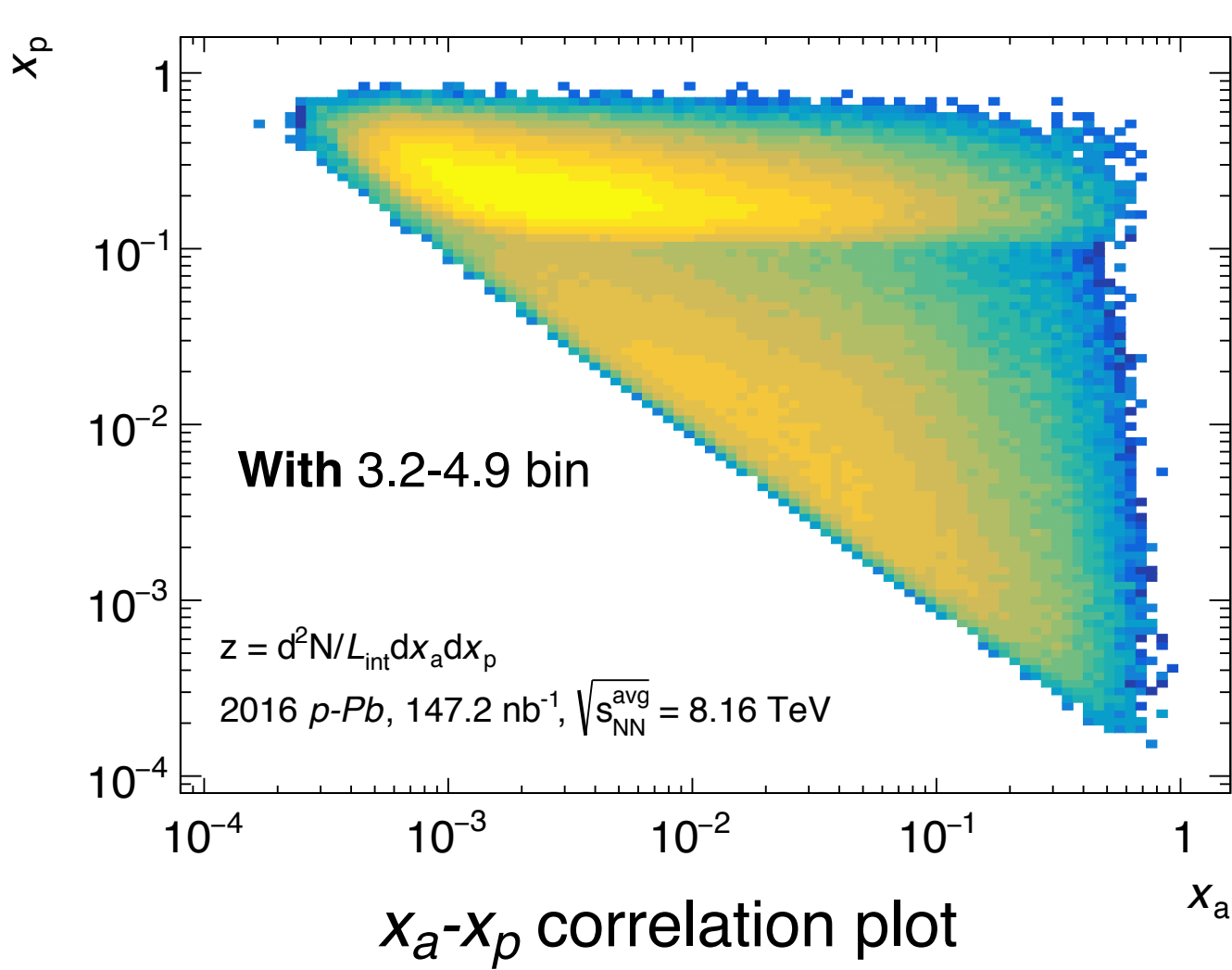
→ *Still* an excess in $3.2 < \eta < 4.9$ bin?
Only present in period A!

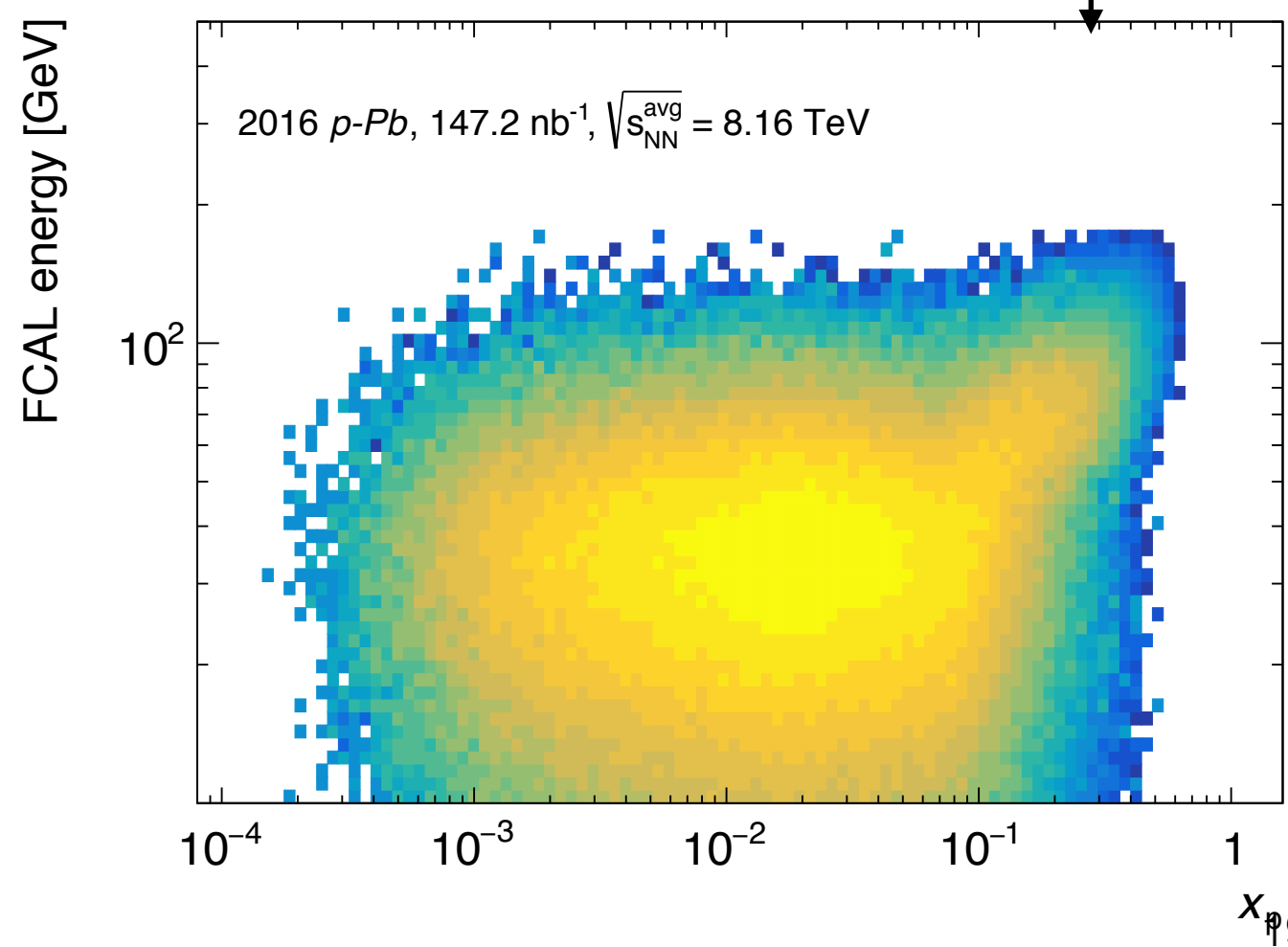
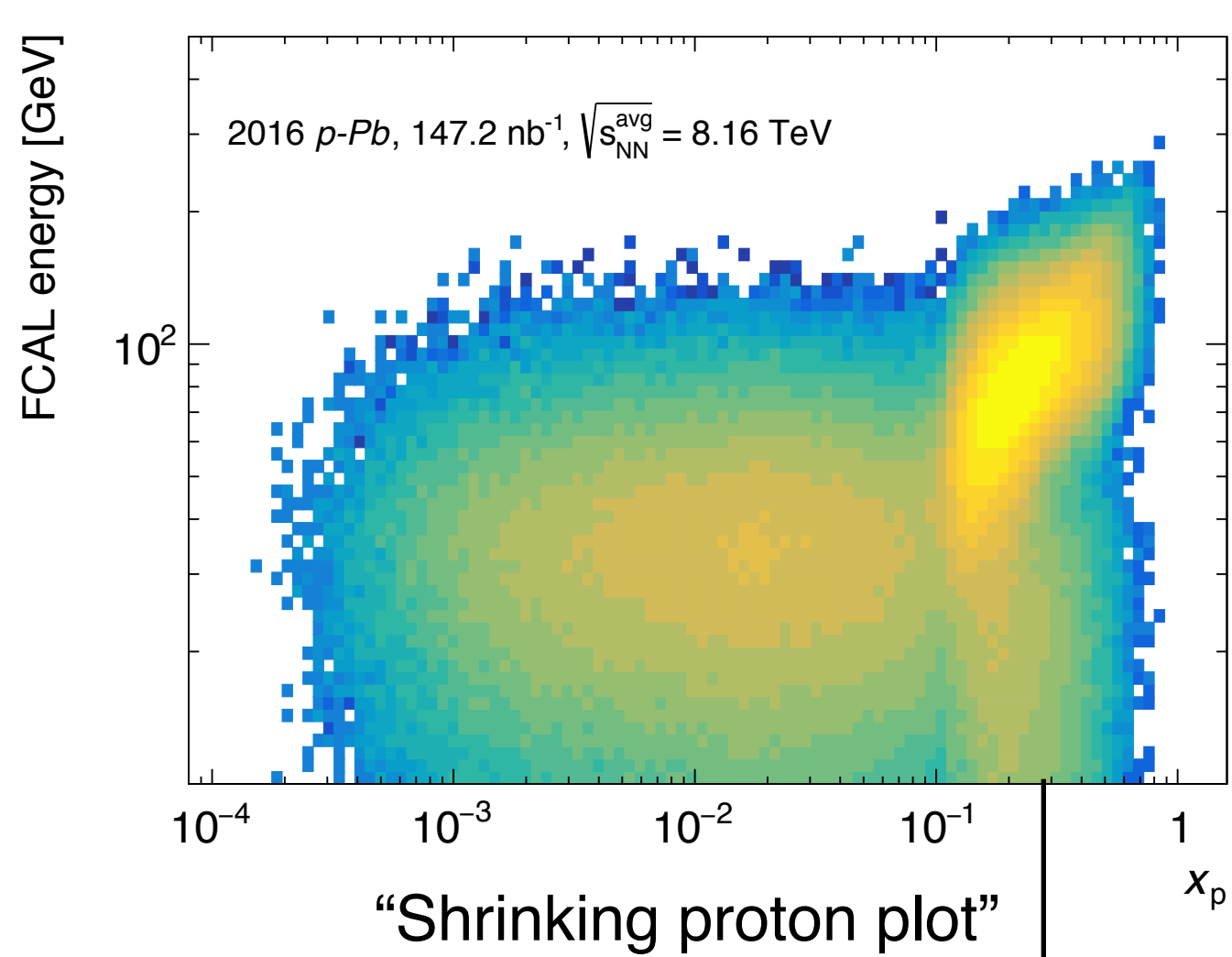
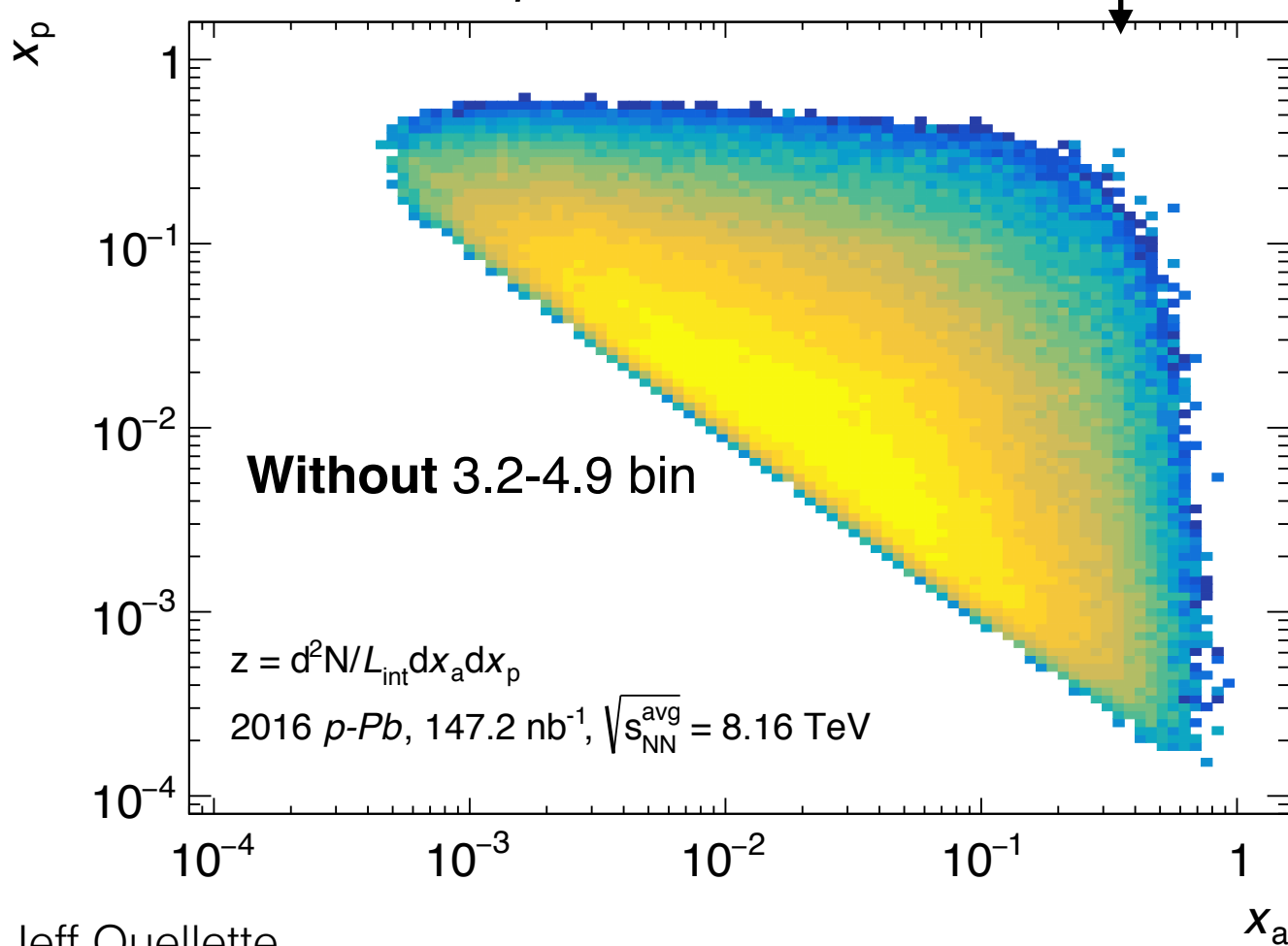
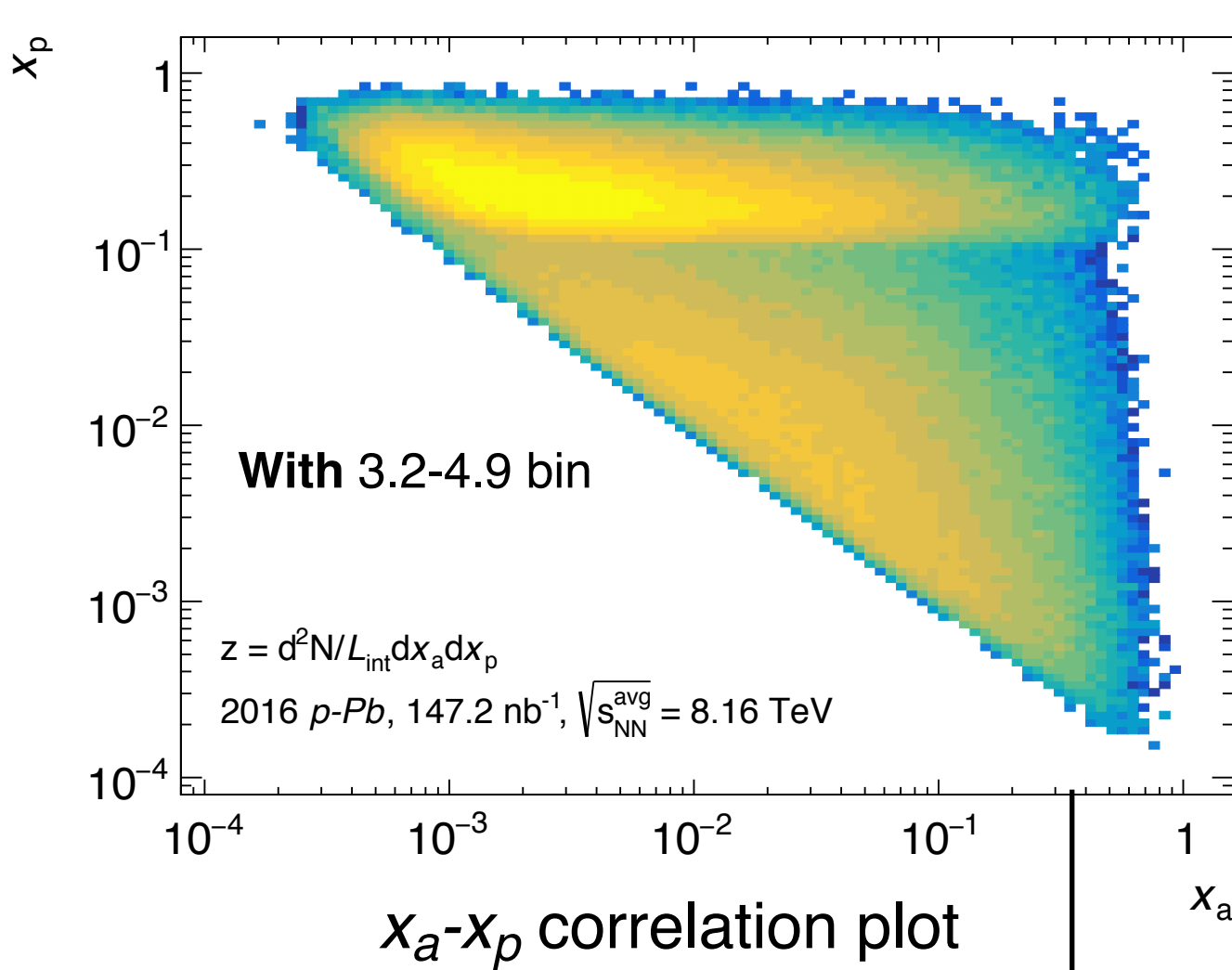


Excess is overwhelming in x_a - x_p correlation plot!



Act of despair: try dropping 3.2-4.9 bin in period A?





Current strategy:

- revise trigger minimum pt cuts and efficiency curve calculation
- try binning Bjorken x's in bins of *hardness* Q^2 instead of pseudorapidity - inspired by similar plot from PHENIX - could resolve excess by ignoring/spreading over other bins?
- start applying jet spectrum to a measurement of R_{pPb} - pp reference sample taken from 2012 8TeV published spectrum (arxiv: 1706.03192)
- start requesting DAODs?