

IOS DEVELOPMENT WORKSHOP

Slides and Code Samples on Github

http://bit.ly/2e75RU2

Jeffrey Bergier

UX Designer, Riverbed Technology

IOS DEVELOPMENT

LEARNING OBJECTIVES

- Explain relevant history and trends in iOS development.
- Identify key skills leveraged by iOS developers.
- Survey the common tools used within the iOS ecosystem.
- Apply key concepts and skills to build your own basic iOS application.
- Create a custom learning plan to help you continue to build fundamental iOS development skills after this workshop.

IOS DEVELOPMENT

PRE-WORK

PRE-WORK REVIEW

- Bring a Mac laptop with Xcode installed. Macs are required to create apps for the iOS ecosystem.
- Please note: you may need to update your OS in order to install the latest version of Xcode.

IOS DEVELOPMENT 101

OPENING



JEFFREY BERGIER

UX Designer @ Riverbed TA @ General Assembly

Teacher @ MobileBridge Addicted iOS Dev @ Home



@jeffburg



jeffburg.com













WaterMe

Plant Watering Reminders



Gratuity

The Simple Tip Calculator

ABOUT YOU

Before we dive in, let's talk a bit about you!

- Name:
- What brings you to GA?
 - Current activities:
 - Goals:
- Fun fact?



2017/05/23 — START BUILDING MOBILE APPS

AGENDA

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- stretch break
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- ▶ 2 Primary Avenues
 - Web
 - · iOS App
- Always default to web
 - Can still have dedicated app icon on home screen
 - Supports offline use
 - No "Disney" filter app review
 - Instant updates
 - No installation necessary
 - Potentially cross-platform

- Why Go Native?
 - Performance
 - Device specific capabilities
 - Sensors, Camera, Location, Backgrounding
 - 3D / OpenGL / Metal
 - Notifications
- Note that many of the above items are now do-able on web
 - Camera, Pictures
 - Location
 - Notifications (Desktop Safari only right now)

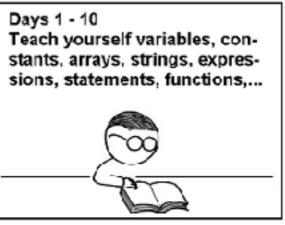
THAT BEING SAID, I LOVE NATIVE!

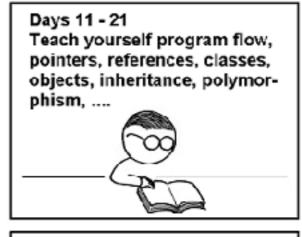
- I like learning 1 language and being able to do everything
 - As opposed to HTML/CSS/Javascript as 3 languages
- I like that the developer ecosystem is contained
 - Apple maintains huge influence over how things "should" work
 - The web is a wild west of frameworks and approaches
- I can't stand CSS. I find Auto Layout much easier

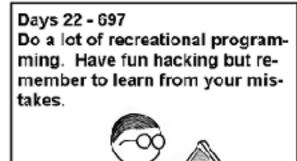
- Just remember to think critically about your project and whether the user experience will be better on web vs native
 - Is performance stretched on Web?
 - Is this something a user will only use 1 time and be hesitant to install permanently on their device?
 - Does this use unique features of native?
- e.g Amazon Shopping (great on web, terrible native)
- e.g. Instagram (great on native, questionable on web)

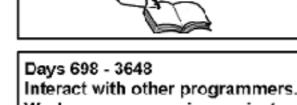
SET EXPECTATIONS

Learning iOSin 21 days



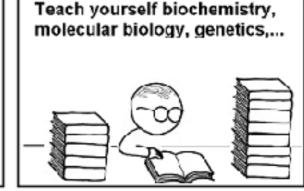








Days 3649 - 7781
Teach yourself advanced theoretical physics and formulate a consistent theory of quantum gravity.



Days 7782 - 14611

Day 14611 Use knowledge of biology to make an age-reversing potion.



Day 14611
Use knowledge of physics to build flux capacitor and go back in time to day 21.



As far as I know, this is the easiest way to

"Teach Yourself C++ in 21 Days".

- We are going to barely touch the surface
- Basics of Swift
- Basics of iOS
 - From here on out referred to as Cocoa or Cocoa Touch

Leave you with resources so you can combine tonight's lesson with online resources so you can continue learning.

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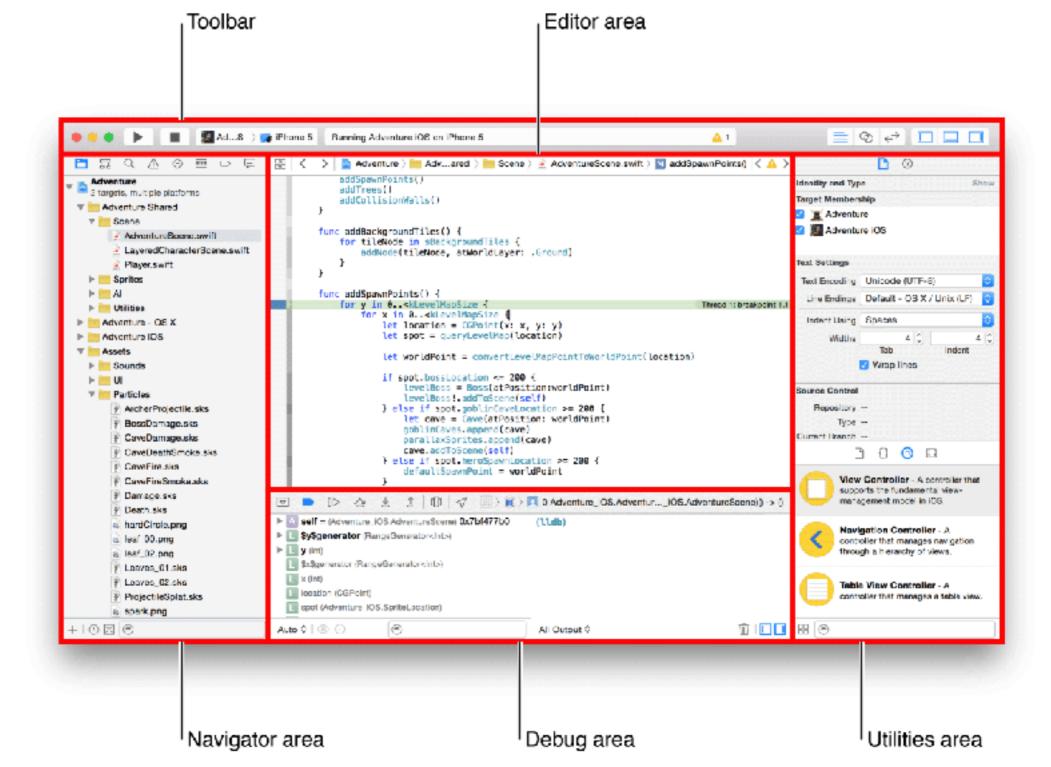
AGENDA

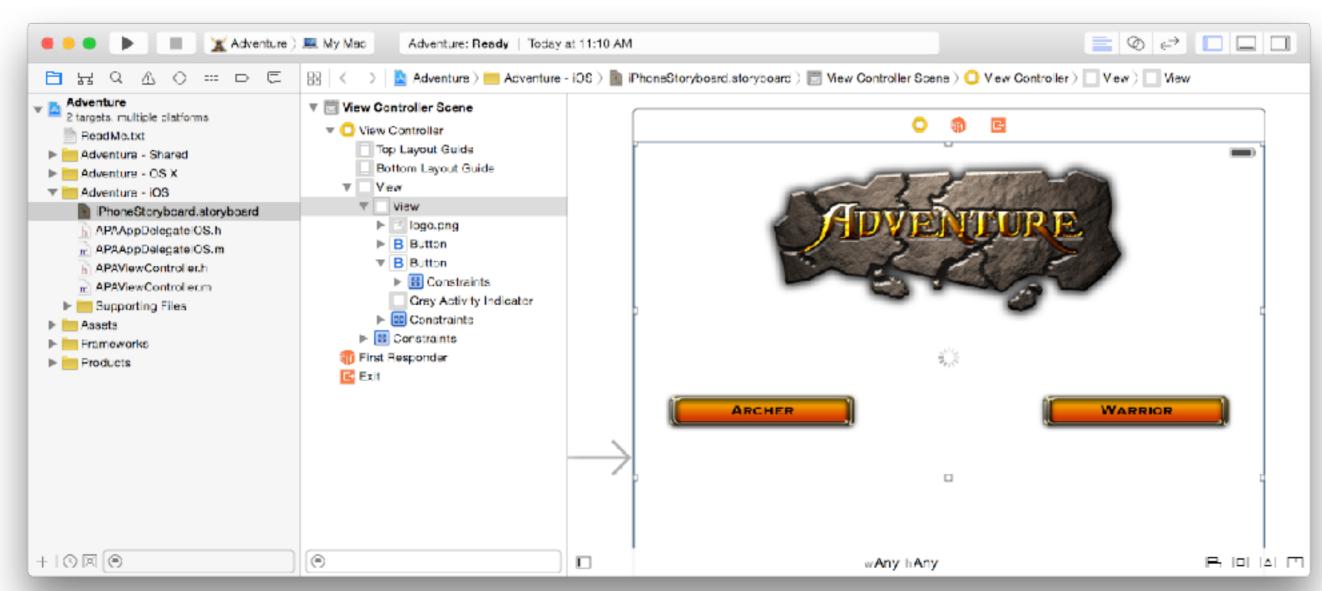
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XCODE

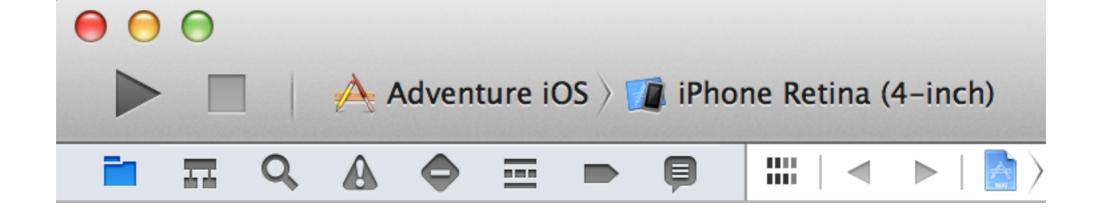
XCODE

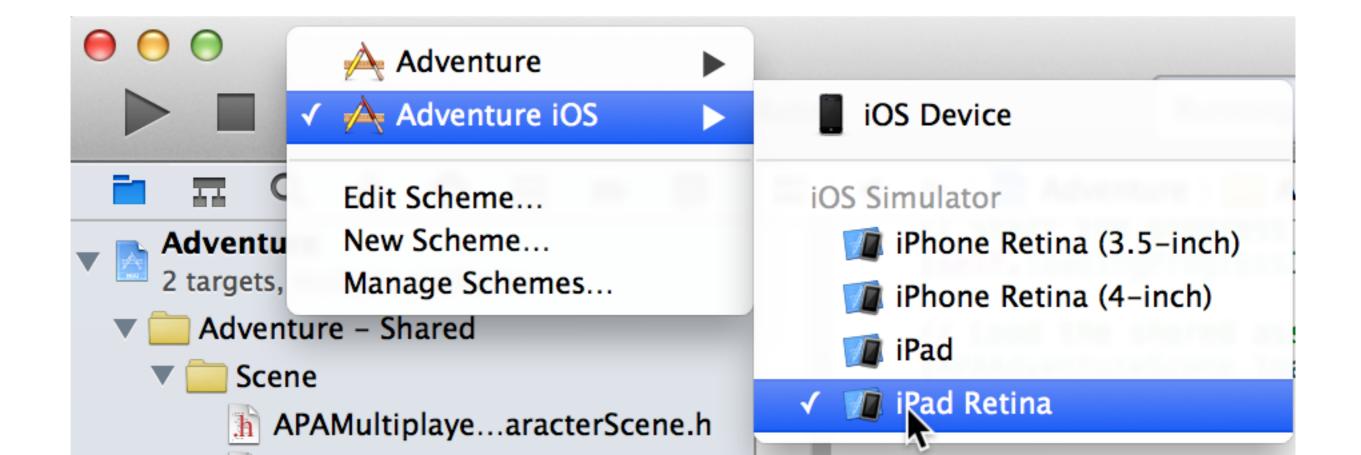
- Apple's primary IDE for the iOS/watchOS/tvOS/macOS platforms
- Available Free from Mac App Store and http://developer.apple.com
- It does everything:
 - Code editor with auto complete and warnings for common mistakes
 - Interface Builder
 - Compiler
 - Debugger
 - Unit Testing
 - Submitting to App Store

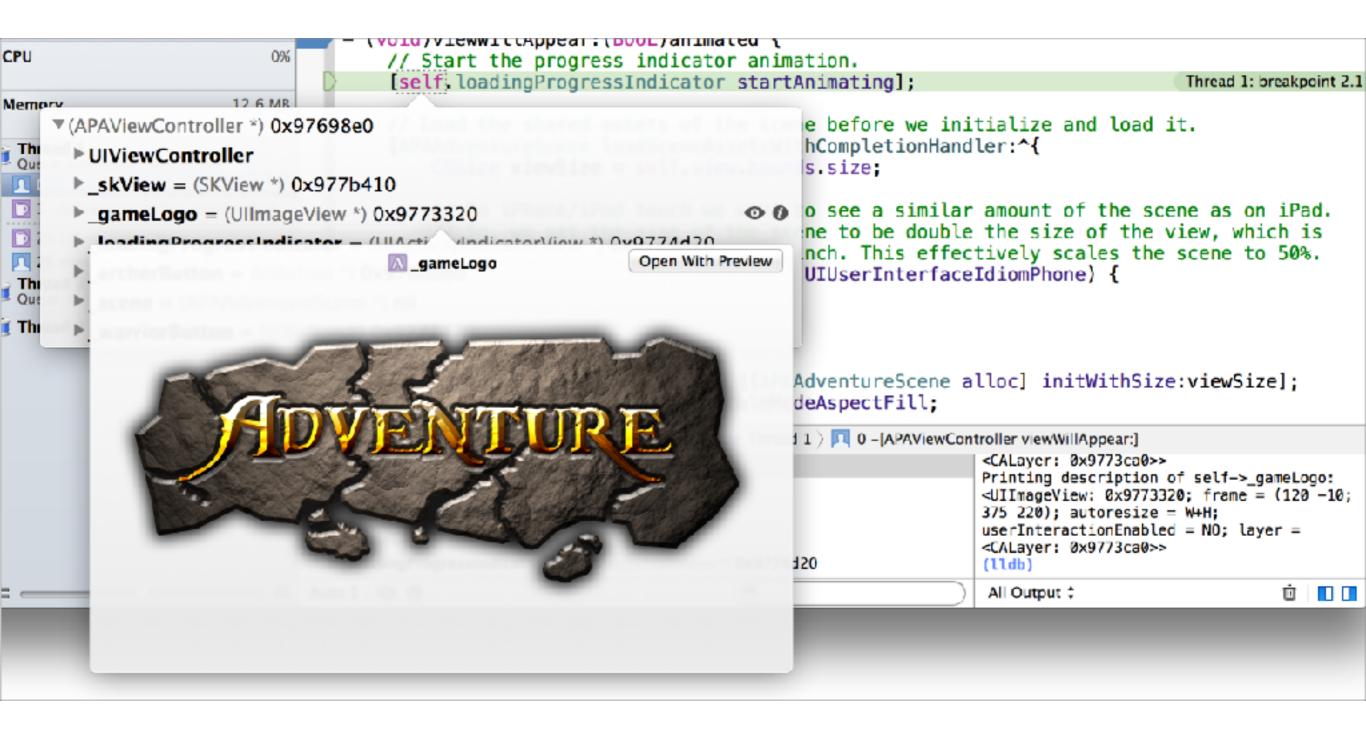


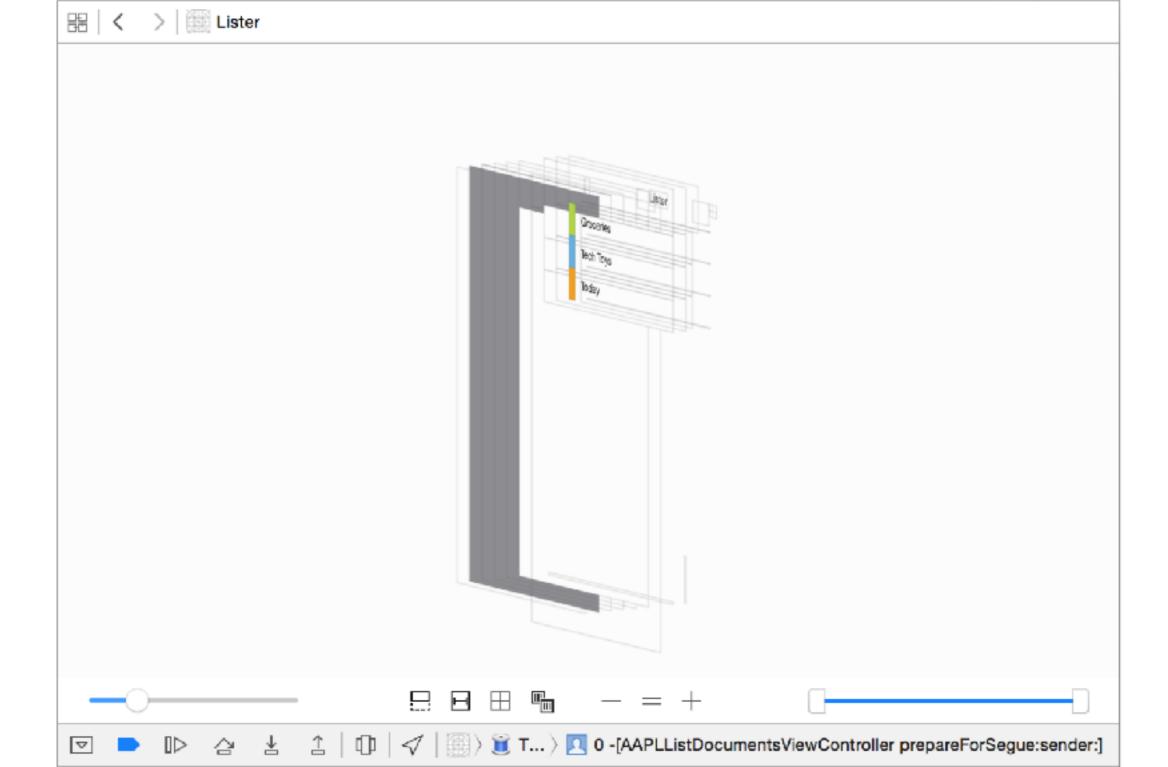


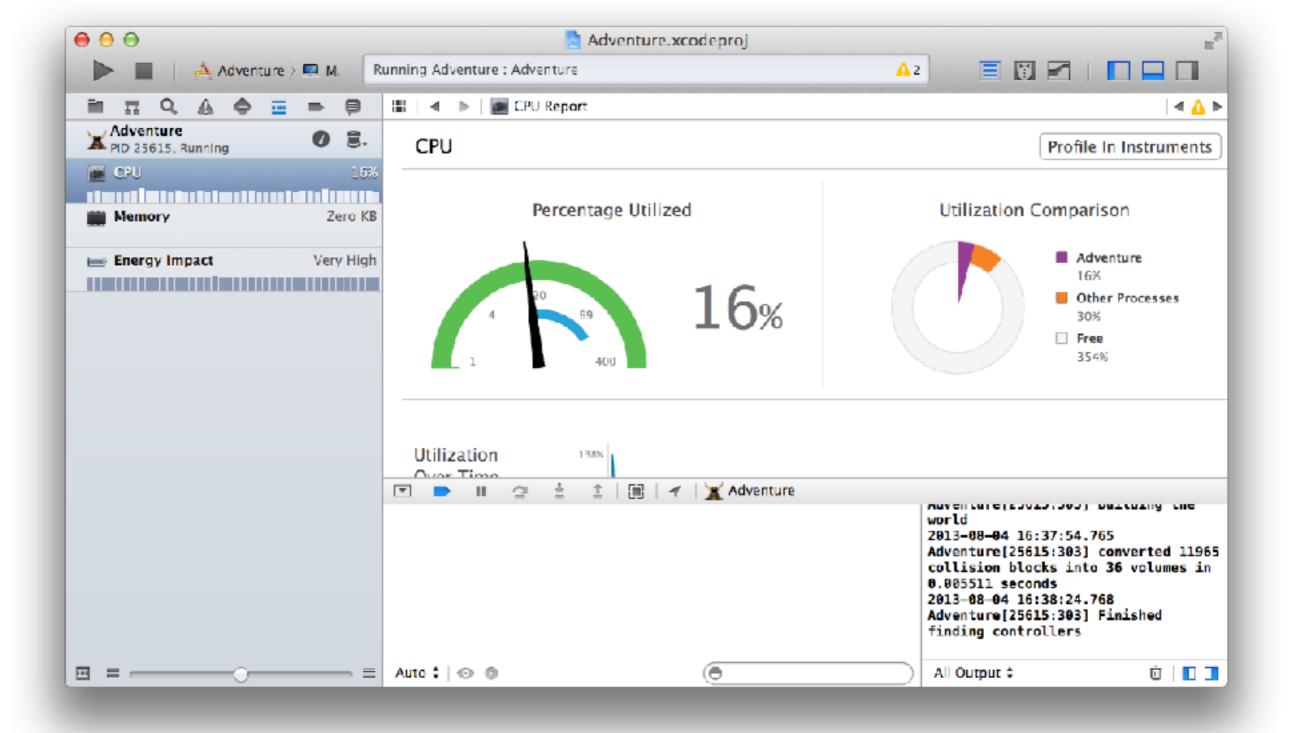


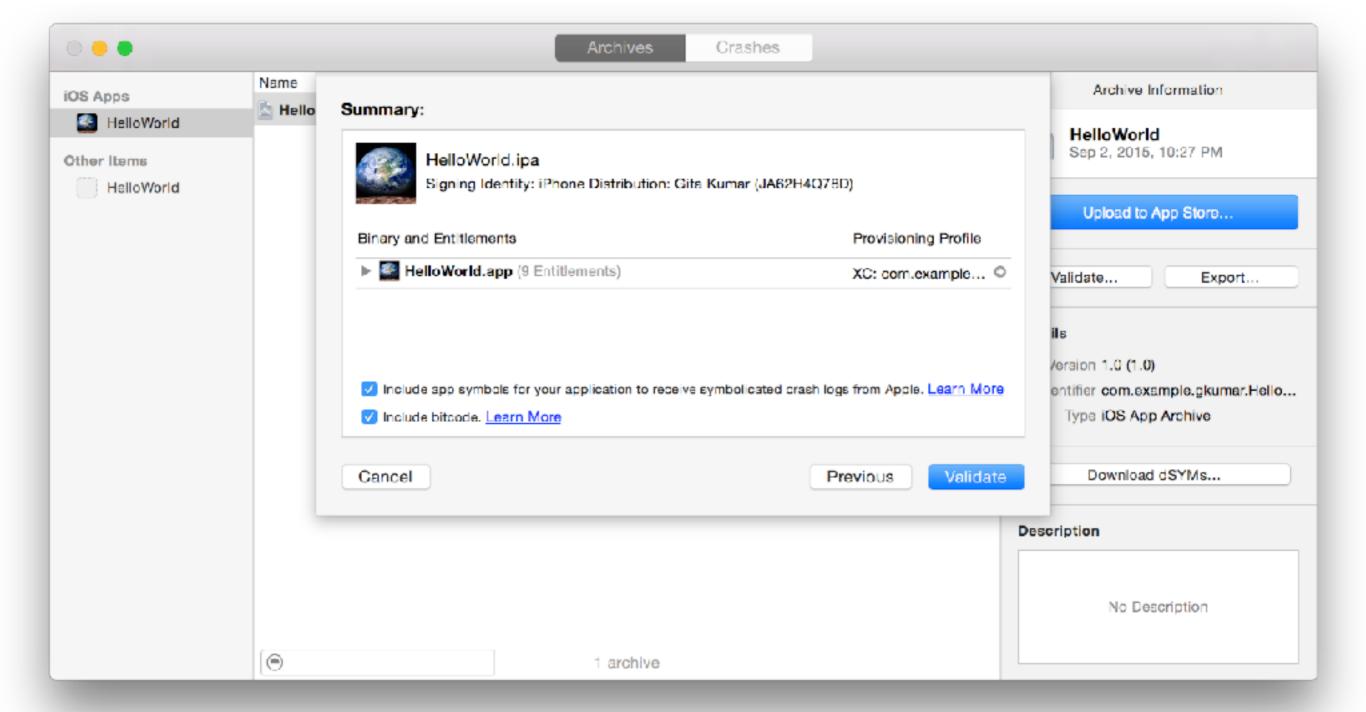


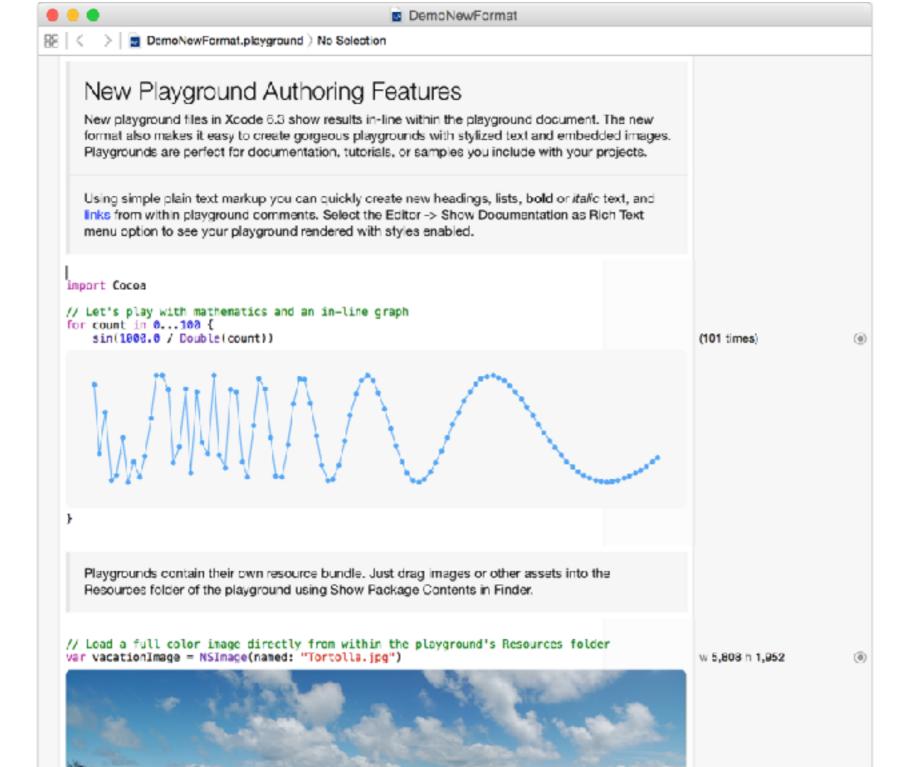












XCODE

- Create New Project
- Add Button and View to Storyboard
- Change the text in the button and the color of the view
- Run in the simulator
- → Zip (01)

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BREAK

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SWIFT BASICS

SWIFT



Swift. A modern programming language that is safe, fast, and interactive.

Swift is a powerful and intuitive programming language for iOS, OS X, tvOS, and watchOS. Writing Swift code is interactive and fun, the syntax is concise yet expressive, and apps run lightning-fast. Swift is ready for your next project — or addition into your current app — because Swift code works side-by-side with Objective-C.

SWIFT - THE GOOD



Playgrounds

Swift. A modern programming language that is safe, fast, and interactive.

OMG! Yes!

Swift is a powerful and intuitive programming language for iOS, OS X, tv(Compatible watchOS. Writing Swift code is interactive and fun, the syntax is concise yet expressive, and apps run lightning-fast. Swift is ready for your next project — or addition into your current app — because Swift code works side-by-side with Objective-C.

SWIFT - THE BAD



Swift. A modern programming language that is safe, fast, and interactive. Massive

OMG! Yes!

Swift is a powerful and intuitive programming language for iOS, OS X, t Legacy watchOS. Writing Swift code is interactive and fun, the syntax is concise yet expressive, and apps run lightning-fast. Swift is ready for your next project — or addition into your current app — because Swift code works side-by-side with Objective-C.

BASIC SWIFT TYPES

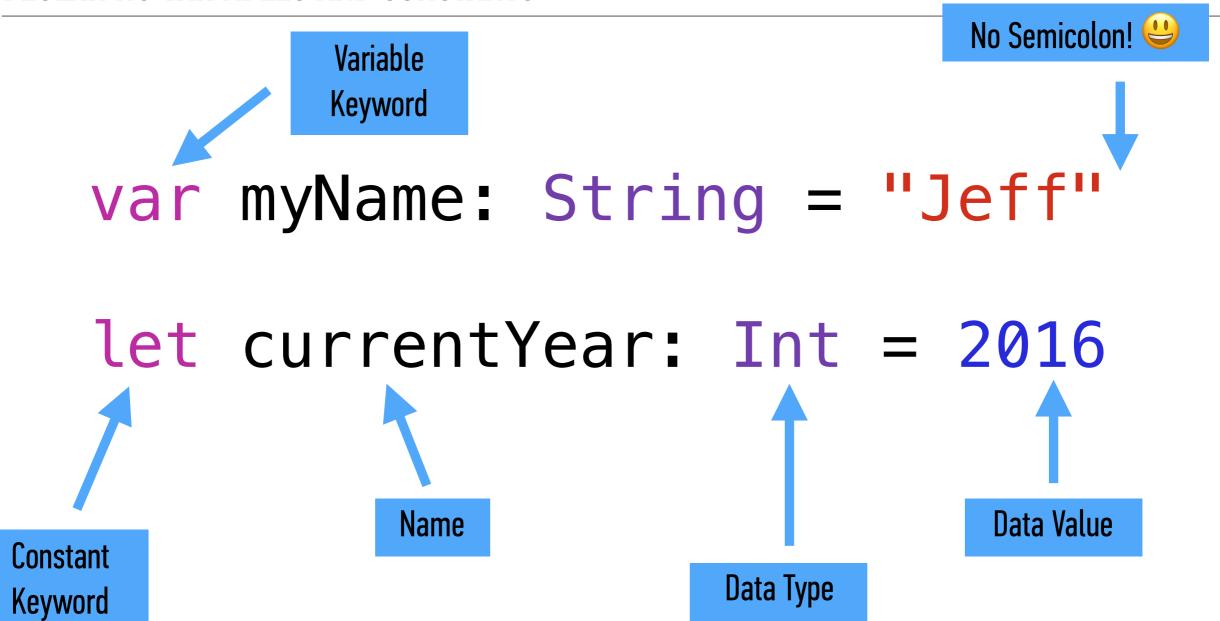
String Int Double Bool **Optional** Array Dictionary

DECLARING VARIABLES AND CONSTANTS

```
var myName: String = "Jeff"
```

let currentYear: Int = 2016

DECLARING VARIABLES AND CONSTANTS



DECLARING VARIABLES AND CONSTANTS

```
var myName = "Jeff"
```

let currentYear = 2016

let isNervous = true

let isNervous = true Objective-C used YES/NO

STRONGLY TYPED

- Once a variable is declared, its type cannot change
 - This is for both explicit and inferred types
- This makes code easier to reason about
- But it makes conversion from one type to another a PITA
- This is where Swift differs most from "easy" languages
 - Javascript, Python, Ruby, etc

STRONGLY TYPED

- 1 var currentYear = "MMXVI"

BASIC SWIFT TYPES

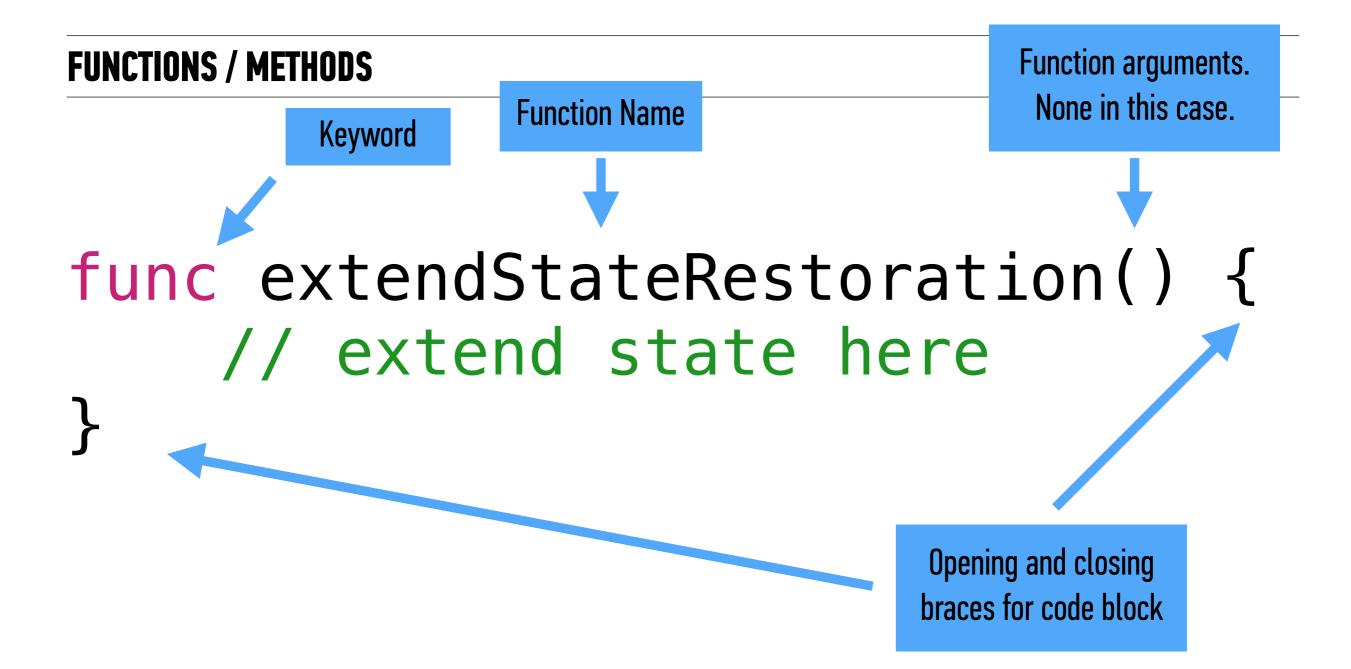
String Int Double Bool **Optional** Array Dictionary

XCODE PLAYGROUND

- Create a new iOS playground
- Declare constants of type: String, Int, Double, Bool
- Show how to check type
- Try to change constant
- → Zip (02)

FUNCTIONS / METHODS

```
func extendStateRestoration() {
    // extend state here
}
```



FUNCTIONS / METHODS WITH ARGUMENTS

Declaration Site

```
func openURL(_ url: URL) {
    // Log the URL to the console
    NSLog("The URL is: \(url)")
}
```

Call Site

openURL (myURL)

```
FUNCTIONS / METHODS WITH ARGUMENTS
                           External Name
           Function Name
                                    Internal Name
   Declaration Site
   func openURL(_ url: URL) {
         // Log the URL to the console
         NSLog("The URL is: \(url)")
   Call Site
```

openURL(myURL)

FUNCTIONS / METHODS WITH ARGUMENTS

open(url: myURL)

Declaration Site

```
func open(url: URL) {
    // Log the URL to the console
    NSLog("The URL is: \(url)")
Call Site
```

FUNCTIONS / METHODS WITH ARGUMENTS

```
Internal and external name
       Function Name
Declaration Site
                                  Type
func open(url: URL) {
     // Log the URL to the console
     NSLog("The URL is: \(url)")
Call Site
```

open(url: myURL)

SOME DETAILS

```
func open(url: URL) {
    // Log the URL to the console
    NSLog("The URL is: \(url)")
}
    Print/Log
    command
    String
    "Interpolation"
```

FUNCTIONS / METHODS WITH RETURN VALUES

```
func canOpenURL(_ url: URL) -> Bool {
    // I can totally open this URL
    return true
}
```

FUNCTIONS / METHODS WITH RETURN VALUES

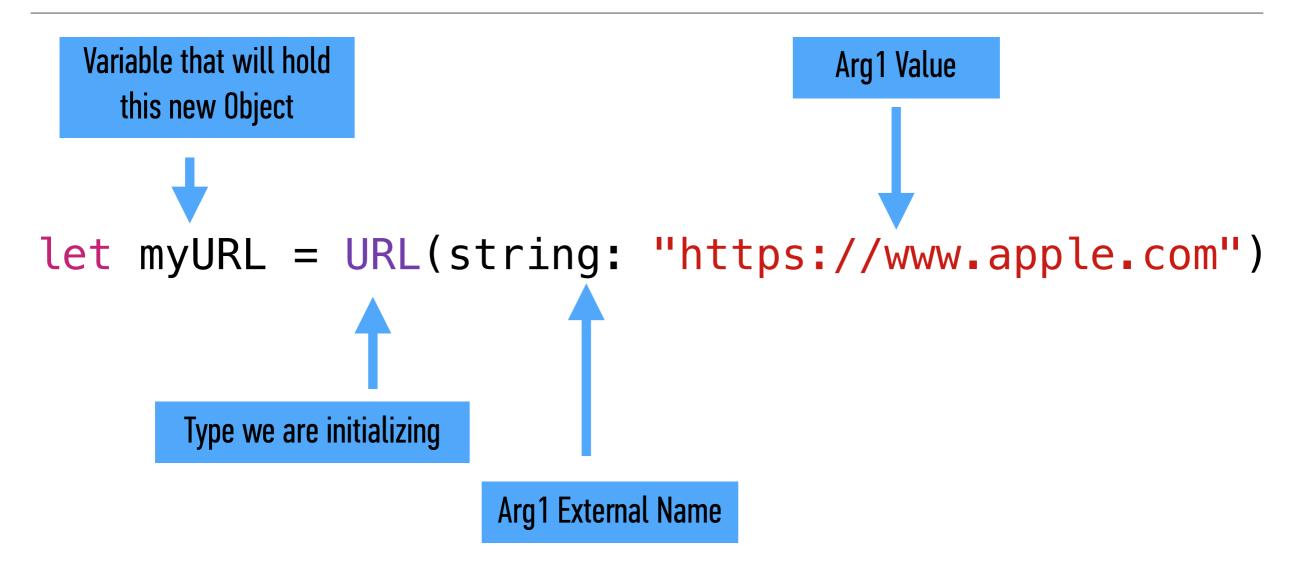
```
func canOpenURL(_ url: URL) -> Bool {
    // I can totally open this URL
    return true
}
```

Required: Any function that has a return type must call return before the end

USING INITIALIZERS

```
let myURL = URL(string: "https://www.apple.com")
```

USING INITIALIZERS



XCODE PLAYGROUND

- Create a no argument function
 - Call it
- Create a 1 argument function
 - Call it
- Create a function that returns a value
 - Call it
- Zip (03)

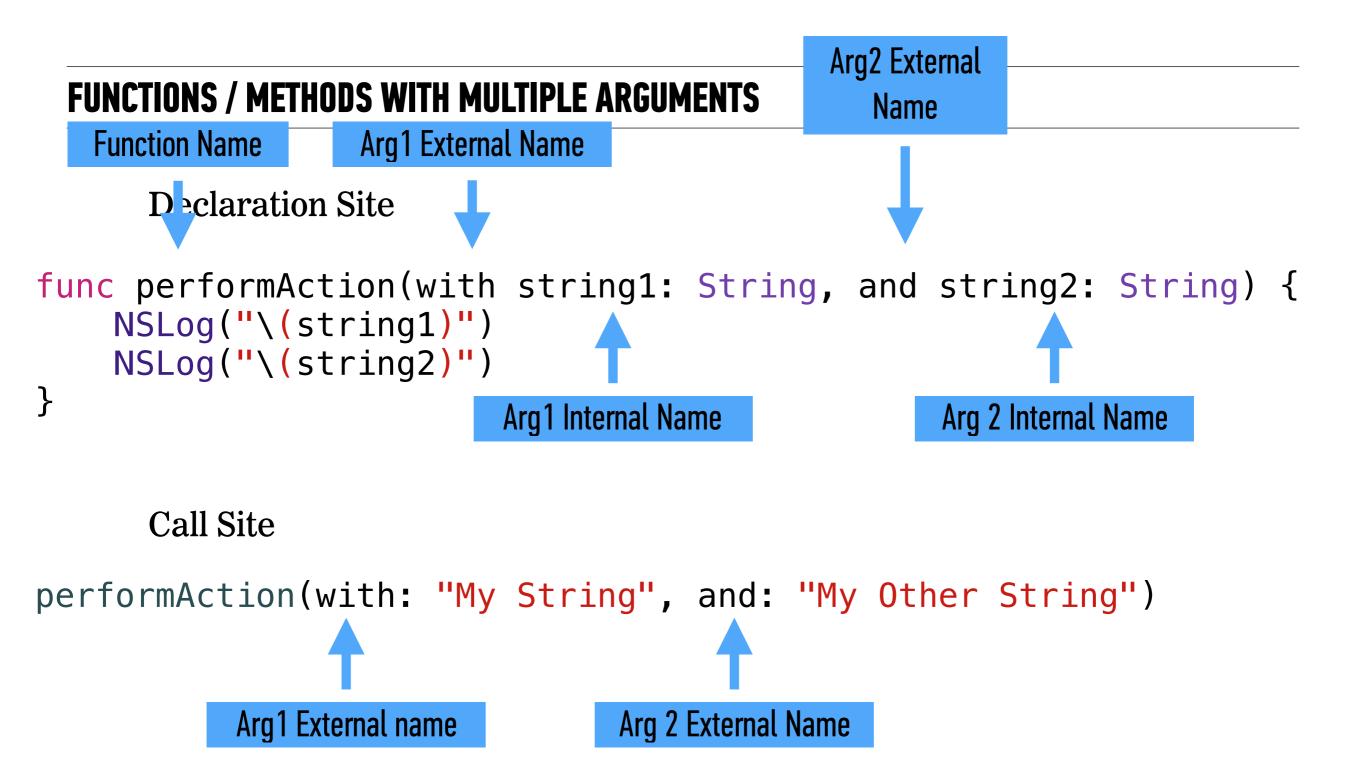
FUNCTIONS / METHODS WITH MULTIPLE ARGUMENTS

Declaration Site

```
func performAction(with string1: String, and string2: String) {
    NSLog("\(string1)")
    NSLog("\(string2)")
}
```

Call Site

```
performAction(with: "My String", and: "My Other String")
```



METHODS SHOULD SOUND LIKE PROSE

METHODS SHOULD SOUND LIKE PROSE

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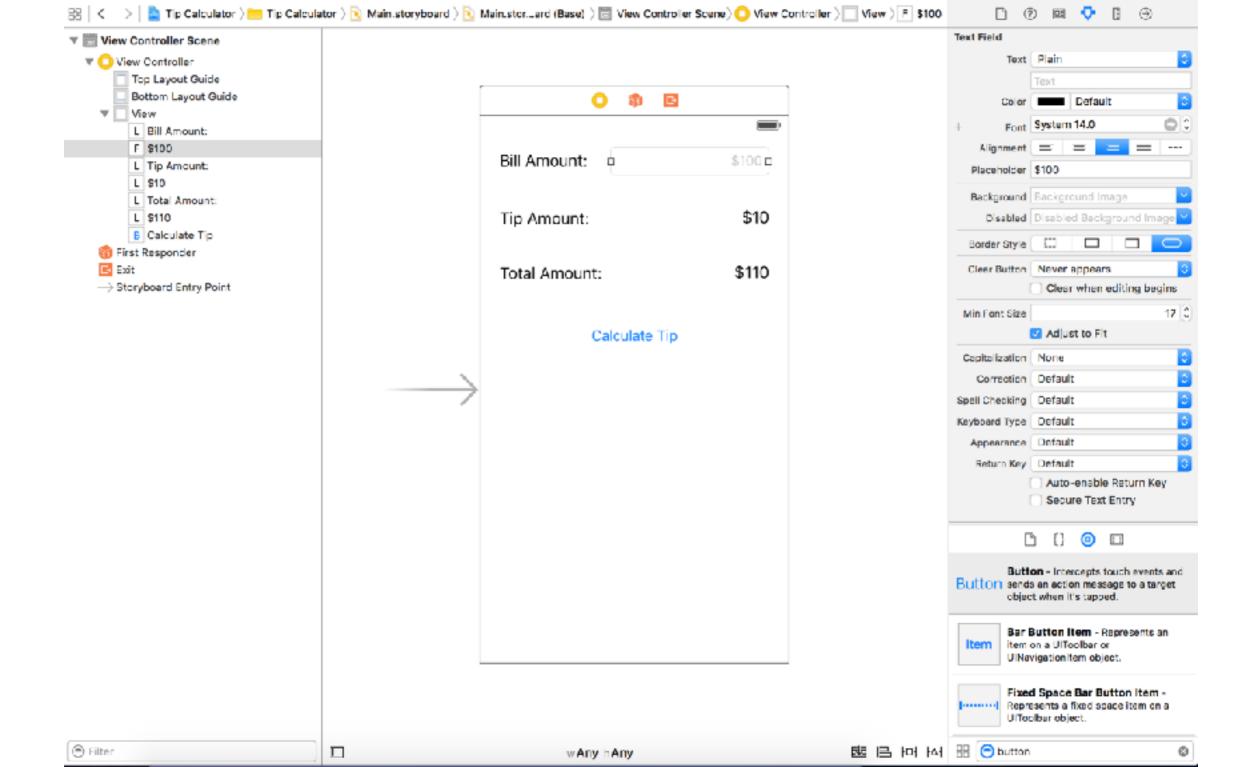
BREAK

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IOS APP



PROPERTIES AND METHODS - COCOA OBJECTS

- Properties Describe an object
 - eg. A physical car has:
 - Make
 - Model
 - Color
- Methods Functions that let an object do stuff
 - eg. A car can do:
 - Start engine
 - Drive forward
- The difference between these and our playgrounds is these live at the top level of our custom objects in Cocoa.

IBOUTLETS AND IBACTIONS - COCOA OBJECTS

- IBOutlet Property that lets our code communicate with the interface
- IBAction Function that lets the interface communicate with our code

TIP CALCULATE SNEAK PEAK

```
class ViewController: UIViewController {
   @IBOutlet weak var totalAmountLabel: UILabel!
   @IBOutlet weak var tipAmountLabel: UILabel!
   @IBOutlet weak var billAmountTextField: UITextField!
   @IBAction func calculateTip(_ sender: UIButton) {
       // get the double value of the string in the text field
        let billAmount = Double(self.billAmountTextField.text ?? "") ?? 0
       // hard code our tip percentage
        let tipPercentage = 0.2
       // calculate the tip amount and update the UI
        let tipAmount = billAmount * tipPercentage
        self.tipAmountLabel.text = "$\(tipAmount)"
        // calculate the total amount and update the UI
        let total = billAmount + tipAmount
        self.totalAmountLabel.text = "$\(total)"
```

XCODE

- Create a tip calculator
- Layout the interface
- Create an IBAction for the button
- Create outlets for the labels
- Do the math
- → Zip (04)

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SWIFT OPTIONALS

String Int Double Bool **Optional** Array Dictionary

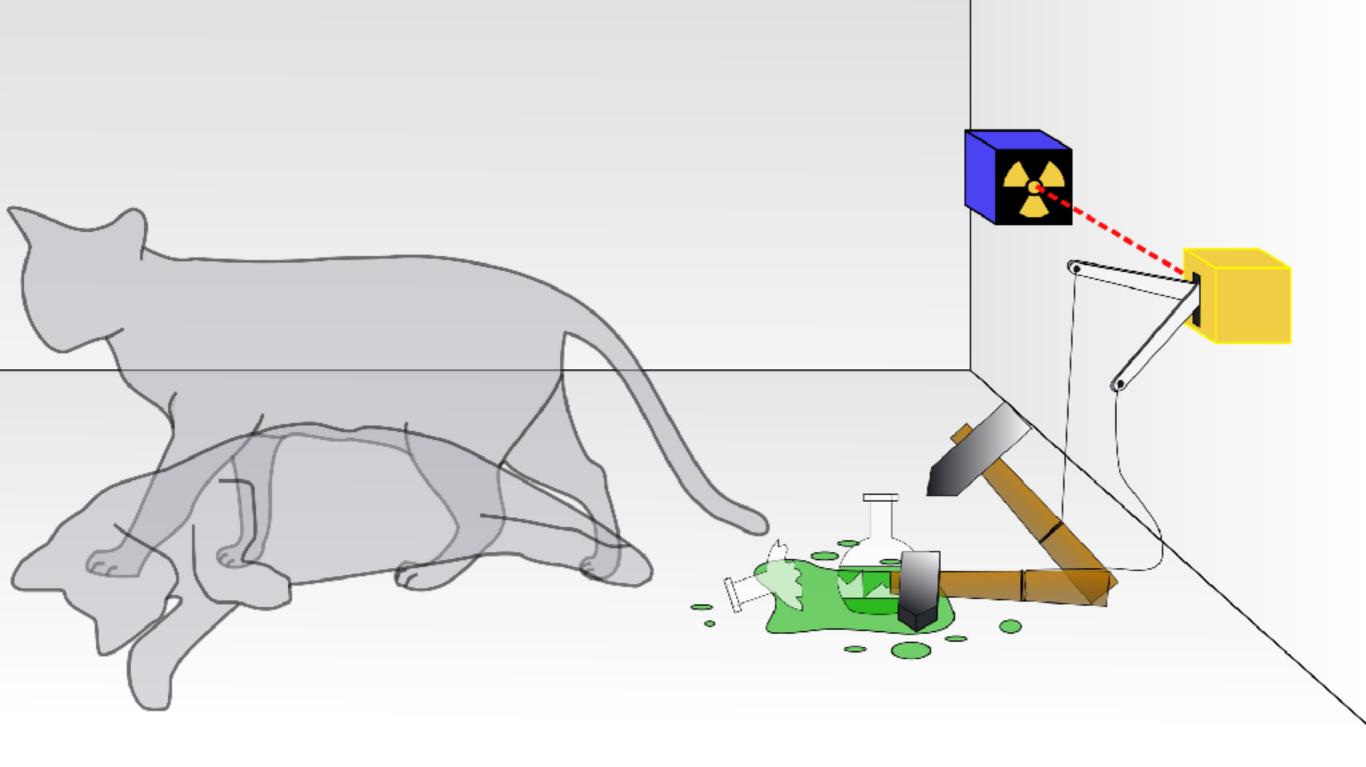
String **Int** Double Bool What the heck is Optional this thing? Array Dictionary

String **Int** Double Bool Optional ← Array Dictionary

Swift has its own Schrödinger Cat Type



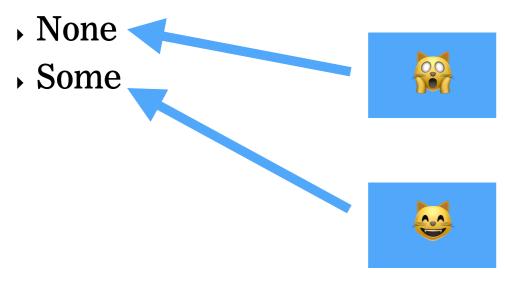




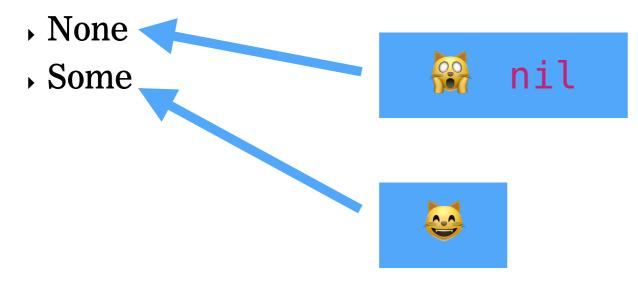
- Optionals are actually very similar to Booleans
- Booleans are special kind of type called an ENUM(eration)
- Enums contain a set list of possible options
- For example:
 - True / False
 - Logged In / Logged Out
 - Not Downloading / Downloading / Downloaded
 - Not Downloading / Downloading / Downloaded / Error

- Optionals are just this same Enum concept but the options are
 - None
 - Some

Optionals are just this same Enum concept but the options are



Optionals are just this same Enum concept but the options are



- Optionals allow Swift developers to explicitly specify what is known and when.
 - "compile time" knowledge
 - ▶ VS
 - "runtime" knowledge
- For example. Downloading an image:
 - You have a URL. You tell the code to download the URL
 - But there is no guarantee the server will actually send you an image
 - It could send you a 404 error which is an HTML file... or nothing...
 - Either way, its not an image and you don't know this at "compile time"

EXPRESSING OPTIONALITY

```
String? ?-Indicates
Int? Optional

Double?
Bool?
Anything?
```

```
16 let imageURLString: String = "http://fantasyjunction.com/img/ "http://fantasyjunction.co...
      cars/xlarge/118011.jpg"
```

- 17 let imageURL: NSURL? = NSURL(string: imageURLString)
- 18 let imageData: NSData? = NSData(contentsOfURL: imageURL!)
- 19 let image: UIImage? = UIImage(data: imageData!)



http://fantasyjunction.co... <ffd8ffe0 00104a46 494... w 800 h 533

- ? = The type we're dealing with is optional
- ! = I'm super confident that the cat is alive
 - If I'm wrong, I accept that my app will crash for my users if the cat is dead
- But, there is a way to deal with optionals in a safe way
 - So that you can present an error to the user if the cat is dead
 - This is never an easy conversation :-/

```
Confirmed String (non-optional)
```

Now the imageURL constant can be used safely

XCODE PLAYGROUNDS

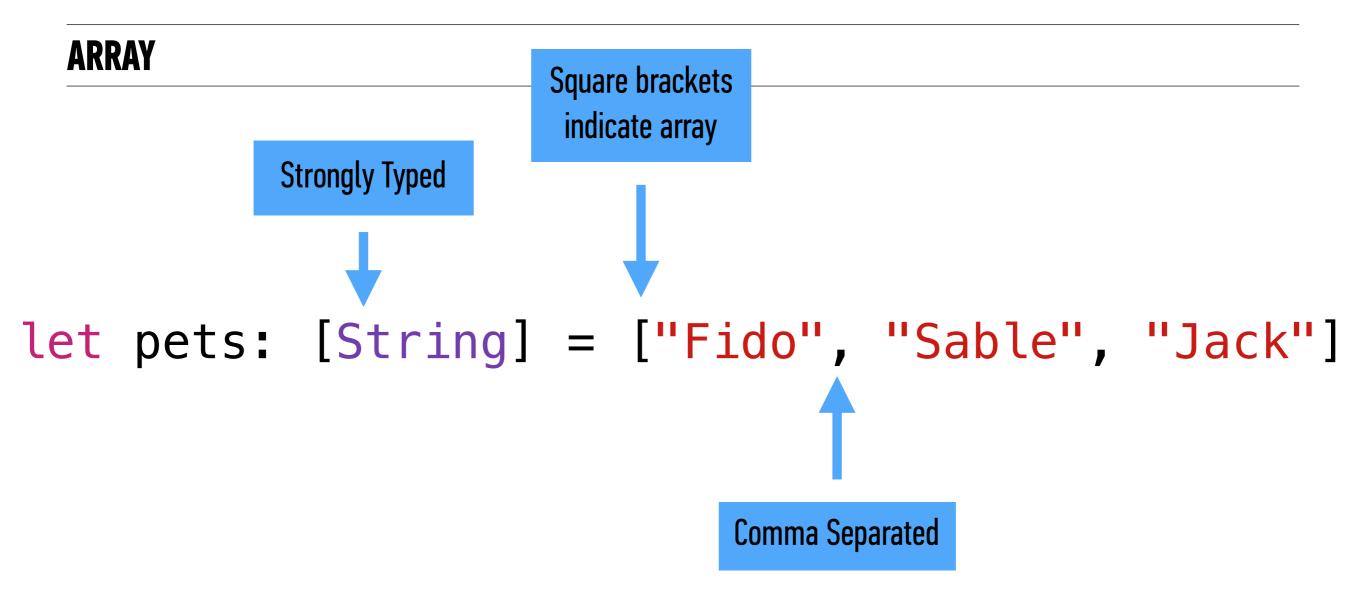
- Create an optional string
- Set it to NIL
- Experiment with Printing it
- Safely Unwrap it
- → Zip (05)

SWIFT COLLECTION TYPES

String **Int Double** Bool Optional Array Dictionary

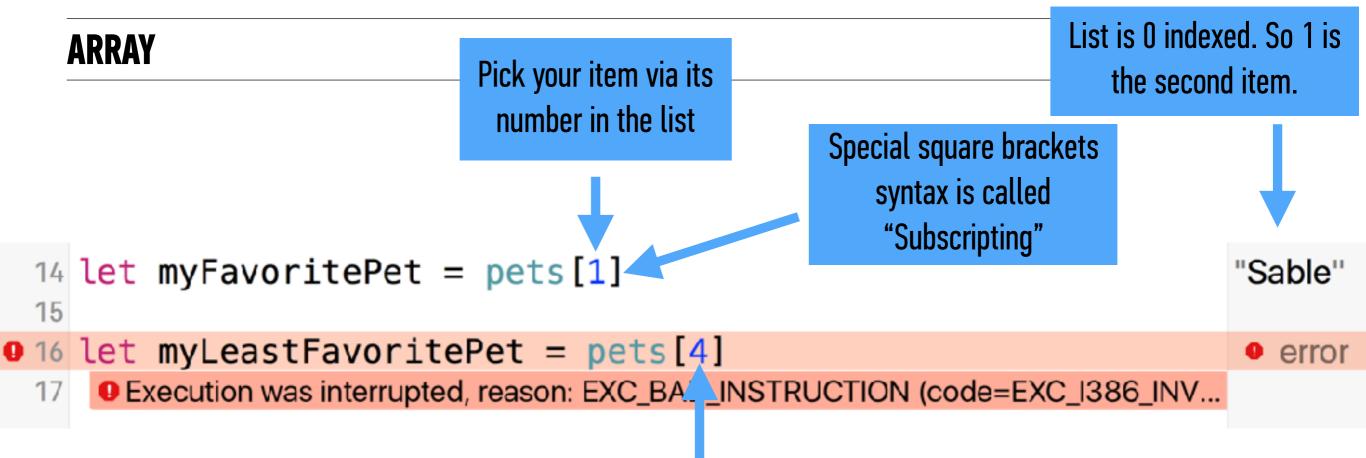
- Ordered list of items
- Its #1 job in life is to keep items in order
- Strongly Typed
- Mixed Type arrays are allowed but not recommended
- Get items out by asking the array for the item at an Integer index
- Arrays are 0-indexed
- Runtime crash caused by asking the Array for an item that doesn't exist.

```
let pets: [String] = ["Fido", "Sable", "Jack"]
```



Type can be inferred

```
let pets = ["Fido", "Sable", "Jack"]
```



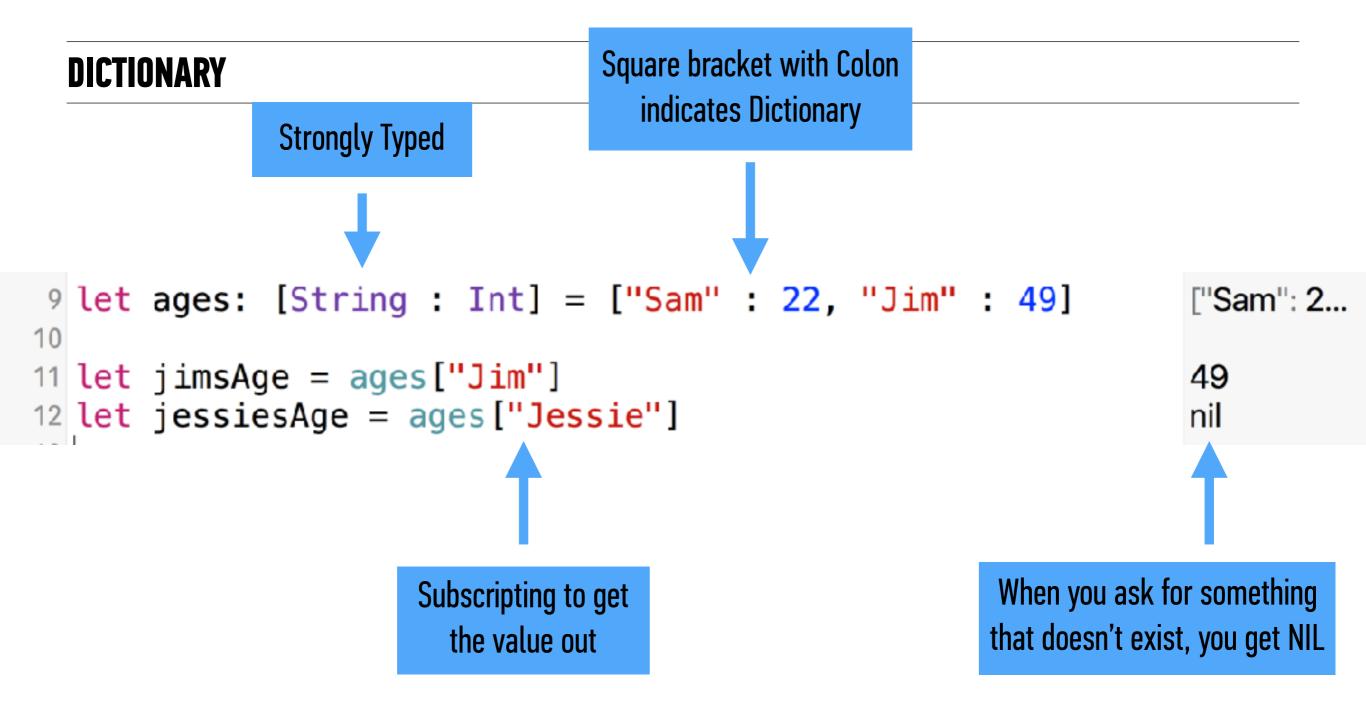
If you ask for an entry that does not exist, you get a runtime crash.

DICTIONARY

- Key / value pairs
- Unordered
- The Key is strongly typed and the Value is strongly typed
 - But they do not need to be the same type.
- Access the value by asking for the dictionary for it via the key.
- Its ok to ask the dictionary for an item with a key that does not exist.
 - It returns nothing. No crash.

DICTIONARY

```
9 let ages: [String : Int] = ["Sam" : 22, "Jim" : 49]
10
11 let jimsAge = ages["Jim"]
12 let jessiesAge = ages["Jessie"]
49
10
11 let jessiesAge = ages["Jessie"]
```



XCODE PLAYGROUNDS

- Create an Array
- Get an item out of the array
- Create a dictionary
- Get an item out of the dictionary
- → Zip (06)

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SWIFT AND COCOA TOUCH RESOURCES

RESOURCES

https://www.raywenderlich.com/category/swift

Alternative – For Complete Beginners to Prograi

The iOS Apprentice is the best option, but if you don't feel like signing up for the newsletter, don't worry - we have an alternative option for you.

This series is a gentle introduction to Swift for those who are completely new to programming. Enjoy!

- Learn to Code iOS Apps with Swift Tutorial 1: Welcome to Programming
- Learn to Code iOS Apps with Swift Tutorial 2: Your First Project
- <u>Learn to Code iOS Apps with Swift Tutorial 3: Arrays, Objects, and</u>
 Classes
- Learn To Code iOS Apps With Swift Tutorial 4: Your First App
- Learn To Code iOS Apps With Swift Tutorial 5: Making it Beautiful

Alternative - For Experienced Programmers

If you are already an experienced programmer and want a "quick start" to Swift, this is the best option for you.

In this series, you'll learn the basics of the Swift language, and will make a basic tip calculator app using what you have learned.

- Swift 2 Tutorial: A Quick Start
- Swift 2 Tutorial Part 2: A Simple iOS App
- Swift 2 Tutorial Part 3: Tuples. Protocols, Delegates, and Table
 Views



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IOS DEVELOPMENT 101

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EXIT TICKETS

DON'T FORGET TO FILL OUT YOUR EXIT TICKET