大同大學 105 學年度第 1 學期期中考試試題

科目代號:**G1011** 科目名稱: 微積分 (一) 班級: 座號: 姓名: 註: 本次考試不可參考自己的書籍、筆記。不可用計算機、電子辭典。

1. Find the limits.

(5%)(a.)
$$\lim_{x\to 0} \frac{\sin^2(5x)}{x^2}$$
. (5%)(b.) $\lim_{x\to -2} \frac{\sqrt{x+6}-2}{x+2}$. (5%)(c.) $\lim_{x\to 3^+} \frac{x^2+5x+6}{x^2-9}$. (5%)(d.) $\lim_{x\to 5^-} ([x]+2\sqrt{5-[x]})$, $[x]$

2. Find the derivative y' of the followings.

$$(5\%)(a.) \ y = 3\sqrt[3]{x} - \frac{3}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{2}{x^2}.$$

$$(5\%)(b.) \ y = x^3 e^x \sin x,$$

$$(5\%)(c.) \ y = (2x^3 + 3x^2 + x)^{10}.$$

$$(5\%)(d.) \ y = \frac{x^2 - 5}{x^5 + 2x} \text{ (use the Quotient Rule)}.$$

$$(5\%)(e.) \ y = \tan^2 x.$$

$$(5\%)(f.) \ y = \ln|3x + 1|$$

- 3. (5%) Find an equation of the tangent line to the graph of $f(x) = 3x + \sqrt[3]{x^2} 2$ when x = -1.
- 4. (5%) Find the maximum and minimum of $f(x) = x^4 \frac{1}{2}x 1$ on the interval [0, 1].
- 5. (10%) Let $f(x) = (1 9x^2)^{\frac{2}{3}}$.
 - (a.) Find the relative extrema of f(x).
 - (b.) Determine the open intervals on which f(x) is increasing or decreasing.
- 6. (10%) Let $f(x) = -3x^5 + 40x^3$.
 - (a.) Find the points of inflection(反曲點).
 - (b.) Determine the open intervals on which the graph of f(x) is concave upward or concave downward.
- 7. Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ of the followings.

$$(10\%)(a.) y = (3x)^{2x}.$$

$$(10\%)$$
(b.) $e^{x+y} = y^2 + \sqrt{\frac{x}{y}}$.