



## PDNI 10-03 (escrito) - ...

Placement Test (PDN) (Universidad Peruana de Ciencias Aplicadas)



Escanea para abrir en Studocu

Situation 1: Mr Hanson is asking Jessie about her classmates.

1. Paolo is \_\_\_\_\_.

- a. at home
- b. in class
- c. in the library
- d. at school
- e. at the cafeteria

Situation 2: Susan is asking Alex about his free time.

2. On the weekends, Alex \_\_\_\_\_.

- a. has a full- time job
- b. goes to school
- c. goes to the movies
- d. has a lot off free time
- e. Works at a part- time job.

Situation 3: Jeff and Rosa are talking on the phone.

3. Rosa \_\_\_\_\_.

- a. is watching TV right now
- b. doesn't like to shop
- c. would like to go to the mall today
- d. can't go shopping today
- e. went shopping yesterday

Situation 4: Mark and Sarah are talking about their habits.

4. Sarah \_\_\_\_\_.

- a. enjoys working out
- b. goes to the gym every day
- c. doesn't cope well with stress
- d. loves her karate class
- e. loves her volleyball class

Situation 4: Mark and Sarah are talking about their habits.

5. Mark \_\_\_\_\_.

- a. is in shape
- b. exercises a lot
- c. is going to join a karate class
- d. goes to Sarah's gym
- e. doesn't like junk food

Situation 5: Jan is telling Carlos about her day.

6. Jan was late for her interview this morning because \_\_\_\_\_.

- a. the service in the café was slow
- b. she didn't have a watch
- c. her bus didn't come on time
- d. she was talking to her father
- e. she forgot she cell phone at home

Situation 5: Jan is telling Carlos about her day.

7. Carlos thinks \_\_\_\_\_.

- a. Jan will definitely get the job
- b. Jan may get the job
- c. Jan will probably not get the job
- d. Jan definitely won't get the job
- e. Jan should be worried

Situation 6: Freddie is talking to Judy on his cell phone about a trip.

8. Freddie \_\_\_\_\_.

- a. does not want to visit Australia in the summer
- b. wants to visit Australia alone
- c. hasn't made any plans to go to Australia
- d. has never been to Australia before
- e. has been scuba diving before

Situation 6: Freddie is talking to Judy on his cell phone about a trip.

9. Judy says the best thing about Australia is the \_\_\_\_\_.

- a. people
- b. culture
- c. beaches
- d. sports
- e. weather

Situation 7: Victor is helping Stacy with her new cell phone.

10. Stacy doesn't remember \_\_\_\_\_.

- a. how to turn off her phone
- b. why she bought her phone
- c. where she bought her phone

- d. how much her phone cost
- e. how to unlock her phone

Situation 7: Victor is helping Stacy with her new cell phone.

11. Victor thinks his news will be \_\_\_\_\_,

- a. tiring
- b. helpful
- c. important
- d. surprising
- e. annoying

Situation 7: Victor is helping Stacy with her new cell phone.

12. Victor has known Caroline \_\_\_\_\_.

- a. since childhood
- b. since last a week
- c. for two months
- d. for a short time
- e. for one semester

Situation 8: Paula and Peter are talking about Paula's experience in another country.

13. Paula took her first trip outside the United States \_\_\_\_\_.

- a. a few years ago
- b. when she turned 25
- c. last year
- d. not too long ago
- e. before she turned 25

Situation 8: Paula and Peter are talking about Paula's experience in another country.

14. Paula offended her hosts in Thailand by \_\_\_\_\_.

- a. not taking off her shoes
- b. making excuses for her behavior
- c. going inside their house
- d. asking them to take off their shoes
- e. not asking about their traditions

Situation 8: Paula and Peter are talking about Paula's experience in another country.

15. Paula told Peter that you \_\_\_\_\_ in homes in Thailand.

- a. take off your shoes only if your hosts ask you to
- b. can get away with wearing shoes

c. shouldn't wear shoes

d. don't have to wear shoes

e. are expected to wear shoes

Situation 9: Adam and Carmen are talking about going back to college.

16. Adam \_\_\_\_\_.

a. likes only Math and Science

b. doesn't like his classes and isn't doing well

c. doesn't like his classes but is doing well

d. likes his classes but isn't doing well

e. likes his classes and is doing well

Situation 9: Adam and Carmen are talking about going back to college.

17. Adam is studying for a degree in \_\_\_\_\_.

a. French

b. science

c. nursing

d. history

e. math

Situation 9: Adam and Carmen are talking about going back to college.

18. When Adam receives his degree, he will have spent \_\_\_\_\_ years studying.

a. 20

b. 4

c. 40

d. 10

e. 24

Situation 9: Adam and Carmen are talking about going back to college.

19. Carmen thinks she took charge of her life when she listened to her \_\_\_\_\_.

a. mom

b. career counselor

c. computer science professor

d. family

e. high school advisor

Situation 9: Adam and Carmen are talking about going back to college.

20. Carmen thinks she'll be \_\_\_\_\_ for a really long time.

a. working on her degree

b. paying off her loans

c. spending a lot of money

d. looking for a good job

e. getting student loans

## Section II: Reading

- In this section of the Placement Test, you will read some short passages and answer questions about them.
- Choose the answer that best completes the sentence.
- For each item, choose the correct option.

### Passage 1: What's your routine at work?

Jeff: I usually go to work early and have breakfast at my desk. I'm always on the Internet – I check my email a lot. Sometimes I have meetings. I always leave work after 8 or 9pm. I get home late every night!

21. Jeff spends a lot of time \_\_\_\_\_.

- a. at home
- b. on the phone
- c. in meetings
- d. in the cafeteria
- e. at work

### Passage 2: An email, Subject: Back at work!

Dear Carl,

I'm back, but I didn't want to come home! It was a wonderful trip! I met nice people in Lisbon. I could learn a few words in Portuguese too. I ate a lot of Bacalhau – it's a type of fish. I went to museums; castles and I went sightseeing a lot. It was a bit expensive! I want to go back to Europe- France next time!

Abby

22. Abby \_\_\_\_\_.

- a. can't speak any Portuguese
- b. didn't like the people
- c. doesn't want to go to Europe again
- d. wanted to buy a house in Lisbon
- e. wanted to stay in Lisbon

### Passage 3: Hobbies are good for you!

We all know vacations are good for your health; but if you can't take a vacation, do a hobby instead. Research shows that people with hobbies generally are not very stressed. Hobbies help people relax. They give you quiet time and help you sleep better. One psychologist explains, "When we're doing something we love, it's a passion." And passion is important for a healthy life.

23. The article suggests that \_\_\_\_\_.

- a. it's not good to have a passion in life
- b. a hobby can't be a passion

**c. hobbies can help with sleep problems**

- d. people who can't take a vacation will be stressed
- e. people can get stressed when they do a hobby.

**Passage 4: Back pain**

My brother was lifting weights at the gym when he hurt his back. He went home and went to bed for several days, he put some compresses to the pain but did not call his doctor. When he got up, he sat up straight on a kitchen chair. Was this the right thing to do?

With any back injury, always see a doctor first to check if it is serious. Keep moving- for example, go swimming or walking. In addition, it could be good to lean back in a comfortable chair.

24. The main idea of this passage is to \_\_\_\_\_.

- a. narrates an anecdote about someone lifting weights
- b. describe back injuries
- c. discuss the advantage of doing exercise
- d. explain how a doctor treats back pain
- e. give advice about back pains**

25. If you have back pain, the Reading says you \_\_\_\_\_.

- a. usually can't sit up straight
- b. should avoid exercise
- c. need to go to a doctor**
- d. should stay in bed for a few days
- e. must sit on an orthopedic chair

**Passage 5: Live life to the fullest: Play golf with a pro!**

Have you ever played golf with a professional? Probably not, unless you're a friend of Tiger Woods. I've hardly ever played golf, so I'm certainly not a good golfer, but last month I took lessons from the professionals at one of the most famous and oldest golf clubs in the country. The instructors were incredibly good and very talented, and I learned some great tips. I recommend it! If you're already a good golfer, you'll definitely improve your technique. You might want to play a full round of golf on the challenging course after the lessons. Me? I went for a walk in the club!

26. The writer \_\_\_\_\_.

- a. was not a beginner at golf
- b. took lessons with golf experts**
- c. has played golf for a long time
- d. learned nothing
- e. played golf like Tiger Woods

27. After the golf lessons, the writer suggests \_\_\_\_\_.

- a. giving the instructors a good tip
- b. going for a walk in the club
- c. playing a full round of golf
- d. having a meal
- e. playing golf with Tiger Woods

**Passage 6: Someone you can look up to: Alfred Ciffo III**

Alfred Ciffo had happy memories of talking with his grandmother while he was growing up. They chatted by phone every week and shared their lives. Alfred realized that regular contact between the generations was important and decided to do something about it. When he was 14, he founded his Teen Connect organization. The Project links teenagers and seniors who call each other and keep in touch by phone. From the very beginning, the senior from Teen Connect who Alfred was calling was enthusiastic – She never knew her own grandmother when she was young, which she regretted. Alfred in Florida, and four years later the program had more than 200 groups around the U.S and an international chapter in Japan. Both advice and hearing about the senior's life experiences. Shortly after Alfred started his degree at MIT, he received an award for his community work. He was surprised but satisfied that his program could help reduce loneliness.

28. When Alfred was Young, he \_\_\_\_\_.

- a. talked with his grandmother on a weekly basis
- b. shared a home with his grandmother
- c. kept regular contact with his grandmother through email
- d. called his grandmother every day
- e. visited his grandmother every week

29. Alfred founded Teen Connect to \_\_\_\_\_.

- a. connects Young and old people
- b. promote a generation gap
- c. prevent teenagers from feeling lonely
- d. help older people contact their grandchildren
- e. make it possible for senior to keep in touch with family

30. One thing senior liked about the program was \_\_\_\_\_.

- a. giving advice to teenagers
- b. getting advice from teenagers
- c. giving advice to other adult people
- d. how popular it was worldwide
- e. having weekly conversations with teenagers

31. Alfred got an award for his community Project \_\_\_\_\_.

- a. before he started college
- b. in Japan
- c. before being admitted to MIT
- d. after graduating from college



e. right after entering college

### Passage 7: Modern crimes: telephone fraud

You're at home and the phone rings. A Young woman says you've won a fabulous prize – a dream vacation, a new car, or a lot of money. You get excited and start imagining it. But first, you must pay a fee for shipping or taxes. You give the woman your credit card details, or write a check and mail it to an international address. Then you sit back and wait for your prize to come. It will never be sent. You've been a victim of telephone fraud.

You may feel that you should have known it was too good to be true. It might help you feel better to know that you are not alone. This type of crime is a growing problem in the U.S and Canada. People have been losing billions of dollars every year hoping to get the prize of their dreams. Victims of telephone scams are often called a second time by the same criminals, who then pretend to be movement lawyers. The victims are told they can get their money back if they pay a legal fee or government tax.

These criminals usually can't be caught because they call from outside the country and use telephone numbers that can't be traced to real people or companies. If you haven't entered a contest, you probably haven't won anything. Don't be fooled by telephone fraud: never send money or give out your credit card information in order to receive a "prize".

32. Telephone fraudsters \_\_\_\_\_.

- a. don't ask victims to pay anything
- b. send fabulous prizes
- c. make false promises
- d. send small gifts instead of big prizes
- e. don't ask for personal information

33. Criminals who commit fraud \_\_\_\_\_.

- a. are government lawyers
- b. pay the money back to their victims
- c. may steal from the same person again
- d. pay legal fees when they are caught
- e. never call the same person twice

34. The article says that these criminals \_\_\_\_\_.

- a. live in the U.S and Canada
- b. have foreign addresses
- c. work for international companies
- d. call from the U.S and Canada
- e. own real companies

35. The writer's advice about telephone fraud is \_\_\_\_\_.

- a. send money or give your credit card information only to local companies
- b. don't cash the check if you win a telephone contest

- c. don't send money if you haven't taken part in a contest
- d. don't feel bad about being tricked
- e. don't take part in contests

### Passage 8: Consumers and the environment

In recent years, concern about the environment has been endlessly discussed in the media and consumers have regularly been told how to change their lifestyles in order to reduce their impact on the planet. But how much has this media attention influenced our behavior? Recent surveys suggest that there is greater awareness of environmental issues, it is crucial that much more should be done to change people's behavior. Concern for the environment alone is not enough to change habits. Over half of the people surveyed said that they had made changes such as buying recycled products or recycling paper, plastic, and glass. However, only a fifth said they were taking fewer flights - a major cause of greenhouse gas emissions - and less than 5% were using more environmental, friendly hybrid cars.

"The problem is human nature", says a leading environmentalist, because changing to more eco-friendly habits means giving up some of the luxuries we're used to.

Changing consumer behavior is complex, but the most effective kind of pressure that can be applied is financial. As long as gas prices remain affordable, people use their cars without thinking about the environmental cost. But as world oil prices increase, car owners are looking for ways to reduce car use. In countries where public transportation is limited, many people have few alternatives. What is clear is that it will take more than recycling to save to save the planet.

36. The main idea in the article is that \_\_\_\_\_.

- a. people should buy more recycled goods
- b. the environment is a serious issue
- c. gas prices are more expensive
- d. reclying is the best way to reduce the impact on the planet
- e. it's not easy to make people change their habits

37. Recent surveys on consumer behavior show that people \_\_\_\_\_.

- a. are willing to give up some luxuries to help the environment
- b. still need to change their lifestyle more in the future
- c. know Little about environmental issues
- d. are raising awareness of environmental issues in their communities
- e. don't care much about the environment

38. The view of a leading environmentalist is that \_\_\_\_\_.

- a. people won't need to recycle more to sabe the planet
- b. humans would need to stop using non- essential things
- c. people can be easily motivated to change their habits
- d. consumers are willing to change their habits
- e. people can change to more eco- friendly habits and keep the luxuries they're used to

39. The writer says that the best way to change consumer spending habits is to \_\_\_\_\_.

- a. make things less affordable
- b. limit the availability of public transportation

- c. tell people about the environmental cost
- d. persuade people that it is a financial issue
- e. keep gas prices affordable

40. The article says that now car owners \_\_\_\_\_.

- a. think about the environmental cost driving causes
- b. use public transportation more often
- c. often drive hybrid cars
- d. drive less often to save money
- e. have several choices to driving

### Section III :Language Use

- In this section, you will answer questions about the use of English.
- Choose the answer that best completes the sentence.

41. My family and I have breakfast together \_\_\_\_\_ the morning.

- a. most of
- b. in
- c. every
- d. at
- e. on

42. What \_\_\_\_\_ your Friends do in their free time?

- a. is
- b. do
- c. was
- d. are
- e. does

43. Susan didn't \_\_\_\_\_ out last night because he was very tired.

- a. goes
- b. went
- c. was
- d. go
- e. going

44. Carla drinks \_\_\_\_\_ milk, but she doesn't like cheese.

- a. many
- b. much
- c. any
- d. a few
- e. a lot of

45. I'm not good \_\_\_\_\_ , but I sing well.
- a. dancer
  - b. in dancing
  - c. dance
  - d. at dancing
  - e. to dance
46. A. Are you going to Diane's party tomorrow night?  
B. Yes, I am. It \_\_\_\_\_ fun!
- a. was
  - b. is being
  - c. will
  - d. is
  - e. is going to be
47. I went on the Internet yesterday \_\_\_\_\_ some research for my trip.
- a. did
  - b. do
  - c. for doing
  - d. to do
  - e. for do
48. A. What do you do with your old books?  
B. I throw them away, but my neighbour Emily gives \_\_\_\_\_ to the library.
- a. hers
  - b. she
  - c. his
  - d. her
  - e. him
49. A: Where \_\_\_\_\_ when you had the accident?  
B: I was driving to work.
- a. were you going
  - b. you went
  - c. do you go
  - d. are you going
  - e. did you go
50. It's great to get a WhatsApp message, but it's even \_\_\_\_\_ to get a phone call.
- a. better
  - b. worse
  - c. good

- d. the worst  
e. too good
51. A: Are you doing anything tomorrow afternoon? Do you have plans?  
B: Actually, I do \_\_\_\_\_ my first driving class from 4:00 to 5:00.
- a. I'm having  
b. I've  
c. I might have  
d. I would have  
e. I had
52. I'd like to meet someone \_\_\_\_\_.
- a. Is very different from me  
b. That is the latest in technology  
c. Which is interesting and funny  
d. I can really talk to  
e. My parents like him, too
53. If I had more free time, I'd play soccer more often. The my game \_\_\_\_\_ really improve.
- a. may not  
b. would have  
c. wouldn't  
d. would  
e. am going to have
54. A: How long did you spend on YouTube today?  
B: I really have no idea how long \_\_\_\_\_.
- a. I spend  
b. I spent  
c. did I  
d. I did spend  
e. did I spend
55. Diego's brothers \_\_\_\_\_ karate for almost five years, and they enjoy it very much.
- a. has been doing  
b. do  
c. done  
d. have been doing  
e. doing
56. Several bridges \_\_\_\_\_ last night during the earthquake.
- a. were damaged

- b. was damaged
  - c. damage
  - d. be damaged
  - e. damaged
57. When does Susan plan on \_\_\_\_\_ her new job?
- a. to start
  - b. started
  - c. start
  - d. starts
  - e. starting**
58. You can offend your host by not \_\_\_\_\_ a gift.
- a. brought
  - b. will bring
  - c. to bring
  - d. bringing**
  - e. bring
59. I \_\_\_\_\_ to the dentist this morning, but the assistant just called and changed the appointment to Friday.
- a. am going to go
  - b. was supposed to go**
  - c. am supposed to go
  - d. be able to go
  - e. went
60. We're going to have a profesional \_\_\_\_\_ our house. We're too busy to do it ourselves.
- a. has painted
  - b. painted
  - c. paints
  - d. will paint
  - e. paint**
61. We're very disappointed in Kate. She should not \_\_\_\_\_ that way, and she ought to apologize.
- a. have acted**
  - b. has acted
  - c. acted
  - d. been acting
  - e. acts
62. If Tony had continued his education, he \_\_\_\_\_ something entirely different.
- a. is doing

- b. did
- c. done
- d. would have done
- e. has been doing

63. Celebrity magazines, \_\_\_\_\_ continue to be popular among people of all ages, can be found next to the checkout line in supermarkets across the country.

- a. whose
- b. which
- c. because
- d. they
- e. that

64. The citizens wish the government \_\_\_\_\_ the serious problem of high unemployment.

- a. is solving
- b. would solve
- c. will solve
- d. solve
- e. solves

65. If Alan has a good memory, he'll have no problem \_\_\_\_\_ dates and other information in the history class he's just signed up for.

- a. learn
- b. learns
- c. to learn
- d. learned
- e. learning

66. My boss told \_\_\_\_\_ the reports before Friday.

- a. me doing
- b. me to do
- c. they do
- d. to do
- e. them doing

67. Each of the students \_\_\_\_\_ doing his or her work at home.

- a. be responsible
- b. is responsible for
- c. is responsible to
- d. are responsible for
- e. are responsible to

68. When we arrived, the show \_\_\_\_\_.

- a. have already started

- b. would be starting
- c. had already started
- d. has started
- e. were starting

69. I \_\_\_\_\_ the football match, but I had to go out.

- a. would have liked to watch
- b. would watch
- c. would like to watch
- d. like to watch
- e. have watched

70. Charles and his brother live in different cities, but they try to visit \_\_\_\_\_ at least twice a year.

- a. each other
- b. them
- c. him
- d. their
- e. themselves